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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR

# INDIAN POPULATION 

IN THE

# UNITED STATES AND ALASKA 

## 1910



WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
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## CONTENTS.

## SUMMARY OF SUBJECTS.

Letter of Trangmittal ..... Page.
Introduction ..... 9
Population. ..... 10-30
Proportion of Mlyed-Bloods ..... 31-42
Sex Distribution ..... 43-52
Age Distribution ..... 53-70
Stocks and Tribes, by Sex, Age, and Mixture of Blood ..... 71-1.56
Fecundity and Vitality. ..... 157-160
Marital Condition ..... 161-194
School Attendance. ..... 195-211
Illiteracy ..... 212-231
Inability to Speak English ..... 232-249
Occupations ..... 250-282
Indians Taxed and Not Taxed ..... 283-285
CONTENTS OF SUBJECTS.
Introductron ..... 9
Population ..... 10-30
Comparative statistics ..... 10
Table 1.-Indian population in the United States and Alaska: 1870-1910 ..... 10
Table 2.-Indian population, by divisions and states: 1890-1910 ..... 11
Table 3.-Number of Indians enumerated on special and general schedule, by divisions and states: 1910. ..... 11
Table 4.-Number and per cent distribution of Indians, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 12
Indians per 10,000 of total population. ..... 12
Table 5.-Number of Indians per 10,000 of total population, for the United States and Alaska: 1870-1910 ..... 13
Table 6.-Number of Indians per 10,000 of total population, for 22 selected states: 1890-1910 ..... 13
Indians per 100 square miles. ..... 14
Table 7.-Number of Indians per 100 square miles, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 14
Indians by stock and tribe ..... 14
Table 8.-Number of Indians reported on special Indian schedule, classified by linguistic stocks and tribes: 1910 ..... 15
Table 9.-Indian tribes, by states: 1910 ..... 17
Table 10.-Indian population of the different states, by tribes: 1910 ..... 22
Table 11.-Indian population of the United States, by counties: 1890-1910. ..... 25
Proportion of Mrxed-Bloods ..... 31-42
Full-blood and mixed-blood Indians. ..... 31
Table 12.-Distribution of Indians according to purity of blood, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 ..... 31
Table 13.-Distribution of Indians according to purity of blood, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 32
Table 14.-Distribution of Indians according to purity of blood, for each principal stock, tribe, and state: 1910 ..... 32
White and Indian mixed-bloods ..... 35
Table 15.-White and Indian mixed-bloods, by degree of mixture: 1910 ..... 35
Table 16.-Distribution of white and Indian mixed-bloods according to proportion of white blood, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 35
Table 17.-Distribution of white and Indian mixed-bloods according to proportion of white blood, for each principal stock, tribe, and state: 1910 ..... 36
Negro and Indian mixed-bloods ..... 38
Table 18.-Negro and Indian mixed-bloods, by degree of mixture: 1910. ..... 38
Full-tribal and mixed-tribal Indians. ..... 38
Table 19.-Full-blood Indians, by degree of tribal mixture: 1910 ..... 38
Table 20.-Distribution of full-blood Indians according to tribal mixture, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 38
Table 21.-Distribution of full-blood Indians according to purity of stock: 1910 ..... 39
Table 22.-Distribution of full-blood Indians according to tribal mixture, for each principal tribe and state: 1910 ..... 41
Sex Distribution ..... 43-52
Comparative statistics. ..... 43
Table 23.-Sex distribution of the Indians in the United States and Alaska: 1890-1910 ..... 43
Table 24.-Males to 100 females in the Indian population, for 22 selected states: 1890-1910 ..... 44
$67090^{\circ}-15-1$(1)
Sex Distribution-Continued. ..... Page.
Full-blood and mixed-blood Indians ..... 44
Table 25.-Distribution of the Indian population according to sex and mixture of blood, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 ..... 44
Table 26.-Indians in the United States, by divisions and states, and in Alaska, classified according to sex and purity of blood: 1910. ..... 45
Table 27.-Males to 100 females among full-bloods and among mixed-bloods in the Indian population, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 ..... 46
Table 28.-Males to 100 females among full-blood and mixed-blood Indian children under 5 years of age: 1910 ..... 46
Table 29.-Males to 100 females among full-bloods and among mixed-bloods in the Indian population, for 22 selected states: 1910. ..... 46
Table 30.-Males to 100 females, by purity of blood, for each principal stock, tribe, and state: 1910 ..... 47
White and Indian mixed-bloods. ..... 49
Table 31.-Males to 100 females, among white and Indian mixed-bloods, by degree of mixture: 1910 ..... 49
Full-tribal and mixed-tribal Indians. ..... 49
Table 32.-Males to 100 females among Indians of full blood, by degree of tribal mixture: 1910 ..... 49
Table 33.-Males to 100 females among Indians of full-tribal and mixed-tribal blood, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 50
Table 34.-Males to 100 females for Indians of full-tribal blood, for each principal tribe and state: 1910. ..... 51
Aoe Dibtribution ..... 53-70
All Indians. ..... 53
Table 35.-Age distribution of the Indians in the United States and Alaska: 1910 and 1900 ..... 53
Table 36.-Age distribution of Indians, for 22 selected states: 1910. ..... 53
Table 37.-Age distribution of Indians, for each principal stock and tribe: 1910. ..... 55
Table 38.-Distribution by single years of age of the Indian population of the United States and Alaska: 1910 ..... 57
Full-blood and mixed-blood Indians. ..... 58
Table 39.-Per cent distribution of Indians according to age and mixture of blood, for the United States and Alaska: 1910. ..... 58
Table 40.-Indians in the United States and Alaska, classified according to sex and age periods, by mixture of blood: 1910. ..... 58
Table 41.-Indians in the United States, by divisions and states, and in Alaska, classified according to purity of blood and age periods: 1910 ..... 59
Table 42.-Age distribution of Indians of full blood and of mixed blood, for 22 selected states: 1910. ..... 60
Table 43.-Age distribution of Indians of full blood and of mixed blood, for each principal stock and tribe: 1910. ..... 60
Sex ratios, by age groups. ..... 64
Table 44.-Males to 100 females in the Indian population, by age groups, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 ..... 64
Table 45.-Males to 100 females in the Indian population, by age groups, for 22 selected states: 1910. ..... 64
Table 46.-Males to 100 females in each age group, for each principal stock and tribe: 1910 ..... 65
Table 47.-Males to 100 females, by age groups and purity of blood: 1910. ..... 66
Table 48.-Males to 100 females in each age group among Indians of full blood and of mixed blood, for 22 selected states: 1910. ..... 67
Table 49.-Males to 100 females in each age group among Indians of full blood and of mixed blood, for each principal stock and tribe: 1910 ..... 67
Stocke and Tribes, by Sex, Age, and Mixture of Blood ..... 71-156
Introduction ..... 71
Indians in the United States (name of stock, tribe, location, etc.). ..... 72-111
Algonquian stock.
Page. ..... 72
Athapaskan stock ..... 77
Caddoan stock
Chimakuan stock. ..... 81
Chimarikan stock. ..... 81
Chinookan stock ..... 81
Chitimachan stock ..... 82
Chumashan stock. ..... 82
Costanoan stock ..... 82
Croatan group ..... 82
Eskimauan stock. ..... 82
Haidan stock. ..... 82
Iroquoian stock ..... 82
Kalapooian stock. ..... 85
Karok stock. ..... 85
Keresan stock ..... 85
Kiowan stock. ..... 86
Kusan stock. ..... 86
Kutenaian stock ..... 87
Lutuamian stock. ..... 87
Maidu stock ..... 87
Miwok stock. ..... 87
Muskhogean stock ..... 88
Piman stock ..... 89
Pomo stock ..... 89
Salinan stock. ..... 90
Salishan stock ..... 90
Shahaptian stock ..... Pago.
Shastan stock. ..... 94 ..... 94
96Shoshonean stock.
96
Siouan stock. ..... 99
Takelman stock ..... 104
Tanoan stock. ..... 104
Tarascan stock. ..... 106
Tlingit stock ..... 106
Tonkawan stock ..... 106
Tsimshian stock ..... 106
Tunican stock. ..... 106
Waiilatpuan stock. ..... 106
Wakashan stock ..... 107
Washoan stock. ..... 107
Wintun stock ..... 107
Wiyat stock ..... 108
Yakonan stock. ..... 108
Yanan stock. ..... 108
Yokute stock. ..... 108
Yuchean stock. ..... 109
Yukian stock. ..... 109
Yuman stock ..... 109
Yurok stock. ..... 110
Zapotecan stock ..... 110
Zunian stock. ..... 110
Miscellaneous. ..... 111
Page.
Page. ..... 111-115

Stoces and Tribes, by Sex, Age, and Mixture of Blood-Continued.

Stoces and Tribes, by Sex, Age, and Mixture of Blood-Continued.

Stoces and Tribes, by Sex, Age, and Mixture of Blood-Continued.

Stoces and Tribes, by Sex, Age, and Mixture of Blood-Continued.

Indians in Alaska (name of stock, tribe, location, etc.).

Indians in Alaska (name of stock, tribe, location, etc.).

Indians in Alaska (name of stock, tribe, location, etc.).

Indians in Alaska (name of stock, tribe, location, etc.).

Algonquian stock . ...................................... $\begin{array}{r}\text { Page. } \\ 111\end{array}$

Algonquian stock . ...................................... $\begin{array}{r}\text { Page. } \\ 111\end{array}$

Algonquian stock . ...................................... $\begin{array}{r}\text { Page. } \\ 111\end{array}$

Algonquian stock . ...................................... $\begin{array}{r}\text { Page. } \\ 111\end{array}$ .....  .....  ..... 111 .....  .....  ..... 111 .....  .....  ..... 111 .....  .....  ..... 111

Athapaskan stock.

Athapaskan stock.

Athapaskan stock. .....  ..... 111 .....  ..... 111 .....  ..... 111
Eskimauan stock
Eskimauan stock
Eskimauan stock ..... 112 ..... 112 ..... 112
Haidan stock
Haidan stock
Haidan stock ..... 115 ..... 115 ..... 115
Algonquian stock
Algonquian stock
Algonquian stock
Table 50.-Number of Indianis reported on special Indian schedule, classified by linguistic stocks and tribes and by sex and purity of blood: 1910 ..... 116
Table 51.-Indians in each stock and tribe in the United States, classified according to sex and age periods, by mixture of blood: 1910. ..... 123
Table 52.-Indiansin each stock and tribe in Alaska, classified according to sex and age periods, by mixture of blood: 1910 ..... 154
Fecundity and Vitality ..... 157-160
Sterility ..... 157
Table 53.-Women 15 to 44 years of age, married one year or more, bearing no children, by degree of mixture: 1910. ..... 157
Fecundity ..... 157
Table 54.-Women 15 to 44 years of age, married 10 to 20 years, bearing children, by degree of mixture: 1910. ..... 158
Table 55.-A verage number of children per marriage, by degree of mixture: 1910 ..... 158
Vitality ..... 158
Table 56.-Number of children borne by married women and living at the time of the enumeration, by degree of mixture: 1910 ..... 158
Table 57.-Per cent which women, all of whose children survive, form of the total number of women bearing specified number of children, by degree of mixture: 1910. ..... 159
Table 58.-Per cent which women, none of whose children survive, form of the total number of women bearing specified number of children, by degree of mixture: 1910 ..... 159
Marital Condition ..... 161-194
All ages. ..... 161
Table 59.-Marital condition of Indians of all ages, for the United States and Alaska: 1910. ..... 161
Fifteen years of age and over. ..... 161
Table 60.-Marital condition of Indians 15 years of age and over, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 and 1900. ..... 161
Table 61.-Marital condition of Indian, Negro, and white population 15 years of age and over: 1910. ..... 161
Table 62.-Marital condition of Indians 15 years of age and over, by principal stocks: 1910. ..... 162
Polygamy among Indians ..... 162
Age periods. ..... 162
Table 63.-Marital condition of the Indian population according to age periods, for the United States and Alaska: 1910. ..... 163
Table 64.-Per cent distribution of the Indian, Negro, and white population in each age group according to marital condi- tion: 1910. ..... 163
Table 65.-Marital condition of the Indian population 15 years of age and over, by divisions and states: 1910. ..... 164
Table 66.-Marital condition of the Indian population 15 years of age and over in the United•States, by principal stocks and tribes: 1910 ..... 165
Table 67.-Marital condition of the Indian population 15 years of age and over, classified by age periods, for 22 selected states: 1910. ..... 168
Table 68.-Marital condition of the Indian population 15 years of age and over in the United States and Alaska, classified by age periods, by principal stocks: 1910. ..... 171
Table 69.-Marital condition of the Indian population 15 years of age and over in the United States, classified by age periods, by principal tribes and principal states: 1910 ..... 175
School Attendance ..... 195-211
Appropriations for Indian schools. ..... 195
Table 70.-Appropriations for Indian schools compared with total appropriations for Indian affairs by the National Gov- ernment: 1877-1910. ..... 195
Enrollment in Indian schools. ..... 195
Table 71.-Number of Indian schools and enrollment: 1890-1910. ..... 195
Table 72.-Number of Indian schools and average attendance: 1877-1889. ..... 196
Table 73.-Comparison of statistics of the Office of Indian Affairs and the Bureau of the Census: 1910 ..... 196
School attendance, 6 to 19 years ..... 196
Table 74.-School attendance of Indians, by sex and age periods, for the United States and Alaska: 1910. ..... 197
Table 75.-School attendance of Indians, Negroes, and whites, by sex and age periods: 1910. ..... 197
Table 76.-School attendance of Indian population 6 to 19 years of age, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 198
Table 77.-School attendance of Indian population 6 to 19 years of age, by divisions and states: 1910. ..... 199
Table 78.-School attendance of Indians 6 to 19 years of age of unknown stock or tribe: 1910. ..... 200
School attendance, 1910 and 1900 ..... 200
Table 79.-School attendance of Indians, by age periods, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 and 1900 ..... 200
Table 80.-School attendance of Indians 5 to 20 years of age, for 22 selected states: 1910 and 1900 ..... 200
Table 81.-School attendance of Indians 6 to 19 years of age in each principal stock, by principal tribes and principal states, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 ..... 201
Table 82.-School attendance of Indians 6 to 19 years of age in each principal stock, by sex and age periods, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 ..... 204
Table 83.-School attendance of Indians 6 to 19 y ears of age, by stock, tribe, and principal states, classified by sex and age periods, for the United States and Alaska: 1910. ..... 205
Page.
Illiteracy ..... 212-231
Illiteracy, 1910 and 1900 ..... 212
Table 84.-Illiterates among Indians 10 years of age and over compared with other classes of the population, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 and 1900 ..... 212
Illiteracy, by sex ..... 212
Table 85.-Tliterates among Indian males and females 10 years of age and over, compared with other classes of the popula- tion, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 and 1900 ..... 212
Table 86.-Illiterates among Indians 10 years of age and over, by sex and age, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 and 1900 ..... 213
Illiteracy, by states ..... 213
Table 87.-Illiterates among Indians 10 years of age and over, 10 to 19 years of age, and 20 years of age and over, respec- tively, in 22 selected states: 1910 and 1900 ..... 214
Table 88.-Illiterates among Indian males and females 10 years of age and over, 10 to 19 years of age, and 20 years of age and over, respectively, in 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 214
Table 89.-Illiterate Indian males and females 10 years of age and over, classified by age periods, by divisions and states: 1910 ..... 215
Hliteracy, by stocks and tribes ..... 216
Table 90.-Illiterates among Indian males and females 10 years of age and over, 10 to 19 years of age, and 20 years of age and over, respectively, by principal stocks: 1910 ..... 216
Table 91.-Illiterates among Indians 10 years of age and over of unknown stock or tribe, by age periods: 1910 ..... 217
Table 92.-Illiterate Indian males and females 10 years of age and over, classified by age periods, by stocks, principal tribes, and principal states: 1910 ..... 219
Table 93.-Illiterates among Indians 10 years of age and over, classified by sex, and among Indians 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, respectively, for each principal stock, by principal tribes and by principal states: 1910. ..... 226
Inability to Speak English ..... 232-249
Inability to speak English, 1910 and 1900 ..... 232
Table 94.-Indians 10 years of age and over unable to speak English, by sex and age periods, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 and 1900 ..... 232
Inability to speak English, by states ..... 232
Table 95.-Indian males and females 10 years of age and over unable to speak English, for 22 selected states: 1910 and 1900.. ..... 232
Table 96.-Indian males and females 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, respectively, unable to speak English, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 233
Inability to speak English, by stocks and tribes. ..... 233
Table 97.-Indian males and females 10 years of age and over, 10 to 19 years of age, and 20 years of age and over, respec- tively, unable to speak English, by principal stocks: 1910. ..... 234
Table 98.-Indian males and females 10 years of age and over unable to speak English, classified by age periods, by divi- sions and states: 1910 and 1900 ..... 236
Table 99.-Indian males and females 10 years of age and over unable to speak English, classified by age periods, by stocks, principal tribes, and principal states: 1910 ..... 237
Table 100.-Indians 10 years of age and over, classified by sex, and Indians 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, respectively, unable to speak English, for each principal stock, by principal tribes and by principal states: 1910 ..... 244
Ocoupations ..... 250-282
Sufficiency of the occupation returns. ..... 250
Number and proportion occupied. ..... 250
Table 101.-Number of Indians engaged in gainful occupations compared with the total number of Indians and with Indians 10 years of age and over, by sex, for the United States and Alaska: 1910 and 1900 ..... 250
Table 102.-Number and proportion of Indians of each sex 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations, for 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 251
Table 103.-Number and proportion of Indians of each sex 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations, for principal stocks and tribes: 1910 ..... 253
Number and proportion in the general divisions of occupations. ..... 255
Table 104.-Distribution by general divisions of occupations of Indians 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupa- tions, by sex: 1910. ..... 255
Occupations, by sex. ..... 255
Table 105.-Number of Indians 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations, classified by sex: 1910 . ..... 256
Table 106.-Occupations of Indian males and females in the United States 10 years of age and over enumerated on the general population schedule, of unknown stock or tribe: 1910 ..... 258
Selected occupations, by sex and age periods. ..... 258
Table 107.-Number and proportion of Indians of each sex engaged in gainful occupations, by age periods, for the United States and Alaska: 1910. ..... 259
Table 108.-Number of Indian males and females engaged in specified occupations, classified by age periods: 1910 ..... 259
Table 109.-Number of Indian males and females in each principal tribe and principal state engaged in selected occupations, classified by age periods: 1910 . ..... 262
Indians Taxed and Not Taxed ..... 283-285
Table 110.-Indian population, classified as taxed and not taxed, by divisions and states: 1910, 1900, and 1890. ..... 284

## MAPS AND DIAGRAMS.

## MAPS.

Page.
Page.
Linguistic families of American Indians north of Mexico Opposite ..... 9
Distribution of the Indian population of the United States: 1910 ..... 9
Number of Indians per 10,000 of total population: 1910 ..... 13
Number of Indians per 10,000 of total population: 1890 ..... 13
Number of Indians per 100 square miles (land area): 1910 ..... 14
Proportion of full-bloods in the Indian population of the United States: 1910 ..... 31
Proportion of Indians of full-tribal blood of total full-blood Indians: 1910 ..... 38
Excess of males or females in the Indian population: 1910 ..... 43
Excess of males or females in the Indian population: 1890 ..... 43
Excess of males or females among Indians of full blood: 1910. ..... 46
Excess of males or females among Indians of mixed blood: 1910. ..... 46
Excess of males or females among Indians of full-tribal blood: 1910. ..... 50
Excess of males or females among Indians of mixed-tribal blood: 1910 ..... 50
Proportion of Indians under 20 years of age: 1910 ..... 53
Proportion of Indians 20 to 50 years of age: 1910. ..... 54
Proportion of Indians 51 years of age and over: 1910 ..... 54
Excess of males or females among Indians under 20 years of age: 1910 ..... 64
Excess of males or females among Indians 20 to 50 years of age: 1910. ..... 64
Excess of males or females among Indians 51 years of age and over: 1910. ..... 64
Proportion of Indians 6 to 19 years of age attending school: 1910 ..... 198
Proportion of Indians taxed: 1910 ..... 285
Proportion of Indians taxed: 1890. ..... 285
DIAGRAMS.
Indian population of 22 selected states: 1910 ..... 12
Proportion of full-blood and mixed-blood Indians, and of Indians of full-tribal blood, in each principal tribe: 1910 ..... 40
Age distribution of Indians in each principal tribe: 1910. ..... 54
Percentage of school attendance among Indians 6 to 19 years of age in each principal tribe: 1010. ..... 198
Percentage of illiterates among Indians 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, in 22 selected states: 1910 . ..... 213
Percentage of illiterates among Indians 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, in each principal tribe: 1910 ..... 218
Per cent unable to speak English among Indians 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, in each principal tribe: 1910 ..... 235
Percentage of Indian males and females 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations, in each principal tribe: 1910. ..... 252

## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C., June 1, 1915.

Sir:
I have the honor to transmit herewith a report on the Indian population of the United States and Alaska in 1910. This report furnishes detailed statistics and, wherever possible, comparative data concerning Indians, the information for 1910 being derived in part from the returns made on the general population schedule and in part from inquiries made on a special schedule as to stock and tribe and purity of blood. This special report on Indians covers the following topics: Population; proportion of mixed-bloods; sex distribution; age distribution; stocks and tribes, in detail by purity of blood, tribal mixture, sex, and age; fecundity and vitality; marital condition; school attendance; illiteracy; inability to speak English; occupations; and Indians taxed and not taxed.

The report was prepared under the supervision of William C. Hunt, chief statistician for population. The text and tables for the first six topics named were prepared by Dr. Roland B. Dixon, expert special agent, and the work was completed in March, 1912, and a bulletin based thereon, giving the distribution of the Indian population according to stock, tribe, blood, sex, age, and fecundity and vitality, was issued June 26, 1913. The text and tables for the remaining topics were prepared by Dr. F. A. McKenzie, expert special agent, but work on these sections of the report was discontinued in February, 1912, because of the large reduction in the Thirteenth Census temporary force, and was not resumed until May, 1914. The tabulations (except for occupations) were substantially completed prior to the suspension of the work in February, 1912, and the more recent work in 1914 consisted largely of the examination and verification of the tabulated results and the preparation of the general tables and textual matter. The completion of the entire report has necessarily been considerably delayed, but the statistics presented have a permanent historical value, as it is not likely that another effort will be made to secure through the census special data regarding Indians as a separate and distinct element of the population.

Respectfully,


To Hon. William C. Redfield,




## INDIAN POPULATION.

## INTRODUCTION.

This report gives the principal statistics relating to the Indian population of the United States and of Alaska collected at the Thirteenth Decennial Census, taken in 1910.

The statistics of Indians were gathered in part by means of the general population schedule and in part by means of a special schedule containing, in addition to the questions found on the general schedule, inquiries as to tribe and purity of blood. The special schedules were used in all the districts containing Indians on reservations and throughout counties where as many as 20 Indians were returned at the census of 1900 .

Special agents, most of whom had had some experience in the service of the Office of Indian Affairs, were appointed for the collection of statistics by means of the special schedule. In the conduct of the field work and in the preparation of schedules, the Bureau of the Census was effectively aided by the Office of Indian Affairs and the Bureau of American Ethnology.

At the Thirteenth Census the general enumeration of population, including Indians, in the United States proper was made as of April 15, 1910, but in Alaska
the date of enumeration generally was December 31, 1909, or a time as near that date as was permitted by climatic considerations, the inaccessibility of certain regions, and the varying conditions arising from the wide dispersion of a small population over a large area; in fact, in some localities, where it was impracticable to undertake the field work on or immediately following December 31, the enumeration was begun prior to that date, while in others it was deferred until late in winter or until early spring.

The topics covered by this special report on Indians are 12 in number, namely, population; proportion of mixed-bloods; sex distribution; age distribution; stocks and tribes, in detail by purity of bloed, tribal mixture, sex, and age; fecundity and vitality; marital condition; school attendance; illiteracy; inability to speak English; occupations; and Indians taxed and not taxed.

Inquiries were also made on the special Indian schedule as to graduation from educational institutions, allotments, residence on own lands, and whether living in civilized or aboriginal dwellings, but the answers were so deficient or manifestly inaccurate as to render the results of little or no value.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES: 1910.
[In the case of Kansas and Pennsylvanla the base figures are exclusive of Indians in Haskell Institute and Carlisle Indlan School, respectively.]


Comparative statistics.-The total number of Indians in the United States, exclusive of outlying possessions, in 1910 was $265,683,{ }^{1}$ and in Alaska 25,331. Table 1 presents the census figures for the United States and
for Alaska separately for 1910 and earlier years, together with figures for the United States (exclusive of Alaska) derived from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

| Table 1 | YEAR. | indian population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | United States. |  | Alaska (census returns). |
|  |  | Census returns. | Reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| 1910. |  | 265, 683 | 279,023 | 25,331 |
| 1900. |  | 237, 196 | 250, 000 | 29,536 |
| 1890. |  | 248, 253 | 228, 000 | $25,354$ |
| 1880. |  |  | 244, 000 | 2 32, 996 |
| 1870. |  |  | 278,000 | . . . . . . . . |

${ }^{1}$ Figures are exciusive of freedmen and intermarried whites, as follows: 1910, 25,927; 1900, 20,000 (estimate); 1890, 16,000 (estimate); 1880, 12,000 (estimate); and 1870, 10,000 (estimate.)

2 Partly estimated.

According to the census figures, which cover the last three enumerations only, the number of Indians in the United States decreased between 1890 and 1900 but increased during the last decade, the increase for the 20 -year period 1890-1910 being 17,430, or 7 per cent. The data from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs indicate that the number of Indians decreased from 1870 to 1890 and increased by about the same amount in the following 20 years.

In Alaska the number of Indians reported decreased from 1880 to 1910 by 7,665 , or 23.2 per cent. The figure for 1890 is probably incomplete, owing to the unexplored condition of the country at the time, so that the increase between 1890 and 1900 may be only

[^0]apparent. The figure for 1880, though based in part on an estimate, is believed to be approximately correct. It is probable that the census returns for 1910 and 1900 are fairly comparable, but the difficulties of enumerating the Alaska Indians are so great that conclusions from the statistics must necessarily be tentative.
It should be noted that all persons of mixed white and Indian blood who have any appreciable amount of Indian blood are counted as Indians, even though the proportion of white blood may exceed that of Indian blood. Since there is an increasing amount of white blood, as more fully brought out later, in what is classed as the Indian population, it follows that the number of persons included in that class would tend to increase from census to census without necessarily any increase in the total amount of Indian blood in the country. In other words, while, if there were no marriages of Indians except between full-bloods a decline in the total Indian population might appear, the number classed as Indian might increase very materially as the result of marriages between Indians and persons of other races or between full-blood and mixed-blood Indians.
Table 11 ( p .25 ) gives the number of Indians for each county in the United States for which one or more Indians were reported at any of the last three Federal censuses, namely, those for 1910, 1900, and 1890. The total number of Indians in the United States at each of these three censuses is shown by divisions and states in Table 2 on the following page.

With respect to Indian population, as shown by Table 2, Oklahoma and Arizona have occupied first and second places, respectively, since 1890; New

Mexico, which in 1890 and 1900 was fifth, came third in 1910,having replaced South Dakota, which in 1910 was in fourth place. California, which formerly stood fourth, was fifth in 1910, and Montana and Washington, formerly sixth and seventh, had changed places in 1910. Minnesota and Wisconsin, formerly eighth and ninth, also changed places in 1910, and North Carolina, which was twelfth in 1900, was tenth in 1910, having replaced North Dakota, which dropped to twelfth place, Michigan coming eleventh in 1910.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Table 2 drvision and btate} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{indian poptlation.} <br>
\hline \& 1910 \& 1900 \& 1890 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Untted States.....................................265,683 $237,196 \quad$ 248,253} <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Geobrapmo divisions:} <br>
\hline New England.- \& 2,076 \& 1,600 \& 1,445 <br>
\hline Middie Atlantic.. \& 7,717 \& 6, 959 \& 7,209 <br>
\hline East North Central. \& 18,255 \& 15,027 \& 16, 202 <br>
\hline South Atlantic. \& 41,406 \& - $\begin{array}{r}12,339 \\ 6,585\end{array}$ \& 46,
2, 322

3 <br>
\hline East South Centrai. \& 2,612 \& 2,590 \& 3,396 <br>
\hline West South Contral. \& 76,767 \& 65,574 \& 66,042 <br>
\hline Mountain. \& 75, 338 \& 66, 155 \& 72,002 <br>
\hline Pacific. \& 32, 458 \& 30, 367 \& 32,776 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{New England:} <br>
\hline Maine....... \& 892 \& 798 \& 559 <br>
\hline New Hampshire. \& 34. \& 22 \& 16 <br>
\hline Massachusetts. \& 688 \& 587 \& $\begin{array}{r}16 \\ 428 \\ 428 \\ \hline\end{array}$ <br>
\hline Rhode Island. \& 284 \& 35 \& 180 <br>
\hline Connecticut. \& 152 \& 153 \& 228 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline New York..... \& 6,046 \& 6,257 \& 6,044 <br>
\hline New Jereey \& 168 \& \& <br>
\hline Pennsylvania. \& 1,503 \& 1,839 \& 1,081 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Eabt North Centrai:} <br>
\hline Ohio................ \& 127 \& 42 \& 206 <br>
\hline Indiana.. \& 279 \& 243 \& 343 <br>
\hline Inlinois.. \& 188 \& 16 \& 98 <br>
\hline Michigan. \& 7,519 \& 6,354 \& 6,625 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{West North Central: ${ }^{\text {a }}$}} <br>
\hline \& \& \& <br>
\hline Iowa...... \& 9, ${ }_{471}$ \& -182 \& 10,457 <br>
\hline Missouri. \& 313 \& 130 \& 128 <br>
\hline North Dakota. \& 6,486 \& 6,968 \& 8,174 <br>
\hline South Dakota \& 19,137 \& 20, 225 \& 19,854 <br>
\hline Nebraska. \& 3,502 \& 3,322 \& 6, 431 <br>
\hline Kansas.. \& 2,444 \& 2,130 \& 1,682 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Sodth Atlantic:} <br>
\hline $\xrightarrow{\text { Delaware. }}$ \& 5 \& ${ }_{3}$ \& ${ }_{4}^{4}$ <br>
\hline District of Columbia \& 68 \& 22 \& 25 <br>
\hline Virginla. \& 539 \& 354 \& 349 <br>
\hline W.est Virginia. \& 36 \& 12 \& 9 <br>
\hline North Carolina. \& 7,851 \& 5,687 \& 1,516 <br>
\hline South Carolina. \& 331 \& 121 \& 173 <br>
\hline Georgia.. \& 95 \& 19 \& 68 <br>
\hline Florida......... \& 74 \& 358 \& 171 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline Kentucky. \& 234 \& 102 \& 71 <br>
\hline Tennessee. \& ${ }_{909}^{216}$ \& 108 \& 1,143 <br>
\hline Mississippi. \& 1,253 \& 2,203 \& 2,036 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline Arkansas...... \& 460 \& 66 \& 250 <br>
\hline Louisiana. \& 780 \& 593 \& 628 <br>
\hline Olklahoma 1 \& 74,825 \& 64,445 \& 64, 456 <br>
\hline Texas.. \& 702 \& 470 \& 708 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Mountan:
Montana
M}} <br>
\hline \& \& 11,343 \& <br>
\hline Idaho.. \& 3,488 \& 4,226
1,686 \& 4,223 <br>
\hline Wyoming \& 1,486 \& 1,686 \& 1,844 <br>
\hline Colorado.: \& 1,482 \& 13,437 \& 15,092 <br>
\hline New Mexico \& 20,573 \& 13,144 \& 15,044 <br>
\hline Arizona. \& 29, 201 \& 26, 480 \& 29,981 <br>
\hline Utah \& 3,123 \& 2,623 \& 3,456 <br>
\hline Nevada. \& 5,240 \& 5,216 \& 5,156 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline Oregon.... \& 5,090 \& 4,951 \& 4,971 <br>
\hline California. \& 16,371 \& 15,377 \& 16, 624 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

1 Includes Indian population of Indian Territory for 1900 and 1890.
Of the 265,683 Indians in the United States in 1910 there were 247,137 Indians for whom special schedules containing data as to tribe and purity of
blood were obtained, and 18,546 scattered Indians enumerated on the general population schedule only. Table 3 shows this distribution by states.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Table 3

division and state.} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{NUMBER OF INDLANS endmerated: 1910.} <br>
\hline \& Total. \& On apecial Indian schedules. \&  <br>
\hline United States. \& 265,683 \& 247,137 \& 18,646 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Geoorapmic divisions:} <br>
\hline Naw England...... \& 2,076
7,717 \& 1,320
$\mathbf{6 , 3 9 2}$ \& 756
1,325 <br>
\hline East North Central. \& 18,256 \& -16,502 \& 1,753 <br>
\hline West North Central. \& 41,406 \& 39,435 \& 1,971 <br>
\hline South Atlantic. \& 9,054 \& 7,870 \& 1,184 <br>
\hline East South Central \& 2,612 \& 1,488 \& 1,124 <br>
\hline West South Central \& 76,767 \& 71,630 \& 5,137 <br>
\hline Mountain. \& 75,338 \& 73,074 \& 2,264 <br>
\hline Pacific. \& 32,458 \& 29,426 \& 3,032 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{New England:} <br>
\hline Maine....... \& 892 \& 806 \& 86 <br>
\hline New Hampshire. \& 34 \& 3 \& 31 <br>
\hline Massachusettis. \& 688 \& -1.733 \& 255 <br>
\hline Rhode Island. \& 284 \& \& 284 <br>
\hline Connectlcut. \& 152 \& 78 \& 74 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Midnle Atlantic:} <br>
\hline New York.... \& 6,046 \& 6,209 \& 837 <br>
\hline New Jersey... \& ${ }_{1} 168$ \& 162 \& <br>
\hline Pennsylvania... \& 2 1,503 \& ${ }^{2} \mathbf{1 , 1 2 1}$ \& 382 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{East North Central:} <br>
\hline Indiana \& 279 \& 95 \& 184 <br>
\hline Illinois. \& 188 \& 9 \& 179 <br>
\hline Mlchigan. \& 7,519 \& 6,761 \& 758 <br>
\hline Wisconsin. \& 10,142 \& 9,597 \& 645 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{West North Centrai. ${ }^{\text {a }}$} <br>
\hline Minnesota............ \& 9,053 \& 8,756 \& 297 <br>
\hline Kowa... \& 471 \& 302 \& 169 <br>
\hline Missouri. \& 313 \& 71 \& 242 <br>
\hline North Dakota. \& 6,486 \& 6,168 \& 318 <br>
\hline South Dakota. \& 19, 137 \& 18, 822 \& 315 <br>
\hline Nebrasika. \& 3,502 \& 3,312 \& 190 <br>
\hline Kansas... \& 82,444 \& ${ }^{8} 2,004$ \& 440 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Sodth Atuantic: ${ }^{\text {a }}$} <br>
\hline Delaware... \& 5 \& \& 5 <br>
\hline Maryland. ${ }_{\text {D }}$ (istrict \& 55
68 \& 13 \& ${ }_{55}^{50}$ <br>
\hline Virginia........ \& 539 \& 362 \& 177 <br>
\hline West Virginia. \& 36 \& \& 36 <br>
\hline North Carolina. \& 7,851 \& 7,287 \& 564 <br>
\hline South Carolina. \& 331 \& 188 \& 143 <br>
\hline Georgia. . . . . \& 95 \& \& 95 <br>
\hline Florida. \& 74 \& 20 \& 54 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{East South Centrai:} <br>
\hline Kentucky........ \& 234 \& \& 234
155 <br>
\hline Tennessce...... \& 216 \& 61 \& 155 <br>
\hline Alabama. \& 909 \& ${ }_{1}^{251}$ \& 658 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{West South Central:}} <br>
\hline \& \& \& <br>
\hline Arkansas... \& 460
780 \& 423 \& 450 <br>
\hline Orlahoma. \& 74,825 \& 70,774 \& 4,051 <br>
\hline Texas.. \& 702 \& 433 \& 269 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline Montana. \& 10,745
3,488 \& 10,394
3,426 \& 351
62 <br>
\hline W yoming. \& 1,486 \& 1,458 \& 28 <br>
\hline Colorado. \& 1,482 \& 769 \& 713 <br>
\hline New Mexico. \& 20,573 \& 20,279 \& 294 <br>
\hline Arizona. \& 29, 201 \& 28,748 \& 453 <br>
\hline Utah... \& 3,123
5,240 \& 3,051
4,949 \& 72
291 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline Washington. \& 10,997 \& 9,852 \& 1,146 <br>
\hline Oregon...... \& 5,090 \& 4,580 \& 510 <br>
\hline California \& 16, 371 \& 14,994 \& 1,377 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }_{1}$ Includes 62 Indians with Wild West Show.
Includes 1,010 Indians enumerated in Carlisle Indian School.
a Includes 591 Indians enumerated in Haskell Instituta.
The number of Indians in 1910 is shown for each of the 22 states having an Indian population of 1,000 or over, and for "All other states" combined, in Table 4. This is also shown graphically for the same states in the diagram accompanying the table. The distribution of the Indian population of the United States is shown graphically in the map on page 9 .

| Table 4 state. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { Indians: } \\ & 1910 . \end{aligned}$ | Per cent of total. | Cumulative percentage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States... | 265,683 | 100.0 |  |
| Oklahoms. | 74,825 | 28.2 | 28.2 |
| Arizona. | 29,201 | 11.0 | 39.2 |
| New Mexico | 20,573 | 7.7 | 46.9 |
| South Dakota | 19,137 | 7.2 | 541 |
| California. | 16,371 | 6.2 | 60.3 |
| Washington | 10,997 | 4.1 | 64.4 |
| Montana.. | 10,745 | 4.0 | 68.4 |
| Wisconsin. | 10,142 | 3.8 | 72.2 |
| Minnesota ...... | 9,053 | 3.4 | 75.6 |
| North Carolina. | 7,851 | 3.0 | 78.6 |
| Michigan - | 7,519 | 2.8 | 81.4 |
| North Dakóta | 6,486 | 2.4 | 83.8 |
| New York. | 6,046 | 2.3 | 86.1 |
| Nevada.. | 5,240 | 2.0 | 88.1 |
| Oregon... | 5,099 | 1.9 | 90.0 |
| Nebraska. | 3,502 | 1.3 | 91.3 |
| Idaho... | 3,488 | 1.3 | 92.6 |
| Utah... | 3,123 | 1.2 | 93.8 |
| Kansas... | 11,853 1,486 | 0.7 | 94.5 |
| Wyoming. | 1,486 1,482 | 0.6 0.6 0.6 | 95.1 95.7 |
| Mississippi. | 1,253 | 0.6 0.5 | 95.7 96.2 |
| Total for 22 states. | 255,463 | 96.2 |  |
| All other states. | 10,220 | 3.8 |  |

${ }^{1}$ Exclusive of 591 Indiansin Haskell Institute, who are included in the total for "All other states."

Oklahoma had by far the greatest number of Indians reported for any state in 1910, 74,825, or more
than one-fourth of all the Indians in the United States, while 7 other states reported more than 10,000 Indians each. These 8 states, all of which, except Wisconsin, are situated west of the Mississippi, contained together nearly three-fourths ( 72.2 per cent) of the total number. Of the remaining states, Minnesota with 9,053 , North Carolina with 7,851, Michigan with 7,519, North Dakota with 6,486, and New York with 6,046 , had the largest Indian population. The 22 states shown separately in the table include all those having 1,000 or more Indians, except Pennsylvania, where out of a total of 1,503 Indians 1,010 were in the Carlisle Indian School and did not properly belong to the Indian population of the state.

The states shown separately in the table contained 96.2 per cent of the total Indian population. While there were Indians in every state of the Union in 1910, as shown by Table 2, the number in some was extremely small, 4 states-Delaware, Vermont, New Hampshire, and West Virginia-having less than 50 Indians each.

INDIAN POPULATION OF 22 SELECTED STATES: 1910.

${ }^{1}$ Exclusive of Indians et Haskell Instltute.

Indians per 10,000 of total population.-Table 5 shows the number of Indians per 10,000 of the total population in the United States at each census from 1870 to 1910, and in Alaska at each census from 1880 to 1910.

The proportion of Indians in the United States declined steadily from 1870, when it was 72.1 per 10,000 of the total population, to 1910 , when it was 28.9 . In Alaska the decline in the proportion of Indians has been even more pronounced, the number in each

10,000 of the total population decreasing from $9,871.4$ in 1880 to $3,936.1$ in 1910 . Thus, while in 1880 almost the entire population of Alaska consisted of Indians, in 1910 they formed only about two-fifths of all the inhabitants.

| Table 5 | united states. |  |  | alabika. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total population. | Indian population. |  | Total population. | Indian population. |  |
|  |  | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & 10,000 \\ & \text { of the } \\ & \text { total } \\ & \text { popu- } \\ & \text { lation. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per 10,000 } \\ & \text { of the } \\ & \text { total pop- } \\ & \text { ulation. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1910... | 91,972, 266 | 265,683 | 28.9 | 64,356 | 25,331 | 3,936.1 |
| 1900.. | 75,994, 575 | 237, 196 | 31.2 | 63,592 | 29,536 | 4,644. 6 |
| 1890. | 62,947, 714 | 248, 253 | 39.4 | 33,052 | 25,354 | 7,670.9 |
| $1880 \ldots .$. 1870 | 50, 155,783 $38,558,371$ | 1244,000 1278,000 | 48.6 72.1 | 33, 426 | 32,996 | 9,871. 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Estimate from report of the Commissioner of Indien Affiairs.

The number of Indians per 10,000 of the total population in 1910, 1900, and 1890 is shown, in Table 6, for each of the 22 states in which in 1910 at least 1,000 Indians were reported. The proportions for 1910 and 1890 are also shown graphically, by states, in the maps below. There were 9 states in 1910 in which the Indians formed as much as 100 per 10,000 , or 1 per cent of the population. The states were as follows: Arizona, 1,428.9; Nevada, 640; New Mexico, 628.6; Oklahoma, 451.5; South Dakota, 327.8; Montana, 285.7 ; North Dakota, 112.4; Idaho, 107.1; and Wyoming, 101.8. It will be noted that Oklahoma, which had by far the greatest Indian population in 1910, occupied fourth place in proportion of Indians to total population, the proportion in that state being less than one-third that in Arizona. The number of Indians per 10,000 total population declined between 1900 and 1910 in all but 4 of the 22 states listed below.

| Trable 6 | 1910 |  |  | 1900 |  |  | 1890 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total population. | Indian population. |  | Total population. | Indian population. |  | Total population. | Indian population. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per 10,000 of the total population. |  | Number. | Per 10,000 of the total population. |  | Number. | Per 10,000 of the total population. |
| United States. | 91,972,266 | 265,683 | 28.9 | 75,994, 575 | 237, 196 | 31.2 | 62,947,714 | 248, 253 | 39.4 |
| Arizona. | 204, 354 | 29, 201 | 1, 428.9 | 122,931 | 26, 480 | 2,154.1 | 88,243 | 29,981 | 3,397.5 |
| California | 2,377,549 | 16,371 | 1, 68.9 | 1, 485, 053 | 15,377 | 103.5 | 1,213,398 | 16,624 | 137.0 |
| Colorsdo. | 799, 024 | 1,482 | 18.5 | 639, 700 | 1,437 | 26.6 | 413, 249 | 1,092 | 26.4 |
| Idano.. | 325,594 $1,690,949$ | 3,488 2,444 | 107.1 114.5 | 161,772 $1,470,495$ | 4, 226 2,130 | 261.2 14.5 | 88,548 $1,428,108$ | 4,223 | 476.9 11.8 |
| ${ }^{\text {Michigan. }}$ | 2,810, 173 | 7,519 | 26.8 | 2,420,982 | 6, 354 | 26.2 | 2,093,890 | 5,625 | 26.9 |
| Minnesota. | 2,075, 708 | 9,053 | 43.6 | 1,751,394 | 9, 182 | 52.4 | 1,310,283 | 10,096 | 77.1 |
| Mississippi | 1,797, 114 | 1,253 | 7.0 | 1,551,270 | 2,203 | 14.2 | 1, 289, 600 | 2,036 | 15.8 |
| Montana. | 376, 053 | 10,745 | 285.7 | -243,329 | 11,343 | 466.2 | 142,924 | 11,206 | 784.1 |
| Nehrasks. | 1, 192, 214 | 3,502 | 29.4 | 1,066,300 | 3,322 | 31.2 | 1,062, 656 | 6,431 | 60.5 |
| Nevada... | 81,875 | 5,240 | 640.0 | 42,335 | 5, 216 | 1,232.1 | 47,355 | 5,156 | 1,088.8 |
| New Mexico | 327, 301 | 20,673 | 628.6 | 195, 310 | 13, 144 | 673.0 | 160,282 | 15,044 | 938.6 |
| New York. | 9, 113,614 | 6,046 | 6.6 | 7,268,894 | 5,257 | 7.2 | 6,003, 174 | 6,044 | 10.1 |
| North Carolina | 2,206,287 | 7,851 | 35.6 | 1,893,810 | 5,687 | 30.0 | 1,617,949 | 1,516 | 9.4 |
| North Dakota | 577, 056 | 6,486 | 112.4 | 319, 146 | 6,968 | 218.3 | 190, 983 | 8,174 | 428.0 |
| Oklahoma*. | 1,657, 155 | 74,825 | 451.5 | 790, 391 | 64, 445 | 815.4 | 258, 657 | 64, 456 | 2, 491.9 |
| Oregon. | 672,765 | 5,090 | 75.7 | 413,536 | 4,951 | 119.7 | 317,704 | 4,971 | 156.5 |
| South Dakota | 583,888 | 19,137 | 327.8 | 401, 570 | 20,225 | 503.6 | 348,600 | 19,854 | 569.5 |
| Utah. | 373,351 | 3,123 | 83.6 | 276, 749 | 2,623 | 94.8 | 210,779 | 3,456 | 164.0 |
| Washington | 1,141,990 | 10,997 | 96.3 | 518, 103 | 10, 039 | 193.8 | -357,232 | 11, 181 | 313.0 |
| W isconsin.. | 2, 333,860 | 10, 142 | 43.5 | 2,069,042 | 8,372 | 40.5 | 1, 693, 330 | 9,930 | 58.6 |
| W yoming | 145, 965 | 1,486 | 101.8 | 92,531 | 1,686 | 182.2 | 62,555 | 1,844 | 294.8 |
| Total for 22 states | 32, 863, 839 | 256,054 | 77.9 | 25,094, 643 | 230,667 | 91.9 | 20, 399, 499 | 240,622 | 118.0 |
| All other states. | 59, 108, 427 | 9,629 | 1.6 | 50, 899,932 | 6,529 | 1.3 | 42,548, 215 | 7,631 | 1.8 |

${ }_{2}$ If 591 Indians in Haskell Instituta are excluded, the number per 10,000 of the total popuiation is in. Slmilar exciusions for 1900 and 1890 can not be made. ${ }^{2}$ Includes population of Indian Territory for 1900 and 1890.

N UMBER OF INDIANS PER 10,000 OF TOTAL POPULATION: 1910.


2 CO Under 10 per 10,000 population.
Under 10 per 10,000 population. $\quad / / 1100$ to 500 per 10,000 population.

58\% 1 1,000 and over per 10,000 population $\square$ Less than 100 Indians in state.

NUMBER OF INDIANS PER 10,000 OF TOTAL POPULATION: 1890.


W Under 10 per 10,000 population. V/I 100 to 500 per 10,000 population. 10 to 50 per 10,000 population. $[\Gamma \Gamma 100$ to 1,000 per 10,000 population. 50 to 100 per 10,000 population. 1,000 snd over per 10,000 population. $\square$ Less than 100 Indlans in state.

Indians per 100 square miles.-For the United States, in 1910, the number of Indians per 100 square miles was 8.9. In Table 7 the number of Indians per 100 square miles in 1910 is shown for the 22 selected states, arranged in their order of density.

| Table 7 \% State. | Land area in square miles. | INDLAN POPULATION: 1910. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. | Per 100 square miles. |
| United States.. | 2,973,890 | 265,683 | 8.9 |
| Oklahoma. | 69,414 | 74,825 | 107.8 |
| Arizona. | 113,810 | 29,201 | 25.7 |
| South Dakota | 76,868 | 19,137 | 24.9 |
| Wisconsin.. | 55,256 | 10,142 | 18.4 |
| New Mexico | 122,503 | 20,573 | 16.8 |
| Washington.... | 66, 836 | 10,997 | 16.5 |
| North Carolina. | 48,740 | 7,851 | 16.1 |
| Michigan. | 57,480 | 7,519 | 13.1 |
| New York. | 47,654 | 6,046 | 12.7 |
| Minnesota. | 80,858 | 9,053 | 11.2 |
| California. | 155, 652 | 16,371 | 10.5 |
| North Dakota | 70,183 | 6,486 | 9.2 |
| Montana. | 146, 201 | 10,745 | 7.3 |
| Oregon.. | 95,607 | 5,090 | 5.3 |
| Nevada. | 109,821 | 5,240 | 4.8 |
| Nehraska. | 76,808 | 3,502 | 4.6 |
| Idaho. | 83,354 | 3,488 | 4.2 |
| Utah. | 82, 184 | 3,123 | 3.8 |
| Mississippi. | 46,362 | 1,253 | 2.7 |
| Kansas.. | 81,774 | ${ }^{1} 1,853$ | 2.3 |
| Wyoming | 97, 594 | 1,486 | 1.5 |
| Colorado. | 103,658 | 1,482 | 1.4 |
| Total for 22 states. | 1,888,617 | 255, 463 | 13.5 |
| All other states... | 1,085,273 | 10,220 | 0.9 |

${ }^{1}$ Exclusive of 591 Indians in Haskell Institute, who are included in the tota, for "All other states."

As shown .by this table, Oklahoma, with 107.8 Indians per 100 square miles, comes first, and is followed by Arizona and South Dakota, each of which had in 1910 between 20 and 30 Indians per 100 square miles. Wisconsin, New Mexico, Washington, and North Carolina come next, with between 15 and 20, and Michigan, New York, Minnesota, and-California follow, with between 10 and 15 per 100 square miles. Three states-North Dakota, Montana, and Oregonhad from 5 to 10 Indians per 100 square miles, while each of the other selected states showed fewer than 5 Indians per 100 square miles in 1910. These proportions are shown graphically by the accompanying map.

NUMBER OF INDIANS PER 100 SQUARE MILES (LAND AREA): 1910.


Under 5 per 100 sq. miles.
5 to 10 per 100 sq. miles.
EAC 15 to 20 per 100 sq. miles.原这 10 to 15 per 100 sq. miles. 30 and over per 100 sq. miles. $\square$ Less than 100 Indians in state.
Indians by stock and tribe.-The number of Indians reported on the special schedules (see Table 3, p. 11) at the census of 1910 for each tribe in the United States and Alaska is given in Table 8 (p. 15). The distribution of tribes by states is given in Table 9 (p. 17), and the Indian population of the different states, by tribes, in Table 10 (p. 22).

The number of Indian tribes reported for the United States in 1910 was 280, comprising 52 linguistic stocks. Of these tribes, 77 had more than 500 members each, while 42 were represented by 10 members or less; of the latter, 10 were represented by 1 member each. The most important tribes numerically were the Cherokee, with 31,489 members; the Navajo, with 22,455 ; the Chippewa, with 20,214 ; the Choctaw, with 15,917; and the Teton Sioux, with 14,284 . These 5 tribes comprise all those represented by over 10,000 members; 39 other tribes had over 1,000 members each.

In Alaska 66 Indian tribes, forming 6 linguistic stocks, were reported. The principal ones, aside from the Southern Eskimo group, were the Kuskwogmiut, with 1,480 members, and the Aleut, with 1,$451 ; 11$ other tribes were represented by more than 500 members each.

NUMBER OF INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECIAL INDIAN SCHEDULE, CLASSIFIED BY LINGUISTIC STOCKS AND TRIBES: 1910.

| Table 8 linguistic stock and tribe. | Number. | linguistic stock and tribe. | Number. | linguistic stock and tribe. | Number. | LINGUISTIC STOCK AND TRIBE. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

UNITED STATES.

| Total.................. | 247,137 |  | 897 | Lutuamian stock............ <br> Klamath. <br> Modoc. | 978 | Shahaptian stock-Contd. <br> Topinish. <br> Umatilla | 47272397 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 40,975 |  | 31540 |  | 696282 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Umatilla.................. |  |
| Abnaki. | $\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ 1,419 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ 242 \end{array}$ |  | 1,100 | Day Tenino, Tyigh, Des Chutes) | 5501,362 |
| Arapaho.. |  |  |  | Maidu stoce (syn. Pujunan). |  |  |  |
| Blackfeet (syn. Siksika).. | 99 172 |  | 274 | Maidu (syn. Nishinam).. | 1,100 | Not reported................ |  |
| Cheyenne................... | 3,055 |  | 69 | Mrwor stock (syn. Moquelumnan). |  |  | 17 |
| Chickahominy - |  | Chitimachan stock......... |  |  | 699 | Sbastan stock.............. |  |
| Chippewa (syn.Ojibway). | $\begin{array}{r} 20,214 \\ 459 \end{array}$ | Chltimacb | 69 |  | 699 |  | 1,578 |
| Delaware............ | $\begin{aligned} & 459 \\ & 914 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Marin. | 22 | Hat Creek. | 240 |
| Gros Ventres (syn. At$\sin$ a). |  | Chumashan stock $\qquad$ <br> San Luis Obispo. <br> Santa Barbareno. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> Santa Ynez. | 38 | Middle Town............. | 7 670 | Shasta...................... | 985353 |
| Kickapoo. | $\begin{array}{r} 510 \\ 348 \\ 142 \\ 206 \\ 1,422 \end{array}$ |  |  | MUSkHogean stock......... |  |  |  |
| Malecite.- |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 2 \\ 35 \end{array}$ |  | 29,191 | Shoshonean stock......... | 16,842 |
| Mashpee. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Menominee |  |  |  | Alibamu <br> Chickas | $\begin{array}{r} 298 \\ 4,204 \end{array}$ | Bannock. | 413 |
| Miami... | , 226 |  | 17 | Chactaw | 15, 917 | Commehuevi................. | 1,171 |
|  | 42 20 | Cosianoan shock. | 17 | Creek-7.................... | $\begin{array}{r} 98 \\ 1.729 \end{array}$ | Gabrieleno (syn. San Ga- |  |
| Montauk. | 29 | Santa Cruz | 17 | Seminole.................... |  | Hopi (syn. Moqui, Koso) | 2,009 |
| Narraganset | 16 |  | 5,865 | Piman stocer................ | 8,607 | Juaneno (syn. San Juan Capistrano) |  |
| Niantic.. | 1 | Croatan |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| Ottawa... | 2,717 8 | Croatan.................. | 5,865 | Mayo. | 40 | Kawaiisu | 755 |
| Passamaquo | 386 | Eskimatan stock .......... |  | Opata.......................... | 40 3,798 | Kawia (syn. Cabuilia).... Kern River. $\qquad$ | 1051,448 |
| Penobscot | 266 |  | 56 | Papago <br> Yima. <br> Yaqui | $\begin{array}{r} 4,236 \\ 528 \end{array}$ | Mono.................... |  |
| Peoria.- | $\begin{array}{r} 128 \\ 66 \end{array}$ | Aleut. <br> Malemiut. <br> Not reported | $\begin{array}{r} 40 \\ 2 \end{array}$ |  |  | Paiute....................... | 780 |
| Pequot. Piankash |  |  |  |  |  | Panamint | 10 |
| Plegan. | 2,268 |  | ${ }_{14}$ | Ромо stoci (syn. Kulanapan). | 1,193 | Paviotso (syn. Snake).... | 3,038. |
| Poosepatuck | 2, ${ }^{1} 1$ |  |  |  |  | San Luisono (syn. Luise- <br> no) | 467 |
| Powhatan.. | 131 | $\underset{\text { getan) }}{\text { Hid.......................... }}$ | 31 | Clear Lake.............- | 193 | Serrano...................... | $\begin{array}{r} 118 \\ 3,840 \\ 2 \\ 22,244 \end{array}$ |
| Sauk and Fox | 724 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 33 \\ 94 \\ 96 \\ 79 \\ 777 \end{array}$ | Tehachapi................................................... |  |
| Shawnee. |  | Haida.................... | 31 | nomero) <br> Little Lake |  |  |  |
| Stockbridges | 533 | Troquotan stock | 39,679 | Lower Lake. <br> Pomo. |  |  |  |
| Wampanoag | 162 |  |  |  |  | Siodan stock............... | 32,941 |
| Not reported | 36 | Cay | 81 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Cherokee | 31,489 | Sainnan stock | 16 | Assiniboin.. | 1,253 |
| Ateapaskan stock | 30,406 | Oneida. Onondaga. | $\begin{array}{r} 2,436 \\ \mathbf{3 6 5} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | San Antonio . | 16 |  | 1,799 |
|  | $14,973$ |  |  |  |  | Hidatsa (syn. Gros Ven- |  |
| Apache. |  | Ot <br> St. Regis. <br> Seneca. | $\begin{aligned} & 1,019 \\ & \mathbf{2 , 9 0 7} \end{aligned}$ | Salishan stock.............. | 7,833 | tres, Minitari) | 2442382 |
| Chastacos | 14,93 7 | Seneca. Tuscarora | ${ }_{400}$ | Bellacoola | 2 | Kansa. |  |
| Chatco. | 9 | W yandot (syn. Huron)... Not reportad | 35361 | Chehalis (syn. Humptulip, Satsop, George towir) |  |  | 209 |
| Cow Cr | $\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 639 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | Omaha....................... | 13 |
| Jicarilia Apache............ |  | Kalapoolan stock.......... | 106 |  | 388 | Omana. | 1,373 |
| Kai-Pomo (syn. Kato, |  |  |  | Clallam. <br> Coeur d'Alene | 293 | Oto......................... | 332 |
| Cahto)............... | 13928 | Kalapooia. <br> Lakmiut. |  | Columbia (syn. Sinkiuse). Colville (syn. Senijextee). | $\begin{array}{r}293 \\ 385 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 875 231 |
| Kiowa Apach |  |  | 5 8 |  | 785 | Santee Sioux (syn. Wä... |  |
| Mattole.................... | 34 | Mary's River (syn. Cho- |  | Colville (syn. Senijextee). <br> Comox. | 62 | pekute Sjoux, Mdewar |  |
| Mescalero Apache. | 424 | perafa)................ | 24 | Cownichan | 105 | kanton Sioux)......... | 1,539 |
| Navajo (syn. Navaho)...- | 22,455 | Santiam............... | 4 | Dwamish. | 20 | Sioux.................. |  |
| Redwood (syn. Whilkut). Rogue River (syn. Tutu- | 76 | Yamato (syn. Altalati..... | 5 | Flathead (syn. Salish)... | 486 | Seton-Wahpeton Sioux, |  |
| tni)..................... | 383 | Y | 11 | Kalispel (syn. |  | Wahpeton Sioux) | 2,514 |
| Saiaz..................... |  |  |  | Lummi.. | 353 | Teton Sioux. | 14,284 |
| Tenankutchin |  | Karor stock (syn. Quora- |  | Methow | 14 | Winnebago | 1,820 |
| Tlatskanai. | 3 | tean). | 775 | Mucklesho | 194 | Yankton sloux.......... | 2,088 |
| Tolowa (syn. Crescent Clty, Smith Rlver In- |  |  |  | Nespelim. | 46 | Pabaksa Sioux) | 1,357 |
| Clty, smith River Indians) | 121 | Orleans (syn.K | 775 | Nisqualli. | 137 |  |  |
| Umpqua.................. | 109 |  |  | Nooksak |  |  |  |
| Upper Co | 227 | Keresan | 4,027 | Pisquow. | 52 | Takelman stock. | 1 |
| Not reported |  | Acoma | 691 | Puyallup | 303 |  |  |
|  |  | Coch | 237 | Sanpoil | 240 |  | 1 |
| Caddoan stoce. | 1,863 | San Felipe | ${ }^{490}$ | Shuswap | 9 |  |  |
|  |  | Santa Ana................ | 211 | Skagit. | 56 | Tanoan shock. | 3,140 |
| Arikara | 444 | Santo Domingo........... | 817 | Skokomish | 195 |  |  |
| Caddo | 10 | Sia. | 109 | Snoho | ${ }_{93}$ | Isleta. | 956 |
| Pawnee. | 633 |  |  | Songish. | 23 | Jemez. |  |
| Tawakoni.................. | - 1 | Krowan stoce | 1,126 | Spokan.................... | 643 | Pecos.. | 10 |
| Waco.................... | - 5 |  | 1,126 | Squaxon | $\begin{array}{r}44 \\ 307 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Plearis... | 104 |
| Wichita | 318 |  | 1,120 | Suquamish................ | 307 |  | 16 |
|  |  |  |  | Swinomish............... | 333 25 | San Ildefonso | 123 |
| Chimakuan stock. | 306 | Kusan | 93 | Twama... | 61 |  | $\begin{array}{r}187 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Chima |  | sa |  | Not reported | 13 | Santa Clara | 277 |
| Hoh. | 44 |  | 93 |  |  | Taos. | 517 |
| Quileuta.................. | 259 |  |  | Sthamar | 4,391 | Tesuque | 77 |
|  |  | tenalan stock. | 538 |  |  |  |  |
| bmarikan stoct. | 31 |  |  | Nez Perces | 1,259 |  |  |
|  | 31 | Kootenal)........... | 538 | Paloos.. |  | Tarascan st | 1 |

1 Includes Chiricahua Apache, Coyotero Apache, San Carlos Apache, Tonto Apache, and White Mountain Apache. Ute and Wiminuchi Ute.
${ }^{3}$ Includes Capote Ute, Grand Rlver Ute, Moache Ute, Southern Ute, Uinta Ute, Uncompahgre Ute, White River Ute, and I Inoludes Brule Sioux,
oux), 486; Two Kettle sloux, 293; and other Teton Sioux, 4,964.

NUMBER OF INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECIAL INDIAN SCHEDULE, OLASSIFIED BY LINGUISTIC STOCKS AND TRIBES: 1910-Continued.


UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Tlingit stock (syn. Koluschan) | 32 | Wakashan stock-Contd. Makah. |  | Yandin atock. | 39 | YUMAN STOCK.. | 4,279 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Nootka........ | 15 | Yana (ayn, Nozl). ....... | 39 | Сосора. | 245 |
| Auk. | 2 | Not reported. | 11 |  |  | Diaguano................. | 756 |
| Chilkat. | 4 |  |  |  |  | Havasupai. ............... |  |
| Kake. <br> Not reported. | 23 | W ashoan stock. | 819 | YokUTs atock (syn. Mariposan) | 533 |  | 1,058 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Walapai (syn. Hualapai). | 501 |
| Tonkaman stock.. | 42 | Washo. | 819 | Choinimni <br> Chookiminah................ | 18 | Yavapai (MohaveApache). | 289 |
| Tonkawa. | 42 |  |  | Chukchansi............... | 144 | Yuma. | 834 |
|  |  | Wintun stock (syn. Copehan). | 710 | Kashow00................ | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ | Yuma Apache <br> Not reported | ${ }_{12}^{24}$ |
| Tsmmimin stoce. | 51 |  |  | Wechikhit | 6 | Not |  |
|  |  | Nomelaki. | 125 | Wikchamri. | 25 |  |  |
| Tsimsh | 51 |  | 186 | Yokuts................... | 302 3 | YUROK STOCK (syn. Weitspekan) | 668 |
| Tunican stock. | 43 | Indians). | 399 |  |  |  |  |
| Tunica. | 43 | Wriat stock (sym. Wishos- |  | Yuchean stock. | 78 | aitspec |  |
| Waillatpuan stock. | 329 | kan). | 152 | Yuchi. | 78 | Zapotecan gtock........... | 1 |
| Cayusa. | 298 | Humboldt Bay. | 152 | Yutian stock. | 198 |  |  |
| Molala. | 31 |  |  |  |  | Zunian stock.. | 1,667 |
| W akashan stock. | 388 | Yakonan stock. | 55 | Redwood (syn. Huch- | 15 | Zuni | 1,667 |
|  |  | Alsea..................... | 29 | nom)................... | 15 |  |  |
| Kwakiutl | 1 | Yiuslaw........................... | 19 | Yuppa........................ | 73 <br> 9 | Stock or trlbe not reported... | 1,644 |

ATASKA.

| Totai | 25,331 | Eskimauan stocs-Contd. | 2 | Eskimatan stock-Contd. Nuwukmiut. | 81 | Tungit stock (syn. Koluschan) | 4,426 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Algonquian stock. | 3 | Iprackmiut... | 4 | P1tukmiut. | 4 |  |  |
|  |  | Raialigmiut................... | 192 | Polazramlut. | 14 | Auk. | 267 |
| Delawara. | 3 | Kakuakamiut. | 22 | Selawigmiut. ............. | 258 | Chilkat. | 690 |
|  |  | Kangmaligmiut. | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 238 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Sidarumint. .............. | 5 320 | Hөиуа....................... | 214 |
| AtHAPASKAN Stock. | 3,916 | Kaviagmiut. Kakchabuk | 238 32 | Tikeramiut. .............. | 320 93 | Huma..................... | 625 536 |
| Ahtena. | 297 | Kokrchabukmiut.......... | $\begin{array}{r}32 \\ 594 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Togiagmiut.............. | 93 140 | Hutsinuwu. | 536 322 |
| Hankutchin... | 127 | Kopagmiut. | 9 | Unaligmiut................. | 441 | Kuyu. | 29 |
| Kaiyuhkhotana | 160 697 | Kowagmint.... | 561 | Utkiavinmiut............. | 123 | Sitika. | 608 |
| Kutchin. | 359 | Kukpaurungm | $7{ }^{6}$ | Utukamiut (syn. Otoo- | 127 | Taku. | 189 |
| Nahane. ${ }^{\text {Natsitkutchin }}$ | 8 | Kusetrinmiut............... | 133 | Yuit........... | 292 | Tongas. | 184 |
| Natsitkutchin | 177 | Kuskovakmiut. | 370 | Southern Eskimo (in- |  | Yakutat | 307 |
| Tenknkutchin | 175 6 | Kuskowik. |  | cluding Aglemiut, Chu- |  | Not reported............. | 313 |
| Unakhotana. | 193 | Magemiut.................. | 1,476 | ut, and Ugalakmiut)... | 3,650 |  |  |
| Not reported. | 1,472 | Malemiut... | 563 | Not reported............. | 474 | Tsimshian atock. | 729 |
| Eskmaduan Stock. | 14,087 | Neechuktamiut... Nunatogmiut | 25 285 |  |  | Tsimshian. | 729 |
| Aleut. | 1,451 | Nunivagmiut. | 301 | getan) | 530 |  |  |
| Chnagmiut Tkogmiut. | 326 782 | Nunochogmint............ | 158 31 | Haida | 530 | Stock or tribe not reported... | 1,640 |

INDIAN TRIBES, BY STATES: 1910.
[Tha stock to which the trlbe belonge is given in parenthesis in aach case.]


1 Inclutes Chiricahua Apache (Oklahoma, 237; Atizona, 24); Coyotero Apacha (Arizona, 490); San Carlos Apache (Arizona, 1,087; Oklahoma, 2); Tonto Apacha (Arizona, 655); and White Mountain Apache (Arizona, 52; Navade, 3; Oklahoma, 2).

INDIAN TRIBES, BY STATES: 1910-Continued.
[The stock to which the tribe belongs is given in parenthesis in each case.]


INDIAN TRIBES, BY STATES: 1910-Continued.
[The stock to which the tribe helongs is given in parenthesis in each case.]


INDIAN TRIBES, BY STATES: 1910-Continued.
[The stock to which the tribe belongs is given in parenthesis in eac h case.]


INDIAN TRIBES, BY STATES: 1910-Continued.
[The stock to which the trlbe belongs ls given in parenthesis in each case.]


[^1]
## INDIAN POPULATION OF THE DIFFERENT STATES, BY TRIBES: 1910.

[Under" Not reported" ara includad Indians enumerated on the general population schedula only (see Table 3, p. 11) for whom no inquiry as to atock or trlbe was made, or Indians for whom apecial schedules were obtainad but whose stock or tribe was not reported.]


INDIAN POPULATION OF THE DIFFERENT STATES, BY TRIBES: 1910—Continued.
[Under" "Not reported" are included Indians enumerated on the general population schedule oniy (see Table 3, p. 11) for whom no inquiry as to stock or tribe was made, or Indians for whom epecial schedules were obtained but whose stock or tribe was not reported.]


INDIAN POPULATION OF THE DIFFERENT STATES, BY TRIBES: 1910-Continued.
[Under "Not reported" are included Indians enumerated on the gencral population schedule only (see Table 3, p. 11) for whom no inquiry as to etock or trlbe was made, or Indians for whom special schedules were obtained but whose stock or tribe was not reported.]


INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTIES: 1910, 1900, AND 1890.


1 Includes 384 persons specially enumerated in 1890 , not distributed by counties.
2 Includes 3,024 Indians on San Carlos Indian Reservation, in Gila and Graham Counties, not returned by counties in 1900.
3 Includes 28,469 Indians specially enumerated in 1890 , not distributed by counties.
${ }^{3}$ Includes 32 Indians specially enumerated in 1890 , not distributed by counties.
6 Includes 5,107 Indians specially enumerated in 1890 , not distributed by counties.
${ }^{6}$ Includes 5,107 Indians specially enumerated in 1890 , not distributed by counties.

INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTIES: 1910, 1900, AND 1890-Continued.

| Table 11 -Continued. county. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 | county. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 | county. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grorgis-Continued. Sumter. | 3,488 |  | 1114214,223 | - Indiana-Continued. | 119 | 130 | 9731 | Eentucry.................. $\quad 234$ |  | 102 | 71 |
| Thomas......... |  |  |  | Mantgomery... |  |  |  | Barren. |  |  | 1 |
| Ware. |  |  |  | Noble......... |  | 1 | 1 | Breathitt | 1 |  |  |
| Whitfleld.............. |  |  |  | Porter. | 1 | 2 |  | Campbell | 1 |  | 1 |
|  |  | 4,226 |  | Posey Randolph | 1 |  | 4 | Casey..... |  |  | 1 |
|  | 3, | 4,220 | $\underline{5}$ | Rush... | 11 | 9 | 2 1 | Clark... | 6 | 6 |  |
| Bannock. | 623 | 439 | d | Tippecanos. |  | 3 |  | Crittenden. |  |  | i |
| Bear Lake |  |  |  | Union...... |  | 7 |  | Elliott. | 4 |  |  |
| Bingham. | 8.0 | 860 | 23 | Vanderburg |  |  | 2 | Fayette. | 6 |  |  |
| Blaine.... | 8 | 22 |  | Wabash... | 14 | 26 | 94 | Floyd... | 48 |  | 14 |
|  |  |  | 19 | Warren. |  |  | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | Graves. | 10 | 2 | 2 |
| Bonner. | 109 |  |  | Washington |  |  | 1 | Greenup Harlan. | 10 |  | 2 |
| Canyou. |  | 1 | 13 | Wayne. | 19 |  | 1 | Jefferson. | 9 | i | 14 |
| Custer. |  |  | 4 |  | 15 |  |  | Kenton. | 1 |  |  |
| Elmore. | 16 | 10 | 11 | Iowa. | 471 | 382 | 4457 | Knott.. | 2 |  |  |
| Fremont | 201 | 12 434 |  |  |  | 2 |  | Knox. | 7 | 6 | 4 |
| Kootenai | 431 | 697 | 19 | Blackhawk | 8 | 2 |  | Livingstorn. |  |  | 8 |
| Latah... | 43 | 3 | 1 | Buchanan. |  |  | i | Logan... | 5 |  |  |
| Lemhi. |  | 466 | 8 | Cedar. |  |  | 1 | Lyon.. | 1 |  | 1 |
| Nez Perce. | 898 | 1,128 | 19 | Davis. | 1 |  | 8 | Magoffin. | 92 | 85 |  |
| Oneida. | 178 |  |  | Des Moins. | 1 |  |  | Mason.. |  |  | i |
| Owyhee. | 206 | 64 | 3 | Tremont. | 1 |  |  | Monroe | 20 |  |  |
| Shoshone. |  | 79 | 2 | Harrison. |  | 1 | 1 | Scott. <br> Wayne |  | 3 | 1 |
| Illinois. | 188 | 16 | 298 | Jefferson. |  |  |  | Whitley. | 12 |  | 10 |
| Adams. | 1 |  |  | Linn. | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Alexander |  |  | 6 | Lucas. |  |  | 1 | Louislana. | 780 | 503 | ${ }^{6} 628$ |
| Bond... | 1 |  | , | Lyon... | 14 |  |  | Ascension |  | 2 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Crawn }}^{\text {Cristian }}$ | 1 |  | 1 | Marion. |  |  | 6 | Avoyelles | 48 | 47 | 47 |
| Clark.. |  | 5 |  | Marshall. |  |  | 7 | Bossier. |  | 1 | 3 |
| Clay... |  |  | 1 | Monona. |  |  | 6 | Caddo... |  | 1 | 2 |
| Clinton |  |  | 5 | Monroe.. |  |  | 1 | Calcasieu. | 313 | 191 | 148 |
| Coles. Cook | 139 |  | 20 | ${ }^{\text {O }}$ Polkrien. |  | 1 |  | Catawoula. | 14 | 40 | 34 |
| Cook... <br> Cumberl | 139 |  | 20 | Pottawa | 115 |  | 2 | Claiborne. | 1 |  | 4 |
| Edgar.. |  | 1 |  | Scott.. | 4 |  |  | Concordia. |  |  | 1 |
| Fuiton. | 1 |  | 1 | Story. | 2 |  |  | De Soto........ |  |  | 2 |
| Henry. |  |  | 1 | Tama. | 295 | 376 |  | East Baton Rou | 8 |  | ${ }^{2}$ |
| Jasper. | 2 |  |  | Wapello. | 2 | 1 |  | Grant. | 2 |  | 10 |
| Jersey |  |  | 1 | Wayne... | 8 |  | 6 | Jefferson. |  |  |  |
| Kendail. . | 1 |  |  | Webster. | 1 |  |  | La Sallc. | 26 |  |  |
| Lake..... | 1 |  |  | Winneshiek |  |  | 16 | Lafayette. |  |  | 2 |
| Livingston |  |  | 2 | Woodbury. | 8 |  |  | Lafourche. |  | 65 | 3 |
| Logan.... |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | Morehouse |  |  | 3 |
| McDonoug | 1 |  |  | Kansas. | 2,444 | 2,130 | - 1,682 | Natchitoches. | 10 | 2 | 13 |
| Macon... |  |  | 1 | Allen. | 7 |  |  | Orleans.... | 5 | 2 | 21 |
| Madison. |  |  | 3 | Atchison |  | 38 | 7 | Rapides.. | 102 | 41 | 14 |
| Mason. |  |  | 1 | Barber.. | 1 |  | 1 | Red River |  |  | 11 |
| Morgan. | 2 |  | 7 | Brourbon. | 408 |  | 5 | St. Landry. | 61 | 77 | 120 |
| Ogle... | 1 |  | 1 | Brown. | 408 | 10 | 1 | St. Martin. |  |  |  |
| Pope. |  |  | 11 | Chase. |  |  | 1 | St. Mary..... | 50 | 83 | 32 |
| Randolph. | 2 |  | 3 | Chantauqua. | 23 | 43 |  | St. Tammany. | 9 | 30 | 60 |
| Rock Island | 8 |  | 1 | Cherokee. | 68 | 13 | 7 | Tangipahoa. |  | 2 | 13 |
| St. Clair. |  |  | 8 | Cloud. | 1 | 1 |  | Terrebonne. | 125 |  | 5 |
| Stephenson. | 1 |  | 3 | Cofiey. | 2 |  |  | Washington. |  | 8 | 3 |
| Tazewell.. | 6 |  |  | Cowley. | 22 | 10 |  | Webster.... |  |  | 2 |
| Union.... |  |  | 6 | Crawford. | 12 |  | 1 | West Baton Ro |  | 1 | 1 |
| Vermilion. |  |  |  | Dickinson. |  | 7 | 1 | West Feliciana |  | 1 | 1 |
| Williamson... | 1 |  |  | Douglas. | 671 | 481 | 440 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Elk.... | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indlana. | 279 | 243 | 343 | Ellsworth. |  | 1 |  | Manse. | 892 | 798 | 559 |
| Adams. |  |  | 1 | Granry.. | 52 |  | 3 | Androscoggin. | 4 |  |  |
| Allen.. | 9 | 5 | 26 | Graham. |  |  | 2 | Aroostook.... | 64 |  | 24 |
| Boone. |  |  | 1 | Harvey.. | 5 |  | 2 | Cumberland.. | 26 | 2 | 6 |
| Carroll. |  |  | 1 | Jackson. | 734 | 592 | 1 | Frankilin. |  |  | 4 |
| Cass. |  |  | 4 | Johnson. |  | 4 | 18 | Hancock. | 19 |  | 2 |
| Clark. |  |  | 1 | Kearny.. | 4 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Clay... |  |  | 1 | Kiowa... | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | 26 |  | Knox.... | 8 |  |  |
| Clinton.. | 2 |  | 1 | Leavenwo | 83 | 134 | 16 | Penobscot. | 351 |  | 387 |
| Decatur. |  |  | 1 | Linn.. | 4 | 8 |  | Piscataquis. | 40 | 40 | 37 |
| Dekalb. | 5 |  |  | Miami.. |  | 1 | 3 | Somerset. | 3 |  |  |
| Delaware. |  |  | 6 | Montgomery | 139 | 21 | 10 | Waldo.. |  | 8 |  |
| Elkhart. |  |  | 1 | Nemaha | , |  | 13 | York | 363 | 394 | 89 |
| Floyd.. |  |  | 10 | Osage.. | 2 |  | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ | York.... |  | 2 | 1 |
| Grant. | 19 | 47 | 48 | Osborne..... |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Hramilion. |  |  | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | Pottawatomie. | 19 | 30 | 77 | Maryland. | 65 | 3 | 44 |
| Hendricks. | 2 |  |  | Reno... | 2 |  | 4 | Anne Arundel. |  |  |  |
| Henry..... | 9 | 1 | 1 | Saline. | 6 |  |  | Baltimore City. |  |  | 10 |
| Jasper...... | 1 |  |  | Sedgwick | 3 |  | 3 | Carroll...... | 7 |  | 1 |
| Jefferson. |  |  | 2 | Seward... | 7 |  |  | Charies | 15 | 3 | 23 |
| Jennings. |  | 6 | 1 | Shawnee. | 14 |  | 1 | Dorchaster. |  |  | 1 |
| Knox. . |  | 1 |  | W abaunsce. | 1 |  | 22 | Frederick. | 1 |  | 1 |
| Laporte. | 19 |  |  | Washington |  |  | 1 | Montgomery. | 3 |  |  |
| Lawrence. |  |  | 1 | Wison... |  |  | 4 | Prince Georges | 6 |  | 2 |
| Marion. |  |  | 10 | Woodson |  |  | 1 | Talbot... |  |  | 4 |
| Marshall. |  |  |  | Wyandotte |  | 5 |  | orcester. |  |  |  |

1 Includes 4,064 Indians specially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by counties; and 2 Indians in Logan County, taken to form Lincoln County and part of Blaine.
County in 1895.
2 Includes $i$ Indian specially enumerated in 1890 , not credited to any county.
3 Includes 397 Indians specially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by counties.
4 Includes 946 Indians specially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by counties.
4 Includes 946 Indians specially enumerated in 1890 , not distributed oy count

- Includes 1 Indian specially enumerated in 1890 , not credited to any parish.

INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTIES: 1910, 1900, AND 1890-Continued.


1 Includes 4 Indians specially enumarated in 1890 , not distributed by counties.
2 Includes 1 Indian specially enumerated in 1890 , not credited to any county, and 56 Indians in Manitou County, annexed to Charlevoix and Leelanau Counties in 1896. ${ }_{8}$ Includes 2,883 Indians on White Earth Indian Reservation, not returned by counties in 1900; returned in 1910 in Becker, Clearwater, and Mahnomen Counties.
${ }_{4}$ Includes 8,208 Indians specially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by counties.
6 Includes 1 Indian specially enumerated in 1890, not credited to any county.
${ }^{\text {I Includes }} 1,857$ Indians on Crow Indian Reservatiou, not returned by counties in 1900; returned in 1910 in Rosebud and Yellowstono Counties. 7 Includes 8,059 Indians specially enumerated in 1890,
turned in 1910 in Rosebud and Yellowstona Counties.

INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTIES: 1910, 1900, AND 1890-Continued.

| Table 11 -Continued. COUNTY. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 | county. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 | county. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Montana-Continued. Ravalli |  | 14 |  | New Mexico-Continued. |  |  |  | North Carolina-Contd. Hertford |  | 8 |  |
| Rosobud.............. | 2,758 | 14 |  | MeKinl | 8.13 |  |  | Iredell. |  |  | 7 |
| Sanders.. | 179 |  |  | Mora... | 8, 7 | 8 | 25 | Jackson. | 450 | 340 | 314. |
| Silver Baw. | 1 | 14 | 1 | Otero. | 444 | 487 |  | McDowell |  | 1 |  |
| Sweet Grass | 26 | 74 |  | Rio Arriba. | 1,370 | 1,275 | 499 | Mroon. |  |  | 1 |
| Teton. | 2,489 | 2,060 |  | San Juan | 2, 847 | 1,760 | 1 | Madison. |  | 7 |  |
| Velley...... | 1,774 | 1,793 | ..... | San Miguel. | 11 | ${ }^{14}$ | 45 | Mitchell. |  |  | 2 |
| Yellowstone | 462 | 13 |  | Sandovel. | 2,839 | 996 | 589 | Montgamery. | 15 |  | 15 |
| Nebraska. | 3,502 | 3,322 | 16,431 | Socorro. | 146 | 136 | 14 | Nasb. | 10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Taos. | 632 | 510 | 505 | New Hanover | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Boyd. | 2 | 8 | 107 | Torrance | 21 |  |  | Orange...... |  | 1 | 1 |
| Burt.. | 54 | 45 | $\stackrel{1}{5}$ | Valencia | 2,400 | 3,177 | 3, 374 | Pender.... |  |  | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Cherry. | 76 | 14 | 2 |  |  |  |  | Polk.... | 5,895 | 3,877 | 174 |
| Cuming. | 24 | 12 | 39 | New York. | 6,046 | 5,257 | ${ }^{46,044}$ | Rockingham. |  |  | 2 |
| Dakata. | 1 |  | 1 | Albany. | 11 |  | 2 | Rowan.... |  | 1 | 1 |
| Dawes. | 28 | 11 | 3 | Allegany. |  |  | 6 | Rutheriord | 213 |  |  |
| Dawson | 1 |  |  | Broome. | 4 |  | 1 | Sootland. | 74 | 134 |  |
| Dixon. | 15 | 7 | 3 | Cattaraugus. | 1,013 | 1,104 | 5 | Swain.. | 812 | 875 | 700 |
| Gage... | 14 | 7 | 3 | Chayutauqua | 83 | 19 27 | ${ }^{6}$ | Vance. |  |  | 4 |
| Gosper. |  | 1 |  | Chemung... | 8 |  | 27 | Wake.. |  |  | 4 |
| Holt. | 1 |  |  | Chenango. |  |  | 5 | Warren. | 4 |  |  |
| Keith. |  |  | 1 | Clinton. | 4 | 5 | 7 | Washingto | 21 |  |  |
| Kimbal |  | 5 |  | Columbia. | 1 |  |  | Yadkit. |  | 1 |  |
| Kancaster | ${ }_{13}$ | 961 | 625 | Cortland. | 1 |  | 7 | Yancey.. |  |  | 1 |
| Nance. | 334 | 269 | 201 | Dutchess. |  | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Nemsha | 6 | 6 |  | Erie.. | 1,170 | 1,265 | 8 | North Dakota. | 6,486 | 6,968 | ${ }^{68} 8,174$ |
| Platte... |  |  | 1 | Essex. |  | 12 | 17 |  |  |  |  |
| Saunders. | 89 | 22 | 1 | Franktin. | 1,388 | 1,262 9 | 8 | Benson- | 1,020 | 1,181 | 8 |
| Sheridan. | 2 |  |  | Genesee. | 439 | 347 | 1 | Burleigh.. | 82 | 5 | 8 |
| Thurston | 1,915 | 1,955 | 1,898 | Hamilton. | 21 | 26 | 8 | Cass.. | 5 | 4 | 2 |
| Wayne... |  |  |  | Herkimer. | 8 |  |  | Cavalier | 183 | 50 | 9 |
|  |  |  |  | Jefferson. | 33 | 42 | 25 | Dunn.... | 237 |  |  |
| Nevada. | 5.240 | 5,216 | 25,156 | Kings. | 146 | 6 | 62 | Emmons. |  | 14 | 14 |
|  |  |  |  | Livingsto | 14 | 7 | 3 | McHenry. | 3 |  | 21 |
| Churchill. | 231 | 262 | 230 | Madison. | 50 | 7 | 84 | McLean. | 630 | 980 |  |
| Clark..... | 233 |  |  | Monroe.. | 34 |  | 23 | Mercer. | 134 | 40 |  |
| Douglas. | 292 | 55 | 117 | Montgomery | 1 |  | 1 | Morton. | 1,288 | 1,911 | 5 |
| Esmeralda | 628 | 832 | 406 | New York | 194 | 24 | 52 | Nelson. | 88 |  | 1 |
| Euroka | 121 | 179 | 194 | Niagara. | 397 | 347 | 5 | Pembina | 386 | 98 | 20 |
| Humbold | 647 | 526 | 425 | oneida. | 42 | 29 | 62 | Ramsey. | 8 | 2 | 1 |
| Lander. | 94 | 160 | 382 | Onondaga | 543 | 478 | 22 | Richland | 125 |  |  |
| Lincoln | 114 | 296 | 355 | Ontario.. | 1 | 7 | 3 | Rolette. | 2,129 | 2,546 |  |
| Lyon. | 285 | 307 |  | Orange. | 12 |  | 7 | Sargent. | 48 | 42 |  |
| Nye. | 523 | 372 | 414 | Oswego. | 7 |  |  | Stutsman | 3 | 2 |  |
| Ormsby | 449 | 234 | 134 | Otsego.. | 1 |  | 1 | Towner. | 3 | 1 |  |
| Storey.. | 71 | 113 | 100 | Queens... | 3 | 1 | 30 3 | Walsh.. | 13 |  |  |
| Washoe.... | 750 | 866 | 303 238 | Rensselaer |  | 1 | 3 | Ward... |  |  |  |
| White Pime. | 199 | 207 |  | Saratoga. | 25 | 10. | 25 | W | 8 | 7 |  |
| New Hampshire. | 34 | 22 | 16 | Schenectad |  | 4 1 1 | 13 | Ото. | 127 | 42 | ${ }^{9} 206$ |
|  | 1 |  |  | Schuyler... | ii |  | 1 | Allen. |  |  | 2 |
| Carroll. | 3 |  |  | Seneca.. |  |  | 1 | Ashtabula.................. |  | 1 | 2 |
| Cheshire. | 10 | 10 | 1 | Steuben | 3 246 | 108 | 2 | Athens...................... | 2 |  | i |
| Coos.... |  |  | 7 |  | 3 | 10 |  | Belmont.. |  |  | 1 |
| Grafton. | 18 | 2 | $\frac{1}{5}$ | Tompkins |  | 1 | 3 | Brown.... | 5 |  | 5 |
| Merrimack. | 2 |  | 1 | Ulister.- | 1 | 17 |  | Clark. | 1 |  | 2 |
| Rockingham. . |  | 6 |  | Warrenington | 17 | 37 | 42 9 | Clermont. | 1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Wayne..... | 4 | 11 |  | Cuyaho... | 8 | 1 | 5 |
| New Jersey. | 168 | 63 | 84 | Westchester | 13 |  | 4 | Erie........................ |  | 2 | ${ }_{2}$ |
| Atlantic. |  | 4 | 7 | W yoming. . . | 2 |  | 4 | Fairfield. |  |  |  |
| Aergen... | 8 | 4 | 7 | North Carolina. | 7,851 | 5,687 | ${ }^{5} 1,516$ | Franklin. | 13 | 11 | 14 3 |
| Burlington | 16 | 19 | 15 | Norih Carolna | , 8.81 | 5,68 | 1,516 | Greene...................... | 2 |  | 7 |
| Camden. | 9 | 3 | 7 | Alleghany -. | 4 |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | Hamilton. | 11 | 2 | 14 |
| Essex.... | 13 | 5 | 2 | Anson.... | 36 |  | 1 | Hardin. |  |  | 6 |
| Gloucester. |  |  | 1 | Buacombe | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ | 1 |  | Huron... | 12 |  | 22 |
| Hudson.. |  |  | 6 | Caldwell. |  | 12 | 7 | Jackson.. |  |  | 1 |
| Hunterdon | 4 |  | 1 | Chatham. | 9 |  |  | Jefferson. |  |  | 1 |
| Mercer... | 88 | 25 | 19 | Cherokee.. | 31 | 37 | 47 | Lake.. |  | 3 |  |
| Middlesex | 5 |  | 18 | Columbus. ........... | 12 | 257 |  | Lawrence. | 1 |  |  |
| Massaic... | 1 |  | 18 | Cumberland........... | 48 | 1 | 28 | Lorain. |  |  | 8 |
| Somerset |  |  | 3 | Davidson... | 1 | 4 |  | Lucas.. | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Unian. | 4 | 1 |  | Davilin. |  |  | 3 | Mahoning | 4 |  | 2 |
| Warren. | 3 |  |  | Edgecombe. |  |  | 1 | Marion... |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Forsyth.. |  |  | 1 | Mercer... |  |  | 2 |
| New Mexico. | 20,573 | 13, 144 | ${ }^{2} 15,044$ | Gaston. |  |  | 1 | Miami.....-̇ |  |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | Graham. | 157 | 127 | 151 | Montgomery |  | 2 | 9 |
| Cernalillo. | 1,192 | 4,758 16 | 3,469 18 | Granville. |  | 1 | 7 | Noble...... | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Dona Ans | 2 |  | 11 | Hadifax. |  |  | 1 | Ottawa. | 1 | 2 |  |
| Grant. . | 3 | 1 | 4 | Harnett. | 29 |  | 27 | Paulding. |  | 4 | 18 |
| Guadalupe......... | 4 | 6 |  | Haywood..... | $5$ |  |  | Pickaway. |  |  | 12 |

1 Includes 3,538 Indians specially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by counties.
${ }^{2}$ Includes 1,557 Indians specially enumerated in 6,490 Indians speciall enumerated in 1890 , not distributed by counties.
${ }^{3}$ Includes 6,490 Indians specially enumerated im 1890 , not distributed by counties.
${ }^{2}$ Includes 5,318 Indians specially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by count
${ }_{6}^{6}$ Includes 2 Indians specially enumerated in 1890, not credited to any county.
between 1890 and 1900 .
7 Includes 1,905 Indians on that part of Standing Rock Indian Reservation which was in North Dakota, not returned by counties in 1900.
8 Includes 2 Indians on part of Standing Rock Indian Reservation, not returned by counties in 1890.
${ }_{9}$ Includes 13 Indians specially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by counties.

INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTIES: 1910, 1900, AND 1890-Continued.

| Table 11-Continued. county. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 | countr. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 | county. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OHHO-Continuad. |  |  |  | Oregon-Continuad. |  |  |  | South Carolina-Contd. |  |  |  |
| Portabe. |  |  | 3 | Grant. | $\stackrel{5}{2}$ | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r}28 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Lexington........ | 1 |  |  |
| Putnam |  |  |  | Harnay. |  |  |  | Marion. |  | 29 | $\stackrel{21}{21}$ |
| Sandusiy | 3 |  |  | Jackson. | 3 | 2 | 28 | Oconee. |  |  |  |
| Scloto |  | 1 |  | Josephina |  | 22 |  | Richland |  |  |  |
| Shelby ${ }_{\text {Summit }}$ |  |  | 1 | Klamath. | 1,026 | 1,037 | ${ }^{23}$ | Spartanbur | 4 |  |  |
| Tuscarawa |  | 3 |  | Lana. | 35 | 40 | 63 | Williamsburg |  |  | i |
| Union. |  |  | 5 | Lincoln. | 436 | 465 |  | York. | 12 | 61 | 61 |
| Warron. |  |  | ${ }_{6} 6$ | Malhzur. | 39 | 48 | ${ }_{91}^{81}$ | South Dakota | 19,137 | 520,225 | ${ }^{6} 19,854$ |
| Washington |  |  | 18 | Marion. | 604 | 503 | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wood..... } \\ & \text { Wyandot. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | Multnom. | 45 | 16 | 28 | Armstron |  | $\ddot{2}$ | 11 |
|  |  |  |  | Poik... | 133 | 150 | 1 | Beadie..................... | ${ }_{92}^{1}$ |  |  |
| Orlamoma. | 74,825 | ${ }^{164,445}$ | $\stackrel{\text { 264,456 }}{ }$ | Tillamook | 19 | 53 | 46 | Bonhomm | 10 | 2 | 1 |
| Adair. | , 876 |  |  | Umatilla | ${ }^{963}$ |  |  | Brule. |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {A }}^{\text {Beock }}$ A | 963 |  |  | Wasco. | 379 | 414 | 166 | Buffalo. | 792 | 1,052 |  |
| Blaine... | 1, 101 | 924 |  | Waashingt | 3 | 236 | ii | Camphee | 1,345 | i, 483 |  |
| Bryan. |  |  |  | Yamhill. |  | 236 |  | Clay.... |  |  | 1 |
| Canadian. | ${ }^{1} 409$ | 821 |  | Pennstivanz | 1,503 | 1,639 | 41,081 |  | 1,808 |  |  |
| Charore |  |  |  | Adams. | 3 | 4 |  | Davison | 4 |  |  |
| Choctaw | 1,348 |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Aldeghany }}$ | 32 <br> 3 | 1 | 10 | Day.. | 144 989 | 117 | 5 |
| cimarron. | 17 | 150 |  | Berks. | 1 |  | 2 | Gregory | 300 | 11 | 09 |
| Coat. | ${ }_{610}$ | 150 |  | Blair: | 2 |  | ${ }_{10}^{2}$ | Hughes... |  |  |  |
| Comancha | 1,382 |  |  | Bucks. | 137 | 185 | 166 | Hyde. | 40 |  |  |
| Creel | 3, 710 |  |  | Butler. |  |  |  | Lawrence |  |  |  |
| Custer... | 355 | 301 |  | Carbon. | 1 |  |  | Lyman. | 405 | 474 | 2 |
| Dolawar | 3,624 | 231 | - | Center. |  |  | 2 | Marshall | ${ }^{6} 5$ |  |  |
| Ellis. | 4 |  |  | Cleartield |  | 3 |  | Mellette... | 1,578 |  |  |
| Garizid | 1,108 |  |  | Columbia |  | 15 | 3 | Minnehaha............. |  |  | ${ }_{47}^{4}$ |
| grady. | 881 |  |  | Crawberia | 1,027 | 1,003: | 370 | Pendington................ |  | 81 |  |
| Greer. |  | 1 | ...... | Dauphin. | 10 | , 6 | 4 | Perkins. | 11 |  |  |
| Haskali. | 1,000 |  |  | Delaware |  |  |  | Soberts. |  | 1 |  |
| Hughes. | 1,434 |  |  | Erie.... |  | 8 | 2 | Schnasse. | 250 |  |  |
| Jafrerson. | 179 |  |  | Forest. | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ |  |  | Stanley. | 117 | 63 | ${ }_{52}$ |
| Johnston. | 919 |  |  | Hrantingd | 1 |  |  | Todd... | 1,928 |  |  |
| Kay.ing | 1,005 | ${ }_{141}^{469}$ |  | Indiana.. |  |  | 1 | Tripp | 490 |  |  |
| Kiowa. | 612 |  |  | Lancaster. | 8 | 1 | 4 | Yankton. |  |  | 3 |
| Latimar | ${ }^{654}$ |  | ....... | Lawrence. |  |  |  | Pine Ridga lndian Res. ${ }^{7}$ - | 6,254 | 6,509 |  |
| Lincora. | ${ }^{1,256}$ | 334 |  | Lehanon. | 1 |  |  | Tennessee | 216 | 108 | 146 |
| Logan. | 10 |  | 1 | Luzerma.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moclain. | 434 |  |  | Lycoming | 1 |  |  | Badford.: |  |  | 1 |
| McCurtain | ${ }^{2,536}$ |  |  | Miffin. |  | 2 |  | Blount. |  | 7 |  |
| Marshall. | 2,796 |  |  | Montgomery. | $\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | 19 <br> 2 | 17 | Campbeil |  |  |  |
| Mayes. | 3, 122 |  |  | Northumberlan |  |  | 1 | Cannon.. | 13. | 28 |  |
| Murray. | 2,886 |  |  | Philadelphia. | 87 | 234 | 258 | Chaatham | 1 |  |  |
| Nobla.. | 416 | 887 |  | Potter. |  | 1 |  | Cocka.... | . |  |  |
| Nowata. | 1,783 |  |  | Schuylkill | $1$ |  |  | Davidson. | 2 | 3 |  |
| Otrlahoma. | 112 | 12 | 2 | Venango |  |  | 1 | Dickson. | 5 |  |  |
| Okmulge | 1,169 |  |  | Warren. | 85 | 85 | 5 | Dyer. | 12 |  |  |
| - Ottawa | 2,361 |  |  | Wesshington. |  |  |  | Giles.. |  |  |  |
| Pawnee. | 670 | 546 |  | W yoming.. |  |  | 5 | Grainger | 1 |  |  |
| Payne... | $\stackrel{66}{1,408}$ | 81 |  | York.. | 3 | 7 | 10 | Grana.: | 16 |  |  |
| Pontotoc.: | 896 |  |  | Rhode Island. | 284 | 35 | 180 | Hamhlen. |  | ${ }_{18}^{21}$ |  |
| Pottawatom | 1,198 | 983 |  |  |  |  |  | Hamilton |  |  | 31 |
| Pushmataha. | 68 | 84 |  | Bristol.... | $\frac{1}{7}$ | - 4 |  | Hapwood. | 1 |  |  |
| Rogers. | 3,126 |  |  | Nowport........ | 14 |  |  | Jackson. |  |  |  |
| Stequoyah | 2, 1473 |  |  | Wrovidence... | 50 | 2 | 111 | Jafferson. |  |  |  |
| Tupams | 1,381 |  |  | South Carolina | 331 | 121 | 317 | Laka. |  |  |  |
| Wagoner.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lawranca | 4 |  |  |
| Washitit...... | ${ }^{1} 169$ | 312 |  | Abbavile | 1 | 4 | ${ }_{2}$ | McMion. |  |  |  |
| Woodward... |  |  |  | Barnwell. |  |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | Macon... |  |  |  |
| Oregon | 5,090 | 4,951 | ${ }^{3} 4,971$ | Charoike | 6 |  |  | Marion |  |  |  |
|  | 27 |  |  | Colletor. |  |  |  | Maigs. |  |  |  |
| Bentoin |  |  | 14 | Darlingto | 1 |  |  | Monroa. | 13 |  | 12 |
| Clackam | 8 | 15 | 53 | Dillon-.. |  |  |  | Pork |  |  |  |
| Clatson |  | 26 | ${ }_{3}^{29}$ | Dorchasield |  |  |  | Rhea...... | 2 |  |  |
| , Coos. | 186 |  | 114 | Florenco |  |  | $\frac{1}{5}$ | Roana...... |  |  |  |
| Crook | 451 | ${ }^{537}$ | 121 | Horry. |  | 2 |  | Rutherford. | 10 | - |  |
| Douglas | 164 |  |  | Lancas |  |  |  | Soquatchia. |  |  |  |

1 Includes 52,500 Indians in Indian Tarritory, and 5,860 Indians on Indian reser vations in Oklahoma.
2 Includes 51,279 Indians in Indian rarritory, and 1890 , not distributed by counties
8 Includes 3,713 Indians specialy enumaratad in not distributed by counties.
${ }_{6}^{4}$ Includes 98 Indians spacially enumerated in 1890, not distributed by counties. 2182 Iudians on Cheyenne River Indian Reservation, not raturned by counties in 1900; raturned in 1910 as Armstrong, Dewey, Schnasse, and Sterling 5 Includes 2,182 Iadians on Cheyenne River Indian Ren not returned by countios in 1900; returned in 1910 as Bennett, Mellatte, Todd, and Washabaugh Counties;
Counties; 4,855 Indians on Rosabad Indian Reservation, Counties; 4,855 Indians on Rosobua Indian Recervation Indian Reservation which was in South Dakota, not raturnad by counties in 1900, taken to form Corson County in 1909. County, annexsed to Pennington in 1899.

1 Comprising Shannon, Washington, and parts of Bannett and Washabaugh Counties, but divisior by counties can not ba made.

INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTIES: 1910, 1900, AND 1890-Continued.

| Table 11 -Continued. COUNTY. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 | county. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 | COUNTY. | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tenneasee-Continued. |  |  |  | Texas-Continued. |  |  |  | Washingion-Continued. |  |  |  |
| Sevier.............. | ${ }_{56}^{1}$ |  |  | Walker.. |  | 2 | 2 | Lewis... | 121 8 | 11 | 81 22 |
| Shelby <br> Smith |  | 2 | 1 | Waller... |  | 2 | 1 | Masom. | 287 | 230 | 13 |
| Stewart... |  |  | 1 | Washington. | 1 |  | 2 | Okanogan. | 823 | 886 | 104 |
| Sumner. |  |  | 2 | Webb... | 1 |  |  | Pacific. | 235 | ${ }_{6} 212$ | 44 |
| Tipton.. | 8 |  | 1 | Wharton |  |  | $\stackrel{4}{1}$ | Pierce... | 542 | 226 | ${ }_{32} 7$ |
| Van Buren. |  |  | 2 | Williamson | 1 |  | 6 | Skagit. | 479 | 579 | 248. |
| Washington. |  |  | 1 | Wise | 1 | 1 |  | Skamania | 6 | 9 | 31 |
| Weakley. |  |  | 2 | Wood |  |  | 3 | Snohomish | 25 | 58 | 311 87 |
|  |  |  |  | UTAH.. | 3,123 | 2,623 | 23,456 | Stevens. | 854 | 901 | 340 |
| Texas.. | 702 | 470 | 1708 | Beaver | 24 | 34 |  | Wahkiakum. | 91 | ${ }_{31} 1$ | 90 41 |
|  |  |  |  | Box Eld | 150 | 188 | 173 | Walla Walla. | 15 | 30 | 10 |
| Atascosa. | 11 | 10 | 17 | Cache. | 1 | 1 | 1 | Whatcom. | 658 | 519 | ${ }_{102}^{269}$ |
| Bastrop. |  |  | 2 | Carbon |  | $\frac{1}{7}$ | 2 | Yakima. | 1,873 | 1,745 | 68 |
| Bee... |  |  | 1 | Emery |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Bexar | 19 | 3 | 54 | Garfield. |  | 16 | 5 | West Virginia... | 36 | 12 | 9. |
| Brazoria. | 3 |  |  | Iron. | 26 | 22 | 8 | Berkeley.. |  |  | 1 |
| Brazos. |  | 8 | 3 | Kane. | 33 | 66 | 97 | Cabell | 1 |  |  |
| Brewstor |  |  | 1 | Millard. | 57 | 82 | 1 | Hampshire. |  | 1 | 7 |
| Caldweli. | 7 |  | i | Piute. | 6 | 50 | 40 | Lowis.. | 5 |  | 7 |
| Cameron. |  |  | 7 | Salt Laik | 16 |  | 3 | MeDowell | 2 |  |  |
| Cass. |  |  | 1 | San Juan. | 1,396 | 471 | 53 | Nicholas. |  |  | 1 |
| Chambers | 2 |  | 5 4 | Sanpete. | 14 | 15 | 52 | Preston. | 21 | 1 |  |
| Clay. |  | 11 |  | Summit. | $\ddot{\square}$ | 4 |  | Tucker. |  | 3 |  |
| Coke.. |  |  | 1 | Tooele. | 47 | 71 | 43 | Wisconsin. | 10,142 | 8,372 | 49,830 |
| Cooke. | 1 |  | 11 | Uinta. | 1,029 | 1,313 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Dallas. | 2 | 1 | 6 | Wasatch | 141 | $15{ }^{\circ}$ | 4 | Adams. | ${ }_{1,096}^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ 887 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 60 18 |
| Deat Smi | 2 |  | . | Washington | 97 | 118 | 94 | Barron. | 54 | 25 | 40 |
| Delta.. |  | 1 | 1 | Warne. | 4 | 7 | 1 | Bayfield | 458 | 494 | 304 |
| Donley | 1 |  |  | Weber |  |  | 1 | Brown. | 876 | 703 | 732 |
| Eastland |  |  |  | Vermont. | 26 | 5 | 34 | Curnmet. | ${ }_{237}^{238}$ | ${ }_{257}$ | 165. |
| E1 Paso | 41 | 69 | 80 |  |  |  |  | Chippew | 67 | 102 | 134 |
| Erath.. |  |  | 2 | Addison | 3 |  | 1 | clark. | 29 | 51 |  |
| Fayette |  |  | 3 3 | Chittenden. | 9 |  | 8. | Columbis | 14 | 9 |  |
| Franklin. |  |  | 1 | Essex. | 2 | 3 | 13 | Dane | ${ }_{20}^{20}$ |  | 6. |
| Freestone. |  |  | 1 | Franklin. | 5 |  |  | Dodge | 17 | 8 | 11 |
| Gaileston | 3 |  | 1 | Orleans. |  |  | 1 | Door. |  |  | 22 |
| Oonzales. |  | 19 |  | Rutiand. | 1 | 1 |  | Douglas... | 264 | 133 | 183 |
| Greyson. | 20 | 4 |  | Windsor. | 1 |  | 8 | Dunn ${ }^{\text {Eat }}$ |  |  | 13 |
| Gregg. | 16 | 5 | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  |  |  | Fond du Lac. | 35 | 16 | 12 |
| Guadalupe | 12 |  | 3 | Virginia | 539 | 354 | 349 | Forest. | 148 | 162 | 119 |
| Hardeman. |  | 1 |  | Amherst | 7 |  |  | Green L |  |  |  |
| Harris.. | 9 | 1 | 1 | Bristol city |  | 1 |  | Iroma.. | 28 |  |  |
| Harriso |  | 4 |  | Carroll. |  |  | 4 | Jackson. | 230 | 197 | 1 |
| Hays... |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | Charles City. | 113 |  | 1 | Juneau... | 16 | 49 | 44 |
| Hidalgo. | i |  | 1 | Culpeper | 1 |  |  | Kenosha.: | 1 |  |  |
| Hill.... | 4 | 3 |  | Dinwiddie |  |  | 1 | Langlade. | 82 |  | 13. |
| Hopkins. |  |  |  | Elizabeth City. |  | 108 | 111 | Lincoln... | 68 | 22 | 5 |
| Hunt... | 2 | 4 | 12 | Essex.7...... | 1 |  |  | Manitowoc... |  |  |  |
| Iron. |  | 1 |  | Goochland... | 1 |  | i | Marathon. | 152 | $202$ | 128. |
| Jeff Davis |  |  |  | Grayson... |  |  | 1 | Marquette. |  |  |  |
| Jefferson. | 7 | 1 | 1 | Hanover. |  | 24 | 3 | Milwaukee... | 17 |  |  |
| Kerr... | 2 | 1 |  | Henrico. |  |  | 4 | Monroe. | 369 | 276 | 25 |
| Kinney. | 200 |  |  | King William. | 180 | 152 | 137 | Oneida. | 78 | 70 | 29 |
| Lamar.. | 3 | 14 | 35 | Lee. | 64 |  | 1 | Outagamie | 1,136 | 999 | 943. |
| Lsvaca. |  | 43 | 1 | New Kent | 112 |  | 10 | Pjerce. |  |  | 1 |
| Liberty.... | 1 |  |  | Nortolk.. | 37 | 52 | 43 | Polk... | 115 | 113 | 114 |
| Limestone. | 19 |  | 1 | Northampton. | 7 |  | 1 | Racine.-. | 3. | - 11 |  |
| McLennan. | 8 |  | 1 | Portsmouth eity | 2 |  |  | Richland. |  | 14 | 1 |
| Madison... |  |  |  | Prince George.. |  |  | 8 | Rusk | 55 |  |  |
| Marion..... | 3 |  | 12 | Prince William |  |  |  | Sauk.... |  | $\stackrel{-}{2}$ |  |
| Matagorda.. | 33 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | Sawyer... | 1,224 | 921 | 7 |
| Medina.... |  |  | 2 2 | Richrond clty | 3 |  | 8 | Shawano.. | 1,743 | 1,788 | 390 |
| Montague. |  |  | 2 | Southampton.. |  |  | 3 | Sheboygan. |  |  | 12. |
| Montgomery. |  |  | 1 | Staunton city |  |  |  | Vernon... | 25 |  |  |
| Morris. |  |  | 2 | Washington.-. |  |  | 6 | Vilas... | 568 | 259 |  |
| Nacogdoches |  |  | 14 | Williamsburg c | 2 |  |  | Walworth. |  | 1 |  |
| Navarro. |  | 2 | 1 | Wythe. | 1 |  |  | Washburn. | 151 | 90 | 30 |
| Nueces | 8 | 17 |  | Washington. | 10,997 | 10,039 | a 11, 181 | Waukinghs. | 1 | 2 |  |
| Orange. |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | Waupaca. | 1 |  |  |
| Polk. | 202 | 188 | 223 | Asotin. |  |  | 31 | Waushars. |  |  |  |
| Red River | 1 |  | 1 | Benton. | 488 |  | 186 | Winnebago | 21 |  | 44 |
| Runnels. |  |  |  | Chelan. | 84 | 138 |  | Wood...... | 108 | 10 | 2 |
| Rusk.. | 1 | 3 | 9 | Clallam. | 865 | 733 |  | WYomivg | 1,486 | 1,686 | ${ }^{6} 1,844$ |
| Sabine. | 9 |  |  | Clarke. | 35 | 20 | 48 |  |  |  |  |
| San Jacinto |  | 26 | 5 | Cowlitz. | 67 | 71 | 38 | Carbon. |  | 8 | 15 |
| San Sabs. | 5 |  |  | Douglas. |  | 720 |  | Crook. |  |  |  |
| Schleicher |  |  |  | Ferry-1i | 8 | 72 | 89 | Fremont. | 1,463 | 1,677 |  |
| Smith...il |  |  | 1 | Garfield. |  |  | 10 | Johnson. |  |  |  |
| Tarrant.. | 14 |  | 8 | Grant. | 8 |  |  | Laramie. | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 14 |
| Taylor.. |  | 3 | 1 | Island. | 108 | 221 | 195 | Parki... | 1 |  |  |
| Tom Green. |  | 6 | 3 | Jefferson. | 262 | 234 | ${ }_{364}$ | Sherldan | 10 |  |  |
| Travis. | 2 |  | 5 | King..... | 357 | $\stackrel{321}{281}$ | 207 | Sweetwater |  |  |  |
| Trinity |  |  | 1 | Kititap.. | 36 | 105 | 160 | Uinta.. | 2 | i | 6 |
| Upshur |  |  | 1 | Klickitat. | 214 | 169 | 50 | Westo |  |  | $\mathbf{y} .$ |

## PROPORTION OF MIXED-BLOODS.

Full-blood and mixed-blood Indians.-The Thirteenth Census was the first at which any returns worthy of tabulation were secured as to the proportion of full-bloods and mixed-bloods in the Indian population. Table 12 presents a summary of the results of this inquiry.

| Table 12 | indian population: 1910. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States. |  | Alaska. |  |
|  | Number. | Per cent of total. | Number. | Per cent of total. |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Full blood <br> Mixed blood. <br> Whito and Tndian | $\begin{array}{r} 150,053 \\ 93,423 \\ 88,030 \end{array}$ | 56.535.2$\mathbf{3 5 . 2}$ | 21,$\mathbf{3}, 884$8 | 84.715.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Whita and Indian ${ }^{1}$. | $\begin{array}{r} 88,03030 \\ 2,255 \end{array}$ | 33.1 | 3,843 | 15.2 |
| White, Negro, and I | - 1,793 | 0.8 0.7 |  |  |
| Other mixtures. |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 43 | 0.2 |
| Mixture unknown. | 1,26522,207 | 0.58.4 | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Not reported....... |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Includes Mexican and Indian.
2 Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
According to Table 12, of all the Indians in the United States in 1910, 56.5 per cent were full-bloods and 35.2 per cent mixed-bloods, while for 8.4 per cent the information on this point was not given. More than four-fifths $(18,546)$ of the 22,207 Indians in the last-mentioned group were those scattered among the
white population, who were reported only on the general population schedule; the majority of these were probably mixed-bloods.

Of the 93,423 Indians reported as mixed-bloods, 88,030 , or considerably more than nine-tenths, represented a mixture of white and Indian, 2,255 of Negro and Indian, and 1,793 of white, Negro, and Indian, while 80 represented other mixtures, and for 1,265 the kind of mixture was not reported.

In Alaska 84.7 per cent of the Indians were of full blood and 15.3 per cent of mixed blood;'almost all the mixed-bloods were a mixture of white and Indian, the remaining few representing a mixture of Indian with Chinese and Japanese blood.

A summary by divisions and states of the number of Indians, distributed according to sex, with distinction as far as possible of full-bloods and mixed-bloods, is given in Table 26 (p. 45). Table 13 presents the number and percentage of full-bloods and mixedbloods among Indians for whom special schedules were secured, for each of the 22 states which had at least 1,000 resident Indians in 1910. The proportion of full-bloods in the Indian population is also shown graphically for those states having at least 100 Indians reported on the special Indian schedule in the following map:

PROPORTION OF FULL-BLOODS IN THE INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES: 1910.


| Table 13 <br> state. | INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECLAL SCHEDULE: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. |  |  |  | Per ceut of total. |  |  |
|  | Total. | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | Blood not reported. | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | Blood not reported. |
| United States..... | 247, 137 | 150,053 | 93,423 | 3,661 | 60.7 | 37.8 | 1.5 |
| Arizona................ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,748 \\ 14,994 \\ 769 \end{array}$ | 27,087 | 414 | 1,247 | 94.2 | 1.4 | 4.3 |
|  |  | 10,493 | 4,217 | - 284 | 70.0 | 28.1 | 1.9 |
| Colorado. |  | 718 | 50 | 1 | 93.4 | 6.5 |  |
| 1daho. | 3,426 | 2,854 | 514 | 48 | 83.6 | 15.0 | 1.40.6 |
| Kansas. | 1 1, 413 | 2, 516 | 889 | 8 | 36.5 | 62.9 |  |
| Michigan | 6,761 | 3,528 | 3,218 | 15 | 52.2 | 47.6 | 0.6 0.2 |
| Minnesota. |  | 3,859 | 4,886 | 11 | 44.1 | 55.8 | 0.1 |
| Mississippi | 1,176 | 1,077 | . 90 | 9 | 91.6 | 7.7 | 0.8 |
| Montana. | 10,394 | 6,204 | 3,895 | 295 | 59.7 | 37.5 | 2.8 |
| Nebraska | 3,312 | 2,294 | . 939 | 79 | 69.3 | 28.4 | 2.4 |
| Nevada. |  | 20,085 | 508 | 154 | 86.6 | 10.3 | 3.1 |
| New Mexico | 20,279 |  | 2,028 | 19 | 99.0 | 0.9 |  |
| New York. | 5,209 | 2,850 |  | 331 | 54.7 | 38.9 | 6.4 |
| North Carolina | 7,287 | 1,394 | 5,855 | 38 | 19.1 | 80.3 | 0.51.8 |
| North Dekota. | 6, 168 | 2,499 | 3,561 | 108 | 40.5 | 57.7 |  |
| Oklahoma. | 70,774 | 25,887 | 44,288 | 599 | 36.6 | 62.6 | 0.8 |
| Orogon. | 4,58018,822 | 2,901 | 1,668 | 11 | 63.3 | 36.4 | 0.2 |
| South Dakota. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 13,247 \\ 2,900 \end{array}$ | 5,408 | 167 | 70.4 | 28.7 | 0.9 |
| Utah... | 3,051 |  | 1053,019 | 4663 | 95.168.7 | 3.430.6 | 1.50.60.2 |
| Washington. . . . . . - .- | 9,8529,597 | 6,770 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin. |  | -1,174 | 4,330284 | 18 | 54.780.5 | 19.5 |  |
| Wyoming | 1,458 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.2 |
| Total for 22 states. | $\begin{array}{r} 241,775 \\ 5,362 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 147,883 \\ 2,170 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 90,341 \\ 3,082 \end{array}$ | 3,551110 | 61.240.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 37.4 \\ & 57.5 \end{aligned}$ | 1.5 |
| All other states....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1 Excluslve of 591 Indians in Haskell Institute, who are included in the total for "All other states."

In each of five adjoining states-New Mexico, Utah, Arizona, Colorado, and Nevada-which comprise a large part of the interior arid plateau, the proportion of full-bloods among the Indians exceeded 85 per cent. Iowa and Mississippi, where the Sauk and Fox and the Choctaw tribes, respectively, have preserved a high degree of purity, were the only other states with at least 100 Indians in which more than

85 per cent of the Indians were full-bloods. Other states in which the proportion of full-bloods was at least 70 per cent were California, Idaho, South Dakota, and Wyoming. The proportion was between 55 and 70 per cent in Louisiana, Montana, Nebraska, Ohio, Oregon, and Washington; and between 40 and 55 per cent in Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, North Dakota, Texas, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin. The proportion of full-bloods was frequently higher in the states with a large Indian population; a notable exception is Oklahoma, which has by far the largest number of Indians, but reported a small proportion of full-bloods, 36.6 per cent. This low proportion in Oklahoma is no doubt due in part to the fact that the possession of valuable lands by the Indians encourages intermarriages between whites and Indians, and that persons with very little Indian blood are anxious to establish their claims as members of the Indian tribes, in order that they may be entitled to participate in the distribution of lands and moneys belonging to the Five Civilized Tribes in Olklahoma.
The number of Indians in each stock and tribe in the United States and Alaska is distributed in detail according to purity of blood, sex, and age in Tables 51 (p.123), and 52 (p.154). The following table shows the number and proportion of full-bloods and mixedbloods in each of the principal stocks and tribes, and for certain tribes in each of the principal states, as reported in 1910:

DISTRIBUTION OF INDIANS ACCORDING TO PURITY OF BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, TRIBE, AND STATE: 1910.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 14$\begin{aligned} & \text { STOCE, TRIBE, AND } \\ & \text { STATE. } \end{aligned}$ | indians reported on speclal schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | STOCK, TRIBE, AND |  | IANS RE | ORTED | ON SPEC | AL SCHE | ULE: 19 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. |  |  |  | Per cent of total. |  |  |  | Number. |  |  |  | Per cent of total. |  |  |
|  | Total. | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | Blood not reported. | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | Blood not re ported. |  | Total. | Full | Mixed hlood. | Blood not reported | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | Blood notreported. |

UNITED STATES.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ALGONQULAN STOCK. \& 40,975 \& 18,396, \& 22,319 \& 260 \& 44.9 \& 54.5 \& 0.6 \& ALGONQUIAN STOCE- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Arapaho. \& 1,419 \& 1,311 \& 108 \& \& 92.4 \& 7.6 \& ---.... \& Passamaquoddy..... \& 386 \& 295 \& 91 \& \& 76.4 \& 23.6 \& <br>
\hline Oklahoma \& - 685 \& 621 \& 64 \& \& 90.7 \& 9.3 \& ........ \& Penobscot............ \& 266 \& 85 \& 181 \& \& 32.0 \& 68.0 \& <br>
\hline W yoming. \& 703 \& 661 \& 42 \& \& 94.0 \& 6. 0 \& \& Piegan.... \& 2,268 \& 1,214 \& 1,053 \& 1 \& 53.5 \& 46.4 \& (1) <br>
\hline Cheyenne... \& 3, 055 \& 2,662 \& 319 \& 74 \& 87.1 \& 10.4 \& 2.4 \& Potawatomi.......... \& 2,440 \& 960 \& 1, 478 \& 2 \& 39.3 \& 60.6 \& 0.1 <br>
\hline Montana. \& 1,346 \& 1,181 \& 97 \& 68 \& 87.7 \& 7.2 \& 5.1 \& Kansas...: \& 819 \& 319 \& 500 \& \& 38.9 \& 61.1 \& <br>
\hline Oklahoma \& 1, 522 \& 1,379 \& 139 \& 4 \& 90.6 \& 9.1 \& 0.3 \& Michigan..........- \& 461 \& 281 \& 180 \& \& -61.0 \& 39.0 \& <br>
\hline South Dakots. \& 133 \& - 74 \& 57 \& 2 \& 55.6 \& 42.9 \& 1.5 \& Oklahoma.......... \& 866 \& 115 \& 749 \& 2 \& 13.3 \& 86.5 \& 0.2 <br>
\hline Chippewa. \& 20,214 \& 6,970 \& 13, 138 \& 106 \& 34.5 \& 65.0 \& 0.5 \& Wisconsin. \& 245 \& 227 \& 18 \& \& 92.7 \& 7.3 \& <br>
\hline Michigan. \& 3,725 \& 1,558 \& 2, 152 \& 15 \& 41.8 \& 57.8 \& 0.4 \& Sauk and Fox \& 724 \& 547 \& 171 \& 6 \& 75.6 \& 23.6 \& 0.8 <br>
\hline Minnesota \& 8, 234 \& 3,595 \& 4,629 \& 10 \& 43.7 \& 56.2 \& 0.1 \& Iowa...... \& 257 \& 245 \& 12 \& \& 95.3 \& 4.7 \&  <br>
\hline Montana.. \& 486 \& 84 \& - 402 \& \& 17.3 \& 82.7 \& \& Oklahoma. \& 347 \& 260 \& 81 \& 6 \& 74.9 \& 23.3 \& 1.7 <br>
\hline Nortb Dakota \& 2, 966 \& 58 \& 2,829 \& 79 \& 2.0 \& 95.4 \& 2.7 \& Shawnee. \& 1,338 \& 535 \& 800 \& 3 \& 40.0 \& 59.8 \& 0.2 <br>
\hline Pennsylvania. \& 134 \& 31 \& 103 \& \& 23.1 \& 76.9 \& \& Stockbridges \& 1, 533 \& 184 \& - 340 \& 9 \& 34.5 \& 63.8 \& 1.7 <br>
\hline Wisconsin. \& 4,299 \& 1,601 \& 2,696 \& 2 \& 37.2 \& 62.7 \& $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Cree....... \& 459 \& 40 \& 418
273 \& 1 \& 8.7 \& 91.1 \& 0.2 \& Athapaskan stock. \& 30,406 \& 28, 264 \& 1,045 \& 1,097 \& 93.0 \& 3.4 \& 3.6 <br>
\hline Montana. \& 309 \& 35 \& 273 \& 1 \& 11.3 \& 88.3 \& 0.3 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Delaware.. \& 914 \& 279 \& 633 \& 2 \& 30.5 \& 69.3 \& 0.2 \& Apache.............. \& 4,973 \& 3,801 \& 127 \& 1,045 \& 76.4 \& 2.6 \& 21.0 <br>
\hline Gros Ventres. \& 510 \& 390 \& 119 \& 1 \& 76.5 \& 23.3 \& 0.2 \& Arizoma............ \& 4,652 \& 3,491 \& 116 \& 1,045 \& 75.0 \& 2.5 \& 22.5 <br>
\hline Kickapoo. \& 348 \& 240 \& 107 \& 1 \& 69.0 \& 30.7 \& 0.3 \& Oklahoma \& 271 \& 263 \& 8 \& \& 97.0 \& 3.0 \& <br>
\hline Kansas... \& 211 \& 112 \& 99 \& 1 \& 53.1 \& 46.9 \& \& Hupa \& 639 \& 345 \& 294 \& \& 54.0
100.0 \& 46.0 \& ........ <br>
\hline Oklahoma \& 135 \& 126 \& 8 \& 1 \& 93.3 \& 5.9 \& 0.7 \& Jicarilia Apache. . . . \& 694 \& 694 \& \& \& 100.0 \& \& <br>
\hline Mashpee.... \& 206 \& 1 \& 205 \& \& 0.5 \& 99.5 \& \& Mescalero Apache.... \& ${ }^{424}$ \& ${ }^{411}$ \& 13 \& \& 96.9 \& 3.1 \& <br>
\hline Menominee. \& 1, 422 \& 704 \& 716 \& 2 \& 49.5 \& 50.4 \& 0.1 \& Navajo................ \& 22,455 \& 22,304 \& 99. \& 52
52 \& 99.3 \& 0.4 \& 0.2 <br>
\hline Miami. \& 226 \& 59 \& 166 \& 1 \& 26.1 \& 73.5 \& 0.4 \& Arizona. \& 11, 001 \& 10,900 \& 49 \& 52 \& 99.1 \& 0.4 \& 0.5 <br>
\hline Oklahoma \& +123 \& - 22 \& 100 \& 1 \& 17.9 \& 81.3 \& 0.8 \& New Mexico \& 10,354 \& 10,322 \& 32 \& \& 99.7
99.5 \& 0.3 \& <br>
\hline Ottawa. \& 2,717 \& 1,720 \& 997 \& \& 63.3 \& 36.7 \&  \& Utah................. \& 1,039

383 \& $$
1,034
$$ \& 160 \& \& 99.5 \& 41.5 \& <br>

\hline Michigan. Oklahoma \& 2,454
170 \& 1,664
12 \& 790
158 \& \& 67.8

7.1 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 32.2 \\
& 92.9
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \& Rogue River Wailaki. \& 383

227 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
223 \\
82
\end{array}
$$ \& 160

145 \& \& 58.2
36.1 \& 41.8
63.9 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

DISTRIBUTION OF INDIANS ACCORDING TO PURITY OF BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, TRIBE, AND STATE: 1910-Continued.
[This teble shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 14-Contd. | modins reported on aptcial schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | stocr, tribx, AND | indians reported on speciai schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| atock, minibe, AND | Numbar. |  |  |  | Por cont of total. |  |  |  | Number. |  |  |  | Per cont of total. |  |  |
|  | Total. | Full | Mixed | Blood norted. ported. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fuill } \\ & \text { blood. } \end{aligned}$ | Mixed | Blood not reported. |  | Total. | Full | Mixed blood. | Blood not roported | ${ }_{\text {bull }}$ | Mixed blood. | Blood norted ported |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


- Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

DISTRIBUTION OF INDIANS AOCORDING TO PURITY OF BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, TRIBE, AND STATE: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows ach stock and tribe having 200 or more Iadians in 1910.]

| Table 14-Contd.$\begin{aligned} & \text { STOCK, TRIBE, } \operatorname{AND} \\ & \text { STATE. } \end{aligned}$ | indians reported on speclal sceedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { STOCK, TRIaE, AND } \\ \text { STATE. } \end{gathered}$ | indians reported on speclal schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Numbar. |  |  |  | Par cent of total. |  |  |  | Number. |  |  |  | Per cent ol total. |  |  |
|  | Total. | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | Blood notreported. | Full blood. | Mixed hlood. | Blood not re ported. |  | Total. | $\underset{\text { Floud. }}{\text { Full }}$ | Mixed blood. | Blood notreported. | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | Blood not re ported |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Shoshonean stockContinued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Siouan stock-Cod. <br> Yankton Sioux..... Montana | 2,088 | $\begin{array}{r}1,348 \\ \hline 279\end{array}$ | 718 92 | 22 1 | 64.6 75.0 | 34.4 24.7 | 1.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pavlotso. | 3,038 | 2,664 | 227 | 147 | 87.7 | 7.5 | 4.8 | Montana........ | 372 | 279 | 92 | 1 | 75.0 | 24.7 | 0.3 |
| Californ | 101 | 80 | 20 | 1 | 79.2 | 19.8 | 1.0 | North Dakota.... | 159 | 156 | ${ }^{3}$ |  | ${ }_{59}^{98.1}$ | 1.9 |  |
| Idaho. | 152 | ${ }_{2}^{133}$ | 18 | 1 | 87.5 | 11.8 | 0.7 | South Dakota..... | 1,534 1,357 | 910 1,144 | 603 210 | 21 | 59.3 84.3 | 39.3 15.5 | 1.4 0.2 |
| Nevada. | 2,414 | 2,113 | 156 | 145 | 87.5 97.9 | 6.5 2.1 |  | Yanktonai Sioux.... | 1, 357 | $\begin{array}{r}1,144 \\ \hline 473\end{array}$ | 210 78 | ${ }^{3}$ | 84.3 85.8 | 15.5 14.2 | 0.2 |
| Oregon.. | 341 467 | 334 351 | 115 | 1 | 97.9 75.2 | 24.6 | 0.2 | Nouth Dakota... | 803 | 668 | 132 | 3 | 83.2 | 16.4 | 0.4 |
| Sboshoni.. | 3,840 | 3,329 | 505 | 6 | 86.7 | 13.2 | 0.2 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Idaho. | 1,259 | 1,153 | 101 | 5 | ${ }^{91.6}$ | 8.0 | 0.4 | tanoan stogk. | 3,140 | 3,005 | 101 | 34 | 95.7 | 3.2 | 1.1 |
| Nevada | 1,555 | 1,392 | 162 | 1 | 89.5 | 10.4 | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utah. | 248 | 240 | 8 |  | 96.8 | ${ }^{3.2}$ |  | Isleta. | 956 | 894 | 28 | 34 | 93.5 | 2.9 | 3.6 |
| Wyoming | 700 2,244 | 502 2.112 | 198 |  | 71.7 94.1 | 28.3 5.0 |  | Jemez. | 499 | 499 |  |  | 100.0 |  |  |
| Ute..... | 2, 724 | 2, 112 | 112 | 20 | 94.1 97.5 | 5.0 | 0.9 | San Juan.. | 387 | 382 | 5 |  | 98.7 | 1.3 |  |
| Utah. | 1,472 | 1,382 | 71 | 19 | 93.9 | 4.8 | 1.3 | Taos...... | 517 | 509 | 8 |  | 96.8 98.5 | 1.2 1.5 |  |
| Siouna stock. | 32,941 | 22,535 | 9,905 | 501 | 68.4 | 30:1 | 1.5 | Wamlatpuan stock. | 329 | 268 | 60 | 1 | 81.5 | 18.2 | 0.8 |
| Assiniboin. | 1,253 | 793 | 447 | 13 | 63.3 | 35.7 | 1.0 | Cayuse | 298 | 254 | 43 | 1 | 85.2 | 14.4 | 0.3 |
| Crow... | 1,799 | 1,242 | 396 | 161 | 69.0 | 22.0 | 8.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hidatsa | 547 <br> 244 | 418 59 | 129 |  | 76.4 24.2 | 23.6 75.8 |  | Wakashan stock | 388 | 361 | 27 |  | 93.0 | 7.0 |  |
| Kansas. | 124 | 10 | 114 |  | 8.1 | 91.9 |  | Makah. | 360 | 342 | 18 |  | 95.0 | 5.0 |  |
| Kansa. | 238 | 71 | 167 | . | 29.8 | 70.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Omaha. | 1,105 | 1085 | 144 | 76 | 80.1 | 13.0 | 6.9 | Washoan stock | 819 | 643 | 170 | 6 | 78.5 | 20.8 | 0.7 |
| Osage | 1,373 | 591 | 779 | 3 | 43.0 | 56.7 | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oto. | 332 | 211 | 121 |  | 63.6 | 36.4 |  | Washo. | 819 | 643 | 170 | 6 | 78.5 | 20.8 | 0.7 |
| Ponca. | 875 | 461 | 408 | 6 | 52.7 | 46.6 | 0.7 | Calilorni | 273 | 228 | 45 |  | 83.5 | 16.5 |  |
| Nehraska. | 193 | 60 | 133 |  | 31.1 | 68.9 |  | Nevada | 536 | 414 | 116 | 6 | 77.2 | 21.6 | 1.1 |
| Oklahoma | 619 | 374 | 239 | 6 | 60.4 | 38.6 | 1.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quapaw..... | ${ }^{231}$ | ${ }^{63}$ | 118 | 50 | ${ }^{27.3}$ | 51.1 | 21.6 | Wintun stock. | 710 | 282 | 373 | 55 | 39.7 | 52.5 | 7.7 |
| Santer sioux | 1,539 232 | 100 | 132 |  | 43.1 | 56.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montana. | 107 | 78 | 29 |  | 72.9 | 27.1 |  | Wintun. | 399 | 121 | 278 |  | 30.3 | 69.7 |  |
| Nehraska .. | 708 | 410 | 298 |  | 57.9 | 42.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Dakota | 100 | ${ }^{66}$ | 34 |  | 66.0 | 34.0 |  | Yokuts stock. | 533 | 401 | 104 | 28 | 75.2 | 19.5 | 5.3 |
| South Dakota | 378 996 | 145 <br> 494 <br> 1 | 233 477 | 25 | 38.4 49.6 | 61.6 47.9 | 2.5 | Yoku | 302 | 255 | 35 | 12 | 84.4 | 11.6 | 4.0 |
| Minnesota. | 161 | 117 | 43 | 1 | 72.7 | 26.7 | 0.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota | ${ }_{2} 2714$ | 98 1 | 176 | 3 7 | 35.4 | 63.5 | 1.1 | YtMan stock. | 4,279 | 4,000 | 221 | 58 | 93.5 | 5.2 | 1.4 |
| Sisseton Sloux | 2,514 | $\begin{array}{r}1,631 \\ \hline 204\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}876 \\ 51 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 | 64.9 <br> 80.0 | 34.8 | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Dakota...... | 262 | 469 | 146 |  | 75. 5 | 23.5 | 1.0 | Cocopa. | 245 | $\stackrel{243}{585}$ | ${ }^{2}$ |  | 99.2 | 0.8 |  |
| South Dakota | 1,553 | 926 | 626 | 1 | 59.6 | 40.3 | 0.1 | Diegueno | 756 386 | ${ }_{367}$ | 171 | 17 | 77.4 95.1 | 22.6 0.5 | 4.4 |
| Teton Sioux. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14, 284 | 10,598 | 3,551 | 135 | 74.2 | 24.9 | 0.9 | Mohave. | 1,058 | 1,038 | 9 | 11 | 98.1 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| North Dakota. . | 13,795 | 10,289 | 3,371 |  | 60.8 74.6 | 39.2 24.4 |  | Arizona. | -667 | 1,651 | 5 | 11 | 97.6 | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| Brule Sioux....... | 13, 806 | 1-593 | ${ }^{\text {, }} 212$ | 1 | 73.6 73.6 | 24.4 26.3 | 1.1 | California | 389 | 385 | 4 |  | 99.0 | 1.0 |  |
| Hunkpapa Sioux.. | 1,072 | 954 | 109 | 9 | 89.0 | 10.2 | 0.8 | Walapai. | 501 | 485 | 16 |  | 96.8 | 3.2 |  |
| North Dakota... | 142 | 119 | 23 |  | 83.8 | 16.2 |  | Yavapai. | 889 | ${ }_{8}^{256}$ | 5 | 28 2 | 88.6 978 | 1.7 | 9.7 |
| South Dakota... | 930 | 835 | 86 | 9 | 89.8 | 9.2 | 1.0 | Y ${ }_{\text {Arizona }}$ | 834 191 | 816 187 | 16 4 | 2 | 97.8 97.9 | 1.9 | 0.2 |
| Minniconjou Sioux | 397 6,045 | 353 4,168 | 33 1,794 | $\frac{11}{83}$ | 88.9 68.9 | 8.3 29 | 2.8 1.4 | CaliIornia | 642 | 628 | 12 | 2 | 97.8 | 1.9 | 0.3 |
| Sans Arc Sioux.... | 222 | - 64 | ${ }^{1} 152$ | 8 | 28.8 | 29.7 68.5 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sihasapa ......... | 485 | 333 | 143 | 9 | 68.7 | 29.5 | 1.9 | Yurok stock. | 668 | 528 | 140 |  | 79.0 | 21.0 |  |
| North Dakota... | 137 | 50 | 87 |  | 36.5 | 63.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twouth Dakota... | 346 | ${ }_{143}^{282}$ | 55 | 9 | 81.5 | 15.9 | 2.6 | Weitspec. | 668 | 528 | 140 |  | 79.0 | 21.0 |  |
| Other Teton Sioux. | 4,964 | 3,990 | 962 | 12 | 48.8 80.4 | 19.4 | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago.......... | 1,820 | 1,543 | 277 |  | 84.8 | 15.2 |  | Zunian stocs. | 1,667 | 1,652 | 15 |  | 99.1 | 0.9 |  |
| Wisconsin........... | ${ }^{1} 735$ | 630 | 105 |  | 85.7 | 14.3 |  | Zuni. | 1,667 | 1,652 | 15 |  | 99.1 | 0.9 |  |

AIASKA.

| Athapaskan stock. | 3,916 | 3,642 | 274 |  | 93.0 | 7.0 |  | Eskimatan stock- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ahtena. | 297 | 293 | 4 |  | 98.7 | 1.3 |  | Unaligmiut. | 441 | 421 | 20 |  | 95.5 | 4.5 |  |
| Knaiakhotana. | 697 | 672 | 25 |  | 96.4 | 3.6 |  | Yuit........ | 292 | 290 | 2 |  | 99.3 | 0.7 |  |
| Kutchin...... | 359 | 349 | 10 |  | 97.2 | 2.8 |  | Southern Eskimo . | 3,650 | 3,186 | 464 |  | 87.3 | 12.7 |  |
| Tenankutchin | 415 |  | 19 |  | 95.4 | 4.6 |  | Haidan stock | 530 | 377 | 153 |  | 71.1 | 28.9 |  |
| Eskrmauna stock | 14,087 | 12,859 | 1,228 |  | 91.3 | 8.7 |  | Haida. | 530 | 377 | 153 |  | 71.1 | 28.9 |  |
| Aleut... | 1,451 | 999 | 452 |  | 68.8 | 31.2 |  | Tlingit stock | 4,426 | 3,800 | 536 |  | 87.9 | 12.1 | ........ |
| Ikogmiut. | 782 | 298 | 14 |  | 91.7 98.2 | 8.3 1.8 |  | Auk. | 267 | 242 | 25 |  | 90.6 |  |  |
| Kaviagmiut. | 238 | 209 | 29 |  | 87.8 | 12.2 |  | Chilkat | 690 | 629 192 | 61 |  | 91.2 | 8.8 |  |
| Kinugumiut. | 594 561 | 576 546 | 18 |  | 97.0 | 3.0 | --..... | Henya.:............. | 214 | 590 | 35 |  | 89.7 94.4 | 10.3 |  |
| Kowagmiut..... | 561 370 | 546 361 | 15 |  | 97.3 97.6 | 2.7 |  | Huna................. | 536 | 498 | 38 |  | 94.4 92.9 | 5.6 |  |
| Kuskwogmint. | 1,480 | 1,447 | 33 |  | 97.8 | 2.2 |  | Kake.... | 322 | 276 | 46 |  | 85.7 | 14.3 |  |
| Magemiut. | 376 | - 376 |  |  | 100.0 |  |  | Sitka...................... | 608 | 527 | 81 |  | 86.7 | 13.3 |  |
| Malemiut. | 563 | 546 | 17 |  | 97.0 | 3.0 |  | Yakutat | 307 | 276 | 31 |  | 89.9 | 10.1 |  |
| Nunatogmit | 285 | 277 | $\stackrel{8}{2}$ |  | 97.2 99.3 | 2.8 |  | Tsimshian stock | 729 | 615. | 114 |  | 84.4 | 15.6 |  |
| Selawigmiut. | 258 | 258 |  |  | 100.0 |  |  | Tsimshian | 729 | 615 | 114 |  | 84.4 |  |  |
| Tikeramiut. | 320 | 300 | 20 |  | 93.8 | 6.3 |  | Isimstian. |  |  |  |  |  | 15.6 |  |

In the United States, as shown by Table 14, there were six stocks each with more than 1,000 members in 1910, in which the full-bloods represented more than 90 per cent of the total, namely, Zunian, 99.1 ; Keresan, 98.7; Piman, 96.9; Tanoan, 95.7; Yuman, 93.5 ; and Athapaskan, 93 per cent; and among the Navajo tribe of the last-named stock the full-bloods constituted 99.3 per cent of the 22,455 members. The Croatan, a much mixed group of composite origin, with 5,865 members, had the smallest proportion of full-bloods, 7.8 per cent, and the Iroquoian stock, with 39,679 members, the next smallest proportion, 30.1 per cent; but of the last-named stock the full-bloods in the Cherokee tribe, with 31,489 members, constituted only 21.9 per cent. Of the other large stocks, the Shoshonean, with 16,842 members, had 87.1 per cent of full-bloods, but with a range among the tribes from 62.9 per cent for the Comanche to 99.9 per cent for the Hopi. Among the Indians of Siouan stock, representing a total of 32,941 members in 1910, the full-bloods constituted 68.4 per cent, but with a range among the tribes from 24.2 per cent for the Iowa to 89 per cent for the Hunkpapa Sioux. The Muskhogean stock, with 29,191 members, had 46.7 per cent of full-bloods in 1910, but for the Choctaw tribe alone, with 15,917 members, the percentage was 44.6. The Algonquian stock, with 40,975 members, had a slightly lower percentage, 44.9, but among the Chippewa tribe, with 20,214 members, the full-bloods constituted only 34.5 per cent.

The proportion of full-bloods often varies considerably, and for some tribes greatly, in different states, as shown by the figures in Table 14. For example, while the Chippewa tribe, of Algonquian stock, showed as a whole 34.5 per cent of full-bloods, those in Minnesota showed 43.7 per cent as against only 2 per cent for those in North Dakota and 17.3 per cent for those in Montana.

In Alaska the Eskimauan stock, with 14,087 members reported in 1910, had 91.3 per cent of full-bloods, and no tribe, except the Aleut, with less than 87 per cent; the Athapaskan stock, with 3,916 members, 93 per cent; and the Tlingit stock, with 4,426 members, 87.9 per cent. The Aleut tribe, with 1,451 members, had the smallest proportion of full-bloods, 68.8 per cent.

White and Indian mixed-bloods.-The mixed-bloods representing a mixture of white and Indian are subdivided in Table 15 into those in whom the Indian blood predominated, those of whom one parent was a full-blood Indian and the other white-that is, the half-breeds proper-and those who were more than one-half white.

Of the 88,030 persons of mixed white and Indian blood in the United States, 18,169, or 20.6 per cent, were less than half white; 24,353 , or 27.7 per cent, half Indian and half white; and 43,937 , or 49.9 per cent-practically one-half of the total-were more than half white. Thus about four-fifths of the Indian and white mixed-bloods were at least half white. For

499 mixed-bloods the amount of white blood was unknown, and for 1,072 Mexican blood was reported. The latter are classed with those for whom the degree of mixture is unknown because, while a "Mexican" is presumably white or a mixture of white and Indian, there is no way of telling what proportion, if any, of his blood is Indian.

| Table 15 | WHITE AND INDIAN MIXED-BLOODS: 1910. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Per cent of total. |
| Total. | 88, 030 | 100.0 |
| Less than half white. | 18, 169 | 20.6 |
| Half white, half Indian. | 24,353 | 27.7 |
| More than half white. | 43,937 | 49.9 |
| Unknown proportions. | 1,571 | 1.8 |
| Part Mexican..... | 1,072 | 1.2 |
| Other unknown | 499 | 0.6 |

The distribution of white and Indian mixed-bloods according to the proportion of white blood is given for the selected states in Table 16.

| Table 16state. | White and indian mixed-bloods: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. |  |  |  |  | Per cent of total. |  |  |  |
|  | - |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Unknown pro- } \\ & \text { portions. } \end{aligned}$ | 気 <br>  |  |  |  |
| United States. | $\stackrel{88,030}{ }$ | 18,169 | 24,353 | 43,937 | 1,571 | 20.6 | 27.7 | 49.9 | 1.8 |
| Arizona. | 393 | 74 | 115 | 30 | 174 | 18.8 | 29.3 | 7.6 | 44. 3 |
| California | 4, 069 | 1,044 | 2,189 | 651 | 185 | 25.7 | 53.8 | 16.0 | 4.5 |
| Colorado | 44 | ${ }^{4}$ | 15 | 16 | 9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Idaho.. | 503 | 190 | 193 | 87 | 33 | 37.8 | 38.4 | 17.3 | 6.6 |
| Kansas ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 823 | 340 | 202 | 280 | 1 | 41.3 | 24.5 | 34.0 | 0.1 |
| Michigan. | 3,138 | 1,454 | 726 | 925 | 33 | 46.3 | 23.1 | 29.5 | 1.1 |
| Minnesota. | 4,799 | 1,393 | 1,427 | 1,978 | 1 | 29.0 | 29.7 | 41.2 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Mississippi.... |  | 39 676 |  |  |  | 56.5 17.8 | 21.7 43 | 21.7 37 |  |
| Montana.... | 3,808 | 676 367 | 1,646 | 1,424 | 62 | 17.8 39.6 | 43.2 22.5 | 37.4 37.9 | 1.6 |
| Nevada. | 503 | 176 | 292 | 21 | 14 | 35.0 | 58.1 | 4.2 | 2.8 |
| New Mexico. | 163 | 63 | 36 | 1 | 63 | 38.7 | 22.1 | 0.6 | 38.7 |
| New York. | 1,638 | 242 | 1,200 | 188 | 6 | 14.8 | 73.3 | 11.5 | 0.4 |
| North Carolina. | 5, 105 | 2,734 | 1,896 | 475 |  | 53.6 | 37.1 | 9.3 |  |
| North Dakota. | 3,541 | 273 | 2,481 | 778 | 9 | 7.7 | 70.1 | 22.0 | 0.3 |
| Oklahoma. | 41,856 | 4,120 | 5,451 | 31,542 | 743 | 9.8 | 13.0 | 75.4 | 1.8 |
| Oregon. | 1,601 | 362 | 626 | 690 | 23 | 22.6 | 39.1 | 36.9 | 1.4 |
| South Dakota.. | 5,263 | 1,810 | 1,888 | 1,470 | 95 | 34.4 | 35. 9 | 27.9 | 1.8 |
| Utah....... | 102 | ${ }^{25}$ | 48 | 29 |  | 24.5 | 47.1 | 28.4 |  |
| Washington... | 2, 4,136 4,186 | 758 1,306 | 1,233 | 900 1,271 |  | 26.2 81.6 | 42.6 | 31.1 30.7 |  |
| Wisconsin..... | [4,136 | 1,306 64 | 1,517 | $\begin{array}{r}1,271 \\ \hline 95\end{array}$ | 42 37 | 31.6 22.6 | 36.7 <br> 30.7 | 30.7 33.6 | 13.1 |
| Total for 22 states. | 85,657 2,373 | $\underset{655}{17,514}$ | $23,491$ | +43, 817 | $\|1,535\|$ | 20.4 27.6 | 27.4 36.3 | 50.3 34.6 | 1.8 1.5 |
| Allother states..- | 2,373 | 655 | 862 | 820 | 36 | 27.6 | 36.3 | 34.6 | 1,5 |

1 Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.
2 Exclusive of Indians in Haskell Institute, who are included in the total for "All other states."
${ }^{2}$ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
The proportion of mixed-bloods having a predominance of Indian blood was highest in North Carolina ( 53.6 per cent) and Michigan (46.3 per cent), and lowest in North Dakota ( 7.7 per cent) and Oklahoma ( 9.8 per cent). The proportion of half-breeds proper among the mixed-bloods was highest in New York (73.3 per cent) and North Dakota (70.1 per cent), and lowest in Oklahoma ( 13 per cent) and New Mexico ( 22.1 per cent). The proportion of half-breeds was probably in many cases an overstatement, because mixed-bloods are more likely to be reported as half white and half Indian than as belonging to any other group.

The proportion of mixed-bloods with the white blood predominating was highest in Oklahoma (75.4 per cent), a fact which is probably susceptible of the same explanation as the high proportion of mixedbloods in Oklahoma, which was noted on page 32. The next highest proportion (41.2 per cent) was found in Minnesota. The lowest proportions of this class were reported in New Mexico ( 0.6 per cent),

Nevada (4.2 per cent), Arizona ( 7.6 per cent), and North Carolina ( 9.3 per cent), the proportion being above 10 per cent in each of the other states.
Table 17 shows, for the United States, the distribution of the white and Indian mixed-bloods according to the proportion of white blood in each of the principal stocks and tribes and for certain tribes in each of the principal states, as reported in 1910.

DISTRIBUTION OF WHITE AND INDIAN MIXED-BLOODS ACCORDING TO PROPORTION OF WHITE BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, TRIBE, AND STATE: 1910.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910 of which 100 or more were white and Indian mixed-bloods.]


DISTRIBUTION OF WHITE AND INDIAN MIXED-BLOODS ACCO RDING TO PROPORTION OF WHITE BLOOD, FOR EACH PRIN CIPAL STOCK, TRIBE, AND STATE: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910 of which 100 or more were white and Indian mixed-bloods.]


The Croatan group, as shown by Table 17, had the highest proportion of mixed-bloods with a predominance of Indian blood, 54.4 per cent, and the Kutenaian stock the lowest proportion, 7.8 per cent. Of the larger stocks, the Siouan had the next highest proportion, 31.2 per cent, but for the Santee Sioux and Sisseton Sioux the proportion was considerable higher, over 40 per cent. The Algonquian stock had 26.1 per cent of mixed-bloods with a predominance of Indian blood, but for the Chippewa tribe alone it was somewhat lower, 23.4 per cent. Of the larger stocks, the Iroquoian had the lowest proportion of mixed-bloods with a predominance of Indian blood, 8.2 per cent, and for the Cherokee tribe alone it was only 7.2 per cent and for the Mohawk and St. Regis tribes it was somewhat less than 5 per cent. The Muskhogean, of the larger stocks, had the next lowest proportion, 12 per cent, with only 6.3 and 11 per cent, respectively, for the Chickasaw and Choctaw tribes alone. The Iroquoian had the highest proportion of mixed-bloods
with a predominance of white blood, 76.6 per cent, and for the Muskhogean the proportion was very nearly as high, 69.9 per cent, being exceeded only by the Kutenaian stock, with 71 per cent; and for the larger tribes of these two stocks the percentages were: Cherokee, 82.5; Oneida, 32.7; Seneca, 22.5; Chickasaw, 76; Choctaw, 72; and Creek, 59.2. For the Mohawk and St. Regis tribes, in the Iroquoian stock, the percentages shown for half-breeds are very high, 86 and 84.4 , respectively, but for these two tribes, as well as for other stocks and tribes, the proportion may be an overstatement, as above explained.
The degree of white and Indian mixture varies widely for certain tribes when considered with respect to individual states, as, for example, the Chippewa in Michigan had 39.1 per cent of mixed-bloods with a predominance of Indian blood as against only 1 per cent for the same tribe in North Dakota, the percentage for the tribe as a whole being 23.4. It is possible that these variations are due largely to imperfect returns.

Negro and Indian mixed-bloods.-The distribution of the Negro and Indian mixed-bloods is given in Table 18.

The number of Negro and Indian mixed-bloods reported, 2,255 , is probably an understatement, owing to disinclination to admit Negro blood. Of the number reported, 31.8 per cent were less than half Negro, 32.3 per cent half Indian and half Negro, and 34.6 per cent more than half Negro, while for 1.3 per cent the porportion of Negro blood was not reported.

| Trable 18 ( DEGREE OF MIXTURE. | NEGRO AND INDIAN MIXED-BLOODS: 1910. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Per cent of total. |
| Total. | 2,255 | 100.0 |
| Less than balf Nagro. | 717 | 31.8 |
| Half Nogro, balf Indian. | 729 | 32.3 |
| More than half Negro.. | 780 | 34.6 |
| Unknown proportious. | 29 | 1.3 |

Full-tribal and mixed-tribal Indians.-Table 19 classifies, for the United States, the full-blood Indians according to whether both parents belonged to the same tribe or to different tribes, or represented a mixture of tribes.

| Table 19 degree of tribal maxture. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FULL-BLOOD } \\ & \text { INDIANS: } 1910 . \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Per cent of total. |
| Total. | 150,053 | 100.0 |
| Full-tribal blood. | 139, 289 | 92.8 |
| Mixad-tribal blood. | 10,251 | 6.8 |
| Two tribes.... | 8,924 | 5.9 |
| Three or mora tribes............. | 1,327 | 0.9 |
| Tribal blood of one parant unknown. | 513 | 0.3 |

Of the 150,053 full-blood Indians in the United States in 1910, 139,289, or 92.8 per cent, were of fulltribal blood, and 10,251 , or 6.8 per cent, were of mixedtribal blood, while for 513 , or three-tenths of 1 per cent, information on this point was not available. Of the 10,251 who reported mixed-tribal blood, 8,924 represented a mixture of two tribes only and 1,327 a mixture of more than two tribes.
Table 20 shows the number and percentage of persons of full-tribal blood and of mixed-tribal blood among full-blood Indians, for the 22 states presented in Table 13. The proportion of Indians of full-tribal blood is also shown graphically, by states, in the map following the table.
The table shows that the proportion of full-tribal blood among full-blood Indians was uniformly high,
generally over 90 per cent. The only states west of the Mississippi that had proportions below 90 per cent were South Dakota, Washington, Kansas, Oregon, and North Dakota. In these states members of different tribes are frequently found on the same reservations, with the result that intermarriages are comparatively frequent.

| Table 20 <br> state. | FULL-BLOOD INDIANS: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. |  |  |  | Per cent of total. |  |  |
|  | Total. | Fulltribal blood. | Mixadtribal blood. | Tribal blood of ons parent unknown. | Fulltribal blood. | Mixedtrlbal blood. | Tribal blood of one parent unknown. |
| United States... | 150,053 | 139, 289 | 10,251 | 513 | 92.8 | 6.8 | 0.3 |
| Arizona. <br> California | 27,087 | 26,519 | 563 | 6 | 97.9 | 2.1 | (1) 0 |
|  | 10,493 | 9,633 | 791 | 69 | 91.8 | 7.6 | 0.7 |
| Colorado................. | 718 | 703 | 15 |  | 97.9 | 2.1 |  |
| Idaho..................... <br> Kansas ${ }^{2}$ | 2,804 | 2,678 | 176 | 12 | 93.4 | 6.1 | 0.4 |
|  | 516 | 411 | 101 | 4 | 79.7 | 19.8 | 0.8 |
| Michigan............... | 3,528 | 3,173 | 349 | 6 | 89.9 | 9.9 | 0.2 |
| Minnesota. . . . . . . . . . | 3,859 | 3,832 | 22 | 5 | 99.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| Mississippi.............. | 1,077 | 1,077 |  |  | 100.0 |  |  |
|  | 6,204 | 5,730 | 455 | 19 | 92.4 | 7.3 | 0.3 |
| Montana.................. <br> Nebraska | 2,294 | 2,260 | 33 | 1 | 98.5 | 1.4 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| Nevada. | 4,287 | 4,183 | 102 | 2 | 97.6 | 2.4 | $(1)$ |
| New Mexico...........New York.......... | 20,085 | 19,726 | 352 | 7 | 98.2 | 1.8 | (1) |
|  | 2,850 | 2,111 | 712 | 27 | 74.1 | 25.0 | 0.9 |
| New York. North Carolina............ | 1,394 | 1,379 | 15 |  | 98.9 | 1.1 |  |
| North Dakota......... | 2,499 | 1,554 | 939 | 6 | 62.2 | 37.6 | 0.2 |
| Oklahoma.............. | 25,887 | 24, 611 | 1,193 | 83 | 95.1 | 4.6 | 0.3 |
|  | 2,901 | 2,219 | 862 | 20 | 76.5 | 22.8 | 0.7 |
| Oregon ................ | 13,247 | 11,034 | 2,108 | 105 | 83.3 | 15.9 | 0.8 |
| Wtah ................. | 2,900 | 2,800 | -91 | 9 | 98.8 | 3.1 | 0.3 |
|  | 6,770 | 5,444 | 1,227 | 99 | 80.4 | 18.1 | 1.5 |
| Washington. ........... | 5,249 | 5, 000 | 225 | 24 | 95.3 | 4.8 | 0.5 |
| Wyoming................. <br> Total for 22 states. | 1,174 | 1,155 | 19 |  | 98.4 | 1.6 |  |
|  | 147,883 | 137,230 | 10,150 | 503 | 92.8 | 6.9 | 0.3 |
| All other states....... | 2,170 | 2,059 | 101 | 10 | 94.9 | 4.7 | 0.5 |

${ }_{2}$ Less than one-tenth of 1 par cent.
2 Exclusive of Indians in Haskell Institute, who are includgd in tha total for "All other atates."

PROPORTION OF INDIANS OF FULIFTRIBAL BLOOD OF TOTAL FULL-BLOOD INDIANS: 1910.


WITX 60 to 70 per cent.
櫒 80 to 90 per cent.
70 to 80 per cent.
$\square$ Less than 100 full-blood Indians reported in state.
Table 22 ( p .41 ) shows, for the United States, the distribution, according to degree of tribal mixture, of full-blood Indians in each of the principal tribes and
states, as reported in 1910. Table 21 shows, for each stock having 200 or more Indians, the number and percentage of full-blood Indians who were of pure or mixed stock or for whom the stock was in part unknown:


As shown by Table 21, the proportion of Indians who were of pure or unmixed stock was very high for every stock for which more than 500 full-bloods were reported in 1910, and except for two stocks-Lutuamian and Shastan-it was more than 90 per cent in each case.
Among the principal tribes, as shown by Table 22, the proportion of full-tribal blood was more than 90 per cent for all the tribes in four stocks-Keresan, Piman, Shoshonean, and Yuman-and for all but one tribe in three other stocks-Athapaskan, Muskhogean, and

Tanoan. For most of the larger tribes of Algonquian stock the proportion of full-tribal blood was also high, being for the Arapaho, Cheyenne, Chippewa, and Piegan more than 90 per cent and for the Ottawa very nearly as high, 89.2 per cent. Among the Iroquoian stock the percentage was high for the Cherokee (98.3), Oneida (90.8), and Seneca (86), but for the Onondaga it was considerably less than 50 (45.2) per cent. For the Siouan stock there were eight tribes (counting the Teton Sioux as one) in which the percentage of fulltribal blood was over 90 and four tribes in which it was between 80 and 90, representing for the most part the larger tribes of this stock. For the Teton Sioux, as a whole, the percentage of full-tribal blood was high (92), but except for two of the individual tribes-the Brule Sioux and Oglala Sioux-it was very low, ranging from 47.5 per cent to as low as 32.8 per cent. It should be mentioned, however, that the degree of tribal mixture of the Teton Sioux as a whole with other tribes is a different matter from the degree of mixture with each other among the individual tribes included in the Teton Sioux group.

In the last column of Table 22 is also given the percentage which the full-tribal Indians bear to all Indians of full and of mixed blood combined. These percentages show for the principal tribes and states the differences in the relative degree of purity of tribal blood, and some of these differences ars striking, particularly for portions of the same tribe in different states, as, for example, 1.9 per cent for the Chippewa in North Dakota, as compared with 43.4 per cent in Minnesota; 9 per cent for the Potawatomi in Oklahoma, as compared with 86.1 per cent in Wisconsin; and 19.7 per cent for the Cherokee in Oklahoma, as compared with 65.4 per cent in North Carolina.

The diagram on the following page shows for each pincipal tribe in the United States in 1910 the proportion of full-bloods and mixed-bloods and, in addition, the proportion which those of full-tribal blood formed of the total number of Indians in each case.

PROPORTION OF FULL-BLOOD AND MIXED-BLOOD INDIANS, AND OF INDIANS OF FULL-TRIBAL BLOOD, IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE: 1910.


FULL ELOOD
wher fall tribal welllld mixed tribal $\square$ tribal blood of one parent unknown
WVIT MIXED BLOOD NOT REPORTED

DISTRIBUTION OF FULL-BLOOD INDIANS ACCORDING TO TRIBAL MIXTURE, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND STATE: 1910.
[This tabla shows each triba having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not sbown whare base is less than 60.]

[This table shows each tribe having 200 or more Indlans in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 22-Contd. <br> trige and state. | fUll-blood indians: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | triber andstate. | FULL-blood indians: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. |  |  |  | Par cant of total. |  |  | Per cant full tribaI of all In- |  | Number. |  |  |  | Per cent of total. |  |  |  |
|  | Total. | Fulltribal blood. | Mixedtribal blood. | Tribal blood of one parent unknown | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Full- } \\ & \text { trihal } \\ & \text { blood. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mixed- } \\ & \text { tribol } \\ & \text { blood. } \end{aligned}$ | TribaI blood of one parent un- known. |  |  | Total. | Fulltribal blood. | Mixed tribal blood. |  |  | Mixed tribal blood. | Tribal bload of ons parant un- known. |  |
| к. | 335 <br> 970 <br> 804 | 252 <br> 865 <br> 756 | 80104 | 311 | 75.289.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 23.9 \\ & 10.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.9 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62.2 \\ & 68.7 \end{aligned}$ | SIOUAN atockContinued. Teton Sioux-Contd. | 593 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Klikitat... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nez Perces. Idaho. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 441 | 145 | 7 | 74.4 | 24.5 | 1.2 | 54.7 |
| Umatilla.... | 804 219 | 756 158 | ${ }_{81} 87$ | 1 | ${ }^{94.0}$ | 5.8 | 0.1 | 73.0 | Hunkpapa sioux. | 954 | 453 | 489 | 32 | 47.5 | 49.2 | 3.4 | 42.3 |
| Oregon. | 131 | 98 | ${ }_{3}$ |  | 72.8 | 27.9 25.2 |  | 58.1 64.5 | South Dakota. | 835 | 428 | 375 | 32 | 51.3 | 49.9 44.9 | 3.8 | 17.6 46.0 |
| Wallawaila | 126 | 100 | 26 |  | 79.4 | 20.6 |  | 64.2 25.2 | Minnlconjou Sioux | 353 | 142 | 197 | 14 | 40.2 | 55.8 | 4.0 | 46.0 35.8 |
| Warm Springs | 538 | 470 | 68 |  | 874 | 12.6 |  | 85.5 | Oglala Sioux...... | 4,188 | 3,744 | 405 | 19 | 89.8 | 9.7 | 0.5 | 881.9 |
| Yakima..... | 1,043 | 918 | 125 | 2 | 87.8 | 12.0 | 0.2 | 67.3 | Sans Arc Sioux.... | , 64 | ${ }^{31}$ | 43 |  | 32.8 | 87.2 |  | 9.5 |
| Shastan stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sihasapa ....... | 333 | 122 | 208 | 5 | 38.8 | 81.9 | 1.5 | 25.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | South Dakota. | 282 | 97 | 180 | 6 | 48.0 34.4 | 52.0 63.8 | 1.8 | 17.5 28.0 |
| Hat Creek.. | 220 | 174 | 48 |  | 79.1 | 20.9 |  | 72.5 | Two Kettle Sioux. | 143 | ${ }_{55}^{97}$ | ${ }^{187}$ | 5 | 34.4 38.5 | 60.8 | 0.7 | 28.0 18.8 |
| Pit River. | 841 | 697 | 137 | 7 | 82.9 | 16.3 | 0.8 | 70.8 | Other Teton Sioux | 3,990 | 3,928 | 81 | 1 | 38.4 98.4 | 1.5 | (1) | 70.1 |
| Shasta.. | 101 | 75 | 26 |  | 74.3 | 25.7 |  | 21.2 | Winnebago........... | 1,543 | 1,530 | 13 |  | 99.2 | 0.8 |  | 84.1 |
|  | 82 | 53 | 9 |  | 85.5 | 14.5 |  | 20.8 | Nebraska.......... | 885 | 860 | 6 |  | 99.4 | 0.8 |  | 85.4 |
| Shoshonean btoce. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | W isconsin ......... | r $\begin{array}{r}630 \\ 1,348\end{array}$ | 1,628 | 317 |  | 99.7 | 0.3 |  | 85. 4 |
| Bannock. | 323 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Yankton Sioux. | 1,348 279 | $\begin{array}{r}1,026 \\ \hline 220\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}317 \\ 58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 76.1 | 23.5 20.8 | 0.4 | 49.1 69.1 |
| Chemehuevi. | 315 | 297 | 18 |  | 94.4 | 5.6 5.7 |  | 73.8 83.7 | North Dakota | 156 | 40 | 116 |  | 25.6 | 74.4 |  | 25.2 |
| California | 242 | 235 | 7 |  | 97.1 97 | 3.7 2.9 |  | 83.7 90.4 | South Dakota. | 910 | 763 | 143 | 4 | 83.8 | 15.7 | 0.4 | 49.7 |
| Comanche. | 736 | 690 | 24 | 22 | 93.8 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 90.4 58.9 | Yanktonai Sioux...... | 1,144 | 768 | 371 | 5 | 87.1 | 32.4 | 0.4 | 56.6 |
| Hopi. | 2,006 | 1,995 | 10 | 1 | 99.5 | 0.5 | (1) | ${ }_{99} 98$ | North Dakota .-. | 473 | 293 | 179 | 1 | 81.9 | 37.8 | 0.2 | 63.2 |
| Kawia | 702 | $1{ }^{652}$ | 45 | 5 | 92.9 | 6.4 | 0.7 | 86.4 | South Dakota..... | 688 | 474 | 190 | 4 | 71.0 | 28.4 | 0.6 | 59.0 |
| Paiute. | 1,215 674 | 1,155 | 56 15 | 4 | ${ }_{97.3}^{95.1}$ | 4.6 | 0.3 | 79.8 | Tanoan stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Californi | 183 | 175 | 5 | 3 | 95.8 | 2.2 | 0.4 1.6 | 84.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nevada | 229 | 222 | 7 |  | 96.9 | 3.1 |  | 89.9 | Isleta.. | 894 | 851 | 43 |  | 95.2 | 4.8 |  | 89.0 |
| Utah. | 198 | 196 | 2 |  | 99.0 | 1.0 |  | 82.4 | Jamez.... | 499 | 418 | 81 |  | 83.8 | 16.2 |  | 83.8 |
| Paviotso.... | 2,664 | 2,598 | 65 | 1 | 97.5 | 2.4 | (1) | 85.5 | San Juan... | 382 | 380 | 2 |  | 99.5 | 0.6 |  | 98.2 |
| Idaho... | 80 133 | 64 132 | 16 |  | ${ }^{80.0}$ | 20.0 |  | 63.4 | Saos....... | 268 509 | 251 505 | 17 |  | 93.7 90.2 | 8 |  | ${ }_{90}^{90} 7$ |
| Nevada. | 2,113 | 2,089 | 24 | 1 | 99.2 98.9 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 86.8 | TaO. |  | 505 |  |  | 98.2 | 0.8 |  | 97.7 |
| Oregon. | 2,334 | ${ }_{313}$ | 21 |  | ${ }_{93.7}^{98.8}$ | 1.1 |  | 86.5 91.8 | Wamlatpuan stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Luiseno........... | 351 | 339 | 7 | 5 | 96.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 72.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shoshoni. | 3,329 | 3,224 | 103 | 2 | 96.8 | 3.1 | 0.1 | 84.0 | Cayuse. | 254 | 194 | 69 | 1 | 78.4 | 23.2 | 0.4 | 65.1 |
| Nevad | 1,153 | 1,113 | 40 |  | 96.5 | 3.5 |  | 88.4 | Warasean stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utah.. | 1,240 | 1, 237 | 49 3 | 2 | 96.3 98.7 | 3.5 | 0.1 | 86.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wyoming | 502 | 495 | 7 |  | 98.6 | 1.4 |  | 70.7 | Makah. | 342 | 252 | 88 | 2 | 73.7 | 25.7 | 0.8 | 70.0 |
| Ute Colora | 2,112 | 2,088 | 20 | 4 | 98.9 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 93.0 | Washoan stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utah............... | 1,382 | 1,368 | 12 | 4 | 100.0 | 0.0 |  | 97.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 88. 8 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 92.8 | Washo...... | 843 | 620 | 23 |  | 96.4 | 3.6 |  | 75.7 |
| Siouan stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Calirornia | 228 414 | 209. | 19 |  | 91.7 | 8.3 |  | 76.8 |
| Assinihoin.. | 793 | 762 | 30 | 1 | 96.1 | 3.8 | 0.1 | 60.8 | Nevada | 414 | 410 | 4 |  | 99.0 | 1.0 |  | 76.5 |
| Crow... | 1,242 | 1,178 | 64 |  | 94.8 | 5.2 |  | 65.5 | Wintun stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hidatsa | 418 | 235 | 182 | 1 | 56.2 | 43.5 | 0.2 | 43.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa...... | 59 10 | 34 | 25 |  | 57.8 | 42.4 |  | 13.9 | Wintun. | 121 | 108 | 13 |  | 89.3 | 10.7 |  | 27.1 |
| Kansa.. | 71 | 66 | 5 |  | 93.0 | 7.0 |  | 4.0 27.7 | Yokute stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mandan. | 165 | 79 | 88 |  | 47.9 | 52.1 |  | 37.8 | OKut stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Omaha. | 885 | 877 | 8 |  | 99.1 | 0.9 |  | 79.4 | Yokuts. | 255 | 241 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Osaga. | 591 | 583 | 8 |  | 98.6 | 1.4 |  | 42.5 |  |  | 24 | 12 | 2 | 94.5 | 4.7 | 0.8 | 79.8 |
| Oto... | 211 | 185 | 23 | 3 | 87.7 | 10.9 | 1.4 | 55.7 | Yuman stoce. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ponca A......... | 461 60 | $\stackrel{455}{58}$ | 8 |  | 98.7 | 1.3 |  | 52.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma | 374 | 373 | 1 |  | 96.7 99 | 3.3 0.3 |  | 30.1 | Cocopa... | 243 | 242 | 1 |  | 99.6 | 0.4 |  | 98.8 |
| Quapaw. | 63 | 31 | 32 |  | 49.2 | 50.8 |  | 60.3 13.4 | Maricopa. | 585 367 | ${ }_{339}^{668}$ | 14 | 3 | 97.1 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 75.1 |
| Santee Sioux. | 799 | 672 | 125 | 2 | 84.1 | 15.6 | 0.3 | 43.7 | Mohave. | 1,038 | 339 | 27 | 1 | 92.4 | 7.4 | 0.3 | 87.8 |
| Minnesota. | 100 | 99 | 1 |  | 99.0 | 1.0 |  | 42.7 | Arizona | 1,651 | 584 | 82 |  | 93.1 | 6.9 |  | 91.3 |
| Montana. | 78 | 85 | 13 |  | 83.3 | 16.7 |  | 60.7 | Californ | ${ }_{385}^{651}$ | ${ }_{381}$ | 87 |  |  | 10.3 |  | 87.6 |
| Nebraska........ | 410 | 403 | 7 |  | 98.3 | 1.7 |  | 56.9 | Walapai.. | 385 485 | 381 | 14 |  | 99.0 97.1 | 1.0 |  | 97.9 94.0 |
| North Dakota.... | $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ 145 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 16 89 | 50 |  | 24.2 81.4 | 75.8 |  | 18.0 | Yavapai. | 256 | $\stackrel{41}{243}$ | 13 |  | 97.1 94.9 | 2.9 5.1 |  | 94.0 84.1 |
| Sloux. | 494 | 441 | 50 | 3 | 89.3 | 37.2 10.1 | 1.4 | 23.5 44.3 | Y ${ }_{\text {ariza }}$ | 816 | 784 | 29 | 3 | 96.1 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 94.0 |
| Minnesota........ | 117 | 116 | 2 |  | 98.3 | 1.7 |  | 74.4 71.4 | California | 187 628 | 177 | 10 |  | ${ }_{98}^{94.7}$ | 8.3 |  | 92.7 |
| South Dakota.... |  | 92 | 5 | 1 | 93.9 | 5.1 | 1.0 | 33.2 | Caliornia | 628 | 606 | 19 | 3 | 98.5 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 94.4 |
| Sisseton Sioux........ | 1,631 | 1,394 | 228 | g | 85.5 79.4 | 14.0 | 0.6 | 65.4 | Yurok stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Dakota.... | 469 | 424 | 45 |  | 90.4 | 14.6 9.6 |  | 63.5 68.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota. | 928 | 786 | 131 | 9 | 84.9 | 14.1 | 1.0 | 68.3 50.6 | Weit | 528 | 514 | 14 |  | 97.3 | 2.7 |  | 76.9 |
| Teton Sioux. ........ | 10,598 | 9,747 | 772 | 79 | ${ }^{92.0}$ | 7.3 | 0.7 | 68.2 | Zuntan stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota. | 10,289 | 9,560 | 650 | 79 | 92.9 | 42.3 6.3 | 0.8 | 34.9 69.3 | Zuni. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,652 | 1,641 | 11 | ... | 99.3 | 0.7 |  | 98.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

## SEX DISTRIBUTION.

In considering the classification of the Indian population according to sex, it should be noted that there is possibly a material margin of error. It may be that omissions of persons of the one sex have been more frequent than of persons of the other sex. Moreover, in the case of persons of mixed blood it is possible that more of one sex than of the other were reported as whites or Negroes instead of as Indians. Finally, there may be less accuracy in the case of one sex than of the other with respect to the reports as to the mixture of Indian blood with white or Negro blood, or as to the mixture of tribes in the case of full-blood Indians. The possibility of such errors should be borne in mind in comparing the sex ratios.

Comparative statistics.-Table 23 presents a comparison of the sex distribution of the Indians in the United States and Alaska in 1910, 1900, and 1890.

| AREA AND CENSUS YEAR. | INDLAN POPULATION. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male. | Female. | Males to 100 females. |
| UNITED ETATES. |  |  |  |
| 1910. | 135, 133 | 130,550 | 103.5 |
| 1900. | 119, 484 | 117, 712 | 101.5 |
| 1890. | 125, 719 | 122, 534 | 102.6 |
| ALASKA. |  |  |  |
| 1910. | 12,995 | 12,336 | 105.3 |
| 1900 | 15,048 | 14,488 | 103.9 |
| 1890. | 12,996 | 12,358 | 105.2 |

Of the 265,683 Indians reported in the United States in $1910,135,133$, or 50.9 per cent, were males, and 130,550 , or 49.1 per cęnt, females. The number of males to 100 females was 103.5. In Alaska the number of males in 1910 was 12,995 and of females 12,336 , the ratio of males to 100 females being 105.3.
In 1910 the ratio of males to females among the Indians ( 103.5 to 100 ) was not as great as in the total population of the United States (106). Among the native whites of native parentage the number of males to 100 females was 104 and among the foreign-born whites 129.2, but among the Negroes only 98.9.

It appears from Table 23 that among the Indians the males were in excess at each enumeration both in the United States and in Alaska, and that the excess of males was greatest in 1910. According to the Office of Indian Affairs, the number of males to 100 females among the Indians was 94.7 in 1886 and 98.6 in 1885. The change to a preponderance of males may be due in part to the discontinuance of the formerly constant
wars which reduced the proportion of males, but it may also be attributable in part to differences in the accuracy of the returns.

The sex distribution of Indians, as reported, varies in the different states, as shown by Table 24 (p. 44). The tendency toward an increased proportion of males in 1910, as compared with 1890, is manifest in 16 of the 22 states given in the table. The tendency has been in the opposite direction in 6 states, of which 4-California, Washington, Nevada, and New Mexico-are in the West; 1, Oklahoma, is in the Southwest; and 1, New York, is in the East.

The excess of males or females in the Indian population for 1910 and 1890 is also shown graphically, by states, in the maps below.


EXCESS OF MALES OR FEMALES IN THE INDIAN POPULATION: 1890.

(43)

| Table 24 state. | males to 100 females in the indlan population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1910 | 1900 | 1890 |
| United States............................... 103.5 101.5 102.6 |  |  |  |
| Arizona. | 106.4 | 104.8 | 99.1 |
| Cglirornia | 104.3 | 100.9 | 105.5 |
| Idaho... | 120.5 | 110.7 | 89.3 |
| Kansas... | ${ }_{1} 132.8$ | 131.5 | 132.3 |
| Michigan. | 111.7 | 110.9 | 108.4 |
| Minnesota. | 102.3 | 100.0 | 90.3 |
| Mississipp | 114.9 | 105.9 | 105.2 |
| Nebraska | 103.0 | 105.1 | 102.1 |
| Nevada. | 101.0 | 106.7 | 111.0 |
| New Mexico | 102.6 | 108.1 | 107.2 |
| New York. | 103.5 | 105.8 | 110.9 |
| North Carolina | 102.0 | 100.4 | 96.1 |
| North Dakota | 98.8 | 98.9 | 95.6 |
| Okiahoma. | 101.5 | 98.5 | 106.9 |
| Oregon...... | 99.1 | 93.2 | 89.3 |
| South Dakota | 99.4 | 94.1 | 94.7 |
| Utah...... | 115.4 | 106.5 | 115.1 |
| Weshington | 99.6 | 97.7 | 102.2 |
| Wisconsin. | 106.5 | 106.7 | 106.4 |
| Wyoming. | 104.7 | 103.9 | 96.6 |
| Total lor 22 etates <br> All other states | 103.1 | 101.0 | 102.3 |
|  | 114.5 | 122.3 | 111.8 | ratlo is 136.1 . Similar exclusions Ior 1900 and 1890 can not be made.

Full-blood and mixed-blood Indians.-The number of males and females in the Indian population, classified according to the different mixtures of blood, is given in Table 25.

Table 26 (p. 45) gives a statement, by divisions and states, of the number of Indians in 1910 distributed according to sex, with the number of full-bloods and mixed-bloods as far as reported.


INDIANS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY DIVISIONS AND STATES, AND IN ALASKA, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND PURITY OF BLOOD: 1910.

| Table 26division and state. | BOTH SEXES. |  |  |  |  |  | male. |  |  |  |  |  | FEMALE. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | Reported on speciel Indian schedule. |  |  |  | Reported. on general popuIstion schedule. | Total. | Reported on special Indian schedule. |  |  |  | Re-portedongen-eralpopu-lationsched-ule. | Total. | Reported on special Indian schedule. |  |  |  | Re-ported on genersi <br> popuIation schedule. |
|  |  | Total. | $\begin{array}{c\|c} \text { Full } & \mathrm{M} \\ \text { blood. } & \mathrm{b} \end{array}$ | Mixed blood. | Blood <br> not <br> re-ported. |  |  | Total. | Full blood. | Mixed biood. | Blood not re-ported. |  |  | Totel: | $\begin{gathered} \text { Full } \\ \text { blood. } \end{gathered}$ | Mixed hlood. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Blood } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { re- } \\ \text { port- } \\ \text { ed. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |
| United States... | 265, 683 | 247, 137 | 150,053 | 93, 423 | 3,681 | 18,546 | 135, 133 | 125,654 | 75, 667 | 48,157 | 1,830 | 9,479 | 130, 550 | 121, 483 | 74, 386 | 45,268 | 1,831 | 9,067 |
| Groqraphic divisions: Now England | 2,076 | 1,320 | 448 | 872 |  | 755 | 1,056 | 685 | 234 | 451. |  | 371 | 1,020 | 635 | 214 | 421 |  | 385 |
| Middle Atlantic. | 7,717 | 6,392 | 3,441 | 2,620 | 331 | 1,325 | 4, 103 | 3,386 | 1,835 | 1,400 | 151 | 717 | 3,614 | 3,006 | 1,606 | 1,220 | 180 | 608 |
| East North Central | 18, 255 | 18,502 | 8,838 | 7,631 | 33 | 1,753 | 9,514 | 8,587 | 4,510 | 4,064 | 13 | 927 | 8,741 | 7,915 | 4,328 | 3,567 | 20 | 826 |
| West North Central | 41,406 | 39,435. | 22,903 | 16, 159 | 373 | 1,971 | 20,973 | 19,903 | 11, 410 | 8,300 | 198 | 1,070 | 20, 433 | 19, 532 | 11, 493 | 7,859 | 180 | 901 |
| South Atiantic... | 9, 054 | 7,870 | 1,440 | 6,344 | 86 | 1,184 | 4,582 | 3, 986 | 748 | 3,198 | 42 | 596 | 4,472 | 3, 884 | 694 | 3,146 | 44 | 588 |
| East Bouth Central | 2,612 | 1,488 | 1,083 | 398 | 9 | 1,124 | 1,355 | 775 | 1380 | 190 | 5 | 580 | 1,257 | 713 | 503 | ${ }^{21} 206$ | ${ }^{4}$ | - 544 |
| West South Central | 76,767 | 71,630 | 28, 417 | 44,552 | 681 | 5,137 | 38, 670 | 36, 220 | 13,212 | 22, 775 | 333 | 2,450 | 38,097 | 35,410 | 13, 205 | 21, 877 | 328 | 2,687 |
| Mountain. | 75,338 | 73, 074 | 65, 319 | 5,945 | 1,810 | 2,284 | 38, 503 | 37,251 | 33,186 | 3,144 | 921 | 1,252 | 36, 835 | 35, 823 | 32, 133 | 2,801 | 889 | 1,012 |
| Pacific. | 32,458 | 29, 426 | 20, 164 | 8,904 | '358 | 3,032 | 16,377 | 14, 861 | 9,954 | 4,735 | 172 | 1,516 | 16, 081 | 14,565 | 10,210 | 4,169 | 188 | 1,518 |
| NEw ENGLAND: <br> Maine. <br> Nev Hampshire. ..... <br> Vermont. <br> Massachusetts. $\qquad$ <br> Rhode Island <br> .......-. <br> Connecticut | 892 | 806 | 422 | 384 |  | 86 | 465 | 416 | 221 | 195 |  | 49 | 427 | 390 | 201 | 189 |  | 37 |
|  | 34 | 3 |  | 3 |  | 31 | 16 | 2 |  | 2 |  | 14 | 18 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 7 |
|  | 26 |  |  |  |  | 255 | 352 | 229 | 11 | 218 |  | 123 | 336 | $20^{-1}$ | 9 | 195 |  | 132 |
|  | 688 | 433 | 20 | 413 |  | 258 | 134 | 22 | 11 | 218 |  | 134 | 150 | 204 | 3 |  |  | 150 |
|  | 284 | 78 | 8 | 72 |  | 284 74 | 138 78 | 38 | 2 | 36 |  | 134 38 | 78 | 40 | 4 | 38 |  | 36 |
| Midnle Athantic: |  |  | 550 | 2, | 331 | 837 | , 075 | 642 | 440 | 1,051 | 151 | 433 | 2,971 | , 567 | 410 | 977 | 180 | 404 |
| New Jersey. | 1168 | 62 | 62. |  |  | 106 | ${ }^{115}$ | 50 | 50 | 1,051 |  | 65 | , 53 | 12 |  |  |  | 41 |
| Pennsylvania | 2 1,503 | 1,121 | 529 | 592 |  | 382 | 913 | 694 | 345 | 349 |  | 219 | 590 | 427 | 184 | 243 |  | 163 |
| East North Central: |  |  |  |  |  | 87 | 64 |  | 15 | 5 |  | 44 | 63 | 20 | 11 |  |  | 3 |
| Indlana | 279 | 95 | 34 | 61 | ........ | 184 | 153 | 53 | 19 | 34 |  | 100 | 126 | 42 | 15 | 27 |  | 84 |
| nlinois. | 188 | 9 | 1 | 8 |  | 179 | 98 | 2 | 7 | 172 |  | 96 | 90 | 7 |  | 7 |  | 83 359 |
| Michigan. | 7,519 | 6,761 | 3,528 | 3,218 | 15 | 758 | 3,968 | 3,569 | 1,837 | 1,726 | $\stackrel{6}{7}$ | 399 | 3,551 | 3, 192 | 1,691 | 1,492 | 9 | 257 |
| Wisconsin | 10,142 | 9,597 | 5,249 | 4,330 | 18 | 545 | 6,231 | 4,943 | 2, 838 | 2,298 | 7 | 288 | 4,911 | 4,654 | 2,611 | 2,032 | 11 | 257 |
| West North Central: <br> Minnesota | 9,053 | 8,758 | 3,859 | 4,886 | 11 | 297 | 4,578 | 4,427 | 1,910 | 2,514 | 3 | 151 | 4,475 | 4,329 | 1,949 | 2,372 | 8 | 148 |
| Iowa | 471 | 302 | 280 | 22 |  | 169 | 304 | 164 | 150 | 14 |  | 140 | 167 | 138 | 130 | 8 |  | 29 |
| Missouri. | 313 | 71 | 16 | 55 |  | 242 | 156 | 39. | 10 | 29 |  | 117 | 157 | 32 | 6 | 26 |  | 5 |
| North Dekots | 6, 486 | 6,168 | 2,499 | 3,561 | 108 | 318 | 3, 224 | 3,062 | 1,239 | 1,757 | 66 | 162 | 3,262 | 3,106, | 1,260 | 1,804 | 42 | 158 |
| South Dek | 19, 137 | 18, 822 | 13,247 | 5,408 | 187 | 315 | 9,540 | 9,374 | 6, 499 | 2,795 | 80 | 166 | 9,597 | 9, 448 | 6,748 | 2,613 | 87 | 149 |
| Nebraska. | 3,502 | 3,312 | 2,294 | 939 | 79 | 190 | 1,777 | 1,675 | 1,158 | 481 | 38 | 102 | 1,725 | 1,637 | 1,138 | 458 | , | 88 |
| Kansas... | ${ }^{3} 2,444$ | 2,004 | 708 | 1,288 | 8 | 440 | 1,394 | 1,162 | 446 | 710 | 6 | 232 | 1,050 | 842 | 262 | 578 |  | 208 |
| Bouth Atlantic: <br> Delaware. <br> Maryland <br> District of Columbie.... <br> Virginia. <br> West Virginis. <br> North Carolina <br> South Carolina. <br> Georgie. <br> Florida |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5 |  | - |  |  | 55 |  |  |  |  |  | 19 | 38 |  |  |  |  | 36 |
|  | ${ }_{68}^{65}$ | 13 |  | 12 |  | 55 | 38 |  |  | 6 |  | 31 | 30 | 6 |  | 6 |  | 24 |
|  | 539 | 382 | 18 | 298 | - 48 | 177 | 285 | 190 | 10 | 156 | 24 | 95 | 254 | 172 | 8 | 140 | 24 | 82 |
|  | 36 |  |  |  |  | 364 | 19 |  |  |  | 18 | 19 |  |  | 676 | 2,910 | 20 | 281 |
|  | 7,851 | 7,287 | 1,394 | 177 | 38 | 564 143 | 3,964 | 3,681 <br> 97 | 8 | - 2,945 | 18 | 68 | 3, 168 | 3, 91 | 3 | ${ }^{2} 88$ |  | 75 |
|  | 331 | 188 | 1 | 177 |  | 95 | 47 |  |  |  |  | 47 | 48 |  |  |  |  | 48 |
|  | 74 | 20 |  |  |  | 54 | 41 | 11 |  | …… 2 |  | 30 | 33 |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| East South Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Keatucky. | 234 |  |  |  |  | 234 | 124 |  |  |  |  | 124 | 110 |  |  |  |  | 79 |
| Tennessee. | 216 | 61 | 2 | 59 |  | 155 | 107 |  |  | 29 |  | 76 | 109 | 30 |  | 13 |  | 321 |
| Alabame. | 909 | 251 |  | 247 |  | 658 | 454 | 117 | 57 | 115 |  | 337 | 453 | 540 |  | 45 |  | 34 |
| Mississlppi. | 1,253 | 1,178 | 1,077 | 90 |  | 77 | 670 | 627 |  | 45 |  | 43 | 683 | 549 | 500 |  |  |  |
| West South Central: | 460 |  |  |  |  | 460 | 216 |  |  |  |  | 216 | 244 |  |  |  | 10 | 244 188 |
| Louisiane.. | 780 | 4.423 | ${ }^{2} 298$ | 102 | - 28 | 4357 | -385 |  |  |  | 18 | 1 171 | 37,135 |  | 12,929 | 21,762 | 303 | 2,141 |
| Oklahome | 74, 8802 | 70,774 433 | 25,887 237 | 44,288 162 | ( $\begin{array}{r}599 \\ 34\end{array}$ | [4,051 | $\begin{array}{r}37,690 \\ \hline 379\end{array}$ | 35,780 $\mathbf{2 2 6}$ | 12,958 114 |  | 19 19 | 1,910 | ${ }^{37}{ }^{3} 23$ | 34,994 | 12, 123 | - 69 | - 15 | ${ }^{118}$ |
| Texas.. | 702 | 433 | 237 |  | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mountans: |  | 10,394 | 6,204 | 3, 885 | 295 | 351 | 6,384 | 5,196 | 2,989 | 2,049 | 158 | 188 | 5,361 | 5,198 | 3,215 | 1,848 | 8 137 | (183 |
| Montang | 10,488 | 10, 3,428 | 2,864 | 514 | 48 | 62 | 1,767 | 1,732 | 1,426 | 6 276 | 30 | - 35 | 1,721 | 1,694 | 1,438 | 238 | 8 | 27 |
| W yoming | 1,486 | 1,458 | 1,174 | 284 |  | 28 | 760 | 748 | 605 | 143 |  | 12 | 726 | 710 | 589 | 141 |  | 18 |
| Colorsdo. | 1,482 | 769 | 718 | 50 | 19 | 713 | 810 | 398 | 369 | 29 |  | 412 | 672 | 371 | 349 | 21 | 13 | 301 |
| New Mexi | 20,573 | 20,279 | 20,085 | 175 | 19 19 | 294 | 10, 420 | 10,282 | 10,182 | - 94 | ${ }^{6}$ | - 138 | 10,153 | 9,997 | 9,903 | 81 | - 13 | 184 |
| Arizona. | 29, 201 | 28,748 | 27,087 | 414 | 1,247 | - 453 | 15, 058 | 14,787, | 13,918 | - 247 | 622 | 269 | 14, 145 | 13,961 | 13,169 | 51 | 1 | 29 |
| Utah | 3,123 | 3,051 | 2,900 | 105 | 46 | 72 | 1,673 | 1,630 | 1,551 | - 54 | 25 | + 43 | 1,450 | 1, 421 | 1, 141 | 258 | 8 74 | 136 |
| Nevada. | 5,240 | 4,949 | 4,287 | 508 | 154 | 291 | 2,633 | 2,478 | 2,148 | - 252 | 80 | 155 | 2,607 | 2, 471 | 2,141 | 250 | . |  |
| Pacmic: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,487 |  | 3,291 | 1 1,592 | 30 | 574 | 5,510 | 4,939 | 3;479 | 1,427 | 73 | 571 |
| Washington | 10,997 | 9,852 4,580 | 6,770 2,901 | 3, $\mathbf{1 , 6 6 8}$ | [11 | 1, 510 | 2,534 | 2,279 | 1,384 | - 1,589 | 6 | - 255 | 2,556 | 2,301 | 1,517 | 779 | 9 | 5255 |
| Oregon... | 5,090 16,371 | 4,580 14,994 | 2,901 10,493 | 4, 217 | 284 | 1,377 | 8,356 | 7,669 | 5,279 | 2,254 | 136 | 687 | 8,015 | 7,325 | 5,214 | 1,963 | 148 | 690 |
| California. | 16,371 | 14,994 | 10,498 | $\underline{ }$ | 2 | 1,371 | 8, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 25,331 | 21,444 | 3,887 |  |  | 12,995 | 12,995 | 11,049 | 9 1,946 |  |  | 12,336 | 12, 336 | 10,395 | 1,941 |  | . |

${ }^{1}$ Includes 62 full-blood Indians enumersted in Wild West Show.
2 Includes 1,010 Indians enumerated in Carlisle Indian School.
${ }^{3}$ Includes 591 Indians enumerated in Haskell Institute.

The ratio of males to 100 females among full-bloods and among mixed-bloods is shown in Table 27 (p. 46).

In the United States, according to the returns, the number of males to 100 females was considerably less
(101.7) among full-blood Indians than among those of mixed blood (106.4). This condition is reversed in Alaska, where the proportion of males to 100 females was 106.2 among full-bloods and 100.3 among mixed-
bloods. As the number of mixed-bloods in Alaska was comparatively small, however, no reliable conclusions can be based on the sex distribution among them.

EXCESS OF MALES OR FEMALES AMONG INDIANS OF FULL BLOOD: 1910.

$\square$ Less than 100 full-blood Indlans in statc.
EXCESS OF MALES OR FEMALES AMONG INDIANS OF MIXED - BLOOD: 1910.


T/A Excess of males.
Excess of females. $\square$ Less than 100 Indians of mixed blood in state.

| Table 27 <br> class. | indlan population: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States. |  |  | Alaska. |  |  |
|  | Male. | Female. | Males to 100 females. | Male. | Female. | Males <br> to 100 females. |
| Total <br> Full blood. Mixed blood. Blood not reported | 135, 133 | 130,550 | 103.5 | 12,995 | 12,336 | 105.3 |
|  | 75,667 | 74,386 | 101.7 | 11,049 | 10,395 | 106.2 |
|  | 48,157 | 45, 266 | 106. 4 | 1,946 | 1,941 | 100.3 |
|  | 11,309 | 10,898 | 103.8 |  |  |  |

The greater preponderance of males shown among the mixed-bloods than among the full-bloods in the United States is probably due in part to the tendency to report as white, Indian women of mixed blood who are married to white men. This theory is supported by a study of the sex distribution of 23,464 children under 5 years of age, presented in Table 28.

Table 28 shows that in the case of children under 5 years of age the excess of males was somewhat greater among full-bloods than among mixed-bloods.

| Table 28 chass. | INDIAN CHILDREN UNDER 5 years of age: 1910. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male. | Female. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Moles } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { females. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Total. | 11,905 | 11,559 | 103.0 |
| Full blood. . Mixed blood | 5,728 6,177 | $\mathbf{5 , 5 2 6}$ $\mathbf{6 , 0 3 3}$ | 103.7 102.4 |

Table 29, derived from Table 26, gives for the 22 selected states the number of males to 100 females among full-bloods and mixed-bloods. This table shows that among the Indians of full blood the males were reported as in excess in all of the states in the table except 7, namely, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Minnesota; these 7 states form a continuous area in the northwestern part of the United States. Among the Indians of mixed blood males were in excess in every state except Nevada and North Dakota. The proportion of males to 100 females was greater among the mixedbloods than among the full-bloods in the majority of the states for which both ratios are shown.
The excess of males or females among Indians of full blood and mixed blood is also shown graphically in the maps on this page.

| Table 29 | MALES TO 100 FEMALES IN THE INDIAN POPULATION: 1910. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full <br> blood. | Mixed blood. |
| United States................................................ 101.7 . 108.4 |  |  |
| Arizons. | 105.7 | 147.9 |
| California | 101.2 | 114.8 |
| Colorado. | 105.7 | ${ }^{1}{ }^{1} 10.0$ |
| İano.... | 99.2 | 116.0 |
| Michigan. | 170.2 108.6 | 131.5 115.7 |
| Minnesota. | 98.0 | 108.0 |
| Mississippi. | 115.4 | (1) |
| Montana.. | 93.0 | 111.0 |
| Nebraska. | 101. 6 | 105.0 |
| Nevada... | 100.2 | 98.4 |
| New Mexico. | 102.8 | (1) |
| New York. | 102. 1 | 107.6 |
| North Carolina | 106. 2 | 101.2 |
| North Dakota. | 98.3 | 97.4 |
| Oklahoma... | 100.2 | 103.5 |
| Oregon..... | 91.2 | 114.1 |
| South Dakota | 96.3 | 107.0 |
| Utah........ | 115.0 | (1) |
| Washington. | 94.6 | 111.6 |
| W yoming. | 101.0 | 113.1 |
| y | 106.3 | 101.4 |
| Total for 22 states. <br> All other states. | 101.3 | 106.2 |
|  | 130.9 | 113.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Ratio not sbown, the number of females being less than 100.
"All axcher states." Indians in Haskell Institute, who are included in tbe total for "All ather states."

The number of Indians in each stock and tribe in the United States and Alaska in 1910 is distributed in detail according to purity of blood, sex, and age in Tables 51 (p. 123) and 52 (p.154). Table 30 shows the number of males to 100 females in each principal stock and tribe, and for certain tribes in each principal state, for the total number of Indians, and for those of full blood and mixed blood separately.

MALES TO 100 FEMALES, BY PURITY OF BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, TRIBE, AND STATE: 1910.
[This table abows each atock and tribe having 100 or more femeles in 1910. Ratio not abown where number of females is less than 100.]


UNITED STATES.

| Algonquian aTOCK. | 21,004 | 19,971 | 105.2 | 9,257 | 9,139 | 101.3 | 11,608 | 10,711 | 108.4 | Iroquotan bTocs-Contd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho. | 727 | 692 | 105.1 | 670 | 641 | 104.5 | 57 | 51 |  | Onondaga.-.-.-- | 183 | 182 | 100.5 111.6 | 141 48 | 158 | 89.2 | 41 595 | 23 491 | 121.2 |
| Oklahoma | 352 | 333 | 105.7 | 318 | 308 | 105. 0 | 34 | 30 |  | Seneca..........- | 1,478 | 1,429 | 103. 4 | 1,043 | 979 | 106. 6 | 291 | 281 | 103.6 |
| Wyoming. | 353 | 350 | 100.9 | 332 | 329 | 100.9 | 21 | 21 |  | New York | 1,266 | 1,219 | 103.9 | 959 | 899 | 106.7 | 163 | 151 | 107.9 |
| Cheyonne.. | 1,510 | 1,645 | 97.7 | 1,310 | 1,352 | 96.9 | 164 | 155 | 105.8 | Oklahoma | - 99 | 116 | 85.3 | 28 | 42 |  | 71 | 74 | ..... |
| Montana. | 640 | 1,706 | 30.7 | 1, 550 | 1,631 | 87.2 | 56 | 41 |  | Tuscarora.....- | 214 | 186 | 115.1 | 164 | 141 | 116.3 | 47 179 | 36 139 |  |
| Oklahoma | 771 | 751 | 102.7 | 702 | 677 | 103.7 | 67 | 72 |  | Wyandot.....-. | 198 | 155 | 127.7 | 18 | 16 |  | 179 | 139 | 128.8 |
| Chippewa. | 10,325 | 9,889 | 104. 4 | 3,482 | 3, 488 | 99.8 | 6,781 | 6,357 | 106. 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Michigan. | 1,977 | 1,748 | 113.1 | 817 1.789 | + 741 | 110.3 | 1,154 | 998 2.255 | 1115.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 83.8 | 222 | 188 | 117.5 |
| Minnesota | 4, 166 | 4, 068 | 102.4 106.8 | 1,789 37 | 1,806 | 99.1 | 2,374 | 2,255 | 105.3 <br> 113.8 | KAROK STOCK.... | 388 | 387 | 100.3 | 166 | 198 | 83.8 | 222 | 188 | 117.5 |
| Montana North Dakota | 1, 251 | 235 1.470 | 106.8 101.8 | 37 34 | 47 24 |  | 1, 214 | 1,419 | 113.8 99.4 | Orleans | 388 | 387 | 100.3 | 166 | 198 | 83.8 | 222 | 189 | 117.5 |
| Wisconsin.... | 2,175 | 2,124 | 102. 4 | 765 | 836 | 91.5 | 1,409 | 1,287 | 109. 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cree........ | 224 159 | 235 150 | 95.3 106.0 | 18 | 22 |  | C005 | 213 132 | 96.2 106.8 |  |  | 1,901 | 111.8 | 2,105 | 1,871 | 112.5 | 15 | 18 |  |
| Montana. | 159 458 | 150 | 106.0 99.6 | 17 128 | 18 | 84.8 | 141 326 | 132 | 106.8 106.2 | KERESAN STOCK.. | 2,126 | 1,901 | 111.8 | 2,105 | 1,871 | 112.5 | 15 |  |  |
| Gros Ventre | 257 | 253 | 101.6 | 198 | 192 | 103.1 | 59 | 60 |  | Acome. | 347 | 344 | 100.9 | 345 | 341 | 101. 2 | 2 | 3 |  |
| Kickapoo.. | 194 | 154 | 126.0 | 127 | 113 | 112.4 | 67 | 40 |  | Cochiti. | 131 | 106 | 123.6 | 131 | 106 | 123.6 107.1 | 12 | 15 |  |
| Menomines | 766 | 656 | 116.8 | 373 | 331 | 112.7 | 391 | 325 | 120.3 | Laguna.........- | 756 | 716 | 105.6 124.8 | 738 271 | 689 218 | 107.1 | 12 | 15 |  |
| Miami. | 122 | 104 | 117.3 | 32 | 27 |  | 89 | 77 |  | San Felipe.....- | 272 | 218 | 124.8 113.3 | 271 | 383 | 124.3 113.3 |  |  |  |
| Ottawa. | 1,429 | 1,288 | 110.9 | 904 | 816 | 110.8 | 525 | 472 | 111.2 | Santo Domingo. | 434 | 383 | 113.3 | 434 | 383 | 113.3 |  |  |  |
| Michigan | 1,280 | 1,174 | 109.0 | 866 | 798 | 108.5 | 414 | 376 | 110.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passamaquoddy | 197 | 189 | 104.2 | - 150 | 145 | 103.4 | $\stackrel{47}{91}$ | 44 90 |  | Kiowan | 536 | 590 | 90.8 | 373 | 445 | 83.8 | 159 | 137 | 116.1 |
| Penobscot.-.... | 140 1,122 | 1,146 | 111.1 97.9 | 49 573 | 36 641 | 89.4 | \% 918 | 90 505 | 108.5 | Kiowan stock | 536 | 590 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Potawatomi | 1, 368 | 1,072 | 127.6 | 533 | 427 | 124.8 | 833 | 645 | 129.1 | Kiowa. | 536 | 590 | 90.8 | 373 | 445 | 83.8 | 159 | 137 | 116. 1 |
| Kansas. | 486 | ${ }^{3} 33$ | 145.9 | 195 | 124 | 157.3 | 291 | 209 | 139.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Michigan. | 251 | 210 | 119.5 | 142 | 139 | 102.2 | 109 | 71 |  |  | 286 | 252 | 113.5 | 130 | 125 | 104.0 | 156 | 127 | 122.8 |
| Oklahoma. | 459 | 407 | 112.8 | 55 | 60 |  | 402 | 347 | 115.9 | KUTENALAN,gTOCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin.. | 141 | 104 | 135. 6 | 130 | ${ }^{97}$ |  | 11 | 8 | --. | Kute | 286 | 252 | 113.5 | 130 | 125 | 104.0 | 156 | 127 | 122.8 |
| Sauk and Fox | 377 138 | 347 | 108. 6 | 288 | 259 | 111.2 114.9 | 86 | 85 |  | Kutenai.-.-...- | 227 | 197 | 115.2 | 76 | 72 |  | 151 | 125 | 120.8 |
| Iowa..... | 138 | 119 | 116.0 110.3 | 131 | 114 | 114.9 <br> 111.4 | 7 42 | 39 |  | Montan |  | 157 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shawnee. | 626 | 712 | 87.9 | 246 | 289 | 85.1 | 378 | 422 | 89.6 |  | 468 | 510 | 91.8 | 297 | 360 | 82.5 | 170 | 150 | 113.3 |
| Stockbridges. | 270 | 263 | 102.7 | 72 | 112 | 64.3 | 196 | 144 | 136.1 | LUTUAMIAN STOCE | 408 | 510 | 91.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | la | 334 | 362 | 92.3 | 209 | 250 | 83.6 | 124 | 112 | 110.7 |
| Athapask |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Modoc. | 134 | 148 | 90.5 | 88 | 110 | 80.0 | 46 | 38 |  |
| ETOCK. | 15,324 | 15,082 | 101.61 | 14,211 | 14,053 | 101.1 | 668 | 477 | 119.1 | Orego | 99 | 113 | 87.6 | 3 | 5 |  | 6 | 8 |  |
| Apache. | 2,514 | 2,459 | 102.2 | 1,919 | 1, 882 | 102.0 | 75 | 52 | -.... | Maidu 6xo | 568 | 532 | 106.8 | 269 | 275 | 97.8 | 290 | 251 | 115.5 |
| Arizona.. | 2,336 | 2,316 | 100.9 | 1,747 | 1, 744 | 100.2 | 69 | 47 |  | Mald bio | 568 | 532 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma | 142 | 129 | 110.1 | 139 | 124 | 112.1 | 153 | 5 141 | 108.5 | Mai | 568 | 532 | 106.8 | 269 | 275 | 97.8 | 290 | 251 | 115.5 |
| Tupa........... | 312 | 327 339 | 95.4 104.7 | 159. | 186 339 | 85.5 104.7 | 153 | 141 | 108.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jicarilla Apache. Mescalero | 355 | 339 | 104.7 | 355 | 339 | 104.7 |  |  |  |  | 340 | 359 | 94.7 | 163 | 180 | 90.6 | 177 | 178 | 99.4 |
| Apacho. | 190 | 234 | 81.2 | 185 | 226 | 81.9 | 5 | 8 |  | M | 340 | 359 | 94.7 | 103 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Navajo......... | 11,346 | 11, 109 | 102.1 | 11, $257{ }^{\text {. }}$ | 11, 047 | 101.9 | 64 | 35 |  | Miwo | 323 | 347 | 93.1 | 159 | 176 | 90.3 | 164 | 170 | 96.5 |
| Arizona...... | 5, 622 | 5,379 | 104.5 | 5,566 | 5, 334 | 104.3 | 31 | 18 |  | M\|wo | 323 | 347 | 3.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Mexico... | 5,123 | 5, 231 | 97.9 113.3 | 5, 102 | 5,220 | 97.7 | 21 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utah | 652. <br> 206 | 177 | 113. 3 | 549 113 | 485 110 | 113.2 <br> 102.7 | 93 | 67 |  | MUBKHOGEAN BTOCK | 14,727 | 14,464 | 101.8 | 6,853 | 6,772 | 101.2 | 7,743 | 7,578 | 102.2 |
| Wailaki. | 105 | 122 | 86.1 | 34 | 48 |  | 71 | 74 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Aliban | 144 | 154 | 93.5 | 138 | 150 | 92.0 | 3 | 3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Texas......... | 87 | 100 | 87.0 | 87 | 100 | 87.0 88 |  |  |  |
| Caddoan atock. - | - 906 | 957 | 94.7 | 758 | 816 | 92.9 | 143 | 134 | 106.7 | Chickasaw | 2,061 | 2,143 | 96.2 | 314 | r 614 | $\begin{array}{r}83.7 \\ 108 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,546 | 1,529 | 101.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 |  |  | Choctaw ........ | 8, 118 | 7,799 542 | 114. 4 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3,698 } \\ 575\end{array}$ | 3,396 | 108.9 | 4,368 40 | 1,352 38 |  |
| Arikara | 209 | 235 | 88.9 104.5 | 171 | 164 | 104.9 | 38 59 | 57 |  | Mississippi....- | 620 7,402 | 7, 149 | 103.5 | 3, 082 | 2, 852 | 108. 1 | 4,281 | 4,258 | 100.5 |
| Pawnee. | 307 | 326 | 194.2 | 261 | 283 | 92.2 | 41 | 36 |  | Creek . . . . | 3,468 | 3,477 | 99.7 | 1,817 | 1,913 | 95.0 | 1,609 | 1,522 | 105.7 |
| Wichita | 150 | 168 | 89.3 | 146 | 162 | 90.1 | 4 | 6 |  | OKlahom | 3,311 | 3,343 | 99.0 | 1,800 | 1,902 | 94.6 | 1, 472 | 1,400 | 105.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seminole... | 891 760 | 838 743 | 108.3 102.3 | 641 604 | 648 623 | 98.9 97.0 | 222 | 170 | 130.6 128.0 |
| Chmazuanstock | 3154 | 152 | 101.3 | 142 | 144 | 98.6 | 12 | 8 | ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12 | 13 | 99. | 118 | 122 | 96.7 | 11 | 8 |  | Piman 6tock. | 4,467 | 4,140 | 107.9 | 4,316 | 4,028 | 107.1 | 101 | 66 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,947 | 1,851 | 105.2 | 1,900 | 1,803 | 105.4 | 27 | 28 |  |
| mNOOKAN STOCK | K 459 | 438 | 104.8 | 222 | 237 | 93.7 | 237 | 199 | 119.1 | Piman........... | 2, 198 | 2,038 | 107.9 | 2, 163 | 2, 012 | 107.0 125.4 | 14 55 | 5 38 |  |
| NNOOKAN STOCK | 459 | 438 | 104.8 | 22 | 237 | 30.7 |  |  | 11.1 | Yaqui........... | 301 | 227 | 132.6 | 237 | 189 | 125.4 | 55 | 33 | ..... |
| Chinool | 160 | 155 | 103.2 | 25 | 28 |  | 135 | 126 | 107.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasco........... | 127 | 115 | 110.4 | 75 108 | r84 | 100.0 | 30 | 27 |  | PомO 8TOCK. | 603 | 590 | 102.2 | 458 | 449 | 102.0 | 112 | 108 | 103.7 |
| Wishram....... | - 138 | 136 | 101.5 | 108 | 108 |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 380 | 104.5 | 304 | 303 | 100.3 | 65 | 52 |  |
| Croatan Group.. | 2,913 | 2,952 | 98.7 | 222 | 236 | 94.1 | 2,674 | 2,698 | 99.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 236 | 94.1 | 2,674 | 2,698 | 99.1 | SALISHAN STOCK. | 4,017 | 3,816 | 105.3 | 2,491 | 2,515 | 99.0 | 1,485 | 1,261 | 117.8 |
| Croatan. | 2,913 | 2,952 | 98.7 | 222 | 230 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 114 | 87 |  | 35 | 46 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Chehalis.-...... | 149 213 | 133 185 | 112.0 115.1 | 114 | 126 | 100.0 | 87 | 59 |  |
| Iboquolan stock. | . 20,339 | 19,340 | 105.2 | 6, 143 | 5,793 | 106.0 | 13, 917 | 13,226 | 105.2 | Coeur d'Alene.. | 159 | 134 | 118.7 | 123 | 113 | 108. 8 | 22 | 12 | -..... |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Columbia...... | 199 | 186 | 107.0 | 153 | 139 | 110.1 | 44 | 44 |  |
| Chbrokes. | 16, 105 | 15, 384 | 104. 7 | 3, 555 | 3,345 | 106. 3 | 12, 426 | 11,903 | 104.4 128.8 | Colville........ | 418 | 367 | 113.9 | 170 | 175 | 97.1 | 247 | 190 | 130.6 |
| North Carolina | a 761 | 645 | 118.0 | 496 | 438 | 113.2 |  | 11, 201 | 128.8 103.8 | Flathead. -...-. | 236 | 250 | 94.4 | 101 | 105 | 96.2 | 135 | 145 | 93.1 |
| Okiahoma. | . 15, 083 | 14,527 | 103.8 | 3, 024 | 2,895 | 104.5 | 11,939 | 11, 501 | 103.8 92.4 | Flatuead...---- | 196 | 204 | 96.1 | 90 | 90 |  | 106 | 114 | 93.0 |
| Mohawk........ | : 178 | - 190 | 93.7 | + 31 | 32 |  | 146 | 158 | 92.4 106.8 | Kalispel | 291 | 273 | 106.6 | 184 | 177 | 104.0 | 106 | 96 |  |
| Oneida......... | - 1,276 | 1,160 | 110.0 | 1,102 | 996 | 110.6 | 172 | 116 | 10.8 8 | Kanstana...-. | 202 | 184 | 109.8 | 1.13 | 113 | 100.0 | 89 | 71 |  |
| Wisconsin.... | . 1,109 | 998 | 111.1 | 1,975 | 879 | 110.9 | 132 | 116 | 1113. | Montana |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

【This tabla shows asch stock and triba having 100 or more famales in 1910. Ratlo not ahown where number of lemales is less than 100.$\rfloor$

| Table 30-Con. | INDIANS KEPORTED ON SPECLAL SCHEDOLE: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { STOCK,TRIBE, AND } \\ & \text { QTATE. } \end{aligned}$ | INDIANS REPORTED ON EPECLIL SCHEDULE: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Full blood. |  |  | Mixed blood. |  |  |  | Total. 1 |  |  | Full blood. |  |  | Mixod blood. |  |  |
| STATE. | Mala. | Fe- | Males to 100 10- males. | Male. | Fr- | Males to 100 fe- males. | Male. | Fe- | Males to 100 fe- males. |  | Male. | Fe- | Males to 100 fo- males. | Male. | Fe- | Males to 100 fe- males. | Male. | Fe- | Males to 100 fe- males. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Sacishan stock- Continuad. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Siouan stockContinuad. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lummi....... | 184 | 169 | 108.9 | 94 | 108 | 88.7 | 90 | 63 |  | Taton Sioux- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quinaialt | 153 | 135 | 113.3 | 111 | 108 | 102.8 | 42 | 27 |  | Sioux | 186 | 211 | 88.2 | 166 | 187 | 88.8 | 15 | 18 |  |
| Sanpoil. | 114 | 126 | 90.5 | 87 | 93 |  | 18 | 23 |  | Oglala Sioux.. | 3,018 | 3,027 | 99.7 | 2,094 | 2,074 | 101.0 | 879 | 915 | 96.1 |
| Snohomish | 343 | 321 | 106.9 | 233 | 239 | 97.5 | 108 | 82 |  | Sans Arc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spokan. | 301 | 342 | 88.0 | 185 | 224 | 82.8 | 115 | 118 | 97.5 | Sioux....... | 110 | 112 | 98.2 | 27 | 37 |  | 81 | 71 |  |
| Washington.. | 176 | 203 | 86.7 | 130 | 151 | 86.1 | 46 | 52 |  | Slihasapa-..... | 243 | 242 | 100.4 | 165 | 168 | 98.2 104.3 | 74 29 | 69 26 |  |
| Suquamish..... | 163 | 144 | 113.2 | 92 | 85 |  | 71 | 59 |  | S. Dakota -- | 177 | 169 | 104.7 | 144 | 138 | 104.3 | 29 |  |  |
| Swinomish..... | 178 | 155 | 114.8 | 142 | 137 | 103.6 | 36 | 18 |  | Two Kattle | 169 | 124 | 136.3 | 79 | 64 |  | 88 | 58 |  |
| $\underset{\text { gtock... }}{\substack{\text { Shamaptian }}}$ | 2,085 | 2,306 | 90.4 | 1,563 | 1,809 | 86.4 | 509 | 489 | 104.1 | Other Teton | 2,434 | 2,530 | 96.2 | 1, 933 | 2,057 | 94.0 | 494 | 468 | 105.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Winnabago.... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 918 | 902 | 101.8 109.8 | 789 448 | $\begin{aligned} & 774 \\ & 417 \end{aligned}$ | 99.4 107.4 | 149 79 | 128 | 116. 4 |
| Klikitat. | 190 | 215 | 88. | 155 | 180 | 86.1 | 31 | 33 | 114 | Webraska.....- | ${ }_{341} 527$ | 480 394 | 109.8 86.5 8 | 289 | 441 | 10.4 84.8 | 58 | 53 |  |
| Nez Perce | 626 504 | ${ }_{531}^{633}$ | 98.9 94.9 | 470 381 | 500 423 | 94.0 90.1 | 147 114 | 129 | 114.0 109.6 | Yankton Sioux. | 388 | 1,100 | 86.8 89.8 | 638 | 712 | 89.3 | 343 | 375 | 01.5 |
| Umatilla. | 114 | 158 | 72.2 | 87 | 132 | 65.9 | 27 | 26 |  | Montana. | 169 | 203 | 83.3 | 126 | 153 | 82.4 | 42 | 50 |  |
| Wallawalla.. | 204 | 193 | 105.7 | 66 | 80 |  | 138 | 133 | 103.8 | South Dakota | 730 | 804 | 90.8 | 433 | 477 | 90.8 | 289 | 314 | 02.0 |
| Warm Springs.. | 255 | 295 | 86.4 | 250 | 288 | 86.8 | 5 | 7 |  | Yanktonai |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yakima... | 632 | 730 | 86.6 | 474 | 569 | 83.3 | 158 | 159 | 99.4 | Sioux | $\begin{aligned} & 638 \\ & 269 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 718 \\ & 282 \end{aligned}$ | 89.0 95.4 | ${ }_{235}^{537}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 607 \\ & 238 \end{aligned}$ | 88.5 98.7 | $\begin{array}{r}101 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 109 | 92.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | South Dakota | ${ }_{368}^{269}$ | 435 | $\begin{aligned} & 95.4 \\ & 84.6 \end{aligned}$ | 300 | 368 | 81.5 | 67 | 65 |  |
| Shagtan stock... | 757 | 821 | 92.2 | 557 | 605 | 92.1 | 198 | 215 | 92.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hat Crask | 12 | 51 | 116.2 | 120 | 100 | 120.0 | 9 | 11 |  | TANOAN ATOCK..- | 1,636 | 1,504 | 108.8 | 1,565 | 1,440 | 108.7 | 52 | 49 |  |
| Pit River | 169 159 | 1118 194 | 90.9 82.0 | 400 37 | ${ }^{4} 41$ | . 7 | 120 | 129 | 93.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California | 110 | 145 | 75.9 | 19 | 43 |  | 91 | 101 | 90.1 | Islata. | $\begin{aligned} & 497 \\ & 281 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 459 \\ & 218 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.3 \\ & 128.9 \end{aligned}$ | 464 281 | $\begin{aligned} & 430 \\ & 218 \end{aligned}$ | 107.9 128.9 | 14 | 14 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | San Juan | 205 | 182 | 112.6 | 204 | 178 | 114.6 | i | 4 |  |
| Shoshonean |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Santa Clara | 134 | 143 | 93.7 | 129 | 139 | 92.8 | 5 | 4 |  |
| stock | 8,620 | 8,222 | 104.8 | 7,500 | 7,172 | 104.8 | 992 | 936 | 106.0 | Taos... | 272 | 245 | 111.0 | 268 | 241 | 111.2 | 4 | 4 | ...... |
| Bannock | 214 | 199 | 107.5 | 169 | 154 | 109.7 | 45 | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chamghurvi | 177 | 178 | 99.4 101.6 | 156 119 | 159 | 98.1 96.7 | 21 12 | 19 6 |  | W ampatpuan | 160 | 169 | 94.7 | 125 | 143 | 87.4 | 34 | 28 |  |
| Comancha. | 590 | 581 | 101.5 | 362 | 374 | 98.8 | 214 | 193 | 110.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hopi..... | 1,061 | 948 | 111.9 | 1,059 | 947 | 111.8 | 2 | 1 |  | Cayuse. | 139 | 159 | 87.4 | 117 | 137 | 85.4 | 21 | 22 | ...... |
| Kawia | 419 688 | 336 760 | 124.7 90.5 | 564 | - 651 | 130.9 86.8 | 118 | - 105 | 112.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paiute. | 413 | 367 | 112.5 | 357 | 317 | 112. B | 40 | 38 |  | Warasman |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Navad | 132 | 115 | 114.8 | 123 | 108 | 116.0 | 9 | 9 |  | stock. | 195 | 193 | 101.0 | 183 | 178 | 102.8 | 12 | 15 | ...... |
| Paviots | 1,483 | 1,555 | 112.5 | 1,296 | 1,368 | $\cdots 4.7$ | 112 | 115 | 97.4 | Makah | 185 | 175 | 105.7 | 177 | 165 | 107.3 | 8 | 10 |  |
| Navada. | 1,174 | 1, 240 | 94.7 | 1,019 | 1,094 | 93.1 | 81 | 75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oregon.. | 167 | 174 | ${ }^{96.0}$ | 165 | 169 | 97. 8 | 2 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Luisan | 1239 | ${ }^{228}$ | 104.8 | 178 | ${ }^{173}$ | 102.9 | 60 | 55 | 109.5 | WASHOAN STOCE. | 414 | 405 | 102.2 | 335 | 308 | 108.8 | 74 | 96 |  |
| Shoshoni. | 1,967 | ${ }^{1,873}$ | 105.0 102.7 | 1,699 | 1,630 574 | 100.9 | $\begin{array}{r}264 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 241 | 109.5 | Washo. | 414 | 405 | 102.2 | 335 | 308 | 108.8 | 74 |  |  |
| Novad | 795 | 760 | 104.6 | 710 | 682 | 104.1 | 84 | 78 |  | Califormia | 134 | 139 | 96.4 | 112 | 116 | 96.6 | 22 | 23 |  |
| Utah. | 116 | 132 | 87.9 | 113 | 127 | 89.0 | 3 | 5 |  | Novada. | 274 | 262 | 104.6 | 223 | 181 | 116.8 | 46 | 70 | ..... |
| W yoming | 1 311 | 332 | 110.8 | - 267 | 235 | 113.6 | 101 | 97 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorad | 1, ${ }_{372}$ | 1,033 353 | 117.2 | ${ }^{1} 1484$ | ${ }_{344} 9$ | 118.2 | 58 9 | ${ }_{9}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utah. | 810 | 662 | 122.4 | 764 | 618 | 123.6 | 36 | 35 |  | Wintun stock. | 382 | 328 | 116.5 | 156 | 128 | 123. 8 | 199 | 17 | 114 |
| Stouan stock | 16,541 | 16,400 | 100.9 | 11,157 | 11,378 | 98.1 | 5,133 | 4,772 | 107.6 | Wintum | 211 | 188 | 112.2 | 68 | 55 |  | 145 | 133 | 109.0 |
| Assiniboin | ${ }_{603}^{643}$ | 610 896 | 105.4 | 393 616 | 400 626 | 98.3 98.4 | 244 202 | 203 194 | 120.2 104.1 | Yokuts stock. | 280 | 253 | 110.7 | 208 | 195 | 105.6 | 64 | 40 |  |
| Crow. | 903 288 | 896 259 | 100.8 111.2 | 616 228 | 626 190 | 120.0 | 202 60 | 194 69 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa. | 127 | 117 | 108.5 | 31 | 28 |  | 96 | 89 |  | Yokuts | 172 | 130 | 132.3 | 145 | 110 | 131.8 | 21 | 14 |  |
| Kansa. | 133 | 105 | 128.7 | 46 | 25 |  | 87 | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mandan | 107 | 102 | 104.9 | 80 | 85 436 | 103.0 | 27 80 | ${ }_{64}^{17}$ |  | Yuman stock. | 2,301 |  | 116.3 |  |  | 116.1 |  |  |  |
| Omaha | 566 713 | ${ }_{660}$ | 108.0 | 307 | 284 | 108. 1 | 406 | 373 | 108.8 |  | 2,301 | 1,978 |  | 2,149 | 1,851 | 110.1 | 123 | 88 |  |
| Oto. | 181 | 151 | 118.9 | 112 | 99 |  | 69 | 52 |  | Cocopa. | 130 | 115 | 113.0 | 130 | 113 | 115.0 |  | 2 |  |
| Ponca | 432 | 443 | 97.5 | 224 | 237 | 94.5 | 205 | 203 | 101.0 | Diagueno. | 408 | 348 | 117.2 | 312 | 273 | 114.3 | 96 | 75 |  |
| Oklahoma... | 307 | 312 | 98.4 | 186 | 188 | 98.9 | 118 | 121 | 97.5 | Maricopa | 185 | 191 | 102.1 | 189 | 178 | 106.2 | 2 |  |  |
| Quapaw | 115 | 116 | 99. 1 | 26 | 37 |  | 63 | 55 |  | Mohava......... | 585 | 473 | 123.7 | 572 | 466 | 122.7 | , | 8 |  |
| Santee Sioux. | 782 | 757 | 103.3 | 385 | 414 | 83.0 | 397 | 343 64 | 115.7 | Arizona....... | 372 | 295 | 128. 1 | 360 | 291 | 123.7 | 2 | 3 |  |
| Minnesota.. | 113 | 118 | 95.0 | 45 | 5 | 92.5 | 158 | 146 | 104.1 | Walapai. | 212 | 177 | 119.8 | 211 | 174 | 121.3 | 1 | 3 |  |
| Nabraska....- | 349 | 359 170 | ${ }_{122.2}{ }^{9}$ | 197 71 | 213 74 |  | 137 | ${ }^{146}$ |  | Yavapai | 271 158 | 230 | 117.8 117.3 | 262 137 | 223 | 117.5 | 9 | 7 |  |
| Sioux.-...... | 552 | 444 | 124.3 | 271 | 223 | 121.5 | 269 | 208 | 129.3 | Yuma.......... | 435 | 399 | 109.0 | 426 | 390 | 109.2 | 8 | 7 |  |
| South Dakota | 155 | 122 | 127.0 | 47 | 51 |  | 107 | 69 | 1170 | California..... | 338 | 304 | 111.2 | 332 | 286 | 112.2 | 6 | 8 |  |
| Sisseton Sioux. Montana..... | 1,278 | 1,236 125 | 103.4 104.0 | 801 | 830 108 | 96.5 88.9 | $\begin{array}{r}474 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 402 | 117.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Daliota | 294 806 |  | 89.9 | 232 454 | 237 472 | 98.9 97.8 96.2 | $\begin{array}{r}59 \\ 352 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}87 \\ 274 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | Yurok stock. | 327 | 341 | 95.9 | 246 | 282 | 87.2 | 81 | 59 |  |
| South Dakota |  |  | ${ }^{107.9} 9$ |  | 5,363 | 96.2 97.6 |  | 1,755 | $\begin{aligned} & 128.5 \\ & 102.3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taton Sioux.... | 7,100 | 7,184 206 | 98.8 79.6 | ( $\begin{array}{r}5,235 \\ 505\end{array}$ | - 5,363 | 97.6 73.1 | $\begin{array}{r}1,796 \\ \hline 69\end{array}$ | 1,75 -76 |  | Waitspec....... | 327 | 341 | 95.9 | 246 | 282 | 87.2 | 81 | 59 |  |
| S. Dakota.. | 6,868 | 6,927 | 99. 1 | 5,083 | 5,206 | 97.8 | 1,716 | 1,655 | 103.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brula Sioux.- | 415 | 391 | 106. 1 |  |  | 102.4 |  |  |  | Zonlan stock.. | 870 | 797 | 109.2 | 859 | 793 | 108.3 | 11 | 4 |  |
| S. Dakota. | 525 468 | 547 462 | 96.0 101.3 | ${ }_{423}^{471}$ | 448 | 97.5 102.7 | 41 | ${ }_{45}^{59}$ |  | Zumi. | 870 | 797 | 109.2 | 859 | 793 | 108.3 | 11 | 4 |  |

${ }^{3}$ Totals includa Indians for whom tha blood was not reported.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 100 or more females in 1910. Ratio not shown wbere number of females is less than 100.]

| Table 30-Con. <br> sTOGK, TRIBE, AND btate. | indians meported on spectal schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | STOCK, TRIBZ, ANDSTATE. | indians reported on speclal sceedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Full blood. |  |  | Mixed blood. |  |  |  | Total. ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Full blood. |  |  | Mixed blood. |  |  |
|  | Msle. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fe- } \\ \text { male. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fer } \\ \text { males. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Male. | $\underset{\text { male. }}{\text { Fe- }}$ | Males $\begin{gathered}\text { Mas } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { malea. }\end{gathered}$ | Male. | Fe- | Males to 100 fe- males. |  | Male. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fe- } \\ & \text { male. } \end{aligned}$ | Males to 100 Iemales. | Male. | Female. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fo- } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Male. | $\mathrm{Fe}-$ male. | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males } \end{array}\right.$ |
| ALASKA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| atieapagkan日TOCK......... | 2,009 | 1,007 | 105.3 | 1,875 | 1,767 | 106.1 | 134 | 140 | 95.7 | Eskmadan etoce-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Ahtona. | 181 | 136 | 118.4 | 158 | 135 | 117.0 | 3 | 1 |  | Southern Eski- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Knaiakhotans.. | 380 188 | 317 171 | 119.9 | 364 184 | 308 165 | 118.2 111.5 | 16 | 9 6 |  | mo | 1,899 | 1,751 | 108.5 | 1,645 | 1,541 | 106.7 | 254 | 210 | 121.0 |
| Tenankutchin.. | 216 | 199 | 108.5 | 204 | 192 | 106.3 | 12 | 7 |  | Haidan atock... | 281 | 248 | 112.9 | 201 | 176 | 114.2 | 80 | 73 |  |
| Eskimauanjotock | 7,310 | 6,777 | 107.9 | 6,666 | 6, 193 | 107.6 | 644 | 584 | 110.3 | Heids | 281 | 249 | 112.9 | 201 | 176 | 114.2 | 80 | - 73 | ...... |
| Alout.......... | 758 180 | 693 146 | 109.4 123.3 | 523 165 | 476 134 | 109.9 123.1 | 235 15 | 217 | 108.3 | Tlingert stock.... | 2,223 | 2,203 | 100.9 | 1,945 | 1,945 | 100.0 | 278 | 258 | 107.8 |
| Ikogmiut....... | 1374 | 408 | 129.7 | 366 36 | 402 | 91.0 | 8 | 6 |  | Auk. | 143 | 124 | 115.3 | 132 | 110 | 120.0 | 11 | 14 |  |
| Kaviagmiut.... | 120 | 118 | 101.7 | 109 | 100 | 109.0 | 11 | 18 | ..... | Chilket. | 350 | 340 | 102.9 | 318 | 311 | 102.2 | 32 | 28 | …… |
| Kinugumiut.... | 330 301 | 264 260 | 125.0 115.8 | 322 293 | 254 253 | 126.8 115.8 | 8 | 10 |  | Henys............. | 114 | 100 | 114.0 94.1 | ${ }_{288}^{101}$ | 91 304 |  | 13 | 9 | .... |
| Kuskovakmiut. | 212 | 158 | 134.2 | 206 | 155 | 132.9 | 6 | 3 |  | Runa............ | 314 268 268 | 322 268 | 94.1 100.0 | 288 247 | 304 <br> 251 | 94.14 | 17 21 | 17 | …... |
| Kuskwogmiut.. | 741 | 739 | 100.3 | 723 | 724 | 99.9 | 18 | 15 |  | Kake............ | 163 | 159 | 102.5 | ${ }_{141}^{247}$ | 251 | 104.4 | 22 | 24 |  |
| Magomiut. . . . . | 176 | 200 | 88.0 | 176 | 200 | 88.0 |  |  |  | Sitka.............. | 295 | 315 | 94.2 | 248 | 279 | 88.9 | 47 | 34 |  |
| Malemiat....... | $\stackrel{292}{158}$ | 271 | 107.7 | ${ }_{153}^{282}$ | 264 | 106. 8 | 10 | 7 3 | ...... | Yakutat........... | 143 | 164 | 87.2 | 131 | 145 | 90.3 | 12 | 19 | $\ldots$ |
| Nunatogmiut... | 158 161 | 1 | 112.4 | 153 160 | 124 | 123.4 115.1 | 5 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Selawlgmiut.... | 140 | 118 | 118.6 | 140 | 118 | 118. 6 |  |  |  | Tsimshan stock. | 384 | 345 | 111.3 | 333 | 282 | 118.1 | 51 | 63 | ...... |
| Theramiut..... | 159 221 | 161 220 | 98.8 100.5 | 153 211 | 147 210 | 104.1 100.5 | 6 10 | 14 |  | Tsimshian...... | 384 | 345 | 111.3 | 333 | 282 | 118.1 | 51 | 63 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1 Totals include Indians for whom the blood was not reported.

Of the principal stocks in the United States, as given in Table 30, there are nine in which there was an excess of females in 1910. These stocks, with the ratios of males to 100 females, are Shahaptian, 90.4; Kiowan, 90.8; Lutuamian, 91.8; Shastan, 92.2; Caddoan, 94.7; Miwok, 94.7; Waiilatpuan, 94.7 ; Yurok, 95.9; Croatan group, 98.7. For each of the other principal stocks the males exceeded the females in 1910, the largest ratios of males to each 100 females shown being 116.5 and 116.3 for the Wintun and Yuman, respectively. For some of the larger stocks as a whole, but with considerable variations for the respective tribes and particular states under certain tribes, the ratios were as follows: Algonquian, 105.2; Iroquoian, 105.2; Shoshonean, 104.8; Muskhogean, 101.8; Athapaskan, 101.6; and Siouan, 100.9.

The ratio of males to 100 females in the principal stocks and tribes is in general less for the full-bloods than for the mixed-bloods, the most notable exception being the Indians of Iroquoian stock, for whom the ratio for full-bloods was slightly larger than that for the mixed-bloods-106, as compared with 105.2 males to 100 females.

In Alaska there was in each principal stock an excess of males in 1910, the lowest ratio of males to each 100 females being 100.9 , for the Tlingit stock, and the highest 112.9, for the Haidan stock; for the Esquimauan stock the ratio was 107.9, and for the Athapaskan stock it was 105.3.

White and Indian mixed-bloods.-Table 31 shows for 1910 the reported number of males to 100 females
among white and Indian mixed-bloods, by degree of mixture.
Table 31
DEGREE of maxture.

The figures apparently indicate that the excess of males decreases with the increase in the amount of white blood, but since the division by degree of mixture is only approximately accurate no reliable conclusion can be drawn from these proportions.

Full-tribal and mixed-tribal Indians.-The number of males to 100 females is shown in Table 32 for Indians of full-tribal and mixed-tribal blood.

| Table 32 | Meles to 100 femeles among full-blood Indians: 1910. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total inll-blood Indians. | 101. 7 |
| Full-tribal blood.. | 101.2 |
| Mixed-tribal blood | 109.3 110.5 |
| Three or more tribes | 101.7 |
| Tribal blood of one parent unknown. | 92.1 |

From this table appears a predominance of males considerably greater among Indians of mixed-tribal
blood than among those of full-tribal blood. Of those of mixed-tribal blood, however, the Indians representing a mixture of only two tribes show a considerably greater preponderance of males than those representing a mixture of more than two tribes. These differences may be in part due to errors in classification.

Table 33 gives, for the 22 selected states, the number of males to 100 females for Indians of fulltribal and mixed-tribal blood. The excess of males or females among Indians of full-tribal and mixedtribal blood is also shown graphically, by states, in the maps on this page.

| Table 33. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDLANS OF FULL-TRIBAL } \\ & \text { BLOOD. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | INDLANS OF MIXED-TRIBALBLOOD. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male. | Female. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { females. } \end{gathered}$ | Male. | Female. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { females. } \end{gathered}$ |
| United States.... | 70,068 | 69,221 | 101.2 | 5,353 | 4,898 | 109.3 |
| Arizona. | 13, 627 | 12,892 | 105. 7 | 290 | 273 | 106.2 |
| California | 4,841 | 4,792 | 101.0 | 402 | 389 | 108.3 |
| Colorado. | 361 | 342 | 105. 6 | 8 | 7 | ${ }^{2}$ |
| Idaho.. | 1,321 | 1,355 | 97.5 | 99 | 77 | (2) |
| Kansas ${ }^{1}$. | 256 | 155 | 165. 2 | 65 | 36 | (2) |
| Michigan................. | 1, 648 | 1,525 | 108. 1 | 188 | 161 | 116.8 |
| Minnesota............... | 1,899 | 1,933 | 98.2 | 10 | 12 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Mississlppi.............. | 1,577 2,740 | 1,900 2,990 | 115.4 |  |  |  |
| Montana. | 2,740 1,139 | 2,990 1,121 | 91.6 101.6 | 237 17 | 218 | 108.7 |
| Nevada. | 2,084 | 1, 2,099 | 101.6 99.3 | 17 | 16 40 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| New Mexico | 9,996 | 9,730 | 102.7 | 183 | 169 | 108.3 |
| New York.............. | 1,059 | 1,052 | 100.7 | 370 | 342 | 108.2 |
| North Carolins......... | 710 | -669 | 106.1 | 8 | 7 | (2) |
| North Dakota | 764 | 790 | 96.7 | 470 | 469 | 100.2 |
| Oklahoma | 12,318 | 12,293 | 100.2 | 608 | 585 | 103.9 |
| Oregon. | 1,042 | 1,177 | 88.5 | 333 | 329 | 101.2 |
| South Dakot | 5,300 | 5, 734 | 92.4 | 1,152 | 956 | 120.5 |
| Utah... | 1,500 | 1,300 | 115.4 | 48 | 43 | (2) |
| Washingtor | 2,635 | 2,809 | 93.8 | 608 | 619 | 98. 2 |
| Wisconsin. | 2,494 | 2,506 | 99.5 | 125 | 100 | 125.0 |
| W yoming. . . . . . . . . . . . | 592 | 563 | 105.2 | 13 | 6 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Total for 22 states. <br> All other states........ | $\begin{array}{r} 68,903 \\ 1,165 \end{array}$ | 68,327 894 | 100.8 130.3 | 5,296 57 | 4,854 44 | ${ }_{(2)}^{109.1}$ |
| 1 Exclusive of Indians in Haskell Institute, who are included in the total for "All other states." <br> 2 Ratlo not shown, the number of females being less than 100. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 34 ( p .51 ) shows the sex distribution of Indians of full-tribal blood for each of the principal tribes in the United States in 1910 and for particular
states under certain tribes. A similar distribution of Indians of mixed-tribal blood would have but little statistical significance for most of the tribes, since the numbers involved are small.

EXCESS OF MALES OR FEMALES AMONO INDIANS OF FULL TRIBAL BLOOD: 1910.


V1/ Excess of males.
188 Excess of females.
$\square$ Less than 100 Indlans of full-tribal blood reported in state.
EXCESS OF MALES OR FEMALES AMONG INDIANS OF MIXED. TRIBAL BLOOD: 1910.


FRD Excess of males.
[新 Excess of females.
Less than 100 Indians of mixed-tribal blood reportad in state.

MALES TO 100 FEMALES FOR INDIANS OF FULL-TRIBAL BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND STATE: 1910.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Iemales of Iull-tribal blood.]


MALES TO 100 FEMALES FOR INDIANS OF FULL-TRIBAL BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND STATE: 1910Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more females of full-tribal blood.]


## AGE DISTRIBUTION.

The Indian population of the United States and of Alaska is shown by single years of age in Table 38 (p. 57).

In discussing the age distribution of Indians it has been thought best, however, not to attempt a detailed analysis but to confine the discussion to three age groups, those comprising persons under 20 years of age, 20 to 50 years, and 51 years and over, representing, respectively, the young, the intermediate, and the oldest element of the Indian population. The ages of Indians are doubtless reported somewhat less accurately than those of whites, and the ages of Indian women may perhaps be less accurately given than those of the men, but for these broad age groups the numbers are approximately correct for Indians of all classes combined. The figures for the several classes of full-blood and mixed-blood Indians may, however, be affected by errors in classification or by omissions.

All Indians.-A comparison of the ages of the Indian population as returned at the censuses of 1910 and 1900 is given in Table 35.

| Table 35 ( ${ }^{\text {Ther PERIOD. }}$ | indian population. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States. |  | Alaska. |  |
|  | 1910 | 1900 | 1910 | 1900 |
| All ages, number.......... | 265, 683 | 237,196 | 25,331 | 29,536 |
| Under 20 years <br> 20 to 50 years. <br> 61 years and over <br> Age unknown. | 136, 804 | 117,779 | 12,034 | 11,872 |
|  | 95, 967 | 87,888 | 10,923 | 11,324 |
|  | 31, 963 | 26,895 | 2,210 | 1,914 |
|  | 949 | 4, 634 | 164 | 4,426 |
| All ages, per cent. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Únder 20 years <br> 20 to 50 years. <br> 61 years and over <br> Age unknown. | 51.5 | 49.7 | 47.6 | 40.2 |
|  | 36.1 | 37. 1 | 43. 1 | 38.3 |
|  | 120 | 11.3 | 8.7 0.6 | 6.5 15.0 |
|  | 0.4 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 15.0 |

This table shows that in the United States in 1910 over one-half ( 51.5 per cent) of the Indians were under 20 years of age, over one-third ( 36.1 per cent) from 20 to 50 years, and about one-eighth ( 12 per cent) 51 years and over. In 1900 the proportion of young and old persons was slightly less and that of persons of the intervening age group slightly greater than in 1910. In Alaska in 1910 the proportion of young and of old persons was smaller and that of persons in the intermediate age period considerably greater than in the United States. No comparisons can safely be made with the figures for Alaska for 1900, since, as shown by the table, ages were not reported for 15 per cent of the Indians at that census.

The Indian population of the United States in 1910 is distributed by age, by divisions and states, in Table $41^{\prime}$ (p. 59). Table 36 gives the distribution of Indians,
by age groups, for 22 selected states. The proportion in each group is also shown graphically, by states, in the maps on this page and the next.

| Table 36 | All ages: 1910. 1 | UNDER 20 yearsOF AGE. |  | $\begin{gathered} 20 \text { To } 50 \text { years } \\ \text { OF AGE. } \end{gathered}$ |  | 51 tears of age and over. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |
| United States | 265,683 | 136,804 | 51.5 | 95,967 | 36.1 | 31,963 | 12.0 |
| Arizona | 29, 201 | 15,389 | 52.7 | 10,485 | 35.9 | 3,166 | 10.8 |
| California | 16,371 | 7,320 | 44.7 | 6,352 | 38.8 | 2,605 | 15.9 |
| Colorado. | 1,482 | 837 | 56.5 | 474 | 32.0 | 166 | 11.2 |
| Idaho.. | 3,488 | 1,359 | 39.0 | 1,394 | 40.0 | 696 | 20.0 |
| Kansas ${ }^{2}$. | 1,853 | 939 | 50.6 | 704 | 38.0 | 199 | 10.7 |
| Michigan.. | 7,519 | 3,424 | 45.5 | 2,876 | 38.2 | 1,207 | 16.1 |
| Minnesota. | 9, 053 | 4,657 | 51.4 | 3,215 | 35.5 | 1,171 | 12.9 |
| Mississippi | 1,253 | 672 | 53.6 | 452 | 36. 1 | 128 | 10.2 |
| Montana. | 10,745 | 4,994 | 46.5 | 4,063 | 37.8 | 1,677 | 15.6 |
| Nebraska | 3,502 | 1,774 | 56.7 | 1,243 | 35.5 | 480 | 13.7 |
| Nevada. | 5,240 | 2,054 | 39.2 | 2,304 | 44.0 | 803 | 15.3 |
| New Mexico. | 20,573 | 10,834 | 52.7 | 7,584 | 36.9 | 2,124, | 10.3 |
| New York. | 6,046 | 2,737 | 45.3 | 2,453 | 40.6 | 830 | 13.7 |
| North Carolina | 7,851 | 4,316 | 55.0 | 2,713 | 346 | 815 | 10.4 |
| North Dakota. | 6,486 | 3,371 | 52.0 | 2,155 | 33.2 | 945 | 14.6 |
| Oklahoma. | 74,825 | 43, 676 | 58.4 | 25,196 | 33.7 | 5,746 | 7.7 |
| Oregon.. | 5,090 | 2,427 | 47.7 | 1,782 | 35.0 | 871 | 17.1 |
| South Dakota | 19,137 | 8,563 | 44.7 | 7,000 | 36.6 | 3,534 | 18.5 |
| Utah... | 3,123 | 1,407 | 45. 1 | 1,250 | 46. 0 | 425 | 13. 6 |
| Wrshington | 10,997 | 5,055 | 46.0 | ${ }^{4,023}$ | 36.6 | 1,837 | 16.7 |
| Wisconsin.. | 10, 142 | 5,093 | 50.2 | 3,633 | 35.8 | 1,381 | 13. 6 |
| W yoming...... | 1,486 | 667 | 44.9 | 610 | 41.0 | 205 | 13.8 |
| Total for 22 | 255,463 | 131,565 | 51.5 | 91, 961 | 36.0 | 31,011 | 12.1 |
| Allother states | 10,220 | 5,239 | 51.3 | 4,006 | 38.2 | 952 | 9.3 |

[^2]The proportion under 20 years of age varied from 39 per cent in Idaho and 39.2 in Nevada to 58.4 in Oklahoma; the proportion 20 to 50 years of age was lowest in Colorado ( 32 per cent), and highest in Nevada ( 44 per cent); the proportion 51 and over was lowest in Oklahoma ( 7.7 per cent), and highest in Idaho (20 per cent).

PROPORTION OF INDIANS UNDER 20 YEARS OF AGE: 1910.


[^3]30 to 40 per cent.
[1] 40 to 50 per cent. 60 per cent and over.

PROPORTION OF INDIANS 20 TO 50 YEARS OF AGE： 1910.

（2IZ Under 10 per cent．
10 to 20 per cent．
展逐 20 to 30 per cent．

EDA 30 to 40 per cent．
（IT 40 to 50 per cent．
－ 50 per cent and over．
in state．
PROPORTION OF INDIANS 51 YEARS OFAGE AND OVER： 1910.


E／त 30 to 40 per cent．
PTVI Under 10 per cent．
［I］ 40 to 50 per cent．
原要 20 to 30 per cent．
50 per centand over．
$\square$ Less than 100 Indians In state．

Table 37 shows，for the United States and Alaska， the age distribution of each of the principal stocks and tribes，as reported in 1910．The age distribution is also shown，for each principal tribe in the United States in 1910，in the following diagram：

AGE DISTRIBUTION OF INDIANS IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE： 1910.


## AGE DISTRIBUTION OF INDIANS, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910.

[This table shows each stock and tribe heving 200 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 37 | indians meported on aprchal schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | stock and tribe. | indians reported on spectal schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| atoci and tribe. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages: } \\ & 1910 . \end{aligned}$ | Under 20 years of age. |  | 20 to 50 yearsof age. |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages: } \\ & \text { 1910. } \end{aligned}$ | Under 20 years of age. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { to } 50 \text { years } \\ & \text { of age. } \end{aligned}$ |  | 51 years of age and over |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { ber. }}{\substack{\text { Num. }}}$ | Per oent. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { ber. }}{\substack{\text { Num- }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num. } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Par } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | Num- ber. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES.

[This table shows eacb stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1010.]

| Table 37-Contd. <br> stock and tribe. | nduns reported on special schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | gTOCK AND tRIBE. | indans reportid on gpeclal schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \substack{\text { agess: } \\ \text { 1910. }} \end{gathered}$ | Under 20 years of age. |  | 20 to 50 yearsof age. |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages: } \\ & \text { 1910. } \end{aligned}$ | Under 20 yearo of age. |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. | Num- | Per |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\text { Per }}{ }$ | $\underset{\text { ber. }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Per cent. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ner. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cont. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline siodan stock.. \& 32,941 \& 15,215 \& 46.2 \& 11,957 \& 36.3 \& 5,687 \& 17.3 \& Warashan stock \& 388 \& 176 \& 45.4 \& 125 \& 32.2 \& 84 \& 21.6 \\
\hline Assinlboin. \& -1,253 \& 545 \& 43.5 \& 459 \& \({ }^{36.6}\) \& 249 \& 19.9 \& Makah.. \& 360 \& 169 \& 46.9 \& 110 \& 30.6 \& 78 \& 21.7 \\
\hline Crow...... \& 1,799 \& 747
307 \& \({ }_{66.1}^{41.5}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
676 \\
164 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} \& 37.6 \& 374 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Iowa... \& 244 \& 137 \& - 56.1 \& 86 \& 35.2 \& 20 \& 8.2 \& Washoan stock. \& 819 \& 311 \& 38.0 \& 382 \& 46.6 \& 117 \& 14.3 \\
\hline Mandan. \& \({ }_{209}^{238}\) \& \({ }_{94}\) \& 45.0 \& 67 \& 32.1 \& 47 \& 22.5 \& \& \& 311 \& 38.0 \& 382 \& 46.6 \& 117 \& 14.3 \\
\hline Omaha. \& 1,105 \& 581 \& 52.6 \& 387 \& 35.0 \& 134 \& 12.1 \& Washo. \& 819 \& 311 \& 38.0 \& 382 \& 46.6 \& \& 14.3 \\
\hline Osage... \& 1,373 \& 795
169 \& 57.9
50.8 \& 467 \& 34.0
38.0 \& 106
34 \& 7.7
10.2 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Ponca... \& 875 \& 462 \& 52.8 \& 316 \& 36.1 \& 97 \& 11.1 \& Wintun stock. \& 710 \& 11 \& . 8 \& 272 \& 38.3 \& 128 \& 17.7 \\
\hline Santee Sioux. \& 1,539 \& \({ }_{744}\) \& \({ }_{48.3}\) \& 518 \& \({ }_{33.7}^{29.0}\) \& 276 \& \({ }_{17.9}\) \& Wintun. \& 399 \& 181 \& 45.4 \& 150 \& 37.6 \& 67 \& 16.8 \\
\hline Sloux. \& 2996 \& 1.108 \& 47.0 \& 416 \& \({ }^{41.8}\) \& 111 \& 11.1 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Teton Sioux. \& 14,284 \& 6,387 \& 44.7 \& 5,237 \& 36.7 \& \({ }_{2,640}^{473}\) \& 18.8. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Brule Sioux. \& 806 \& 342 \& 42.4 \& 302 \& 37.5 \& 162 \& 20.1 \& Yokuts stock \& 533 \& 233 \& 43.7 \& 230 \& 43.2 \& 69 \& 12.9 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Hunkpapa Sioux. \\
Minniconjou
\end{tabular} \& 1,072 \& 443 \& 41.3 \& 444 \& 41.4 \& \& 17. \& Yokuts. \& 302 \& 128 \& 42.4 \& 130 \& 43.0 \& 44 \& 14.6 \\
\hline Oglala Sioux...... \& 6,045 \& 2,810 \& \({ }_{46.5}\) \& 2,222 \& \({ }_{36.8}^{34.3}\) \& 1,006 \& \({ }_{16.6} 8\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Sons Are Sloux... \& 222 \& \({ }^{2} 122\) \& 55.0 \& \({ }^{63}\) \& 28.4 \& \({ }^{37}\) \& 16.7
16 \& Yuman stocie \& 4,279 \& 1,885 \& 44.1 \& 1,601 \& 37.4 \& 733 \& 17.1 \\
\hline Two Kettie Sioux \& \({ }_{293}^{485}\) \& 130 \& \({ }_{44.4}\) \& 105 \& \({ }_{35.8}\) \& \({ }_{58}\) \& 21.8
19.8 \& Сосора. \& 245 \& \& \& \& \& 29 \& \\
\hline Other Teton Sioux \& 4,964 \& 2,202 \& 44.4 \& 1,773 \& 35.7 \& 977 \& 19.7 \& Dieguen \& 756 \& 377 \& 49.9 \& \& 34.5 \& \({ }^{115}\) \& \\
\hline Yannebago...... \& 21,820 \& \({ }_{905}^{830}\) \& \({ }_{43.3}^{45.6}\) \& \({ }_{749} 7\) \& \(\underset{35.9}{38.2}\) \& \({ }_{428}\) \& 14.9
20.5
20.5 \& Maricopa \& 1, 358. \& \({ }_{434}^{189}\) \& \({ }_{41.0}\) \& 392 \& \({ }_{37.1}^{35.2}\) \& 190 \& 18.0 \\
\hline Yanktonai Sioux... \& 1,357 \& 561 \& \({ }_{41.3}\) \& 488 \& 36.0 \& 305 \& 22.5 \& Walapai \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,601 \\ 289 \\ \hline 80\end{array}\) \& \({ }_{133}^{254}\) \& 51.7
46.7
46.0 \& 159
92
9 \& 31.7
31.7
31.8 \& 87
59
59 \& 17.4
20.4 \\
\hline Tanoan stock.. \& 3,140 \& 1,389 \& 44.2 \& 1,363 \& 43.4 \& 385 \& 12.3 \& Yuma.. \& 834 \& 317 \& 38.0 \& 362 \& 43.4 \& 154 \& 18.5 \\
\hline Isleta Jemez. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
956 \\
499 \\
\hline 98
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{311}^{374}\) \& 39.1
42.3

4.3 \& | 453 |
| :--- |
| 225 |
| 1 | \& ${ }_{45}^{47.4}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}129 \\ 63 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ \& 13.5

12.6
12.6 \& Yorok stock \& 668 \& 297 \& 44.5 \& 253 \& 37.9 \& 116 \& 17.4 <br>
\hline Santa Clara \& $\stackrel{3}{377}$ \& 137 \& $\begin{array}{r}49.5 \\ 49.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1115 \& 41.5 \& $\stackrel{41}{25}$ \& 9.6
9.0 \& Weitspec. \& ${ }^{668}$ \& 297 \& 44.5 \& 253 \& 37.9 \& 116 \& 17.4 <br>
\hline Taos........ \& 517 \& 261 \& 50.5 \& 188 \& 36.4 \& 67 \& 13.0 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wamatpuan stock. \& 329 \& 150 \& 45.6 \& 111 \& 33.7 \& 67 \& 20.4 \& Zunian atock \& 1,687 \& 745 \& 44.7 \& 685 \& 41.1 \& 228 \& 13.7 <br>
\hline Cayu \& 298 \& 139 \& 46.6 \& 96 \& 32. \& 62 \& 2.8 \& zund \& 1,667 \& 745 \& 44.7 \& 685 \& 1 \& 228 \& 13.7 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

ALASKA.

| athapaskan stock | 3,916 | 1,795 | 45.8 | 1,832 | 46.8 | 289 | 7.4 | Eskimatan brock- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Abtena. | 297 | 125 | 42.1 | 141 | 47.5 | 31 | 10.4 | Yuit.......i... | 292 | 116 | 39.7 | 134 | 45.9 | 42 | 14.4 |
| Knaiakhotana. | 697 359 | 336 <br> 163 <br> 1 | 48.2 45.4 | 307 164 18 | 44.0 | $\stackrel{54}{32}$ | 7.7 8.9 | Southern Eskimo... | 3,650 | 1,732 | 47.5 | 1,606 | 44.0 | 290 | 7.9 |
| Tenankutchin... | 415 | 66 | 44.8 | 195 | 47.0 | 34 | 8.2 | Hadina atock. | 530 | 273 | 51.5 | 201 | 37.9 | 52 | 9.8 |
| Egromatan stocis | 14,087 | 6,640 | 47.1 | 6,195 | 44.0 | 1,104 | 7.8 | Haida. | 530 | 273 | 51.5 | 201 | 37.9 | 62 | 9.8 |
| Aleut | 1,451 | 757 | ${ }_{5}^{52.2}$ | 575 <br> 131 | 39.6 | 111 | 7.6 | Tlingit stock | 4,426 | 1,999 | 45.2 | 1,883 | 42.5 | 541 | 12.2 |
| Ikograiut. | 782 | 358 | 45.8 | 367 | 46.9 | 57 | 7.3 | Auk. | 267 | 102 | 38.2 | 143 | 53.6 | ${ }^{22}$ | 8.2 |
| Kariagmiut. | 238 | 121 | 50.8 | 99898989 | 41.6 | 18 | 7.6 | Chilikat | 690 | 284 | 41.2 | 318 | 46.1 | 88 | 12.8 |
| Kinugumiut. | 594 | 274 | 46.1 | 268 266 | 45.1 | ${ }_{40}^{52}$ | 8.8 | Henya | 214 625 | 102 | 47.7 | 88 | 41.1 | 24 | 11.2 |
| Kowagmiut.: | ${ }_{370}^{561}$ | ${ }_{217}^{255}$ | 58.6 | ${ }_{134}^{208}$ | ${ }_{36.2}$ | 19 | 5.1 | Hutsnuwu | $\stackrel{5}{536}$ | 257 254 | 47.3 | ${ }_{210}^{20}$ | ${ }_{39.2}^{42.9}$ | 72 | 13.6 |
| Kuskwogmiu | 1,480 | 681 | 46.0 | $\begin{array}{r}690 \\ \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 46. 6 | 109 | 7.4 | Kake. | 322 | ${ }^{153}$ | 47.5 | 117 | ${ }^{36 .} 3$ | 52 | 16.1 |
| Mapemiut. | ${ }_{563}$ | 285 | ${ }_{50.6}$ | ${ }_{228}$ | 4 | 40 | 7.1 | Yakutat. | 608 307 | 275 148 | 45.2 48.2 | 142 | 38.2 46.3 | 100 17 | ${ }_{5.5}^{16.4}$ |
| Nunatogmiut. | 285 | 106 | 37.2 | 143 | 50.2 | ${ }_{23}^{27}$ | 9.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Selawigmiut. | 258 | 97 | 37.6 | 144 | 55.8 | 17 | 6.6 | Tsimshinn stock | 729 | 385 | 50.1 | 262 | 35.9 | 102 | 14.0 |
| Tikeramiut. | 320 441 | 127 232 | 39.7 52.6 | 153 176 | 47.8 39.9 | 38 33 | 11.9 7.5 | Tsimshian | 729 | 365 | 50.1 | 262 | 35.9 | 102 | 14.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Totals include Indians of unknown age.

For the Muskhogean and Iroquoian stocks the proportion under 20 years of age was very high- 58.2 and 58.1 per cent, respectively-with a comparatively low proportion for those 20 to 50 years of age, and the lowest proportion of all for those 51 years of age and over, being in the latter age group 6.6 and 8.6 per cent, respectively. There were also six other of the larger stocks in which the number under 20 years of age con-
stituted more than half their entire number in 1910, namely, Kiowan, 56.3; Croatan, 56.1; Athapaskan, 55.7; Caddoan, 51.3; Piman, 51.2; and Algonquian, 50.2 per cent. For Alaska in 1910 the number under 20 years of age constituted more than 50 per cent for the two smaller stocks, and somewhat more than 45 per cent for the three larger stocks, namely, Athapaskan, 45.8; Eskimauan, 47.1; and Tlingit, 45.2 per cent.

DISTRIBUTION BY SINGLE YEARS OF AGE OF THE INDIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910.

| Table 38. | unted states. |  |  | alaska. |  |  | AGE. | UNITED STATES. |  |  | alaska. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Both sexes. | Male. | Fermale. | Both sexes. | Male. | Female. |  | Both sexes. | Male. | Female. | Both sexes. | Male. | Female. |
| All ages <br> Under 5 years. | 265,683 | 135,133 | 130,550 | 25,331 | 12,995 | 12, $33^{6}$ | 50 to 54 years.. | 9,343 | 4,914 | 4,429 | 863 | 470 | 398 |
|  | -0,384 | $\frac{20,202}{4}-20,182$ |  | 4,127 | 2,087 | 2,040 | 50 years....................... <br> 51 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 4,061 \\ & 1,179 \\ & 1,485 \\ & 1,247 \\ & 1,371 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 2,046 \\ 628 \\ 856 \\ 676 \\ 708 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,015 \\ 651 \\ 629 \\ 571 \\ 663 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 465 \\ & 102 \end{aligned}$ | 255 | 210 |
| Under 1 year | 8,216 | 4,127 | 4,0893,847 | 845 | 411 | 434 |  |  |  |  |  | 654451 | 58 |
| 1 year. | 7,618 | 3,771 |  | 787 | 383 | 404 |  |  |  |  | 121 81 81 |  | 37 |
| 2 years. | 8,3508,2327,068 | 4,2254,069 | 4,1254,163 | $\begin{aligned} & 845 \\ & 825 \end{aligned}$ | 431428 | 414397 |  |  |  |  | 94 | 51 | 43 |
| 3 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $54 \text { years................................ }$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 years. | 7,968 | 4,010 | 3,958 | 825 | 434 | 391 | 55 to 59 years. | 7,171 | 3,706 | 3,465 | 543 | 270 | 273 |
| 5 to 9 years. | 36,541 | 18,349 | 18,192 | 3,160 | 1,608 | 1,552 | 55 years............ |  | 1,122 | 1,122 | 205 | 109 | 96 |
| 5 years. | 7,634 | 3,847 | 3,787 | 740 | 377 | 363331 | 57 years. <br> 58 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 2,244 \\ & 1,515 \\ & 1,111 \\ & 1,332 \\ & 969 \end{aligned}$ | 1,810 807 | $\begin{array}{r}1705 \\ 504 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91 \\ & 83 \\ & 86 \end{aligned}$ | 41 | 38 |
| 6 years. | 7,814 | 3,875 | 3,939 | 664 | 333 |  |  |  | 682 | 650 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ | 49 |
| 7 years. | 7,369 | 3,727 | 3, 642 | 618 | 309 | 309 |  |  | 485 | 484 | $\begin{aligned} & 86 \\ & 78 \end{aligned}$ |  | 40 |
| 8 years. | 7,2656,459 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,658 \\ & 3,242 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 , 6 0 7} \\ & 3,217 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 629 \\ & 509 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 330 \\ & 259 \end{aligned}$ | 299250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 years.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,524 | 3,332 | 3,192 | 552 | 273 | 279 |
| 10 to 14 years. | 31,393 | 16,199 | 15,194 | 2,250 | 1,206 | 1,044 | 60 years <br> 61 years. | $\begin{array}{r} 3,383 \\ 725 \\ 871 \\ 817 \\ 728 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,680 \\ 379 \\ 477 \\ 419 \\ 377 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,703 \\ \hline 346 \\ 394 \\ 398 \\ 351 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 341 \\ 64 \\ 58 \\ 49 \\ 40 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 162 \\ 28 \\ 34 \\ 29 \\ 20 \end{gathered}$ | 17936242020 |
| 10 years. | 6,983 | 3,562 | 3,421 | 497 | 270 | 227 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 years. | 5,412 | 2,821 | 2,591 | 379 | 194 | 185 | 63 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 years. | 6,815 | 3,486 | 3,329 | 482 | 265 | 217 | 64 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 years. | 6,452 | 3,357 | 3,095 | 437 | 229 | 208 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 years.. |  |  |  |  | 248 | 207 | 65 to 69 years | 4,482 | 2,259 | 2,223 | 285 | 161 | 124 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 28,486 | 14,612 | 13,874 | 2,497 | 1,285 | 1,212 | 65 years. <br> 66 years. $\qquad$ <br> 67 years. $\qquad$ <br> 68 years. <br> 69 y ears. <br> 70 to 74 years. $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,898 \\ 592 \\ 723 \\ 783 \\ 486 \\ \\ \\ \\ 3,382 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 946 \\ & 306 \\ & 344 \\ & 409 \\ & 254 \\ & \\ & 1,561 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{9 5 2} \\ & 286 \\ & 379 \\ & 374 \\ & 232 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 142 \\ 37 \\ 50 \\ 33 \\ 23 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 84 \\ 24 \\ 26 \\ 18 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \\ & 13 \\ & 24 \\ & 15 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ <br> 98 |
| 15 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 5,794 \\ & 6,793 \\ & 5,199 \\ & 6,242 \\ & 5,158 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,990 \\ & 3,113 \\ & 2,652 \\ & 3,213 \\ & 2,644 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,804 \\ & 2,980 \\ & 2,547 \\ & 3,029 \\ & 2,514 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 509 \\ & 492 \\ & 467 \\ & 548 \\ & 481 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 284 \\ & 265 \\ & 232 \\ & 232 \\ & 269 \\ & 235 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 225 \\ & 227 \\ & 235 \\ & 279 \\ & 246 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,821 | 208 | 108 |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 21,844 | 11,265 | 10,579 | 2,325 | 1,138 | 1,187 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,886 \\ 336 \\ 441 \\ 395 \\ 324 \\ \\ \\ \hline, 105 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 882 \\ & 148 \\ & 203 \\ & 182 \\ & 146 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,004 \\ 188 \\ 238 \\ 213 \\ 178 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 136 \\ 16 \\ 23 \\ 16 \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 76 \\ 7 \\ 9 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60 \\ 9 \\ 14 \\ 8 \\ 7 \end{array}$ |
| 20 years. | 5,743 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 , 8 0 4} \\ & \mathbf{2 , 2 5 9}, 82 \\ & \mathbf{2 , 2}, 286 \\ & \mathbf{1 , 9 8 3} \\ & \mathbf{1}, 933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,939 \\ & 1,787 \\ & 2,106 \\ & 1,878 \\ & 1,869 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 639 \\ & 422 \\ & 460 \\ & 397 \\ & 407 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 296 \\ & 228 \\ & 237 \\ & 191 \\ & 186 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 343 \\ & 194 \\ & 223 \\ & 206 \\ & 221 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 years. | 4,046 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 years. | 4,392 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 years. | 3,881 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 years. | 3,802 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 983 | 1,122 | 99 | 52 | 47 |
| 25 to 29 years. | 18, 137 | 9,237 | 8,900 | 2,104 | 1,090 | 1,014 |  | 970 | 454 | 516 | 63 | 32 | 31 |
| 25 years. | 4,746 | 2,388 | 2,358 | 585 | 300 | 285 | 77 years.............. | 236 | 107 | 129 | 7 | 2 | 5 |
| 26 years.. | 3,529 | 1,781 | 1,748 | 379 | 196 | 183 | 78 years. | 335 206 | 168 96 | 187 | 12 9 | 7 | 3 |
| 27 years. | 3,066 | 1,619 | 1,447 | 372 458 | 188 | 184 | 79 years. | 206 | 96 |  | 9 |  |  |
| 28 years. | 3,925 | 1,949 | 1,976 | 458 310 | 164 | 146 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 years. | 2,871 | 1,500 | 1,371 | 310 | 164 |  | 80 to 84 years | 1,565 | 695 | 870 | 73 | 33 | 40 |
| 30 to 34 years. | 15,243 | 7,756 | 7,487 | 1,875 | 929 | 946 | 80 years. | 1,005 | 443 | $\begin{array}{r}562 \\ 59 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 48 5 | 27 | 21 4 |
| 30 years. | 5,543 | 2,701 | 2,842 | 782 | 378 | 404 | 82 years. | 195 | 90 | 105 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 1 | 3 |
| 31 years. | 2,050 | 1,080 | 970 1 1,349 | ${ }_{321}^{262}$ | 140 | 122 | 88 years. 84 years. | 117 | 60 46 | 71 | 9 | 2 |  |
| 32 years. | 2, 818 | 1,469 | 1,349 | 321 257 | 161 120 | 160 137 | 84 years. | 117 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 years. | 2,333 $\mathbf{2 , 4 9 9}$ | 1,245 | 1,238 | 253 | 130 | 123 | 85 to 89 year | 691 | 394 | 387 | 19 | 8 | 11 |
| 34 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 85 years. | 371 | 168 |  |  |  | 8 |
| 35 to 39 years. | 14,834 | 7,721 | 7,113 | 1,676 | 875 | 801 | 86 years. | 86 | 33 | 63 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 35 years. | 4,258 | 2,154 | 2,104 | 627 | 341 | 286 | 88 years. | 65 | 24 | 41 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 36 years. | 2,836 | 1,406 | 1,230 | 273 | 135 | 138 | 89 years.. | 71 | 35 | 36 | 2 |  | 2 |
| 37 years. | 2,341 | 1,227 1,666 | 1,114 | 246 339 | 178 | 161 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 years. | 3,203 $\mathbf{2 , 3 9 6}$ | 1, 1,268 | 1,128 | 191 | 85 | 106 | 99 to 94 years. | 458 | 185 | 273 | 17 | 5 | 12 |
| , |  |  |  |  |  |  | 90 years. | 339 | 138 | 201 | 13 | 5 | 8 |
| 40 to 44 years. | 11,961 | 6,126 | 5,835 | 1,405 | 739 | 666 | 91 years. | 30 <br> 34 | 10 12 | 20 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 762 | 401 | 361 | 93 years. | 30 | 13 | 17 |  |  |  |
| 40 years. | 5,010 1,505 | 2,488 | 2, 718 | 168 | 89 | 79 | 94 years......... | 25 | 12 | 13 | 3 |  | 3 |
| 41 y years. | 2,086 | 1,113 | 973 | 182 | 104 | 78 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 years. | 1,733 | 895 | 838 | 152 | 83 62 | 69 79 | 95 to 99 years. | 187 | 93 | 94 | 9 | 5 | 4 |
| 44 years. | 1,627 | 863 | 764 |  |  |  | 95 years. | 119 | 66 | 53 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 570 | 503 | 96 years. | 17 | . 6 | 11 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 45 to 49 years. | 9,887 | 5,103 | 4, 784 | 1,073 | 570 |  | 97 years. | ${ }_{22}^{15}$ | 13 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 45 years. | 3,329 | 1, 687 | 1,642 | 454 |  | 206 78 | 99 years. | 14 | 4 | 10 |  |  |  |
| 46 years. | 1,568 | 830 | 738 642 | 166 | 88 77 | 75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 years. | 1,404 1,981 | 979 | 1,002 | 188 | 101 | 87 | 100 years and over | 116 | 50 481 | 66 468 | 164 | 78 | 88 |
| 48 years.. | 1,605 | 845 | 760 | 113 | 56 | 57 | Age unknown. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Full-blood and mixed-blood Indians.-Table 40 shows for the United States as a whole and for Alaska the distribution by age groups of the Indian population, classified by sex and by the different mixtures of blood; and Table 41 shows for divisions and states a similar age distribution of the aggregate Indian population and of the full-bloods and mixed-bloods separately.
Table 39 shows, in percentages, the age distribution of Indians classified according to mixture of blood.

The fact that stands out most prominently is the high proportion of young persons among the mixedbloods as compared with the full-bloods. A similar difference is to be noted between the mixed-tribal bloods and the full-tribal bloods. In both cases the difference may be accounted for in part by the fact that mixed marriages had not become common until within comparatively recent years. Another reason for the predominance of the young element among the mixed-bloods is no doubt found in the greater fertility
of mixed marriages, which is discussed later (p.157). It is evident that differences noted among the several states with respect to the age distribution of Indians may be due in part to differences in the extent to which mixed marriages have taken place.


INDIANS IN THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910.

| Table 40 <br> MIXTURE OF BLOOD. | Both sexes. |  |  |  |  | Male. |  |  |  |  | FEmale. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totel. | Under 20 years of age. | 20 to 50 years of age | 51 years of age and over. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Age un- } \\ & \text { kgnow. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Total. | Under 20 years of age. | 20 to 50 years of age. | 51 years of age and over over. | Age un- | Total. | Under 20 years of age. | 20 to 50 years of age. | 51 years of age and over. | Age un- known. |
| United States. $\qquad$ <br> Full blood. | 265,683 | 136,804 | 95,967 | 31,963 | 949 | 135,133 | 69,362 | 49,254 | 16,036 | 481 | 130, 550 | 67,442 | 48,713 | 15,927 | 468 |
|  | 150,053 | 67,129 | 58,304 | 24,019 | 601 | 75,667 | 34, 200 | 29,415 | 11,757 | 295 | 74,388 | 32, 929 | 28,889 | 12,262 | 306 |
| Full tribal. | 139,289 | 60,973 | 55,081 | 22,665 | 570 | 70,068 | 31,081 | 27,639 | 11,067 | 281 | 89, 221 | 29,892 | 27,442 | 11,598 | 289 |
| Mixed tribal. | 10,251 | 5,879 | 3,069 | 1,279 | 24 | 5,353 | 2,981 | 1,702 | 659 | 11 | 4,898 | 2,898 | 1,367 | 11,520 | 13 |
| Two tribes..... | 8, 924 | 4,822 | 2,824 | 1,255 | 23 | 4,684 | 2,454 | 1,570 | 849 | 11 | 4,240 | 2,368 | 1,264 | 606 | 12 |
| Three or more tribes. | 1,327 | 1,057 | 245 |  | 1 | 669 | 527 | 132 | 10 |  | 658 | 530 | 113 | 14 | 1 |
| known | 513 | 277 | 154 | 75 | 7 | 246 | 138 | 74 | 31 | 3 | 267 | 139 | 80 | 44 | 4 |
| Mixed blood.......................... | 93,423 | 68,553 | 29,008 | 5,726 | 138 | 48,157 | 29,612 | 15,295 | 3,178 | 74 | 45, 268 | 28,941 | 13,713 | 2,550 | 62 |
| White and Indian. Less than half white. | $\begin{aligned} & 88,030 \\ & 18,169 \\ & 24,353 \\ & 43,937 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55,586 \\ & 11,993 \\ & 12,003 \\ & 30,520 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27,096 \\ 6,083 \\ 9,950 \\ 11,636 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 , 2 4 3} \\ & 1,080 \\ & 2,350 \\ & 1,746 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 105 \\ 13 \\ 50 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45,348 \\ 9,488 \\ 12,644 \\ 22,427 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,100 \\ 6,151 \\ 5,981 \\ 15,437 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,293 \\ 2,694 \\ 5,330 \\ 6,022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,900 \\ 608 \\ 1,304 \\ 949 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 5 \\ 29 \\ 19 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42,682 \\ 8,711 \\ 81,709 \\ 21,510 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27,486 \\ 5,842 \\ 6,022 \\ 15,083 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,803 \\ 2,389 \\ 4,620 \\ 5,614 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,343 \\ 472 \\ 1,048 . \\ 797 \end{array}$ | 50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| Half white, half Indian...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
| More than half white ......... <br> Unknown proportions, in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| ture............... | 1,571 | 1,070 | 427 | 67 | 7 | 819 | 531 | 247 | 39 | 2 | 752 | 539 | 180 | 28 | 5 |
| Negro and Indian. | 2,255 | 1,229 | 827 | 193 | 8 | 1,222 | 654 | 439 | 124 | 6 | 1,033 | 575 | 388 | 69 | 1 |
| Less than half Negro | 717 | 406 | 248 | 62 | 1 | 396 | 218 | 137 | 40 |  | 321 | 188 | 111 | 22 |  |
| Half Negro, half Indian | 729 | 299 | 334 | 92 | 4 | 396 | 160 | 175 | 58 |  | 333 | 139 | 159 | 34 | 1 |
| More than half Negro. | 780 | 507 | 236 | 37 |  | 415 | 267 | 123 | 25 |  | 365 | 240 | 113 | 12 |  |
| Unknown proportions.. | 29 1,793 | ${ }_{1}^{17}$ | 527 |  | 1 | 15 | 9 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 8 | 6 | 1 |  |
| Negro, white and Indian....... | 1,793 | 1,113 | 527 | 146 | 7 | 912 | 549 | 272 | 86 | 6 | 881 | 564 | 255 | 60 | 2 |
| Indian.......................... | 464 | 213 | 202 | 49 |  | 239 | 108 | 110 | 21 | . | 225 | 105 | 92 | 28 |  |
| Other races and Indian | 80 | 57 | 19 | 4 |  | 37 | 22 | 12 | 3 | ... | 43 | 35 | 7 | 1 |  |
| Polynesian.. | 42 | 25 | 13 | 4 |  | 19 | 10 | 8 | 3 |  | 23 | 15 | 7 | 1 | ........ |
| Filipino.. | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | ${ }_{3}$ | 6 |  |  | 18 | 12 | 6 |  |  | 17 3 | 17 |  |  |  |
| Mixture unknown. | 801 | 355 | 337 | 91 | 18 | 399 | 179 | 169 | 42 | 9 | 402 | 176 | 168 | 49 | 9 |
| Blood not reported: On spenial Indian schedule...... On general population schedule. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,661 \\ 18,546 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 , 5 8 9} \\ & 9,533 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,427 \\ & 7,228 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 537 \\ 1,681 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108 \\ & 104 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 , 8 3 0} \\ & 9,479 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 805 \\ 4,745 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 700 \\ 3,844 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 261 \\ & 842 \end{aligned}$ | 6448 | $\stackrel{1,831}{9,087}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 784 \\ 4,788 \end{array}$ | 727$\mathbf{3 , 3 8 4}$ | 278839 | 4466 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alaska | 25,331 | 12,034 | 10,923 | 2,210 | 164 | 12,995 | 6,186 | 8,596 | 1,135 | 78 | 12,336 | 5,848 | 6,327 | 1,075 | 88 |
| Full blood. | 21,444 | 9,329 | 0,910 | 2,054 | 151 | 11,049 | 4,839 | 5,082 | 1,058 | 70 | 10,395 | 4,490 | 4,828 | 996. | 81 |
| Mixed blood.......................... | 3,887 | 2, 705 | 1,013 | 156 | 13 | 1,948 | 1,347 | 514 | 77 | 8 | 1,941 | 1,358 | 499 | 79 | 5 |
| White and Indian. | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 3,843 \\ 43 \\ 9 \\ 34 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,664 \\ 40 \\ 8 \\ 32 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,010 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | 156 | 13 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,927 \\ 18 \\ 4 \\ 14 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 1,329173141 |  | 77 | 8 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,918 \\ 25 \\ 5 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,335 \\ 23 \\ 5 \\ 18 \end{array}$ | 4972$\cdots \cdots .$.$\ldots$ | 79 | 5 |
| Other races and Indian |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Japanese. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixture unknown |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

INDIANS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY DIVISIONS AND STATES, AND IN ALASKA, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PURITY OF BLOOD AND AGE PERIODS: 1910.


Table 42 shows, for each of the 22 selected states, the age distribution of Indians of full blood and of mixed blood; respectively, and Table 43 gives a similar distribution for each principal stock and tribe in the

United States and Alaska. The number of Indians in each stock and tribe in the United States and Alaska in 1910 is distributed in detail according to mixture of blood, sex, and age in Tables 51 (p. 123) and 52 (p. 154).

| Tuble 42 <br> state. | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { ages: } \\ 1910 . \end{gathered}$ | UNDER 20 TEARS OF AGE. |  | 20 TO 50 YEARS OF AOE |  | 51 yEARS OF AOE and ovee. |  | State. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AIl } \\ & \text { ages: } \\ & \text { 1910. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { UNDER } 20 \text { YEARS } \\ \text { OF AGE. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { To } 50 \text { years } \\ & \text { OF AQE. } \end{aligned}$ |  | 51 teara of age AND OVER. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber: } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  |  | Num. ber. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Ner. }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Por cent. | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | indians of full blood. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indians of mixed blood. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States.. | 150,053 | 67,129 | 44.7 | 58,304 | 38.9 | 24,019 | 16.0 | United States. | 93,423 | 58,553 | 62.7 | 29,008 | 31.1 | 5,728 | 6.1 |
| Arizona. | 27,087 | 14,340 | 52.9 | 9,634 | 35.6 | 2,979 | 11.0 | Arizona. | 414 | 283 | 68.4 | 114 | 27.5 | 16 | 3.9 |
| Colorado | 10,493 | 4,007 351 | 38.2 48.9 | $\begin{array}{r}4,149 \\ \\ \\ \hline 154\end{array}$ | 39.5 35.4 | 2,266 112 | 21.6 15.6 | Caliiornia | 4,217 50 | $\begin{array}{r}2,641 \\ \hline 37\end{array}$ | 62.6 74.0 | 1,443 7 7 | 34.2 14.0 | 123 6 | 2.9 12.0 |
| Idaho... | 2,864 | 1,021 | 35.6 | 1,154 | 40.3 | 655 | 22.9 | Idaho. | 514 | 308 | 69.9 | 187 | 36.4 | 17 | 3.3 |
| Kansas ${ }^{2}$ | 516 | 189 | 36.6 | ${ }^{2} 24$ | 43.4 | 96 | 18.6 | Kansas ${ }^{2}$. | 889 | 508 | 57.1 | 317 | 35.7 | 63 | 7.1 |
| Michigan. | 3,528 | 1,338 | 37.9 | 1,424 | 40.4 | 757 | 21.5 | Michigan. | 3, 218 | 1,717 | 53.4 | 1,148 | 35.7 | 351 | 10.9 |
| Minnesota. | 3,859 | 1,638 | 42.4 | 1,455 | 37.7 | 763 | 19.8 | Minnesota. | 4,886 | 2,882 | 59.0 | 1,627 | 33.3 | 374 | 7.7 |
| Mississippi............ | 1,077 | 576 | 63.5 | 394 | 36.6 | 107 | 9.9 | Mississippi | 90 | 55 | 61.1 | , 26 | 28.9 | 9 | 10.0 |
| Montana. | 5,204 | 2,301 | 37.1 | 2,508 | 40.4 | 1,391 | 22.4 | Montana. | 3,895 | 2,376 | 61.0 | 1,317 | 33.8 | 198 | 5.1 |
| Nebraska. | 2,294 | 996 1,583 | 43.4 36.9 | 2,881 | 38.4 | 413 | 18.0 | Nebraska | 939 508 | ${ }_{6}^{629}$ | 67.0 67.1 | 265 164 | 28.2 32.3 | $\begin{array}{r}45 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4.8 0.6 |
| New Mexico | 20,085 | 10,561 | 32.6 | 7,421 | 36.9 | 2,078 | 10.3 | New Mexico | 175 | 120 | 88.6 | 47 | 26.9 | 8. | 4.6 |
| New York. | 2,850 | 1,260 | 44.2 | 1,140 | 40.0 | 2, 440 | 15.4 | New York. | 2,028 | 1,025 | 50.5 | 758 | 37.4 | 241 | 11.9 |
| North Carolina......... | 1,394 | 635 | 45.6 | 541 | 38.8 | 213 | 15.3 | North Carolina | 5,855 | 3,325 | 56.8 | 1,992 | 34.0 | 536 | 9.2 |
| North Dakota. | 2,499 | 1,002 | 40.1 | 901 | 36.1 | 587 | 23.5 | North Dakot | 3, 561 | 2,171 | 61.0 | 1,086 | 30.5 | 300 | 8.4 |
| Oklahoma | 25, 887 | 11,501 | 44.4 | 11,069 | 42.8 | 3,198 | 12.4 | Oklahoma. | 44,288 | 29,385 | 66.3 | 12,572 | 28.4 | 2,275 | 5.1 |
| Oregon... | 2,901 | 1,050 | 36.2 | 1,102 | 38.0 | 744 | 25.6 | Oregon. | 1,668 | 1,125 | 67.4 | 475 | 28.5 | 65 | 3.9 |
| South Dakota. | 13,247 | 5,085 | 38.4 | 4,987 | 37.6 | 3,149 | 23.8 | South Dakot | 5,408 | 3,241 | 59.9 | 1,840 | 34.0 | 317 | 5.9 |
| Utah | 2,900 | 1,300 | 44.8 | 1,165 | 40.2 | 409 | 14.1 | Utah. | 105 | 61 | 58.1 | 36 | 34.3 | 4 | 3.8 |
| Washingtod | 6,770 | 2, 613 | 38.6 | 2,532 | 37.4 | 1,568 | 23.2 | Washington | 3,019 | 1,875 | 62.1 | 980 | 32.5 | 147 | 4.9 |
| Wisconsin. | 5,249 | 2,275 | 43.3 | 1,988 | 37.9 | 957 | 18.2 | Wisconsin | 4,330 | 2,531 | 58.5 | 1,418 | 32.7 | 376 | 8.7 |
| Wyoming. | 1,174 | 490 | 41.7 | - 498 | 42.4 | 182 | 15.5 | Wyoming | 284 | 171 | 60.2 | 97 | 34.2 | 16 | 5.6 |
| Total for 22 states. | 147,883 | 66,112 | 44.7 | 57,358 | 38.8 | 23,816 | 16.1 | Total for 22 states.. | 90,341 | 56,807 | 62.9 | 27,916 | 30.9 35.4 | 5,490 | 6.1 |
| All other states. | 2,170 | 1,017 | 46.9 | 946 | 43.6 | 203 | 9.4 | All other states | 3,082 | 1,746 | 56.7 | 1,092 | 35.4 | 236 | 7.7 |

${ }^{1}$ Totals include Indians of unknown age.
${ }^{2}$ Exclusive of Indians in Haskell Institute, who are included in the total for "All other states."
AGE DISTRIBUTION OF INDIANS OF FULI BLOOD AND OF MIXED BLOOD, FOR EAOH P RINOIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Tndians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 43 l | Induns of full blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | INDLANS OF MIXED BLOOD: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20 years of age. |  | 20 to 80 years ofage. |  | 51 years of age and over. |  | Under 20 years ofage. |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |
|  | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. |

UNTTED STATES.

| Algonquian stock. | 7,386 | 40.2 | 7,384 | 40.1 | 3,578 | 19.4 | 13,047 | 58.5 | 7,430 | 33.3 | 1,821 | 8.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho.. | 537 | 41.0 | 567 | 43.2 | 195 | 14.9 | 73 | 67.6 | 35 | 32.4 |  |  |
| Cheyenne. | 1,011 | 38.0 | 1,102 | 41.4 | 543 | 20.4 | 187 | 58.6 | 119 | 37.3 | 13 | 4.1 |
| Chippewa. | 2,806 | 40.3 | 2,699 | 38.7 | 1,453 | 20.8 | 7,615 | 58.0 | 4,375 | 33.3 | 1,138 | 8.7 |
| Cree....... | ${ }_{106}^{8}$ | 38.0 | ${ }_{121}^{23}$ | 43.4 | 59 | 18.3 | 247 | 59.1 66.5 | 1138 | 32.1 28.1 | 36 34 | 8.6 |
| Gros Ventres. | 153 | 39.2 | 185 | 42.3 | 71 | 18.2 | 78 | 65.5 | 40 | 33.6 | 1 | 0.8 |
| Kickapoo.. | 89 | 37.1 | 108 | 45.0 | 39 | 16.3 | 70 | 65.4 | 31 | 29.0 | 6 | 6.6 |
| Mashpee.... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 86 | 42.0 | 89 | 43.4 | 30 | 14,6. |
| Menominee. | 276 | 39.2 | 258 | 36.6 | 170 | 24.1 | 464 | 64.8 | 201 | 28.1 | 61 | 7.1 |
| Miami. | 26 | 44.1 | 19 | 32.2 | 14 | 23.7 | 94 | 56.6 | -53 | 31.9 | 19 | 11.4 |
| Ottawa. | 694 | 40.3 | 681 | 39.6 | 341 | 19.8 | 571 | 67.3 | 332 | 33.3 | 92 | 9.2 |
| Passamaquoddy | 118 | 40.0 | 128 | 43.4 | 49 | 16.6 | 34 | 37.4 | 45 | 49.5 | 12 | 13.2 |
| Penobscot.. | 12 | 14.1 | 41 | 48.2 | 32 | 37.6 | 91 | 50.3 | 65 | 35.9 | 24 | 13.3 |
| Piegan.... | 536 | 44.2 | 475 | 39.1 | 202 | 16.6 | 649 | 61.6 | 372 | 35.3 | 32 | 3.0 |
| Potawatomi. | 428 | 44.6 | 357 | 37.2 | 170 | 17.7 | 906 | 61.3 | 474 | 32.1 | 97 | 6.6 |
| Sauk and Fox. | ${ }_{223}^{251}$ | 45.9 41.7 | 229 236 | 41.9 | ${ }_{76} 6$ | 11.9 | 110 | 64.3 | 50 | 29.2 | 11 | 6.4 |
| Stockbridges.. | 59 | 32.1 | 84 | 45.7 | 41 | 22.3 | 184 | 54.1 | 119 | 35.0 | 37 | 4.9 10.9 |
| Athapaskan stock. | 15,720 | 55.6 | 9,601 | 34.0 | 2,857 | 10.1 | 698 | 66.8 | 322 | 30.8 | 25 | 2.4 |
| Apacbe. | 1,867 | 49.1 | 1,383 | 36.4 | 544 | 14.3 | 90 | 70.9 | 33 | 26.0 | 4 |  |
| Hupa.... | 118 | 34.2 | 126 | 36.5 | 101 | 29.3 | 179 | 60.9 | 105 | 35.7 | 10 | 3.4 |
| Jicarilla Apache. | 329 | 47.4 | 261 | 37.6 | 104 | 15.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mescalero Apache. | 184 | 44.8 | 141 | 34.3 | 86 | 20.9 | 10 |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |
| Navajo. | 12,991 | 58.2 | 7,433 | 33.3 | 1,804 | 8.1 | 73 | 73.7 | 25 | 25.3 | 1 | 1.0 |
| Rogue River. | ${ }_{11}^{80}$ | 35.9 13.4 | 6.5 31 | 29.1 37.8 | 77 40 | 34.5 | 109 | 68.1 | 48 | 30.0 | 3 | 1. 9 |
| Wailaki. | 11 | 13.4 | 31 | 37.8 | 40 | 48.8 | 99 | 68.3 | 45 | 31.0 | 1 | 0.7 |
| Caddoan stock. | 766 | 48.7 | 610 | 38.8 | 193 | 12.3 | 185 | 66.8 | 73 | 26.4 | 17 | 6.1 |
| Arikara. | 183 | 49.2 | 130 | 34.9 |  | 15.6 |  | 62.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Caddo. | 177 | 52.7 | 128 | 38.1 | 31 | 9.2 | 79 | 68.1 | 33 | 28.4 | 2 | 1.7 |
| Pawnee. | 240 | 44.1 | 238 | 43.8 | 62 | 11.4 | 51 | 66.2 | 20 | 26.0 | 6 | 7.8 |
| Wichita. | 162 | 52.6 | 107 | 34.7 | 39 | 12.7 | 9 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Chmakuan stock. | 116 | 40.6 | 112 | 39.2 | 56 | 19.6 | 16 |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |
| Quileute | 95 | 39.6 | 92 | 38.3 | 51 | 21.3 | 16 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |

## AGE DISTRIBUTION OF INDIANS OF FULL BLOOD AND OF MIXED BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910-Continued.

[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]


AGE DISTRIBUTION OF INDIANS OF FULL BLOOD AND OF MIXED BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 43-Continued. <br> stock and tribe. | indians of full blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | Indlans of mixed blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20 years of age. |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  | 51 years of age and over. |  | Under 20 years of age. |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  | 51 years of ege end over. |  |
|  | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Salishan stock. | 1,957 | 39.1 | 1,825 | 36.5 | 1,192 | 23.8 | 1,748 | 63.7 | 880 | 32.0 | 110 | 4.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chehalis. | 88 | 43.8 | 63 | 31.3 | 50 | 24.9 | 57 | 70.4 | 22 | 27.2 | 2 | 2.5 |
| Clallam. | 114 | 45.2 | 103 | 40.9 | 32 | 12.7 | 98 | 67.1 | 47 | 32.2 |  |  |
| Coeur d'Alene. | 106 | 44.9 | 79 | 33.5 | 48 | 20.3 | 21 |  | 13 |  |  |  |
| Columbia | 97 | 33.2 | 123 | 42.1 | 65 | 22.3 | 64 | 72.7 | 22 | 25.0 | 1 | 1.1 |
| Colville- | 124 | 35.9 | 134 | 38.8 | 86 | 24.9 | 257 | 58.8 | 1.57 | 35.9 | ${ }_{13}^{23}$ | 5.3 |
| Flathead. | 79 | 38.3 | 83 | 40.3 | 44 | 21.4 | 178 | 63.6 | 89 | 31.8 | 13 | 4.6 |
| Kalispel. | 113 | 31.3 | 142 | 39.3 | 106 | 29.4 | 127 | 62.9 | 66 | 32.7 | 9 | 4.5 |
| Lummi. | 102 | 51.0 | 62 | 31.0 | 36 | 18.0 | 123 | 80.4 | 29 | 19.0 | 1 | 0.7 |
| Okinagan. | 51 | 42.1 | 47 | 38.8 | 22 | 18.2 | 70 | 51.9 | 51 | 37.8 | 14 | 10.4 |
| Puyallup. | 73 | 41.0 | 72 | 40.4 | 33 | 18.5 | 74 | 62.2 | 37 | 31.1 | 7 | 5.9 |
| Quinaielt. | 86 | 39.3 | 81 | 37.0 | 52 | 23.7 | 43 | 62.3 | 24 | 34.8 | 2 | 2.9 |
| Sanpoil. | 58 | 32.2 | 77 | 42.8 | 42 | 23.3 | 23 |  | 11 |  | 5 |  |
| Snohomish | 212 | 44.9 | 153 | 32.4 | 101 | 21.4 | 118 | 62.1 | 68 | 35.8 | 4 | 2.1 |
| Spokan | 128 | 31.3 | 151 | 36.9 | 125 | 30.6 | 139 | 59.7 | 81 | 34.8 | 13 | 5.6 |
| Suquamish | 66 | 37.3 | 65 | 36.7 | 45 | 25.4 | 95 | 73.1 | 32 | 24.6 27.8 | 2 | 1.5 |
| Swinomish. | 121 | 43.4 | 95 | 34.1 | 63 | 22.6 | 38 | 70.4 | 15 | 27.8 | 1 | 1.9 |
| Sharaptian stock. | 1,159 | 34.4 | 1,355 | 40.2 | 811 | 24.1 | 606 | 60.7 | 329 | 33.0 | 60 | 6.0 |
| Klikitat. | 117 | 34.9 | 133 | 39.7 | 84 | 25.1 | 36 | 56.3 | 26 | 40.6 | 2 | 3.1 |
| Nez Perces. | 319 | 32.9 | 364 | 37.5 | 260 | 26.8 | 169 | 61.2 | 91 | 33.0 | 14 | 5.1 |
| Umatilla. | 61 | 27.9 | 94 | 42.9 | 61 | 27.9 | 29 | 54.7 | 16 | 30.2 | 8 | 15.1 |
| Wallawalla. | 36 | 28.6 | 50 | 39.7 | 40 | 31.7 | 168 | 62.0 | 85 | 31.4 | 18 | 6.6 |
| Warm Springs. | 211 | 39.2 | 203 | 37.7 | 124 | 23.0 | 7 |  | 5 |  |  |  |
|  | 371 | 35.6 | 443 | 42.5 | 213 | 20.4 | 194 | 61.2 | 104 | 32.8 | 18 | 5.7 |
| Smastan stock. | 479 | 41.2 | 438 | 37.7 | 221 | 19.0 | 266 | 64.4 | 136 | 32.9 | 9 | 2.2 |
| Hat Creek. | 83 | 37.7 | 79 | 35.9 | 56 | 25.5 | 12 |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Pit Rlver. | 369 | 43.9 | 326 | 38.8 | 124 | 14.7 | 93 | 64.6 | 47 | 32.6 | ${ }_{7}$ | 1.4 |
| Shasta.. | 27 | 26.7 | 33 | 32.7 | 41 | 40.6 | 161 | 64.7 | 81 | 32.5 | 7 | 2.8 |
| Shobhonean stock. | 5,969 | 40.7 | 6,179 | 42.1 | 2,455 | 16.7 | 1,241 | 64.4 | 610 | 31.6 | 65 | 3.4 |
| Bannook. | 101 | 31.3 | 139 | 43.0 | 83 | 25.7 | 48 | 53.3 | 37 | 41.1 | 5 | 5.6 |
| Cbemehuev | 115 | 36.5 | 130 | 41.3 | 70 | 22.2 | 24 |  | 15 |  | 1 |  |
| Comanche | 281 | 38.2 | 316 | 42.9 | 127 | 17.3 | 256 | 62.9 | 119 | 29.2 | 29 | 7.1 |
| Hopi... | 1,003 | 50.0 | 825 | 41.1 | 176 | 8.8 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Kawia. | 294 | 41.9 | 271 | 38.6 | 136 | 19.4 | 33 | 63.5 | 19 | 36.5 |  |  |
| Mono... | 494 | 40.7 | 525 | 43.2 | 184 | 15.1 | 155 | 69.5 | 62 | 27.8 | 2 | 0.9 |
| Paviotso. | ${ }_{971} 28$ | 42.1 36.4 | 265 1,196 | 39.3 | 117 | 17.4 | 47 | 60.3 | 25 | 32.1 | 5 | 6.4 |
| San Luiseno | 139 | 39.6 | 1,143 | 40.7 | 488 67 | 19.1 | 77 | 67.0 | ${ }_{34}$ | 29.6 | 3 | 2.8 |
| Shoshoni. | 1,269 | 38.1 | 1,422 | 42.7 | 630 | 18.9 | 316 | 62.6 | 177 | 35.0 | 12 | 2.4 |
| Ute.. | 925 | 43.8 | 847 | 40.1 | 325 | 15.4 | 77 | 68.8 | 31 | 27.7 | 1 | 0.9 |
| Stouna stock. | 8,786 | 39.0 | 8,609 | 38.2 | 5,075 | 22.5 | 6, 221 | 62.8 | 3, 165 | 32.0 | 503 | 5.1 |
| Assiniboin. | 250 | 31.5 | 310 | 39.1 | 233 | 29.4 | 291 | 65.1 | 145 | 32.4 | 11 | 2.5 |
| Crow.. | 409 | 32.9 | 512 | 41.2 | 319 | 25.7 | 274 | 69.2 | 111 | 28.0 | 11 | 2.8 |
| Hidatsa | 216 | 51.7 | 131 | 81.3 | 67 | 16.0 | 91 | 70.5 | 33 | 25.6 | 3 | 2.3 |
| Towa. | 21 | 35.6 | 28 | 47.5 | 10 | 16.9 | 116 | 62.7 | 58 | 31.4 | 10 | 5.4 |
| Kansa. | 31 | 43.7 | 28 | 39.4 | 10 | 14.1 | 123 | 73.7 | 39 | 23.4 | 5 | 3.0 |
| Mandan. | 61 | 37.0 | 57 | 34.5 | 46 | 27.9 | 33 |  | 10 |  | 1 |  |
| Omaha. | 436 | 49.3 | 324 | 36.6 | 122 | 13.8 | 104 | 72.2 | 36 | 25.0 | 4 | 2.8 |
| Osage... | 268 | 45.3 | 253 | 42.8 | 70 | 11.8 | 526 | 67.5 | 212 | 27.2 | 36 | 4.6 |
| Oto... | 99 | 46.9 | 84 | 39.8 | 27 | 12.8 | 70 | 57.9 | 42 | 34.7 | 7 | 5.8 |
| Ponca... | 189 | 41.0 | 181 | 41.0 | 83 | 18.0 | 269 | 65.9 | 125 | 30.6 | 14 | 3.4 |
| Quapaw. | 37 | 58.7 | 21 | 33.3 | 5 | 7.9 | 88 | 74.6 | 26 | 22.0 | 4 | 3.4 |
| Santee Sioux. | 303 | 37.9 | 278 | 34.8 | 217 | 27.2 | 441 | 59.6 | 240 | 32.4 | 59 | 8.0 |
| Sloux-........ | 183 | 37.0 | 231 | 46.7 | 79 | 16.0 | 272 | 57.0 | 178 | 37.3 | 27 | 5.7 |
| Slsseton Sioux. | 560 | 34.3 | 644 | 39.5 | 423 | 25.9 | 545 | 62.2 | 282 | 32.2 | 49 | 5.6 |
| Teton Sioux... | 4,176 | 39.4 | 3,987 | 37.6 | 2,419 | 22.8 | 2, 161 | 60.9 | 1,195 | 33.7 | 192 | 5.4 |
| Brule Sioux ...... | 219 366 | 36.9 38 | ${ }_{410}^{222}$ | 37.4 | 158 | 25.6 | 123 | 58.0 | 180 | 37.7 | 9 | 4.2 |
| Hunkpapa Sioux.. | 366 124 | 38.4 35.1 | 410 | 43.0 33.7 | 178 109 | 18.7 | 74 | 67.9 | 29 | 26.6 | 6 | 5.5 |
| Oglala Sioux.... | 1,680 | 40.3 | 1,571 | 37.7 | 913 | 31.9 | 1,096 |  | 12 |  | 4 |  |
| Sans Anc Sioux. | 18 | 28.1 | 22 | 34.4 | 24 | 37.5 | 104 | -68.4 | 620 39 | 34.6 25.7 | ${ }_{9}$ | 4.2 5.9 |
| Sihasapa. | 111 | 33.3 | 130 | 39.0 | 92 | 27.6 | 76 | 53.1 | 57 | 39.9 | 10 | 7.0 |
| Two Kettle Sioux. | 46 | 32.2 | 56 | 39.2 | 41 | 28.7 | 84 | 57.5 | 48 | 3.9 | 14 | 9.6 |
| Other Teton Sioux. | 1,612 | 40.4 | 1,457 | 36.5 | 910 | 22.8 | 587 | 61.0 | 310 | 32.2 | 64 | 6.7 |
| Winmebaqo.... | 671 | 43.5 | 599 | 38.8 | 250 | 16.2 | 159 | 57.4 | 97 | 35.0 | 21 | 7.6 |
| Yankton Sioux. | 453 | 33.6 | 498 | 36.9 | 393 | 29.2 | 441 | 61.4 | 241 | 33.6 | 34 | 4.7 |
| Yanktonai Sioux. | 422 | 36.9 | 425 | 37.2 | 295 | 25.8 | 139 | 66.2 | 63 | 30.0 | 7 | 3.3 |
| tanoan stock. | 1,314 | 43.7 | 1,320 | 43.9 | 368 | 12.2 | 65 | 64.4 | 30 | 29.7 | 6 | 5.9 |
| Isleta... | 346 | 38.7 | 431 | 48.2 | 117 | 13.1 | 18 |  | 9 |  | 1 |  |
| Jemez. . | ${ }_{175}^{211}$ | 42.3 45.8 | 165 | 45.1 43.2 | 63 | 12.6 | 18 |  | - |  |  |  |
| Santa Clara | 130 | 48.5 | 113 | 42.2 | $\stackrel{41}{25}$ | 10.7 9.3 | 7 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Taos... | 254 | 49.9 | 187 | 36.7 | 67 | 13.2 | 7 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Wamlatroan stock. | 111 | 41.4 | 94 | 35.1 | 63 | 23.5 | 39 | 65.0 | 17 | 28.3 | 3 | 5.0 |
| Cayuse.. | 110 | 43.3 | 85 | 33.5 | 59 | 23.2 | 29 |  | 11 |  | 2 |  |

[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 43-Continued. <br> gTOCK AND TRIBE. | INDIANS OF FULL BLOOD: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | INDIANS OF MIXED BLOOD: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20 years of age. |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  | 61 years of age and over. |  | Under 20 years of age. |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |
|  | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. |
| UNITED STATES-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WAKASEAN STOCK. <br> Makah | 159 | 44.0 | 115 | 31.9 | 84 | 23.3 | 17 |  | 10 |  |  |  |
|  | 157 | 45.8 | 104 | 30.4 | 78 | 22.8 | 12 | . | 6 | -...-...-. |  | -.-........ |
| Washoan stock. | 206 | 32.0 | 318 | 49.5 | 116 | 18.0 | 105 | 61.8 | 64 | 37.6 | 1 | 0.6 |
| Fragho... | 206 | 32.0 | 318 | 49.6 | 116 | 18.0 | 105 | 61.8 | 64 | 37.6 | 1 | 0.6 |
| Wintun stock. | 70 | 24.8 | 105 | 37.2 | 106 | 37.6 | 213 | 57.1 | 146 | 39.1 | 14 | 3.8 |
| Wintun. | 20 | 16.5 | 44 | 36.4 | 56 | 46.3 | 161 | 57.9 | 106 | 38.1 | 11 | 4.0 |
| Yokute miock. | 163 | 40.6 | 175 | 43.6 | 62 | 15.5 | 59 | 56.7 | 42 | 40.4 | 3 | 2.9 |
| Yokuts. | 106 | 41.6 | 109 | 42.7 | 40 | 15.7 | 17 |  | 16 |  | 2 | -....-.... |
| YUMAN ATOCK. | 1,698 | 42.6 | 1,531 | 38.3 | 721 | 18.0 | 165 | 74.7 | 50 | 22.6 | 6 | 2.7 |
| Cocopa. | 103 | 42.4 | 104 | 42.8 | 29 | 11.9 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Diegueno... | 253 | 43.2 | 220 | 37.6 | 109 | 18.6 | 124 | 72.5 | 41 | 24.0 | 6 | 3.6 |
| Maricopa... | 178 | 48.5 41.2 | 130 388 | 35.4 <br> 37.4 | 58 189 | 15.8 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | ............ |
| Walapai. | 240 | 49.5 | 157 | 32.4 32.4 | +87 | 17.9 17.9 | - 14 |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Yavapai. | 117 | 45.7 | 77 | 30.1 | 58 | 22.7 | 4 |  | 1 |  |  | .......... |
| Yuma..... | 302 | 37.0 | 361 | 44.2 | 152 | 18.6 | 15 |  | 1 |  | --..-..... | -......... |
| YUROK etock. | 198 | 37.5 | 214 | 40.5 | 114 | 21.6 | 99 | 70.7 | 39 | 27.9 | 2 | 1.4 |
| Weitspec................. | 198 | 37.6 | 214 | 40.5 | 114 | 21.6 | 99 | 70.7 | 39 | 27.9 | 2 | 1.4 |
| ZUNLAN ${ }^{\text {atock. }}$ | 733 | 44.4 | 682 | 41.3 | 228 | 13.8 | 12 |  | 3 |  |  | -......... |
| Zuni.a. | 733 | 44.4 | 682 | 41.3 | 228 | 13.8 | 12 |  | 3 | -- |  |  |

AIAGKA.


Sex ratios, by age groups.-Table 44 shows the number of Indian males to 100 Indian females, by age groups, in the United States and Alaska in 1910.

| Table 44 | males to 100 females IN THE INDIAN POPULATION: 1910. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States. | Alaska. |
| All ages. | 103.5 | - 105.3 |
| Under 20 years. | 102.8 | 105.8 |
| 20 to 50 years. .- | 105. 4 | 105. 0 |
| 51. years and over.. | 100.7 | 105.6 |

It appears that in the United States in 1910 the reported excess of males was greatest in the group 20 to 50 years of age. In Alaska the proportion of the sexes varied little in the different age groups.

Table 45 shows, for each of the 22 selected states, the number of males to 100 females in each age group, while similar statistics for each principal stock and tribe in the United States and Alaska are presented in Table 46 (p. 65). The excess of males or females in each age group is also shown graphically, by states, in the maps on this page.

| Table 45 <br> sTate. | INDIAN POPULATION: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20 years of age. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  |
|  | Male. | $\underset{\text { male. }}{\text { Fe- }}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Male. | $\underset{\text { male. }}{\text { Fe- }}$ | Males to 100 fa- males. | Male. | Fe male. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| United States.... | 69,362 | 67,442 | 102.8 | 49,254 | 46, 713 | 105. 4 | 16,036 | 15,927 | 100.7 |
| Arlzons. | 7,965 | 7,424 | 107. 3 | 5,351 | 5, 134 | 104.2 | 1,647 | 1,519 | 108.4 |
| California | 3,702 | 3, 618 | 102. 3 | 3,293 | 3,059 | 107.6 | 1,319 | 1,286 | 102, 6 |
| Colorado | 465 | 372 | 125.0 | 253 | 221 | 114.5 | 89 | 77 | (1) |
| Idaho. | 700 | 659 | 106. 2 | 705 | 689 | 102.3 | 345 | 351 | 98.3 |
| Kansas ${ }^{2}$ | 514 | 425 | 120.9 | 432 | 272 | 150.8 | 117 | 82 | (1) |
| Michigan | 1,765 | 1, 659 | 106. 4 | 1,555 | 1,321 | 117.7 | 641 | 566 | 113.3 |
| Minnesota | 2,411 | 2,246 | 107.3 | 1,615 | 1,600 | 100.9 | 545 | 626 | 87.1 |
| Mississippi | 355 | 317 | 112.0 | 235 | 217 | 108.3 | 79 | 4.9 | (1) |
| Montana. | 2,525 | 2,469 | 102.3 | 2,123 | 1,940 | 109.4 | 734 | 943 | 77.8 |
| Nebraska | 902 | 872 | 103. 4 | 634 | 609 | 104.1 | 240 | 240 | 100.0 |
| Nevada. | 1,031 | 1,023 | 100.8 | 1,146 | 1,158 | 99.0 | 414 | 389 | 106. 4 |
| New Mexico | 5,386 | 5,448 | 98.9 | 3,911 | 3, 673 | 106. 5 | 1,109 | 1,015 | 109. 3 |
| New York | 1,318 | 1, 419 | 92.9 | 1,281 | 1,172 | 109.3 | 462 | 368 | 125. 5 |
| North Carolina | 2, 181 | 2, 135 | 102.2 | 1, 336 | 1,377 | 97.0 | 443 | 372 | 119.1 |
| North Dakota. | 1, 634 | 1,737 | 941 | 1, 129 | 1,026 | 110.0 | 455 | 490 | 92.9 |
| Oklahoma | 22,107 | 21, 569 | 102. 5 | 12,525 | 12, 671 | 98.8 | 2,949 | 2,797 | 105.4 |
| Oregon. | 1,245 | 1, 182 | 105. 3 | ${ }^{912}$ | 870 | 104. 8 | , 374 | 1497 | 75.3 |
| South Dakota | 4,336 | 4, 227 | 102. 6 | 3,541 | 3,459 | 102.4 | 1,646 | 1,888 | 87.2 |
| Utah | 747 | 660 | 113. 2 | 668 | 582 | 1148 | 234 | 191 | 122.5 |
| Washingto | 2,547 | 2,508 | 101. 6 | 2,046 | 1,977 | 103.5 | 862 | 975 | 88.4 |
| Wisconsin | 2,542 | 2,551 | 99.6 | 1,928 | 1,705 | 113.1 | 738 | 643 | 114.8 |
| Wyoming. | 928 | 339 | 96.8 | 325 | 285 | 114.0 | 105 | 100 | 105. 0 |
| Total for 22 states.. <br> All other states. | 65, 706 | 64, 859 | 102.8 | 46,944 | 45, 017 | 1043 | 15, 547 | 15,464 | 100.5 |
|  | 2,656 | 2,583 | 102.8 | 2,310 | 1,696 | 136.2 | 488. | 463 | 105. 6 |

[^4]EXCESS OF MALES OR FEMALES AMONG INDIANS UNDER 20 YEARS OF AGE: 1910.


TCA Excess of males. Excess of females. Number Identical. $\square$ Less than 100 Indlans under 20 years of age in state.

EXCESS OF MALES OR FEMALES AMONG INDIANS 20 TO 50 YEARS OF AGE: 1910.


VIA. Excess of males. Excess of females. WID Number Identical. $\square$ Less than 100 Indians 20 to 50 years of age in state:.
EXCESS OF MALES OR FEMALES AMONG INDIANS 51 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1910


V/2. Excess of males. Excess of females. $\square$ Less than 100 Indlans 51 years of age and over in state.

MALES TO 100 FEMALES IN EACH AGE GROUP, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910.
[This table shows each stook and tribe having 200 or more Indians ln 1910. Ratio not shown whera number of famales is less than 100.]

| Table 46 <br> stock and tribe. | indians reported on speclal schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | stock and tribe. | indians reported on spectal sceedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Undar 20 years of aga. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of aga. |  |  | 51 yaars of aga and over. |  |  |  | Undar 20 yaars of aga. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of ags. |  |  | 51 years of ags and ovar. |  |  |
|  | Mala. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Fe}- \\ \text { mals. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { for } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Mala. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Fe}- \\ \text { male. } \end{gathered}$ | Males to 100 foles males | Mala. | $\underset{\text { mals. }}{\text { Fe- }}$ | Malas to 100 fer males. |  | Male. | Fe- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Malas } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Male. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fo- } \\ & \text { mala. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Malas } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Mala. | Fe- | Males $\begin{gathered}\text { Ma } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { majes. } \\ \text { me }\end{gathered}$ |

UNITED STATES.

| Algonquian stock | 10,418. 1 | 10,141 | 102.7 | 7,831 | 7,082 | 110.6 | 2,722 | 2,713 | 100.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho. | 307 | 303 | 101.3 | 312 | 290 | 107.6 | 98 | 97 |  |
| Chayenna. | 637 | 595 | 107.1 | 619 | 827 | 98.7 | 252 | 319 | 79.0 |
| Chippewa | 5,298 | 5,188 | 102.5 | 3, 700 | 3, 419 | 108.2 | 1, 314 | 1,292 | 101.7 |
| Cree.. | 118 | 138 | 85.5 | 84 | 73 |  |  |  |  |
| Delawar | 271 | 256 | 105.9 | 150 | 151 | 99.3 | 34 | 51 |  |
| Gros Vent | 108 | 124 | 87.1 | 119 | 86 |  | 30 | 42 |  |
| Kickapoo. | 91 | 68 |  | 78 | 62 |  | 24 | 21 |  |
| Mashpee.. | 44 | 43 |  | 52 | 37 |  | 15 | 15. |  |
| Menomin | 376 | 364 | 103.3 | 267 | 194 | 137.6 | 123 | 98 |  |
| Miami. | ${ }_{60}^{60}$ | ${ }_{60}^{80}$ | 110.8 | 524 | 29 | 107.2 | 237 | 196 | 120.9 |
| Passamaqu | 69 | 83 |  | 95 | 78 |  | 33 | 28. |  |
| Penohscot | 51 | 52 |  | 58 | 48 |  | 31 | 25. |  |
| Piogan | 590 | 595 | 99.2 | 430 | 418 | 102.9 | 102 | 132 | 77.3 |
| Potawaton | 725 | 609 | 119.0 | 491 | 341 | 144.0 | 150 | 118 | 127.1 |
| Sauk and | 186 | 180 | 103.3 | 149 | - 131 | 113.7 | 42 | 34. |  |
| Shawnee. | 337 | 404 | 83.4 | 230 | 250 | 92.0 | 59 | 57. |  |
| Stockhridges | 128 | 124 | 103.2 | 102 | 101 | 101.0 | 40 | 38 |  |
| ATEAPASKAN STOCK | 8,674 | 8,258 | 105.1 | 5,148 | 5,230 | 98.4 | 1,457 | 1,551 | 93.9 |
| Apacha. | 1,286 | 1,151 | 111.7 | 917 | 937 | 97.9 | 305 | ${ }^{86}$ | 83.3 |
| Hupa : | 152 | 145 | 104.8 | 106 | 125 | 84.8 |  |  |  |
| Jicarilla Apacha | 167 | 162 | 103.1 | 138 | 129 | 102.3 | 28 | 59. |  |
| Navajo...... | 8,683 | 6,413 | 104.2 | 3,712 | 3,761 | 98.7 | 910 | 898 | 101.3 |
| Rogus Riv | 107 | 82 |  | 59 | 54 |  | 40 | 40 |  |
| Wailak | 50 | 80 |  | 38 | 38 |  | 17 | 24 |  |
| Caddoan stock | 451 | 504 | 89.5 | 341 | 347 | 98.3 | 108 | 105 | 102.9 |
| Arikara | 104 | 124 | 83.9 | 72 | 7 |  | 32 | 35 |  |
| Caddo. | 128 | 128 | 100.0 | 82 | 79 |  | 19 | 14 |  |
| Pawnee | 142 | 153 | 92.8 | 127 | 136 | 93.4 | 3 | 36 |  |
| Wichita. | 74 | 97 |  | 55 | 53 |  | 21 | 18 |  |
| Cumarioar stock | 76 | 56 |  | 52 | 62 |  | 25 | 33 |  |
| Quilaute | 63 | 48 |  | 42 | 51 |  | 23 | 30 |  |
| Cemrookan stock | 217 | 195 | 111.3 | 170 | 184 | 103.7 | 70 | 75 |  |
| Chinook | 78 | 90 |  | 62 | 47 |  | 20 | 18 |  |
| Wasco.. | 60 | 47 |  | 45 | 39 |  | 22 | 28 |  |
| Wishram | 58 | 45 |  | 55 | 66 |  | 25 | 22 |  |
| Croatan g | 1,643 | 1,650 | 99.6 | 968 | 1,054 | 91.8 | 298 | 246 | 121.1 |
| Croatan | 1,643 | 1,850 | 99.6 | 968 | 1,054 | 91.8 | 29 | 246 | 121.1 |
| Troou |  | 11,324 | 103.5 | 6,759 | 6,396 | 105.7 | 1,829 | 1,601 | 114.2 |
| Charokas | 9,727 | 9,301 | 104.6 | 5, 131 | 4,937 | 103.9 | 1,229 | 1,138 | 108.0 |
| Mohawk. | 84 | 71 |  |  | 97 |  | 28 | 21 |  |
| Oneida. | 590 | 578 | 102.1 | 501 | 439 | 114.1 | 183 |  | 128.0 |
| Onondaga | 83 | 96 |  | 80 | 67 |  | 19 | ${ }_{50} 18$ |  |
| St. Ragis | 324 | 340 | 95.3 | $\stackrel{242}{ }$ | 185 | 130.8 | 72 |  | 115.8 |
| Seneca. | 678 | 898 | 97.1 | 567 88 88 | 56 | 108.0 | 34 |  |  |
| Tuscarora | 92 | 96 |  | 58 | 55 | 5 | 28 | 10 |  |
| Wyandot. . | - 118 | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Karor stock. | 194 | 185 | 104.9 | 149 | 142 | 104.9 | 44 | 60 |  |
| Orleans. | 194 | 185 | 104.9 | 149 | 142 | 2104.9 | 44 | 60 |  |
| Krresan | 991 | 945 | 104.9 | 869 | 747 | 116.3 | 266 | 208 | 127.9 |
| Acoma | 167 | 155 | 107.7 | 132 | 141 | 93.8 | 48 | 48 |  |
| Cochiti | 54 | 49 |  | 63 | 46 |  | 14 | 1 |  |
| Laguna | 372 | 374 | 99.5 | 289 | 25 | 114.7 | 95 | 90 |  |
| San Felipa. | 104 | 109 | 95.4 | 131 | 75 | , | 32 | 33 |  |
| Santa Ana. | 45 | 41 |  | 58 | 168 | 104.8 | 41 | 17 |  |
| Santo Domingo | 217 | 198 | 109.6 | 176 | 168 | 104.8 | 4 |  |  |
| Kiowan stock. | 305 | 329 | 92.7 | 188 | 193 | 87.0 | 61 | 66 |  |
| Kiowa. | 305 | 329 | 92.7 | 168 | 193 | 87.0 | 61 | 66 |  |
| Kutenalan stock | 132 | 114 | 115.8 | 119 | 105 | 113.3 | 35 | 33 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 119 | 105 | \| | 35 | 33 |  |



MALES TO 100 FEMALES IN EACH AGE GROUP, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Ratio not shown where number of females is less than 100.]

| Table 46-Contd. <br> stock and tribe. | fndinns reported on special schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | stock and tribe. | indins reported on apeclal schedulai 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20 years of age. |  |  | 20 to 50 yearsof age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  |  | Under 20 years of age. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  |
|  | Male. | Fe- | Males <br> to 100 fe males. | Male. | Fe- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Male. | Fe. | Males to 100 fe males. |  | Male. | $\underset{\text { male. }}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Males } \\ & \text { to } 100 \\ & \text { fo } \\ & \text { males. } \end{aligned}$ | Male. | Fe- | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. }\end{gathered}\right.$ | Male. | $\underset{\text { me- }}{\text { male }}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe. } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Siouan stock. | 7,729 | 7,486 | 103.2 | 6,153 | 5,804 | 106.0 | 2,619 | 3,068 | 85.4 | Warasinan atock. | 84 | 92 |  | 67 | 58 |  | 42 | 42 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assiniboin. | 300 | 245 | 122.4 | 239 | 220 | 108.6 | 104 | 145 | 71.7 | Makah. | 81 | 88 |  | 61 | 49 |  | 41 | 37 |  |
| Crow. | 388 | 359 | 108.1 | 349 | 327 | 106.7 | 165 | 209 | 78.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hidats | 170 72 | 137 | 124.1 | 83 <br> 44 | 81 42 |  | 111 | ${ }_{9}^{36}$ |  | Washoan stoce | 156 | 155 | 100.6 | 189 | 193 | 97.8 | 64 | 53 |  |
| Kansa. | 73 | 81 |  | 49 | 18 |  | 9 | 6. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manda | 51 | 43 |  | 35 | - 32 |  | 20 | 27. |  | Washo | 156 | 155 | 100.6 | 188 | 193 | 97.9 | 64 | 53 |  |
| Omaha | 300 | ${ }_{385}^{281}$ | 106.8 | 195 | 182 | 112.6 | 70 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Osage | ${ }^{410} 9$ | 385 | 106.5 | 247 64 | 220 | 112.3 | 19 | 154 |  | Wintun stoce | 165 | 146 | 113.0 | 140 | 132 | 106.1 | 77 | 49 |  |
| Ponca | 220 | 242 | 90.9 | 162 | 154 | 105.2 | 50 | 47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Qnapaw ............ | ${ }^{72}$ | 70 |  | 324 | 35 |  | ${ }_{11}^{12}$ | 118 |  |  | 95 | 86 |  | 76 | 74 |  | 40 | 27 |  |
| Santee Sioux........ | 380, | $\begin{array}{r}364 \\ 215 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 117.7 | 274 248 | 244 168 | 112.3 147.6 | 128 | 148 60 | 86.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sisseton Sioux | 566 | 542 | 104.4 | 500 | 459 | 116.6 | 211 | 262 | 80.5 | Yokuta atock. | 118 | 115 | 102.6 | 122 | 108 | 113.0 | 39 | 30 |  |
| Teton Sioux.......- | 3,235 | 3, 162 | 102.6 113.8 | 2, 658 | 2, ${ }_{144}$ | 102.6 | 1,205 | 1, 435 | 84.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brule sioux | $\stackrel{182}{211}$ | 160 232 | 113.8 90.9 | ${ }_{237}^{158}$ | 207 | 114.5 | 75 78 | 878 | 71.3 | Yokut | 74 | 54 |  | 71 | 59 |  | 27 | 17 |  |
| MinniconjouSioux | 76 | 71 |  | 64 | 72 |  | 46 | 67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oglala Sioux..... | 1,438 | 1,372 | 104.8 | 1,117 32 | 1,105 | 101.1 | 460 14 | 546 23 | 84.2 | Yoman stoce. | 990 | 895 | 110.6 | 857 | 744 | 115.2 | 406 | 327 | 124.2 |
| Sihasape... | 92 | 99 |  | 102 | 90 |  | 49 | 53 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two Kettie Sioux | 73 | 57 |  | 57 | 48 |  | 39 | 19 |  | Cocopa. | 55 | 49 |  | 52 | 53 |  | 17 |  |  |
| Other Teton Sioux | 1,099 | 1,103 | 99.6 | 885 | 888 | 99. 7 | 445 | 532 | 83.6 | Diegueno. | 193 | 184 | 104.9 | 150 | 111 | 135.1 | 64 34 |  |  |
| Winnebago........- | ${ }_{417}^{417}$ | ${ }_{4} 483$ | 101.0 | ${ }_{363}^{353}$ | 343 | 102.9 | 133 | ${ }_{225}^{138}$ | 96.4 | Maricopa | -91 | 198 |  | 212 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yankton Sioux..... | ${ }_{262}$ | 298 | 86.2 87.6 | 363 239 | 386 249 | $\xrightarrow{94.0}$ | 1203 | 168 | 90.2 81.5 | Walapai | 242 139 | 115 | 120.9 | 212 | 180 84 | 117.8 | 96 56 | 311 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Yavapa | 73 | 60 |  | 43 | 49 |  | 36 | 23 |  |
| tanoan stock. | 667 | 722 | 92.4 | 745 | 618 | 120.6 | 222 | 163 | 136.2 | Yuma. | 150 | 161 | 96. | 196 | 106 | 18.1 | 82 | 2 |  |
| Isleta. | 185 | 189 | 104.9 | 246 136 | 207 89 | 118.8 | 66 37 | 63 26 |  | Yuros st | 150 | 147 | 102.0 | 113 | 140 | 80.7 | 63 | 53 |  |
| San Juar | 90 | 89 |  | 89 | 77 |  | 25 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Santa Cla | ${ }^{51}$ | 86 |  | 69 | 46 |  | 14 | 11 |  | Weitspec | 150 | 147 | 102.0 | 113 | 140 | 80.7 | 63 | 53 | ...... |
| Taos... | 128 | 133 | 96.2 | 101 | 87 |  | 43 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wamlatpuan stock... | 78 | 72 |  | 54 | 57 |  | 27 | 40 |  | Zunlan stock | 368 | 377 | 97.6 | 370 | 315 | 117.5 | 127 | 101 | 125.7 |
| Cayuse. | 69 |  |  | 44 |  |  | 25 |  | $\ldots$ | Zuni | 368 | 377 | 97.6 | 370 | 315 | 117.5 | 127 |  | 125.7 |

ALASKA.

| Athapaskan stock | 902 | 893 | 101.0 | 948 | 884 | 107.2 | 159 | 130 | 122.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ahtena | 66 | 59 |  | 75 | 66 |  | 20 | 11 |  |
| Knaiakhota | 178 | 158 | -1i2. 7 | 169 |  | 122.5 | 33 | 21 |  |
| Kutchin. | 83 | 80 |  | 86 | 78 |  | 19 | 13 |  |
| Tenankutchin | 97 | 89. |  | 98 | 97 |  | 21 | 13 |  |
| Eakimadan stock | 3,505 | 3,135 | 111.8 | 3,176 | 3,019 | 105.2 | 557 | 547 | 101.8 |
| Aleut.. | 404 | 353 | 114.4 | 288 | 287 | 100.3 | 61 | 50 |  |
| Chnagmiut | 100 | ${ }_{69}^{69}$ |  | ${ }^{66}$ | ${ }^{65}$ | 89. | 14 | 12 |  |
| Krogmiat. | ${ }_{6} 17$ | 186 | 92.5 | 173 | 194 | 89.2 | 29 6 | 12 |  |
| Kaviagmiut | 156 | 118 | 132.2 | 148 | 120 | 123.3 | 26 | 26 |  |
| Kowagmiut. | 141 | 114 | 123.7 | 141 | 125 | 112.8 | 19 | 21 |  |
| Kuskovakmiut | 135 | 82 |  | 67 | 67 |  | 10 | , |  |
| Kuskwogmiut | 344 | 337 | 102.1 | 348 | 342 | 98.3 | 55 | 54 |  |
| Megemiut. . | 85 | 103 | 82.5 | 79 | 80 |  | 12 | 17 |  |
| Malemiut. | 148 | 136 | 109.6 | 118 | 110 | 107.3 | 21 | 19 |  |
| Nunatogmiut. | 56 69 | 54 |  | 83 80 | 60 75 |  | 16 12 | 11 |  |
| Nunivagmiut. | 69 <br> 54 | 44 |  | 80 79 | 65 |  | 7 | 11 |  |
| Tfreramiut. | 60 | 67 |  | 83 | 70 |  | 15 | 23 |  |
| Unaligmint. | 131 |  | 129.7 | 71 | 102 | 72.5 | 16 | 17 |  |



The sex distribution of Indians in the youngest age group was substantially the same in all classes. In the intermediate age group, however, a decided difference appears, the proportion of males being much greater among Indians of mixed-tribal blood and among Indians of mixed blood than among those of full blood or of full-tribal blood. In the oldest age group among Indians of full blood and of full-tribal blood the females were actually in excess, while among those of mixed tribal and of mixed blood the males predominated. A partial explanation of these conditions lies in the fact that the male full-bloods have
been more frequently exposed to the dangers of war than the mixed-bloods, and that this was more frequently the case in the period when the Indians who are now in the older age group were young than during the lifetime of those in the other age groups. Errors in classification of Indian women have probably also affected the statistics.

Table 48 shows, for each of the 22 selected states, the number of males to 100 females in each age group among the Indians of full blood and of mixed blood, respectively, while similar statistics, for each stock and tribe in the United States and Alaska having 200 or more Indians in 1910, are presented in Table 49.

| Table 48 state. | UNDER 20 YEARS of AGE. |  |  | 20 to 50 YEARSof AGE. |  |  | 51 yeare of ageAND over. |  |  | atate. |  | UNDER 20 YEARSOF AGE. |  |  | 20 to 50 yEARSof AGE. |  |  | 51 years or ageAND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male. | $\underset{\sim}{\mathrm{Fe}}$ male. | Males to 100 females. | Male. | Fe male. | Males to $100 \mathrm{fe}-$ males. | Male. | Fe male. |  |  |  | Male. | Female. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } \\ 100 \mathrm{fe} \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Male. | Female. | $\underset{\text { Males }}{\substack{\text { to }}}$ 100 females. | Male. | Female. | $\underset{\text { to }}{\text { Males }}$ $100 \mathrm{fe}-$ males. |
|  | Indiane of full blood. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | dndlans of mixed blood. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States.... | 34,200 | 32,929 | 103.9 | 29,415 | 28,889 | 101.8 | 11,757 | 12, 262 | 25.9 |  | Un | 29,612 | 28,941 | 102.3 | 15,295 | 13,713 | 111.5 | 3,176 | 2,550 | 124.5 |
| Arizona. | 7,401 | B,939 | 106.7 | 4,896 | 4,738 | 103.3 | 1,546 | 1,433 | 107.9 |  | rizona. | 1688 | 1115 | 146.1 | 67 824 | 47 619 | ${ }^{(133}$ | 11 82 | 51 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| Colorado. | 181 | 170 | 106.5 | 2, 126 | ${ }^{2} 128$ | 98.4 | 62 | 1, 50 | (1) ${ }^{1}$ |  | olorado. | 123 | 14 | (1) | 2 | 5 | (1) | 2 | 1 | $1)$ |
| Idaho.. | 524 | 497 | 105.4 | 570 | 584 | 97.6 | 319 | 336 | 94.9 |  | daho. | 158 | 150 | 105.3 | 105 | 82 | (1) | 11 | 6 | ( $)$ |
| Kansas ${ }^{2}$ | 108 | 81 | (1) | 155 | 69 | (1) | 60 | 36 | (1) |  | Kansas ${ }^{2}$ | 281 | 227 | 123.8 | 187 | 130 | 143.8 | 37 | 26 | (2) |
| Michigan | 698 | 640 | 109.1 | 749 | 675 | 111.0 | 386 | 371 | 104.0 |  | Michigan. | 880 | 837 | 105.1 | 639 | 509 | 125.5 | 205 | 146 | 140.4 |
| Minnesota | 879 | 759 | ${ }^{115.8}$ | 702 | 753 | 93.2 | 328 | 435 | 75.4 |  | Minnesota | 1,467 | 1,415 | 103.7 | 847 | 780 | 108.6 | 198 | 176 | 112.5 |
| Mississippi | 1,127 | 1, 274 | 113.3 | 1,274 | 1,234 | 106.3 | 688 | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 804 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{\text {(1) }} 7$ |  | Tississipp | 1, 236 | 1,146 | (107.3 | 14 .713 | 12 | (18.0 | 105 | $4{ }_{4}^{4}$ | $(1)$ |
| Nebraska | 1,1211 | ${ }^{1,485}$ | 105.4 | 1, 440 | 1,441 | ${ }_{99.8}$ | 204 | 209 | 97.6 |  | Tebraska | , 314 | , 315 | 99.7 | 143 | 122 | 117.2 | 24 | 21 | (1) |
| Nevada. | 812 | 771 | 105.3 | 941 | 996 | 94.5 | 389 | 363 | 107.2 |  | Ievada. | 159 | 182 | 87.4 | 92 | 72 | (1) | 1 | ${ }^{2}$ | (1) |
| New Mexic | 5,253 | 5,308 | 99.0 | 3,829 | 3,692 | 106.6 | 1,087 | 991 | 109.7 |  | Now Mexic | 509 | 516 | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 98. 6 | 26 | 21 | (1) | 136 | 105 | ${ }_{129.5}$ |
| New York | 608 | ${ }^{652}$ | 93.3 | 583 | 557 | 104.7 | 240 | 200 | 120.0 |  | New Yark | ${ }_{1} 5095$ | ${ }_{6} 516$ | 98.6 | 404 | 1,011 | 114.1 | $1 \begin{aligned} & 136 \\ & 298\end{aligned}$ | 105 | 129.5 |
| North Caro | 336 | 298 | 112.4 | 269 | 272 | 98.9 108.6 | 110 | 103 | 106.8 79.5 |  | North ${ }^{\text {Dak }}$ | 1,022 | 1, 149 | 100.3 | 589 | 1, 517 | 110.1 | 166 | 134 | 123.9 |
| Orlahoma. | 5,866 | 5,635 | 104.1 | 5, 432 | 5,637 | 96.4 | 1,597 | 1,601 | 99.8 |  | klahom | 14, 875 | 14,510 | 102.5 | 6,388 | 6,184 | 103.3 | 1,232 | 1,043 | 118.1 |
| Oregon. | 540 | 510 | 105.9 | 540 | 562 | 96.1 | 303 | 1411 | 68.7 |  | Oregon. | 587 | 538 | 109.1 | 261 | 214 | 122.0 | 39 | 26 | (1) |
| South Dakota | 2,573 | 2,512 | 102.4 | 2,481 | 2,506 | 99.0 | 1,434 | 1,715 | 83.6 |  | Suth Dako | 1,637 | 1,604 | 102.1 | 984 | 856 | 115.0 | 169 | 148 | 114.2 |
| Utat. | 701 | 599 | 117.0 | 612 | 553 | 110.7 | ${ }_{7}^{223}$ | 186 | 119.9 |  | Utah | 23 | 38 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 26 | 10 | (1) | 87 | 60 | (1) |
| Washington | 1,332 | 1,281 | 104.0 | 1,207 | 1,325 | 91.1 | 733 | 835 | 87.8 |  | Washingto | 934 1,287 | - 941 |  | 561 | 419 |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin. | 1,115 | 1,160 | $\begin{array}{r}96.1 \\ 104.2 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 1, 261 | 971 237 | 104.7 <br> 110.1 <br> 10.0 | 486 92 | 471 90 | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{103.2}$ |  | Wisconsin | 1,287 77 | 1,244 | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{103.5}$ | 782 57 | 636 | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{123.0}$ | 227 |  | ${ }_{(1)}^{152.3}$ |
| Total for 22 states.. | 33, 669 | 32,443 | 103.8 | 28,825 | 28, 533 | 101.0 | 11,649 | 12,167 | ${ }_{\text {91) }}^{95}$ |  | Total for 22 states. | 28,728 | 28,079 | 102.3 | 14,672 | 13,244 46 | 110.8 |  | 2,437 | 125.3 108.8 |
| All oth |  |  | 109.3 |  | 356 |  |  |  | (1) |  |  |  |  | 102.6 |  | 469 | 132.8 |  |  | 108.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Ratio not shown, the number of females heing less then 100. ${ }^{2}$ Exclusive of Indians in Haskell Institute, who are included in the total for "All other states."
MALES TO 100 FEMALES IN EACH AGE GROUP AMONG INDIANS OF FULL BLOOD AND OF MIXED BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910.
[This table shows each stock and trihe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Ratio not shown where number of females is less than 100.]

| Table 49 | indians of full blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Indians of. mixed blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20 years of ege. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  | Under 20 years of 3ge. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of ege. |  |  | 51 years of age end over. |  |  |
| - | Male. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fe- } \\ & \text { male. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Male. | $\underset{\text { male. }}{\text { Fe- }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { feo } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Male. | Fe- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Males } \\ & \text { to } 100 \\ & \text { fe- } \\ & \text { males. } \end{aligned}$ | Male. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fe- } \\ \text { male. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Male. | Fe- | Males $\begin{gathered}\text { Mo } \\ \text { feo } \\ \text { males. }\end{gathered}$ | Male. | Fe- | Majes to 100 fe- males. |

UNITED STATES.

| Algonquian stock.. | 3,798 | 3,690 | 105.7 | 3,749 | 3,635 | 103.1 | 1,889 | 1,889 | 89.4 | 6,551 | 6,496 | 100.8 | 4,030 | 3,400 | 118.5 | 1,016 | 805 | 128.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho. | 271 | 266 | 101.9 | 291 | 276 | 105.4 | 98 | 97 |  | 36 | 37 |  | 21 | 14 |  |  |  |  |
| Cheyenne. | 519 | 492 | 105.5 | 548 | 554 | 98.9 | 241 | 302 | 79.8 | 101 |  |  |  | 63 |  | 7 | 6 |  |
| Chippewa. | 1,483 | 1,323 | 112.1 | 1,329 | 1,370 | 97.0 | 664 | 789 | 84.2 | 3,785 | 3, 838 | 98.8 84.3 | 2,350 73 | 2,025 | 116.0 | 640 | 498 | 128.6 |
| Cree... | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | ${ }_{56}^{4}$ |  | 11 | ${ }_{61}^{12}$ |  | 17 | ${ }^{6} 4$ |  | 122 | $\stackrel{134}{200}$ | 110.5 | 88 | ${ }_{90}^{61}$ |  | 19 | 17 |  |
| Drosware. | 74 | 79 |  | 94 | 71 |  | 30 | 41 |  | 34 | 44 |  | 25 | 15 |  |  | 1 |  |
| Kickepoo.. | 46 | 43 |  | 60 | 48 |  | 20 | 19 |  | 45 | 25 |  | 18 | 13 |  | 4 | 2 | - |
| Mashpee. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43 | 43 |  | 52 | 37 |  | 15 | 15 |  |
| Menominee | 137 | 139 | 98.6 | 150 | 108 | 138.9 | 8 | 8 |  | 238 | 225 |  | ${ }_{31}$ | 22 |  | 10 | 14 |  |
| Miami.. | 12 | 14 |  | 12 | 37 | 107.8 | 180 | 161 | -11i.8 | 298 | 275 | 107.6 | 171 | 161 | 106.2 | 57 | 35 |  |
| Ottawa.. | 369 | 325 | 113.5 | 353 70 | 528 |  | 180 25 | 24 |  | 14 | 20 |  | 25 | 20 |  | 8 | 4 |  |
| Passamaquo | $\begin{array}{r}55 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{9}^{63}$ |  | 29 | 12 |  | 17 | 15 |  | 48 | 43 |  | 29 | 36 |  | 14 | 10 |  |
| Plegan.... | 257 | 279 | 92.1 | 229 | 248 | ${ }^{93.1}$ | 87 | 115 | 75.7 | 333 | 316 | 105.4 | 200 | 172 | 116.3 | 15 | 17 |  |
| Potewatomi | 228 | 200 | 114. 0 | 207 | 150 | 138.0 | 97 | 73 |  | 497 | 409 | 121.5 | 283 | 191 | 148.2 | 52 | 45 |  |
| Sauk and | 133 | 118 | 112.7 | 120 | 109 | 110.1 | 35 40 | 30 |  | 235 | 283 | 83.0 | 125 | 117 | -106.8' | 18 | 21 |  |
| Shawnee.... | 102 | 121 | 84.3 | 104 | 132 | 78.8 | 16 | 25 |  | 103 | 81 |  | 69 | 50 |  | 24 | 13 |  |
| Stockbridges. | 23 | 36 | . | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atrapagkan stock. | 8,027 | 7,693 | 104.3 | 4,753 | 4,848 | 98.0 | 1,387 | 1,470 | 94.4 | 374 | 324 | 115.4 | 178 | 144 | 123.6 | 16 | 9 |  |
| Apache. | 975 | 892 | 109.3 | 890 | 693 | 99.8 | 249 | 295 | 84.4 | 53 | 37 |  | 19 | 14 |  | 5 | 1 |  |
| Hupa.. | 68 167 | ${ }^{80}$ |  | ${ }^{52}$ | 129 | 102.3 | 49 56 | 52 48 |  | 94 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |
| Jicarills Apache | 167 92 | 182 | 103.1 | 132 | 129 |  | 27 | 59 |  | 2 | 8 |  | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Mescalero Apache | 8,624 | 8,367 | 104.0 | 3,688 | 3,747 | 98.7 | 908 | 896 | 101.3 | 44 | 29 |  | 19 | 8 |  | , |  |  |
| Rogue Riv | 43 | 37 |  | ${ }_{13}$ | 32 |  | 37 17 | 40 |  | 64 46 | 45 |  | $\stackrel{20}{25}$ | 20 |  | 3 | 1 |  |

MALES TO 100 FEMALES IN EAGH AGE GROUP AMONG INDIANS OF FULL BLOOD AND OF MLXED BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Ratio not shown where number of females is less than 100.]

| Table 49-Continued. <br> stock and tribe. | indians of full blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indians of mixen blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20 years of age. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  | Under 20 years of age. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  |
|  | Male. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fe- } \\ \text { male. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Males } \\ & \text { to } 100 \\ & \text { fo- } \\ & \text { males. } \end{aligned}$ | Male. | $\underset{\substack{\text { Fe- } \\ \text { male. }}}{ }$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{array}$ | Male. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Fe}- \\ \text { male. } \end{gathered}$ | Males to 100 females. | Male. | $\underset{\text { male }}{\text { Fe- }}$ | Males to 100 females. | Male. | me- | Males to 100 fe- males. | Male. | Fe- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Males } \\ & \text { to } 100 \\ & \text { fe- } \\ & \text { males. } \end{aligned}$ |


| Caddoan stock. | 355 | 411 | 86.4 | 299 | 311 | 96.1 | 100 | 93 |  | 94 | 91 |  | 40 | $33^{\circ}$ | .-..... | 7 | 10 | ....... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arikara. | 80 | 103 | 77.7 | 62 | 68 |  | 28 | 30 |  | 24 | 21 |  | 10 | 8 |  | 4 | 5 |  |
| Caddo. | 89 | 88 |  | 65 | 63 |  | 18 | 13 |  | 39 | 40 |  | 17 | 16 |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Pawnee. | 113 | 127 | 89.0 | 113 | 125 | 90.4 | 32 | 30 |  | 27 | 24 |  | 12 | 8 |  | 2 | 4 |  |
| Wichita | 70 | 92 |  | 55 | 52 |  | 21 | 18 |  | 4 | 5 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | ...... |
| Chimakuan stock. | 65 | 51 | .... | 51 | 61 | ....... | 25 | 31 |  | 11 | 5 | ...... | 1 | 1 |  | . | 2 | ........ |
| Quileute. | 52 | 43 |  | 42 | 50 |  | 23 | 28 |  | 11 | 5 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 | $\ldots . .$. |
| Chinooran stock. | 90 | 73 | ....... | 84 | 102 | 82.4 | 47 | 59 | ....... | 127 | 122 | 104.1 | 86 | 61 |  | 23 | 15 | ........ |
| Chinook. | 9 | 7 |  | 10 | 11 |  | 5 | 10 |  | 67 | 83 |  | 52 | 38 |  | 15 | 7 |  |
| Wesco. | 29 | 32 |  | 29 | 29 |  | 17 | 23 |  | 31 | 15 |  | 16 | 10 |  | 5 | 5 | ....... |
| Wis | 46 | 30 |  | 40 | 55 |  | 22 | 20 |  | 12 | 15 |  | 15 | 10 |  | 3 | 2 | ...... |
| Croatan group. | 127 | 130 | 97.7 | 72 | 88 |  | 20 | 17 | ....... | 1,505 | 1,511 | 99.6 | 892 | 960 | 92.9 | 276 | 226 | 122.1 |
| Croatan. | 127 | 130 | 97.7 | 72 | 88 |  | 20 | 17 |  | 1,505 | 1,511 | 99.6 | 892 | 960 | 92.9 | 278 | 226 | 122.1 |
| Iroquolan stock. | 2,739 | 2,652 | 103.3 | 2,517 | 2,358 | 106.7 | 875 | 779 | 112.3 | 8,844 | 8,504 | 104.0 | 4,139 | 3,926 | 105.4 | 917 | 789 | 116.2 |
| Cherokee. | 1,607 | 1, 468 | 109.5 | 1,475 | 1,414 | 104.3 | 472 | 460 | 102.6 | 8,048 | 7,762 | 103.7 | 3,617 | 3,469 | 104.3 | 746 | 667 | 111.8 |
| Mohawk. | 14 482 | 11 488 | 98.8 | 13 448 | 381 | 117.6 | 170 | 127 | $\cdots$ | 69 107 | 60 90 |  | 55 | 78 |  | 122 | 19 |  |
| Onoida... | 56 | 82 |  | 69 | 61 |  | 16 | 14 |  | 26 | 14 |  | 11 | 5 |  | 3 | 4 |  |
| St. Regis. | 25 | 58 |  | 19 | 20 |  | 4 | 7 |  | 299 | 282 | 106.0 | 223 | 165 | 135.2 | 73 | 43 |  |
| Seneca... | 465 | 449 | 103.6 | 403 | 388 | 103.9 | 166 | 142 | 116.9 | 157 | 159 | 98.7 | 104 | 96 |  | 29 | 26 |  |
| Tuscarora | 69 | 63 |  | 67 | 54 |  | $\stackrel{28}{5}$ | 24 |  | $\stackrel{21}{109}$ | 87 |  | 21 | 5 |  | 5 | 4 |  |
| W yandot.. | 9 | 8 |  | 4 | 7 |  | 5 | 1 |  | 109 | 82 |  | 47 | 48 |  | 23 | 9 |  |
| Karok stock. | 61 | 60 | ....... | 65 | 82 |  | 39 | 56 |  | 133 | 125 | 106.4 | 84 | 60 |  | 5 | 4 | $\ldots$ |
| Orleans.. | 61 | 60 |  | 65 | 82 |  | 39 | 56 |  | 133 | 125 | 106.4 | 84 | 60 |  | 5 | 4 |  |
| Keresan stock. | 979 | 923 | 106.1 | 862 | 741 | 116.3 | 264 | 206 | 128.2 | 12 | 14 | ....... | 2 | 3 |  | 1 | 1 | ....... |
| Acoma. | 165 | 152 | 108.6 | 132 | 141 | 93.6 | 48 | 48 |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laguna | 382 | 355 | 102.0 | 282 | 246 | 114.6 | 94 | 88 |  | 10 | i1 |  | 2 | 3 |  |  | 1 |  |
| San Felipe. | 104 | 109 | 95.4 | 131 | 75 |  | 36 | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | i |  |  |
| Santa Ana. | 45 | 41 |  | 58 | 42 |  | 22 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Santo Domingo. | 217 | 198 | 109.6 | 176 | 168 | 104.8 | 41 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kiowan stock. | 189 | 215 | 87.9 | 128 | 170 | 75.3 | 54 | 60 |  | 116 | 109 | 106.4 | 38 | 22 |  | 5 | 4 | $\ldots$ |
| Kiowa. | 189 | 215 | 87.9 | 128 | 170 | 75.3 | 54 | 60 |  | 116 | 109 | 106.4 | 38 | 22 |  | 5 | 4 |  |
| Kutenalan etock | 44 | 39 | .... | 59 | 64 | .... | 27 | 22 |  | 88 | 75 |  | 60 | 41 |  | 8 | 11 |  |
| Kutenai. | 44 | 39 |  | 59 | 64 |  | 27 | 22 |  | 88 | 75 |  | 60 | 41 |  | 8 | 11 | ....... |
| Lutuamian etock | 109 | 121 | 90.1 | 114 | 122 | 93.4 | 73 | 116 | 62.9 | 108 | 104 | 103.8 | 58 | 45 |  | 3 | 1 |  |
| Elamath Modoc. | 78 31 | 78 43 |  | 75 39 | 88 34 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ |  | 77 31 | 79 25 |  | 44 14 | 32 13 |  | 3 | 1 |  |
| Matdu stock. | 87 | 94 |  | 104 | 102 | 102.0 | 78 | 75 |  | 169 | 169 | 100.0 | 115 | 78 |  | 6 | 4 | --..... |
| Maidu. | 87 | 94 |  | 104 | 102 | 102.0 | 78 | 75 |  | 169 | 169 | 100.0 | 115 | 78 |  | 6 | 4 |  |
| Mrwor stock. | 51 | 48 |  | 74 | 67 |  | 37 | 65 |  | 100 | 114 | 87.7 | 88 | 59 |  | 7 | 4 |  |
| Miwok: | 51 | 46 |  | 72 | 66 |  | 35 | 64 |  | 95 | 107 | 88.8 | 62 | 58 |  | 5 | 4 |  |
| Muskhogean stock | 3,215 | 3,143 | 102.3 | 2,923 | 2,988 | 97.8 | 680 | 599 | 113.5 | 5,300 | 5,224 | 101.5 | 2,070 | 2,077 | 99.7 | 368 | 267 | 137.8 |
| Alibamu. | 72 | 82 |  |  | 56 |  | 11 | 12 |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Chickasaw | ${ }^{238}$ | 266 |  | 238 <br> 1.517 | 280 1,487 |  | $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 380 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 1,115 | 1,104 | 101.0 | 384 | 1383 | 100.3 | 47 | 40 |  |
| Choctaw. | 1,781 | 1,588 | 112.2 | 1,517 | 1,487 | 102.0 91.8 | 380 192 | 297 | 127.9 113.6 | 1,029 1,028 | 3,016 | 100.4 102.5 | 1,136 | 1,185 | 95.9 | 197 | 146 | 134.9 |
| Creek | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array} 8189$ | 833 341 | 94.7 91.8 | 825 266 | 899 248 | 91.8 107.3 | 192 | 169 57 | 113.6 | 1,028 | 1,003 96 | 102.5 | 471 79 | 444 | 106.1 | 108 | 73 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  | 15 | 8 |  |
| Prman stock. | 2,198 | 2,070 | 106.2 | 1,574 | 1,461 | 107.7 | 535 | 480 | 111.5 | 63 | 41 |  | 32 | 22 |  | 6 | 3 |  |
| Papago. | 1,005 | 931 | 107.9 | 690 | 698 | 98.9 | 202 | 167 | 121.0 | 20 | 20 |  | 6 | 7 |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Pima.. | 1, 072 | 1,025 | 104.6 | ${ }^{772}$ | 678 | 113.9 | 314 | 300 | 104.7 | 12 | 1 |  | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Yaqui....... | 112 |  |  | 106 | 77 |  | 18 | 12 |  | 29 | 20 |  | 21 | 11 |  | 5 | 2 |  |
| Ромо stock | 174 | 168 | 103.6 | 169 | 171 | 98.8 | 114 | 109 | 104.6 | 58 | 70 |  | 44 | 32 | ..... | 10 | 6 |  |
| Pomo. | 114 | 118 | 96.6 | 110 | 110 | 100.0 | 79 |  |  | 37 | 32 |  | 22 | 17 |  | 6 | 3 |  |

males to 100 females in each age group among indians of full blood and of mixed blood, for EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: $1910-$ Continued.
[This table shows each stock and tribe baving 200 or more Indians in 1910. Ratio not shown wbere number of females is less than 100.]

| Table 49-Continued. | nolans of funl blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indians of Mixed bloon: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| stock and tribe. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Undar } 20 \text { years of } \\ & \text { age. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { to } 50 \text { years of } \\ & \text { agg. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } 20 \text { years of } \\ & \text { agg. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  |
|  | Mals. | $\underset{\text { Fe- }}{\text { mals. }}$ | Males to 100 males. | Male. | $\stackrel{\text { Fe- }}{\text { male }}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fol } \\ \text { males. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Male. | $\mathrm{Fe}-$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fo- } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}$ | Male. | $\underset{\text { ma- }}{\text { male. }}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fol } \\ \text { males. } \end{array}$ | Male. | $\underset{\substack{\text { Fe-- } \\ \text { male. }}}{ }$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fales. } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Male. | $\underset{\text { Fe- }}{\text { male. }}$ | Males to 100 males. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Sajushan stock. | 1,003 | 954 | 105.1 | 897 | 928 | 96.7 | 579 | 613 | 94.5 | 901 | 847 | 106.4 | 511 | 369 | 138.5 | 69 | 41 | $\ldots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chehalis. | 44 | 44 |  | 41 | 22 |  | 29 | 21 |  | 24 | 33 |  | 9 | 13 |  | 2 |  |  |
| Clallam. | 59 | 55 |  | 50 | 53 |  | 16 | 16 |  | 57 | 41 |  | 29 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| Cogur d'Alene | 54 | 52 |  | 40 | 39 |  | 28 | 20 |  | 13 | 8 |  | 9 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Columbia. | 49 | 48 |  | 64 | 59 |  | 35 | 30 |  | 30 | 34 |  | 12 | 10 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Colville. | 67 | 57 |  | 62 | 72 |  | 41 | 45 |  | 142 | 115 | 123.5 | 90 | 67 |  | 15 | 8 |  |
| Flathead | 41 | 38 |  | 42 | 41 |  | 18 | 26 |  | 79 | 99 |  | 52 | 37 |  | 4 | 9 |  |
| Kalispel. | 63 | 50 |  | 74 | 68 |  | 47 | 59 |  | 67 | 60 |  | 32 | 34 |  | 7 | 2 |  |
| Lummi. | 46 | 56 |  | 26 | 36 |  | 22 | 14 |  | 69 | 54 |  | 21 | 8 |  |  | 1 |  |
| Okinagan | 25 | 26 |  | 23 | 24 |  | 8 | 14 |  | 37 | 33 |  | 28 | 23 |  | 8 | 6 |  |
| Puyalup | 35 | 38 |  | 38 | 34 |  | 14 | 19 |  | 36 | 38 |  | 18 | 19 |  | 7 |  |  |
| Quinaielt | 46 | 40 |  | 37 | 44 |  | 28 | 24 |  | 25 | 18 |  | 15 | 9 |  | 2 | 2 |  |
| Sanpoil. | 30 | 28 |  | 39 | 38 |  | 17 | 25 |  | 10 | 13 |  | 5 49 | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 3 | 2 |  |
| Snohomis | 112 56 | 100 72 | 112.0 | 72 62 | 88 |  | 48 66 | 53 59 |  | 57 67 | 72 |  | 49 39 | 42 |  | $\stackrel{2}{9}$ | 4 |  |
| Spoxan.:- | 36 | 30 |  | 33 | 32 |  | 22 | 23 |  | 48 | 47 |  | 21 | 11 |  | 2 |  |  |
| Swinomish. | 67 | 54 |  | 48 | 47 |  | 27 | 36 |  | 24 | 14 |  | 11 | 4 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Shahaptian stock. | 580 | 579 | 100.2 | 618 | 737 | 83.9 | 349 | 462 | 75.5 | 283 | 323 | 87.6 | 184 | 145 | 126.9 | 40 | 20 | ....... |
| Klikitat. | 61 | 56 |  | 59 | 74 |  | 35 | 49 |  | 16 | 20 |  | 14 | 12 |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Nez Perce | 162 | 157 | 103.2 | 176 | 188 | 93.6 | 121 | 139 | 87.1 | 82 | 87 |  |  | 38 |  |  | 4 |  |
| Wmatille | 21 | 40 |  | 44 | 50 25 |  | 12 | 39 27 |  | 13 80 | 16 |  | 10 | 6 40 |  | 13 | 5 |  |
| Warm Spring | 98 | 113 | 86.7 | 94 | 109 | 86.2 | 58 | 66 |  | 4 | 3 |  | 1 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Yakima...... | 191 | 180 | 106.1 | 190 | 253 | 75.1 | 88 | 125 | 70.4 | 87 | 107 | 81.3 | 59 | 45 |  | 12 | 6 |  |
| Seastan stocix | 220 | 259 | 84.9 | 213 | 225 | 94.7 | 112 | 109 | 102.8 | 120 | 146 | 82.2 | 72 | 64 |  | 6 | 3 |  |
| Hat Creek | 47 | 36 |  | 43 | 36 |  | 29 | 27 |  |  | 6 |  | 3 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Pit River | 160 | 209 | 76.6 | 156 | 170 | 91.8 | 73 | 51 |  | 44 | 49 |  | 24 45 | ${ }_{36}^{23}$ |  | $\stackrel{1}{5}$ | 1 |  |
| Shasta.. | 13 | 14 |  | 14 | 19 |  | 10 | 31 |  | 70 | 91 |  |  | 36 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Shoshonean stock. | 3,097 | 2,872 | 107.8 | 3,136 | 3,043 | 103.1 | 1,236 | 1,219 | 101.4 | 609 | 632 | 96.4 | 336 | 274 | 122.6 | 40 | 25 |  |
| Bannock. | 56 | 45 |  | 73 | 66 |  | 40 | 43 |  | 23 | 25 |  | 20 | 17 |  | 2 | 3 |  |
| Chemehuev | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 153 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{61}$ |  | 67 151 | 63 |  | $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ -\quad 52 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35 |  | 130 |  | 109.8 | 61 | 58 |  | 18 | 11 |  |
| Comanche | 153 514 | 128 | 119.5 | 151 | 165 376 | 91.5 119.4 | - 52 | 85 |  | 134 |  | 109.8 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Kawia. | 164 | 130 | 126.2 | 163 | 108 | 150.9 | 71 | 65 |  | 11 | 22 |  | 10 | 9 |  |  |  |  |
| Mono. | 235 | 259 | 90.7 | 241 | 284 | 84.9 | 85 | 99 |  | 83 | 72 |  | 31 | 31 |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Paiute. | 153 | 131 | 116.8 | 137 | 128 | 107.0 88.6 | ${ }^{61}$ | 56 | 100.4 | 19 77 | 78 |  | 17 33 | 38 |  | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |
| Paviotso... | 486 | 485 | 100.2 | 562 | ${ }_{6}^{634}$ | 88.6 | 245 | 244 | 100. 4 | 77 | 78 |  | 19 | 15 |  | 3 |  |  |
| San Luiseno Shoshoni.. | 69 670 | 70 | 111.9 | 75 | 704 | 102.0 | 33 309 | 321 | 96.3 | 151 | 165 | 91.5 | 106 | 71 |  | 7 | 5 |  |
| Ute.. | 499 | 426 | 117.1 | 451 | 396 | 113.9 | 185 | 140 | 132.1 | 33 | 44 |  | 20 | 11 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Siodan stock. | 4,468 | 4,318 | 103.5 | 4,356 | 4,253 | 102.4 | 2,301 | 2,774 | 82.9 | 3,149 | 3,072 | 102.5 | 1,709 | 1,456 | 117.4 | 268 | 235 | 114.0 |
| Assiniboin | 132 | 118 | 111.9 | 163 | 147 | 110.9 | 98 | 135 | 72.6 | 167 | 124 | 134.7 | ${ }^{73}$ | 72 |  |  |  |  |
| Crow. | 209 | 200 | 104.5 | 270 | 242 | 111.6 | 136 | 183 | 74.3 | 144 | 130 | 110.8 | 54 | 17 |  | 2 |  |  |
| Howa | 128 | 8 |  | 14 | 14 | ....... | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 |  | 50 | - 56 |  | 30 | 28 |  | 6 | 4 |  |
| Kansa | 19 | 12 |  | 20 | 8 |  | 5 | 5 |  | 54 | 69 |  | 29 | 10 |  | 4 | 1 |  |
| Mandan | 30 | 31 |  | 30 | 27 |  | 19 | 27 |  | 21 | 12 |  | 5 | 5 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Omaha. | 222 | 214 | 103.7 | 162 | 162 | 100.0 | 64 | 58 |  | 57 | 47 |  | 21 | 15 |  | 2 | 2 |  |
| Osage. | 140 | 128 | 109.4 | 132 | 121 | 109.1 | 35 | 35 |  | 270 37 | 256 33 | 105.5 | 115 | 97 |  | 17 | 19 |  |
| Oto.. | 59 | 40 |  | 39 <br> 03 <br> 8 | 45 |  | 13 40 | 14 |  | -37 | 142 | 89.7 | 68 | 57 |  | 10 | 4 |  |
| Ponca. | 91 | 98 |  | 93 8 8 | 96 13 |  | 4 | ${ }_{4}^{43}$ |  | 14 | 144 |  | 16 | 10 |  | 3 | 1 |  |
| Quapaw Stoux | 158 | 145 | 109.0 | 133 | 145 | 91.7 | 94 | 123 | 76.4 | 222 | 219 | 101.4 | 141 | 99 |  | 34 | 25 |  |
| Sioux....... | 96 | 87 |  | 140 | 91 |  | 35 | 44 |  | 148 | 124 | 119.4 | 106 | 113 |  | 15 | 12 |  |
| Sisseton Sioux | 289 | 271 | 106.6 | 329 | 315 | 104.4 | 182 | 241 | 75.5 | 276 | 269 | 102.6 | 169 | 113 | 1496 | 29 | 98 |  |
| Tston Sioux. | 2,121 | 2,055 | 1032 | 2,008 | 1,979 | 101.5 | 1, 101 | 1,318 | 83.5 | 1,086 | 1,075 | 101.0 | 614 45 | 181 35 |  | ${ }_{4}$ | 9 |  |
| Brule Sloux | 116 | 103 | 112.6 | 113 | 109 | 114.7 | 75 | 103 | 72.8 | ${ }_{34}^{66}$ | 40 |  | 14 | 15 |  | 2 | 4 |  |
| Hunkpapa Sioux | $\begin{array}{r}177 \\ 64 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 189 60 | 93.7 | 19 59 59 | 191 | 114.7 | 43 | 66 |  | 8 | 9 |  | 4 | 8 |  | 3 | 1 |  |
| Minnila Sioux | 876 | 804 | 109.0 | 789 | 782 | 100.9 | 428 | 485 | 88.2 | 541 | 555 | 97.6 | 310 | 310 | 100.0 | 27 | 49 |  |
| Sans Arc Sioux. | 7 | 11 |  | 11 | 11 |  | 9 | 15 |  | 67 | 47 |  | ${ }_{36}^{20}$ | 19 |  | 5 | 5 |  |
| Sihasapa. | 57 | 54 |  | 64 | 66 |  | 44 26 | 48 |  | 33 49 | 43 |  | 36 28 | 20 |  | 11 | 3 |  |
| Two Kettle Sioux. | -24 | 22 812 |  | $\begin{array}{r}29 \\ 724 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 733 |  | 405 | 505 | 80 | 298 | 289 | 103.1 | 157 | 153 | 102.6 | 38 | 26 |  |
| Other Teton Sioux | 800 332 | 812 339 | 985 97.9 | 724 | 299 | 100.3 | 122 | 128 | 95.3 | 85 | 74 |  | 53 | 44 |  | 11 | 10 |  |
| Yinnebago..... | ${ }_{211}^{332}$ | 3242 242 | 87.2 | 238 | 260 | 91.5 | 184 | 209 | 88.0 | 204 | 237 | 86.1 | 120 | 121 | 99.2 | 19 | 16 |  |
| Yanktonai Sioux. | 201 | 221 | 91.0 | 203 | 222 | 91.4 | 132 | 163 | 81.0 | 61 | 78 |  | 36 | 27 |  | 4 | 3 |  |
| Tanoan stock | 629 | 685 | 91.8 | 722 | 598 | 120.7 | 212 | 156 | 135.9 | 34 | 31 |  | 15 | 15 |  | 3 | 3 |  |
| Isleta. | 172 | 174 | 98.9 | 234 | 197 | 118.8 | 58 | 59 |  | 9 | 9 |  | 4 | 5 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Jemex. | 108 | 103 | 104.9 | 136 | 89 |  | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ | 26 | ...... |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Juan. | 89 | 86 |  | 89 67 | 46 |  | 25 14 | 111 |  | 1 | 4 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Banta Clar | +125 | +82 | 96.9 | 100 | 87 |  | 43 | 24 |  | 3 | 4 | ... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |

MALES TO 100 FEMALES IN EACH AGE GROUP AMONG INDIANS OF FULL BLOOD AND OF MIXED BLOOD, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK AND TRIBE: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Ratio not shown where number of females is lass than 100.]

| Table 49-Continued. <br> bTOCK AND TRIBE. | indians of full blood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indlans of mixed hlood: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 20 years of age. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  | Under 20 years of age. |  |  | 20 to 50 years of age. |  |  | 51 years of age and over. |  |  |
|  | Male. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fe- } \\ & \text { male. } \end{aligned}$ | Males to 100 fales males. | Male. | Female. | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \\ \text { fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Male. | Fe- male. | Males to 100 males. | Maie. | $\mathrm{Fe}-$ male. | Males to 100 males. | Male. | Fe- male. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Males } \\ \text { to } 100 \end{array}$ te- males. | Male. | ${ }_{\text {Fer }}$ |  |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Waillatpuan stock. | 56 | 55 | ....... | 45 | 49 | .. | 24 | 39 | ....... | 22 | 17 |  | 9 | 8 |  | 2 | 1 | ....... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cayuse.. | 56 | 54 |  | 39 | 46 |  | 22 | 37 | ...... | 13 | 16 |  | 5 | 6 | , | 2 |  |  |
| Wakashan stock. | 76 | 83 | ....... | 63 | 52 | ... | 42 | 42 | ....... | 8 | 9 |  | 4 | 6 |  | ...... |  |  |
| Makah. | 75 | 82 |  | 59 | 45 |  | 41 | 37 |  | 6 | 6 |  | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Washoan stock. | 114 | 92 |  | 157 | 161 | 97.5 | 64 | 52 |  | 42 | 63 |  | 32 | 32 |  |  | 1 | ....... |
| Washo. | 114 | 92 |  | 157 | 161 | 97.5 | 64 | 52 |  | 42 | 63 |  | 32 | 32 |  |  | 1 | - |
| Wintun stock. | 40 | 30 |  | 53 | 52 |  | 63 | 43 |  | 114 | 99 |  | 76 | 70 |  | 9 | 5 | ....... |
| Wintun | 12 | 8 |  | 21 | 23 | ...... | 33 | 23 | ....... | 83 | 78 |  | 55 | 51 |  | 7 | 4 | ....... |
| Yokuts smock. | 83 | 80 | ..... | 85 | 90 | .... | 37 | 25 |  | 31 | 28 |  | 31 | 11 |  | 2 | 1 | ....... |
| Yokuts. | 62 | 44 |  | 57 | 52 |  | 26 | 14 |  | 9 | 8 |  | 11 | 5 |  | 1 | 1 | ....... |
| Yuman stock. | 896 | 802 | 111.7 | 816 | 715 | 114.1 | 399 | 322 | 123.9 | 87 | 78 |  | 31 | 19 |  | 5 | 1 |  |
| Cocopa.. | 55 | 48 |  | 52 | - 52 |  | 17 | 12 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Diegueno | 130 | 123 | 105.7 | 122 | 98 |  | 59 | 50 |  | 63 | 61 |  | 28 | 13 |  | 5 | 1 |  |
| Maricopa | $\begin{array}{r}89 \\ 240 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 89 188 | 127.7 | 67 210 | 63 178 | 118.0 | 33 96 | $\stackrel{25}{93}$ |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Walapai. | 130 | 110 | 118.2 | 75 | 82 |  | 56 | 31 |  | 9 | 5 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Yavapai. | ${ }^{63}$ | 54 |  | ${ }^{36}$ | 41 |  | 35 | 23 |  | 4 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Yuma.. | 148 | 154 | 96.1 | 195 | 166 | 117.5 | 82 | 70 |  | 8 | 7 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yurok stock. | 94 | 104 | 90.4 | 89 | 125 | 71.2 | 62 | 52 |  | 56 | 43 |  | 24 | 15 |  | 1 | 1 | ....... |
| Weitspec. | 94 | 104 | 90.4 | 89 | 125 | 71.2 | 62 | 52 |  | 56 | 43 |  | 24 | 15 |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Zunian stock. | 359 | 374 | 96.0 | 368 | 314 | 117.2 | 127 | 101 | 125.7 | 9 | 3 |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Zuni. | 359 | 374 | 96.0 | 368 | 314 | 117.2 | 127 | 101 | 125.7 | 9 | 3 |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |

ALASKA.

| Athapaskan stock. | 797 | 777 | 102.6 | 921 | 861 | 107.0 | 157 | 129 | 121.7 | 105 | 116 | 90.5 | 27 | 23 |  | 2 | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athena. | 64 | 58 |  | 74 | 66 |  | 20 | 11 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Knaiakhotana | $\begin{array}{r}165 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 1.51 | 109.3 | ${ }^{166}$ | ${ }^{136}$ | 122.1 | ${ }_{19}^{33}$ | 21 |  | 13 | 7 | .... | 3 | 2 | ....... |  |  |  |
| Tenankutchin, | 87 | 83 |  | ${ }_{96}$ | 96 |  | 21 | 13 |  | 10 | 6 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Escmadan stock | 3,007 | 2,691 | 111.7 | 3,049 | 2,890 | 105.5 | 543 | 540 | 100.6 | 498 | 444 | 112.2 | 127 | 129 | 98.4 | 14 | 7 |  |
| Aleut. | 249 | ${ }^{207}$ | 120.3 | ${ }^{221}$ | ${ }^{225}$ | 98.2 | 52 | 44 |  | 155 | 146 | 106.2 | 67 | 62 |  | 9 | 6 |  |
| Ikogmiut. | 165 | 180 | 91.7 | 172 | 194 | 88.7 | 29 | 28 |  | 7 | ${ }_{6}$ |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kaviagmiut. | 55 | 37 | 13\% | 48 |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 12 |  | 11 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kinugumiut. | 1138 | 108 | ${ }_{124.3}^{137.0}$ | 141 | 125 | 112.8 | 19 19 | $\stackrel{26}{26}$ |  | 8 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | -- |
| Kuskovakmiut | 130 | 79 |  | 66 | 67 |  | 10 | 9 |  | 5 | 3 | ... | ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kuskwogmiut | ${ }^{326}$ | ${ }^{32}$ | 101.2 | 342 | 348 | 98.3 | ${ }_{12} 5$ | 54 |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Malemiut. | 139 | 129 | 107.8 | 118 | 110 | 107.3 | 21 | 19 |  |  |  | .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nunatogmint. | 52 | 47 |  | 82 |  |  | 16 | $11$ | ... | 4 | 3 | … | 1 | .... |  |  |  |  |
| Selawigmiut: | 54 | 43 | …... | 79 | 65 | $\cdots$ | 7 | 10 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tireramiut..... | 54 | ${ }_{51}^{53}$ | .... | 83 | 70 |  | 15 | 23 |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unaligmiut............ | ${ }^{121}$ | 54 | ...... | ${ }_{71}$ | ${ }^{102}$ | 72.5 | ${ }_{17}^{16}$ | 17 |  | 10 | 10 | .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southern Eskimo.. | 678 | 708 | 95.8 | 809 | 686 | 117.9 | 150 | 134 | 1i1.9 | 197 | 149 | 132.2 | 52 | 59 |  | 5 | i |  |
| Haman stock | 88 | 81 |  | 83 | 72 |  | 29 | 22 |  | 55 | 49 |  | 23 | 23 |  |  | 1 |  |
| Haida. | 88 | 81 |  | 83 | 72 |  | 29 | 22 |  | 55 | 49 |  | ${ }^{23}$ | 23 |  |  | 1 |  |
| Tlingit stock | 791 | 792 | 99.9 | 879 | 896 | 98.1 | 274 | 255 | 107.5 | 204 | 212 | 96.2 | 70 | 38 |  | 4 | 8 |  |
| Auk. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chilkat | 112 41 | 119 | 94.1 | 163 45 | ${ }_{38}^{148}$ | 110.1 | ${ }_{15}^{43}$ | 4 |  | 28 | 25 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 1 |  |
| Huna | ${ }_{112} 12$ | 120 | 105.8 | 122 | 141 | 86.5 | ${ }^{36}$ | 43 |  | 14 | 16 |  | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Hutsnuwu. | 111 | 107 | 103.7 | 100 | 108 | 92.6 | ${ }_{51}^{36}$ | ${ }^{36}$ |  | 20 | 16 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Sittra...... | 97 | 118 | 82.2 | 104 | 109 | 95.4 | 47 | 51 |  | ${ }^{17}$ | ${ }_{26}$ |  | $\stackrel{6}{11}$ | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ |  | 2 | 1 |  |
| Yakutat................ | 59 | 59 |  | 64 | 77 |  | 8 | 9 |  | 11 | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tsmashan btock. | 151 | 138 | 109.4 | 131 | 96 | ... | 51 | 48 |  | 36 | 40 |  | 12 | 23 |  | 3 |  |  |
| Tsimshia | 151 | 138 | 109.4 | 131 | 96 |  | 51 | 48 |  | 36 | 40 |  | 12 | 23 |  | 3 |  |  |

# STOCKS AND TRIBES, BY SEX, AGE, AND MIXTURE OF BLOOD. 

## INTRODUCTION.

In the census of 1910 the attempt was made to enumerate Indians by tribes, and to secure data as well in regard to the tribal affiliations of both parents. The rapid changes taking place in the conditions of Indian life are breaking down the tribal organization, and it was felt that this was perhaps the last opportunity to secure information which should be reasonably reliable upon these points. Unfortunately, the data desired were not secured for those Indians who were living widely scattered among the general population, and who to the number of 18,546 were enumerated only on the general population schedule, no special schedules being obtained for them. The numbers enumerated of the different tribes are, therefore, too small in varying degree, as some persons who should have been counted as members of particular tribes were instead enumerated simply as "Indians" on the general population schedule. The extent of this understatement varies considerably in different states, but the actual error is believed to be comparatively small in most cases.

The determination of tribal affiliation in the case of Indians of mixed-tribal blood presented something of a dilemma, inasmuch as affiliation might be counted either by inheritance or by blood. In the former case the tribe to which an individual belonged would depend on the particular system of inheritance (that is, maternal or paternal) which was followed. If the tribe among which he lived followed the former system, he would be affiliated with the mother's tribe; if the latter, with that of the father. As different tribes employ different methods this threatened to involve serious confusion. To take an extreme example: If the father and mother of an Indian were each reported as of mixed-tribal blood, to which of the four tribes represented in the individual should he be attributed? On the other hand, as the primary basis of classification of Indians was purity of blood, it would be logical to make tribal affiliation also dependent on actual descent, although this might, in some cases, lead to the counting of an individual as a member of a tribe other than that to which he claimed to belong. After careful consideration and trial it was determined that the latter method presented fewer difficulties and chances of error, and consequently an arbitrary rule was adopted of counting Indians of mixed-tribal blood as members always of the father's tribe. The only exceptions to this rule were in cases where, owing to complexity of blood in both parents, the rule would lead to obviously incorrect results. In such cases tribal affiliation was held to follow the dominant blood, if any; otherwise, that of the father's father. In short, actual blood relationship was fol-
lowed as far as possible in determining the tribe to which an individual belonged. The differences between the numbers obtained for individual tribes by the use of this method as opposed to that of customary inheritance are not believed to be considerable. Close observation of several cases showed little change, and the certainty of this mode of treatment as opposed to the uncertainty and confusion which were found to arise in following the other method is believed to justify it.

Table 50 (p. 116) gives in summarized form, for each stock and tribe in the United States and Alaska, a statement of the number of Indians reported in 1910, classified according to purity of blood and sex. A detailed distribution according to purity of blood, tribal mixture, sex, and age is given for each stock and tribe in the United States in Table 51 (p. 123), while a similar distribution according to purity of blood, sex, and age is given for each stock and tribe in Alaska in Table 52 (p. 154). In these tables, as well as in the following textual statement as to the habitat of each stock and tribe, the various tribes are, for convenience, grouped alphabetically by linguistic stocks, the location of which may be seen by reference to the map opposite page 9. ${ }^{1}$ Any particular tribe may be readily found by reference to the alphabetical list of tribes as given in Table 9 (p. 17).

A separate presentation is given for each stock in the United States, both in the textual statement and in Table 51 (p. 123), as follows:

| Algonquian. | Kutenaian. | Tsimshian. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Athapaskan. | Lutuamian. | Tunican. |
| Caddoan. | Maidu. | Waiilatpuan. |
| Chimakuan. | Miwok. | Wakashan. |
| Chimarikan. | Muskhogean. | Washoan. |
| Chinookan. | Piman. | Wintun. |
| Chitimachan. | Pomo. | Wiyat. |
| Chumashan. | Salinan. | Yakonan. |
| Costanoan. | Salishan. | Yanan. |
| Croatan. | Shahaptian. | Yokuts. |
| Eskimauan. | Shastan. | Yuchean. |
| Haidan. | Shoshonean. | Yukian. |
| Iroquoian. | Siouan. | Yuman. |
| Kalapooian. | Takelman. | Yurok. |
| Karok. | Tanoan. | Zapotecan. |
| Keresan. | Tarascan. | Zunian. |
| Kiowan. | Tlingit. |  |
| Kusan. | Tonkawan. |  |

A separate, presentation is also made, both in the textual statement and in Table 52 (p. 154), for each stock in Alaska, namely, Algonquian, Athapaskan, Eskimauan, Haidan, Tlingit, and Tsimshian.

[^5]
## INDIANS IN THE UNITED STATES.

## ALGONQUIAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-This, the largest numerically of the stocks in the United States, is also one of the largest in point of area covered. With the exception of western New York, parts of western New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and the northern Alleghenies, the entire area of the United States east of the Mississippi and north of a line drawn from the mouth of the Ohio to the entrance to Chesapeake Bay was at the beginning of the seventeenth century occupied by Indians of this stock. Farther west, also, there were several tribesthe Arapaho, Cheyenne, Gros Ventres, and Pieganwho wandered over a considerable area on the plains. The stock also extends over a large area in Canada. From a large portion of this area the Indians have long practically disappeared, but in parts of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, and to some extent in Maine, they still form a considerable element in the population.

The Indians of the Algonquian stock in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 40,975 . To this figure should be added probably about 1,200 for Indians of this stock reported without distinction of tribe among the general population in Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin, making a probable total of about 42,000 in all. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Abnaki. | Mattapony. | Peoria. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Arapaho. | Menominee. | Pequot. |
| Blackfeet. | Miami. | Piankashaw. |
| Brotherton. | Micmac. | Piegan. |
| Cheyenne. | Mohegan. | Poosepatuck. |
| Chickahominy. | Montauk. | Potawatomi. |
| Chippewa. | Munsee. | Powhatan. |
| Cree. | Narraganset. | Sauk and Fox. |
| Delaware. | Niantic. | Shawnee. |
| Gros Ventres. | Ottawa. | Shinnecock. |
| Kickapoo. | Pamunkey. | Stockbridges. |
| Malecite. | Passamaquoddy. | Wampanoag. |
| Mashpee. | Penobscot. | Wea. |

In addition to the above, four members of the Oswego tribe were enumerated, but as the tribal affliation of these Indians is uncertain they are included among the 1,644 Indians (see Table 8, p. 15) for whom the stock or tribe was not reported.

Abnaki.-A name somewhat uncertain in its application, but now usually applied to a portion of the Maine tribes who removed to Canada in the eighteenth century. It is also sometimes used for the Stockbridges, Munsee, etc., in Wisconsin. As a "tribe" they are much mixed in origin and those in the United States are only scattered immigrants, this being primarily a Canadian tribe. The number enumerated in 1910 was 37 in four states: New York, 24; Maine, 7; Pennsylvania, 4; and Wisconsin, 2.

Arapaho.-One of the most important of the Algonquian tribes of the plains. Their earliest habitat was
in Minnesota, whence probably as early as the seventeenth century they moved west to Nebraska, Kansas, and Oklahoma. They have for a long period been closely associated with the Cheyenne. For the last 30 or 40 years they have been located on two reserva-tions-the Wind River Reservation in Wyoming and, together with the Southern Cheyenne, on the Cheyenne and Arapaho Reservation in Oklahoma.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,419 , of which 703 were in Wyoming and 685 in Oklahoma. The reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs furnish figures for this tribe back to 1875, as follows:


The considerable difference between the figure returned by the Commissioner of Indian Atairs ( 1,753 ) and that obtained by the census $(1,419)$ in 1910 is probably due largely to diterences in the method of determining tribal affiliation.
It is evident from the above table that there has been a very large decrease in this tribe in the last 30 or 40 years. If the northern and southern sections of the tribe are considered separately the contrast is striking, the decrease in the Southern Arapaho in Oklahoma being certainly double that of the northern section in Wyoming in the last 20 years. The Cheyenne offer another example of this same sort.

Blackfeet (syn. Siksika).-A name applied both to a single tribe (the Siksika) and to a confederacy made up of these, together with the Bloods and Piegans. In the eighteenth century the Blackfeet proper were in Alberta and the adjacent area in Canada. Later they moved southward and for a time occupied portions of Montana. The majority of the tribe proper are now in Canada with the Bloods, the Piegan remaining largely in the United States. Those enumerated here as Blackfeet are probably in considerable part Piegan, but there being no means of determining this, they are given just as returned. The number enumerated in 1910 was 99, distributed as follows: North Dakota, 35; Montana, 33; Nebraska and Oklahoma, 12 each; and 7 scattering.

Brotherton.-The name applied to an extremely mixed group of fragments of numerous Algonquian tribes of New England, New York, and New Jersey, which, about the end of the eighteenth century, united to form a community in Oneida County, N. Y. Later the majority moved to the vicinity of Green Bay, Wis., where they still remain. The number reported for Wisconsin was 162 , out of a total of 172 enumerated in 1910.

Cheyenne.-One of the most important of the Algonquian tribes of the plains. Their earliest known habitat was in western Minnesota. From there they moved west to the Black Hills in South Dakota in the eighteenth century or earlier, and thence gradually farther west and south. About 1835 the tribe divided into two portions, the one remaining in Wyoming and vicinity, the other moving south to southern Colorado and the adjacent portions of Kansas and Oklahoma. Since the early eighties the Northern Cheyenne have been on the Tongue River Reservation in Montana. The Southern Cheyenne have for 40 years or more been located on the Arapaho and Cheyenne Reservation in Oklahoma.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 3,055 , of which 1,522 were in Oklahoma and 1,346 in Montana. The reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs furnish comparative figures back to 1880 . In 1875 the whole tribe was estimated at over 4,000 .

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 3,255 | 1890. | 3,654 |
| 1905. | 3,299 | 1886. | 3,281 |
| 1900. | 3,446 | 1880... | 3,767 |
| 1895. | 3,379 |  |  |

Taking the tribe as a whole there has clearly been a considerable decrease since 1880 . If we consider the two groups separately, however, it appears that since 1896 the decrease in the Southern Cheyenne in Oklahoma is three times that of the Northern Cheyenne in Montana. Similar conditions exist among the Arapaho.
As the Cheyenne offer one of the best examples of the differences sometimes existing. between two divisions of the same tribe located in different environments, figures for the northern and southern sections are given separately in Table 51 (p. 123)

Chickahominy.-A tribe once important, whose early habitat was on the Chickahominy River in Virginia. A remnant of the tribe still resides in the same region, the number reported in 1910 being 115.

Chippewa (syn. Ojibway).-The largest tribe of the. Algonquian stock. Essentially a woodland tribe, their habitat in the middle of the seventeenth century, at which time they first came in contact with Europeans, included both shores of the eastern half of Lake Superior and the northern part of the Lower Peninsula of Michigan, and perhaps part of the northern shore of Lake Huron.
During the next century and a half a large proportion of the tribe moved westward, extending across Wisconsin and Minnesota into North Dakota, where their westernmost representatives are found to-day. A considerable proportion of the Chippewas, however, continue to occupy portions of their original territory. They are at present located mainly on 19 reservations, as follows: Isabella, L'Anse, and Ontonagon in Michigan; Bois Fort, Deer Creek, Fond du Lac, Grand Portage, Leech Lako, Mille Lac, Red Lake, Vermillion

Lake, White Earth, White Oak Point, and Chippewa in Minnesota; Turtle Mountain in North Dakota; Lac Court Oreille, Lac du Flambeau, La Pointe (Bad River), and Red Cliff in Wisconsin. They are thus apparently among the most widely distributed of all the tribes in the United States.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 20,214 , of which 8,234 were in Minnesota, 4,299 in Wisconsin, 3,725 in Michigan, and 2,966 in North Dakota. No satisfactory statistics for the Chippewa in previous years can be secured for comparison with the figures of the present census, but from the following figures given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for certain states it is apparent that they are pretty surely increasing:

| YEAR. | Minne- | North Dakota. | Wiscon$\sin$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 9,529 | 2,684 | 4,190 |
| 1905. | 10,245 | 2,207 | 3,625. |
| 1900. | 10,207 | 2,549 | 2,889 |
| 1895. | 8,747 | 2,184 | 2,782 |
| 1885. | 7,281 | 1,314 | 2,254 |

As this is one of the largest tribes in the United States and shows notable variations in different parts of the area occupied, separate figures are given for the four main groups in Table 51 (p. 124).

Cree.-A tribe whose early habitat comprised a large area in Canada lying south and southwest of Hudson and James Bays and extending west into the plains. They are closely affiliated with the Chippewa. As trappers and voyagers of the Hudson Bay Co. they became widely distributed during the early part of the nineteenth century, some of those now in the United States being descendants of these early immigrants and others having come in more recently. The number enumerated in 1910 was 459 , of which 309 were in Montana. Thirty-four Indians reported as "Creek" in Montana probably belong to this tribe, the enumerator probably erroneously returning Creek for Cree.

Delaware.-A group or confederacy of tribes occupying in the seventeenth century a large area in Delaware, New Jersey, eastern Pennsylvania, and southern New York. In the eighteenth century they moved westward successively to Ohio, Indiana, and Missouri. In the early part of the nineteenth century they were in Texas and Kansas, whence they removed to Oklahoma in 1867 and were incorporated with the Cherokee. Other small fragments, such as the Munsee, are now in Wisconsin and Kansas. The number enumerated in 1910 was 914, of which 874 were in Oklahoma.
Gros Ventres (syn. Atsina).-A tribe which probably was formerly a part of the Arapaho. Their habitat at the end of the eighteenth century was in northern Montana. For about 40 years they have been located at the Fort Belknap Reservation, Mont. The name Gros Ventres has been applied to two wholly distinct tribesthe Atsina (Gros Ventres of the Prairie) and the Hidatsa (Gros Ventres of the Missouri)-and thus led to much confusion.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 510 , of which 503 were in Montana. Comparative figures which are available for this tribe in Montana show that there has been a great decrease among the Gros Ventres in the last 25 years. Estimated at about 1,500 in 1866, they lost by smallpox in 1870, and by 1885 has dwindled to 852 , since which time the figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 501 | 1895. | 624 |
| 1905. | 651 | 1890. | 770 |
| 1900... | 603 | 1885. | 852 |

Kickapoo.-A well-known tribe belonging to the central division of this stock. Their habitat in the early seventeenth century was in central Wisconsin. By the eighteenth century they had moved farther south into Illinois and Indiana, and in the nineteenth century went west of the Mississippi to Missouri and Kansas. A portion of the tribe later emigrated to Chihuahua, in Mexico, whence part returned in 1873 to a reservation in Oklahoma which was set apart for them and on which they still remain. The other portion of the Kickapoo have been located for many years on the Kickapoo Reservation in Kansas.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 348 , of which 211 were in Kansas and 135 in Oklahoma. The decrease in the Kickapoo has been great so far as those in the United States are concerned. The number of those still in Mexico is not known accurately, but is presumed to be about 400 , which would bring the total number of the tribe at present up to about 750. Comparative figures from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs are of value as far back as 1875 and are as follows for this tribe in Kansas and Oklahoma:

| YEAR. | Kansas. | Oklahoma. | YEAR. | Kansas. | Oklahoma. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 209 | 243 | 1890..... | 237 | 195 |
| 1905. | 185 | 247 | 1885.. | 235 | 346 |
| 1900. | 255 | 260 | 1880.. | 234 | 380 |
| 1895.. | 231 | 271 | 1875. | 380 | 426 |

Malecite.-A tribe occupying in the early seventeenth century the region in the vicinity of the St. John's. River, New Brunswick. They are closely allied to the Passamaquoddy. Of the 142 enumerated in 1910, 138 were found in Maine.

Mashpee.-A name applied to the survivors, now very largely mixed with white or Negro blood, of several small tribes of southeastern Massachusetts and vicinity. The number enumerated in 1910 was 206, of which 201 were in Massachusetts and 5 in Pennsylvania.

Mattapony.-A small tribe formerly living on the Mattapony River, Va. They are now much mixed with white and Negro blood. But 1 Indian was enumerated in 1910 as belonging to this tribe, a woman of mixed Mattapony and Pamunkey blood, in Vir-
ginia. It is probable that a few other survivors are scattered among the general population.

Menominee.-A tribe whose habitat in the seventeenth century was in the vicinity of the Menominee River, in northern Michigan and Wisconsin. Since the middle of the nineteenth century they have been located on the Menominee Reservation, Wis., in which state 1,350 were enumerated out of a total in 1910 of 1,422.

Comparative figures for this tribe in Wisconsin since 1860 can be given from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, from which the present population of the Menominee would seem to be about equal to that 30 years ago, although the figures are very variable, rising and falling often 100 to 200 from year to year. The figures are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,509 | 1885...............-.-............ | 1,308 |
| 1905. | 1,370 | 1880........-.-.-.......-.-.-. | 1,450 |
| 1900. | 1,396 | 1875...-..---................-. | 1,522 |
| 1895. | 1,286 | 1860.............................. | 1,376 |
| 1890. | 1,311 |  |  |

Miami.-A tribe whose habitat early in the seventeenth century seems to have been in Wisconsin and northern Mlinois and Indiana. In the early nineteenth century the majority moved west to Kansas and later to Oklahoma, where they are now located on the Quapaw Reservation. A portion much mixed with white blood still remains in Indiana.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 226, of which 123 were in Oklahoma and 90 in Indiana. Comparison with earlier years is difficult, as the Miami have been much mixed with the Peoria and other tribes. The reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs give for this tribe in Oklahoma 167 in 1861 and 117 in 1869, and since 1880 the following figures:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 127 | 1890. |  |
| 1905. | 124 | 1885. | 57 |
| 1900. | 101 | 1880... | 64 |
| $1895 .$. | 86 |  |  |

Micmac.-A tribe occupying, at least since the sixteenth century, Nova Scotia, Cape Breton, Prince Edward Island, and parts of northern New Brunswick, together with most of the Gaspe Peninsula in eastern Canada. The number of this tribe enumerated in the United States in 1910 was 45, distributed as follows: Maine, 23; Massachusetts, 21; and Minnesota, 1.

Mohegan.-A tribe formerly occupying a small area in southern Connecticut, chiefly along the Thames River. A small number of persons, mainly of white and Negro blood, still claim the name. The number reported in 1910 was 22, all in Connecticut.

Montauk.-A name somewhat variably used but usually including most of the tribes of central and eastern Long Island, N. Y. A few survive in Long Island, but the majority of the survivors are in Wis-
consin, whither they seem to have gone with the Brotherton. The number enumerated in 1910 was 29 , of which 21 were in Wisconsin.

Munsee. -The name of a portion of the Delaware tribe occupying in the seventeenth century a considerable area in southern New York and adjacent parts of Pennsylvania and New Jersey. By the end of the eighteenth century they had been almost completely dispersed or absorbed by other tribes, and at present the survivors are scattered among several tribes in Oklahoma and in Kansas. The total reported in 1910 was 71, of which Kansas and Oklahoma had 41 and 21, respectively.

Narraganset.-Formerly one of the most important tribes of southern New England, occupying western Rhode Island and adjacent parts of Connecticut. The few survivors are now largely mixed with white and Negro blood. The number enumerated in 1910 was 16, of which one-half were in Wisconsin. It is probable that there were others of this tribe enumerated among the general population.

Niantic.-A small tribe formerly occupying the coast of Connecticut near Niantic Bay. One survivor of this tribe was enumerated in Connecticut in 1910, a woman reported to be of full-tribal blood.

Ottawa.-Originally a Canadian tribe, the habitat of the Ottawa when first met by Europeans, in the early part of the seventeenth century, was in the present Province of Ontario, on Manitoulin Island, the northern shore of Georgian Bay, and parts of the southern shore adjacent to the Hurons. After the destruction of the Hurons in 1648-49, the Ottawa fled at first to the western shore of Lake Michigan and later farther west, even to the Mississippi River. By the end of the century the greater part, however, had returned and settled mainly in the Lower Peninsula of Michigan where they became much mixed with the Chippewa. A small number of Ottawa moved west beyond the Mississippi in the early part of the nineteenth century and since 1870 have been living with the Quapaw on their reservation in Oklahoma.
. The total number enumerated in 1910 was 2,717, of which 2,454 were in Michigan and 170 in Oklahoma. Figures for the total Ottawa population in previous years are impossible to secure, as only the small portion residing in Oklahoma has been shown separately in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Pamunkey.-Once one of the most important tribes of Virginia, belonging to the Powhatan Confederacy, and occupying the region about the Pamunkey and Mattapony Rivers in that state. Since the end of the eighteenth century the remnant, largely of mixed blood, have occupied a small reservation in King William County. The number enumerated in 1910 was 83, all in Virginia.
Passamaquoddy.-A tribe very closely allied to the Malecite and occupying since the seventeenth century the region in the vicinity of the eastern boundary of

Maine. The number enumerated in 1910 was 386, of which 381 were in Maine.
Penobscot.-A tribe once quite numerous and formerly occupying the region along the Penobscot River, Me. They are now for the most part located in the vicinity of Old Town, Me., 253 out of a total of 266 being reported in that state in 1910 .
Peoria.-A tribe belonging to the loose group known as the Illinois Confederacy and living, when first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, on the west side of the Mississippi River in Iowa. Later they moved to Illinois and in 1832 removed to Kansas, where they were joined by various other small tribes and ultimately settled in Oklahoma on the Peoria Reservation. The Peoria to-day are much mixed with Piankashaw, Wea, etc. The number enumerated in 1910 was 128, of which 114 were reported in Oklahoma.
Pequot.-A tribe once practically identical with the Mohegan and occupying in the seventeenth century the extreme eastern edge of Connecticut. The remnant is still living in this region, 66 being enumerated in 1910, 49 in Connecticut and 17 in Massachusetts.

Piankashaw.-A subdivision originally of the Miami, formerly occupying a small area in northern Indiana and Illinois. Early in the nineteenth century the remnant had moved west across the Mississippi, and later, uniting with the Peoria, Kaskaskia, and Wea, removed to the Peoria Reservation, Okla. There were but 2 Indians reported in 1910 as Piankashaw, from Oklahoma, a female of full-tribal blood and a halfbreed male.

Piegan.-The largest of the three tribes of the Blackfoot Confederacy. Their early habitat extended over a large area in Montana, Alberta, and Saskatchewan, east of the Rocky Mountains. For 40 years or more the portion of the tribe in the United States has been located on the Blackfeet Reservation in Montana. They are sometimes referred to simply as Blackfeet.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 2,268, of which 2,221 were in Montana. Comparative figures for earlier years are almost useless as they are, with very few exceptions, only estimates. Before 1885 the number returned varied very widely from year to year, the most conservative estimate being about 2,500 in 1861. In 1864 and in 1869 they suffered by an epidemic of measles and smallpox, and in 1883 nearly 600 died of starvation. .Since 1885 there has apparently been little change in numbers, as shown by the following figures from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in Montana:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 2,269 | 1895. | 1,837 |
| 1905. | 2,063 | 1890. | 2,173 |
| 1900. | 2,085 | 1885. | 2,000 |

Poosepatuck.-One of the tribes of Long Island, New York, of which a remnant, all of mixed blood
probably still survives. A single Indian was enumerated in 1910, in New York, as belonging to this tribe, a woman of half Negro blood. It is probable that some additional members of this tribe were scattered among the general population.

Potawatomi.-The earliest assignable location for this tribe is in the Lower Peninsula of Michigan. From here, early in the seventeenth century, they moved to the vicinity of Sault Ste. Marie and thence, at a later date, soutbward to the lower end of Lake Michigan and adjacent portions of Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, and Michigan. By the middle of the nineteenth century the larger portion had moved west across the Mississippi where, after several changes of location, they were finally located on the Great Nemaha Reservation in Kansas, and the Sauk and Fox Reservation in Oklahoma. A portion, however, remains in Wisconsin and Michigan. The total number enumerated in 1910 was 2,440 , of which 866 were in Oklahoma, 819 in Kansas, 461 in Michigan, and 245 in Wisconsin.

Powhatan.-A group or confederacy of several tribes living in the seventeenth century along the Virginia coast, and including among others the Chickahominy, Mattapony, and Pamunkey. The remnants are now much mixed and widely scattered. The number reported in 1910 (distinct from the Chickahominy, Mattapony, and Pamunkey) was 131, all in Virginia.

Sauk and Fox.-Two tribes which have been so closely associated for over a century that they have been enumerated as a unit. The earliest assignable habitat for both the Sauk and Fox was in the Lower Peninsula of Michigan where they were living at the very beginning of the seventeenth century. Moving from there by the end of the century to Wisconsin, they remained in the region of Green Bay for some time and toward the end of the eighteenth century moved farther west beyond the Mississippi. They are now divided into three groups, located respectively at Tama, Iowa; the Great Nemaha Reservation, Kans.; and the Sauk and Fox Reservation, Okla.
The total number enumerated in 1910 was 724, of which 347 were in Oklahoma, 257 in Iowa, and 69 in Kansas. Figures for earlier years are in the case of the Sauk and Fox unusually complete in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for the number represented in Iowa, Oklahoma, Kansas, and Nebraska, as follows:

| YEAR. | Iowa. | OKlahoma. | Kansas and Nebraska. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 365 | 541 | 87 |
| 1905. | 342 | 503 | 79 |
| 1900. | 385 | 467 | 74 |
| 1896. | 393 | 522 | 80 |
| 1891. | 390 | 525 | 75 |
| 1885. | 380 | 457 | 87 |
| 1881. | 355 | 440 | 153 |
| 1875. | 341 | 430 | 298 |

Shawnee.-The southernmost tribe of this stock. Considerable uncertainty still remains in regard to the earlier home of this tribe. When first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century they were living in two divisions, the larger in central and western Tennessee and the smaller on the Savannah River in South Carolina. Their later history is much confused, they having been for a time in Kentucky and Ohio, and some isolated bands being in many other parts of the Middle West. In the eighteenth century many had moved west of the Mississippi and become widely scattered. Since the beginning of the nineteenth. century they have been located mainly in Kansas, Texas, Missouri, and Oklahoma. At present they are located in Oklahoma, part on the Quapaw Reservation, part on the Sauk and Fox Reservation (Shawnee School), while the larger proportion are incorporated with the Cherokee.

The number of this tribe enumerated in 1910 was. 1,338 , of which 1,300 were in Oklahoma. Comparative figures are not available for the Shawnee tribe as a whole. In 1861 they were reported as numbering 810.
Shinnecock.-A tribe formerly occupying the western portion of Long Island, N. Y. The survivors wholly mixed with Negro blood, are located mainly on. a small reservation near Southampton, Long Island. The number enumerated in 1910 was 167, all in New York.

Stockbridges.-A name applied to a tribe formerly living in western Massachusetts, but removing toward. the end of the eighteenth century to the Oneidas in New York, and thence in the first half of the nineteenth. century to a reservation in Wisconsin. They have now become much mixed with the Munsee and with whites. In 1910 there were 502 out of a total of 533 reported in Wisconsin.

Wampanoag.-Formerly an important tribe in eastern Rhode Island and the adjacent parts of Massachusetts. The remnant is now very largely mixed with white and Negro blood. The total number enumerated in 1910 was 162, of which 152 were in Massachusetts and 10 in Pennsylvania.

Wea.-A tribe very closely allied to the Miami. Their earliest known habitat was in eastern Wisconsin. and western Illinois and Indiana. In 18,32 they moved to Krnsas, and in 1868 to Oklahoma, where, united with the Peoria and Piankashaw, they still. remain. The great majority were enumerated as Peoria. In 1910 only 4 were enumerated as Wea2 in Oklahoma and 2 in Indiana.

Tribe not reported.-There were enumerated in 1910 as of this stock 36 Indians ( 12 males and 24 females) for whom the tribe was not reported. They were all reported as born in Massachusetts, and are probably either Mashpee or Wampanoag. They are of mixed blood, mainly Negro, white, and Indian.

## ATHAPASKAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-Of all the stocks in North America the Athapaskan covers the largest area, and, with the exception of the Eskimauan, has the greatest range of distribution. The larger portion of the area, formerly and at present, occupied by this stock lies in Alaska and the Canadian northwest. In continental United States its main territory lay in Arizona, New Mexico, and northwestern Texas, with an isolated area of very irregular shape on the Pacific coast in northern California and southwestern Oregon. One small tribe belonging to this stock, the Tlatskanai, was in southern Washington, and one, the so-called Kiowa Apache, in the southern plains.

The Indians of the Athapaskan stock in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 30,406 . To this figure should be added perhaps 500 for Indians of this stock reported without distinction of tribe among the general population in New Mexico and Arizona, making a probable total of nearly 31,000 in all. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Ahtena. | Kiowa Apache. | Tenankutchin. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Apache. | Lipan Apache. | Tlatskanai. |
| Chastacosta. | Mattole. | Tolowa. |
| Chetco. | Mescalero Apache. | Umpqua. |
| Cow Creek. | Navajo. | Upper Coquille. |
| Hupa. | Redwood. | Wailaki. |
| Jicarilla Apache. | Rogue River. |  |
| Kai-Pomo. | Saiaz. |  |

Ahtena.-Two Indians belonging to this Alaskan tribe (see p. 111) were reported from Oregon in 1910, both white half-breed males.

Apache.-A group of tribes whose subdivisions and names have been so uncertain, and most of whom have become so much intermixed in the last century as to render separate statistical consideration difficult. In the sixteenth century the Apache were apparently confined mainly to New Mexico and western Texas, but later extended over much of Arizona and into northern Mexico. Of the various subdivisions the Jicarilla, Lipan, and Mescalero have kept rather to themselves and so are considered separately in this report. The returns for those Indians enumerated simply as Apache, and for the Chiricahua, Coyotero, San Carlos, Tonto, and White Mountain Apache, with their various subdivisions, are combined under the general term of Apache.

The Apache, thus defined, as enumerated in 1910 numbered 4,973, of which 4,652 were in Arizona and 271 in Oklahoma. Comparative figures are of little value prior to 1890 . Since then the total number of Apache in Arizona and Oklahoma, including the divisions above mentioned, have been given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as shown in the following statement.

| YEAR. | Number. | TEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 4,889 | 1895. | 4,342 |
| $1905 . .$. | 4,238 | 1890. | 4,022 |
| 1900...... | 4,470 |  |  |

These figures should be used with caution, but it would appear that there has been clearly an increase in this group. The different bands as enumerated by the census are as follows:
Apache (without designation of band).............................. 2, 421
Chiricahua Apache........................................................... 261
Coyotero Apache......................................................... 490
San Carlos Apache.......................................................... . . 1,089
Tonto Apache................................................................. 655

Chastacosta.-A subdivision of the Rogue River Indians, formerly occupying the northern bank from Illinois River to Applegate Creek in southwestern Oregon. The remnant of this tribe is now located at Siletz Reservation, Oreg. The number enumerated in 1910 was 7, all in Oregon. It is probable that a few others still survive, but were enumerated as Rogue River.

Chetco.-A small group of Indians closely allied to the Tolowa. In the early part of the nineteenth century they were living on the lower Chetco River in southern Curry County, Oreg. In 1854 they were removed to Siletz Reservation where a small remnant still survives.
In 1910 only 9 were enumerated- 7 in Oregon, 1 in California, and 1 in Pennsylvania. According to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the Chetco numbered 241 in 1854; 262 in 1861; 211 in 1867, and 10 years later had decreased to 63 .

Cow Creek.-A subdivision of the Umpqua formerly living on Cow Creek in southwestern Douglas County, Oreg. They were removed in the middle of the nineteenth century to the Grande Ronde Reservation, where the remnant still resides. The number enumerated in 1910 was 9 , all in Oregon.

Hupa.-A small tribe belonging to the Pacific coast division of this stock. Although immigrants into this area at some early period in the past, their habitat since earliest traditional times has been in Humboldt County, Cal., along the Trinity River from the South Fork to the mouth. The larger part of this area was set aside as a reservation for them in 1864. The number enumerated in 1910 was 639, of which 617 were in California.

Jicarilla Apache.-One of the many tribes known by the name of Apache. They were probably originally closely allied to the Mescalero, and their earliest known habitat was in southeastern Colorado and northern New Mexico, whence they ranged east into Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas. They are now located on the Jicarilla Reservation in New Mexico.

The total reported in 1910 was 694 , all in New Mexico. Figures for this tribe are given with considerable regularity in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs as far back as 1869.

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 743 | 1885. | 721 |
| 1905. | 795 | 1880. | 752 |
| 1900. | 815 | 1875. | 950 |
| 1895. | 845 | 1869.. | 788 |
| 1890. | 808 |  |  |

Kai-Pomo (syn. Kato, Cahto).-A small group or tribe belonging to the Kuneste section of the Pacific coast division of this stock. They have occupied since earliest traditional times a small area in northwestern Mendocino County, Cal. They are closely affiliated with the Wailaki, Mattole, and other small Athapaskan groups of this region. The number enumerated in 1910 was 51, all in California.

Kiowa Apache.-A small tribe amalgamated since the earliest traditional times with the Kiowa, a tribe of a wholly different stock. Their early home was in Montana and northern Wyoming, but since known to Europeans in the seventeenth century they have been farther south on the western plains. Since the middle of the nineteenth century they have been located with the Kiowa on the Kiowa and Comanche Reservation in Oklahoma.

The name Apache is given to this tribe erroneously, as they have nothing in common with the Apache except that both are members of the same stock.

The Kiowa Apache as enumerated in 1910 numbered 139, all in Oklahoma. Compared with the figures for previous years, as given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, this tribe shows a rapid decrease, that between 1890 and 1895 being due to a severe epidemic. The figures are as follows:

| fear. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910 | 165 | 1890. | 326 |
| 1905 | 155 | 1885.. | 319 |
| 1900. | 173 | 1880. | 334 |
| 1895. | 226 | 1875. | 344 |

Lipan Apache.-A tribe whose habitat in the eighteenth century extended over a large area in eastern New Mexico and western Texas. About the middle of the nineteenth century most of the remnant removed to northern Mexico, but are now located on the Mescalero Reservation, N. Mex. A few others are found on the Oakland Reservation, Okla. The number enumerated in 1910 was 28, of which 20 were in New Mexico, 7 in Oklahoma, and 1 in Pennsylvania.

Mattole.-A small group or tribe belonging to the Kuneste section of the Pacific coast division of this stock. They have occupied since earliest traditional times the southern coast of Humboldt County, Cal. Gathered on a reservation near Cape Mendocino about the middle of the nineteenth century, a few were taken,
when this reservation was discontinued, to the Hupa Reservation, where they are now incorporated with the Hupa. The other remaining survivors are scattered over their original territory. The number enumerated in 1910 was 34, all in California.

Mescalero Apache.-Originally closely affiliated with the Jicarilla. Their earliest known habitat was in eastern New Mexico, whence they ranged east into Texas and south into northern New Mexico. Since 1873 they have been located on the Mescalero Reservation in southern New Mexico, in which state 416 were enumerated in 1910 out of a total of 424.
Comparative figures indicate a rather stable population for this tribe in New Mexico, there having been little variation in numbers in 25 years. These figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are available only as far back as 1885, and are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | gear. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 453 | 1895. | 453 |
| 1905. | 460 | 1890. | 513 |
| 1900. | 482 | 1885... | 462 |

Navajo (syn. Navaho).-One of the largest and best known of the Athapaskan tribes of the United States. When first known to Europeans in the early seventeenth century they were located in northern New Mexico and Arizona and southeastern Utah. In the sixties a large proportion of the tribe were held as prisoners at Bosque Redondo in eastern New Mexico, but later were returned to their original home. Since 1867 they have remained on the reservation set apart for them in northeastern Arizona, northwestern New Mexico, and southeastern Utah, the numbers enumerated in 1910 in these states being $11,001,10,354$, and 1,039 , respectively. The total number enumerated was 22,455 .
The enumeration of the Navajo is of necessity somewhat uncertain, owing to the local conditions. The tribe is a nomadic one, roaming over a very large extent of country, so that an absolutely accurate enumeration would be an extremely difficult, if not impossible task. Comparison, therefore, with returns of even greater uncertainty (since founded almost wholly on estimates) made in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs are of little real value. In a few instances the numbers given, however, are evidently based upon partial counts of a large proportion at least of the tribe. In 1876 the total was given as 11,868 and in 1886 as 17,358 . Beginning in 1894 a sudden rise is noticeable to over 20,000 , and again in 1905 a still greater rise-in one year from 21,379 to 28,544 . The discrepancy between this figure of about 28,000 , which has been returned in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs with little variation since 1905, and that of 22,455 , obtained by the present census, is large. That 28,000 is a figure somewhat too large and that the
enumeration of the census is too small seems probable. An exact enumeration, however, is, as already stated, practically impossible.
Redwood (syn. Whilkut).-A small group or tribe closely related to the Hupa. Their habitat was on Upper Redwood Creek, directly west of the Hupa in Humboldt County, Cal. Located for several years previous to 1870 at Hupa Reservation, most have since removed to their original homes. The local name for these Indians is Redwood, a term also applied to the Huchnom, a branch of the Yukianstock in Mendocino County. The total number reported in 1910 was 76, of which 74 were in California and 2 in Washington.

Rogue River (syn. Tututni).-A group of small tribes who in the early nineteenth century were living on the lower Rogue River and adjacent area in Curry County, Oreg. In 1856 they were removed to Siletz Reservation and some time later were transferred to the Grande Ronde Reservation. The remnants are at present divided between these two reservations. There is much confusion in the use of the term Tututni and Rogue River, and among those returned as such, and here tabulated, there are probably some Chetco, Chastacosta and other Athapaskan tribes of this region.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 383 , of which 368 were in Oregon. Strictly comparable figures for this tribe can not be obtained, but an approximation can be made as follows: In 1854, at the time of their transportation as prisoners of war to Siletz, the Rogue River were given as numbering 1,311 . In 1867 they seem still to have numbered over 1,300 , but 10 years later, in 1877, were reduced to less than 700 and in 1881 to less than 500 . Since that date no separate report has been made.

Saiaz.-A term of somewhat uncertain application, applied to a portion of the Kuneste section of the Pacific coast division of this stock. Their habitat since earliest traditional times was in Humboldt and Trinity Counties, Cal. They are practically one with the. Wailaki. Between 1862 and 1878 they were gathered first at the Smith River Reservation and also at the Hupa Reservation, but since the latter date the few survivors have been scattered over their original territory. The number enumerated in 1910 was 6 , all in California.

Tenankutchin.-One white half-breed male of this Alaskan tribe (see p. 112) was reported from Oregon in 1910.

Thatskanai.-A small tribe formerly living on the Chehalis River, Wash., and later in Columbia County, Oreg. They were supposed to be extinct several years ago. Three were reported from Washington in 1910. Tolowa (syn. Crescent City, Smith River Indians.)A small tribe or group belonging to the Kuneste section of the Pacific coast division of this stock. Their habitat since earliest traditional times has been in the extreme northwestern corner of California, comprising
practically all of Del Norte County. Between 1862 and 1868 they were gathered on a small reservation on Smith River which was later abandoned, and since the latter date the Tolowa have not been located on a reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 121, of which 118 were in California and 3 in Oregon.

Umpqua.-A tribal name of somewhat vague application, generally applied, however, to the Indians of the upper Umpqua River, in Douglas County, Oreg. They were removed to the Alsea Reservation in the middle of the nineteenth century, and later divided between Siletz and Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., where they still remain.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 109, of which 90 were in Oregon and 17 in Washington. Comparative figures from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs are available since 1860, as follows:

| tear. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1905. | 78 | 1885. | 121 |
| 1900. | 88 | 1880. | 136 |
| 1895. | 88 | 1875. | 202 |
| 1890. | 80 | 1860. | 184 |

Upper Coquille.-A small tribe or group of villages previously located on the upper Coquille River, in Coos and Douglas Counties, Oreg. They were removed to Siletz Reservation in the middle of the nineteenth century and most of the few survivors are located there to-day. In 1910 the number enumerated was 15, all in Oregon.

Wailaki.-A small group or tribe belonging to the Kuneste section of the Pacific Coast division of this stock. Their habitat since earliest traditional times has been in southeastern Humboldt and southwestern Trinity Counties, Cal. About the middle of the nineteenth century they were removed to Round Valley Reservation, where the majority still remain. The number enumerated in 1910 was 227, of which 217 were in California.

Tribe not reported.-One Indian female of this stock was enumerated in Oregon in 1910 for whom the tribe was not reported.

## CADDOAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-This is preeminently a stock of the plains. In the seventeenth century tribes belonging to this stock occupied large areas in Texas, Arkansas, and Oklahoma, with others (the Pawnee and Arikara) farther north in Nebraska and North Dakota. Many of the tribes formerly in existence are now extinct.

The Indians of the Caddoan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 1,863 . The tribes of this stock for which members were reported are as follows:

| Arikara. | Tawakoni. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Caddo. | Waco. |
| Kichai. | Wichita. |
| Pawnee. |  |

Arikara.-The northernmost tribe of this stock. Although now isolated, they were formerly part of the Pawnee. Their early traditional home was in Kansas, or farther south and southwest. From here they moved up the Missouri River, and were found by Europeans in the early part of the eighteenth century in South Dakota. By the middle of the nineteenth century they had moved farther up the river into North Dakota, and for about 50 years they have been at Fort Berthold Reservation, together with the Hidatsa and Mandan.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 444, of which 425 were in North Dakota. Comparative figures are of value as far back as 1875. Previous to that date the Arikara were estimated at from 1,000 to 1,600 . The figures given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in North Dakota since 1875 show a great decrease, and are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 411 | 1890. | 435 |
| 1905. | 379 | 1885. | 529 |
| 1900. | 395 | 1880. | 724 |
| 1895. | 420 | 1875. | 900 |

Caddo.-Formerly an important tribe and that from which the stock takes its name. Their earliest known habitat was in northwestern Louisiana, southwestern Arkansas, and northeastern Texas. In the eighteenth century the larger part of the tribe moved to Texas, and in the nineteenth century, after various vicissitudes, they were finally permanently settled on the Kiowa and Comanche Reservation in Oklahoma, where they are now located.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 452 , of which 436 were reported from Oklahoma. Comparative figures furnished by the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs include the remnants of the Ionies, another small tribe of this stock. The figures given for those in Oklahoma show a decrease in the last 35 years, and are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 497 | 1885. | 570 |
| 1895. | 498 | 1880. | 538 |
| 1890. | 538 | 1875. | 552 |

Kichai.-One of the smaller tribes of this stock whose earliest known habitat was in northwestern Louisiana and northeastern Texas. They shared with the Caddo in their vicissitudes during the eighteenth and early part of the nineteenth century, and in the sixties were permanently located at the Kiowa and Comanche Reservation in Oklahoma, where they joined the Wichita, with whom they have ever since been closely affiliated. The number enumerated in 1910 was 10, all in Oklahoma.

Pawnee.-Probably the best known tribe of this stock. Their traditional home was in northern Texas and southern Oklahoma, but when first known to

Europeans, in the seventeenth century, they were living in Nebraska and northern Kansas. About the middle of the nineteenth century a reservation was set apart for them in Nebraska, on which they remained until 1876, when they were removed to the Pawnee Reservation in Oklahoma.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 633 , of which 573 were reported in Oklahoma. The following table, compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, shows comparative figures for that portion in Oklahoma as far back as 1870:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 653 | 1890. | 804 |
| 1909 | 647 | 1885. | 1,045 |
| 1905. | 639 | 1880 : | 1,307 |
| 1900. | 650 | 1875. | 2,200 |
| 1895 | 710 | 1870. | 2,325 |

It is clear from the above that there has been a decided decrease in the Pawnee in the last 40 years. For the last 10 years, however, their number has remained practically stationary.

Tawakoni.-A small tribe closely affiliated with the Waco and Wichita. Their earliest known home was in central Oklahoma, whence they moved in the eighteenth century to northern Texas. From there they moved, in the middle of the nineteenth century, north again into Oklahoma, where, with the Wichita, they have since been located on the Kiowa and Comanche Reservation.

Only a single Tawakoni, in Oklahoma, was enumerated as such in 1910, a woman of full-tribal blood. It is probable that some other remaining Tawakoni were enumerated without tribal distinction among the general population.

Waco.-One of the subdivisions of the Tawakoni, formerly living in southern Oklahoma and northern Texas. Since the middle of the nineteenth century they, with the Tawakoni, have been associated with the Wichita on the Kiowa and Comanche Reservation, Okla. The number enumerated in 1910 was only 5 , all in Oklahoma.

Wichita.-A well-known tribe closely affiliated with the Tawakoni and Waco. The name is also applied to a loose confederacy including the Wichita, Tawakoni, Waco, and others. Their earliost known habitat (about the middle of the sixteenth century) was in southern Kansas and Oklahoma. Later they were forced west and south into Texas, and from there moved back in 1859 to Oklahoma, where since 1867 they have been on the Kiowa and Comanche Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 318 , of which 279 were in Oklahoma. The number reported by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs in 1893, the last year in which this tribe was distinguished separately, was 153 in Oklahoma. This would indicate a large increase, but is due, probably, in large part to a different method of determining tribal affiliation and to a more complete enumeration.

## CHIMAKUAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-One of the small stocks of the Pacific coast, which occupied, at the time when first known to Europeans, two small areas in western Washington, one on the coast south of Cape Flattery and the other on the northwestern shore of Puget Sound.

The Indians of the Chimakuan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 306. The surviving tribes of this stock, for which members were reported are as follows:
Chimakum. Hoh. Quileute.

Chimakum.-A small tribe occupying, when first known to Europeans, the peninsula between Hoods Canal and Port Townsend, Wash. The tribe has been supposed to be extinct. Three males, however, were enumerated in Washington in 1910, one of full-tribal blood, one of mixed-tribal blood, and one white and Indian half-breed.

Hoh.-A subdivision of the Quileute. Their habitat since the beginning of the nineteenth century has been on the river of the same name, in the northwestern part of Jefferson County, Wash.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 44, all in Washington. The following figures for this tribe are given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs:

| year. | Number. | tear. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910.. | 54 | 1885. | 61 |
| 1905.. |  | 1880-... | 83 |
| 18005. | 67 78 | 1875................ | 94 73 |
| 1890. | 75 | 1870............. |  |

Quileute.-With the Hoh, the chief surviving representatives of the stock. Their habitat since the beginning of the nineteenth century has been on the Pacific coast in the southwestern part of Clallam and northwestern part of Jefferson Counties, Wash. Since 1855 they have been located on a reservation set apart for them and under the supervision of the Neah Bay Agency.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 259 , all in - Washington. Figures for this tribe are given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as follows:

| Year. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910 | 226 | 1885. | 253 |
| 1905. | 231 | 1880. | 310 |
| 1900. | 229 | 1875. | 253 |
| $1895 .$. | 242 | 1870. | 234 |

CHIMARIKAN STOCK.
A very small group now practically extinct. Their habitat was in northwestern California on the Trinity River in the vicinity of New River. Recent evidence indicates that they probably are not distinct, but are
divergent members of the Shastan stock. They have never been located on a reservation. The Chimariko, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 31, all in California.

## CHINOOKAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-A stock occupying a narrow continuous belt of country, extending along both banks of the Columbia River from its mouth to The Dalles, in Oregon and Washington. The Chinookan is one of the stocks showing cases of intermixture with Polynesian blood, chiefly Hawaiian.
The Indians of the Chinookan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 897. The surviving tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Chinook. | Wasco. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Clackamas. | Wishram. |
| Clatsop. |  |

Chinook.-The tribe from which the stock takes its name. They occupied in the beginning of the nineteenth century the southwestern corner of Washington on the north side of the Columbia River, and the seacoast adjoining as far north as Shoalwater Bay. The Chinook proper are probably almost, if not quite, extinct. The name came to be loosely applied to various other tribes of the same stock on both sides of the Columbia for about 100 miles above its mouth, and it is the remnants of these various tribes that are probably included in those who were enumerated as "Chinook." Thus defined, the number enumerated in 1910 was 315, of which 177 were in Washington and 125 in Oregon.

Clackamas.-A small tribe formerly living on the Clackamas River, Clackamas County, Oreg. About 50 years ago they were removed to Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., where a remnant still survives.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 40 , of which 39 were in Oregon and 1 in Washington. The following figures for this tribe in Oregon are taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1905. | 59 | 1885. | 33 |
| 1900. | 66 | 1880 | 62 |
| 1895. | 65 | 1875. | 66 |
| 1890. | 59 |  |  |

The rise and fall of the number of the Clackamas is due probably to the different methods of enumeration in successive years.

Clatsop.-A small tribe formerly occupying the region about the mouth of the Columbia River, in northwestern Clatsop County, Oreg. A few of the survivors were moved to the Grande Ronde Reservation in 1875, but the larger number of the tribe are now living in Washington, 18 out of 26 having been enumerated in that state in 1910.

Wasco.-One of the two easternmost tribes of this stock. Their habitat in the early part of the nineteenth century was on the south side of the Columbia

River near The Dalles, Wasco County, Oreg. For 40 or 50 years they have been located on the Warm Springs Reservation in that state.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 242 , of which 184 were in Oregon and 54 in Washington. Comparative figures for this tribe in Oregon are available from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs from 1870 to 1890 , as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890. | 277 | 1875. | 320 |
| 1885. | 235 | 1870. | 244 |
| 1880... | 218 |  |  |

Wishram (syn. Tumwater).-One of the easternmost of the tribes of this stock, formerly occupying the north shore of the Columbia River at and below The Dalles, in Klickitat County, Wash. They are now living partly on the Yakima Reservation and partly along the Columbia River in their former territory. The name Tumwater, by which these Indians are locally known, probably includes fragments of other tribes formerly located at the Cascades. The name Tumwater has also been applied to a small group of Indians also called Oregon City and now located on Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg. The Wishram as enumerated in 1910 numbered 274, all in Washington.

The Wishram have the largest population of Polynesian mixed-bloods of any tribe in the United States.

## CHITIMACHAN STOCK.

A small tribe, forming by itself an independent linguistic stock. They occupied, at the time when first known to Europeans, the region about Grand Lake and Grand River, La. They have not been on any reservation. The Chitimacha, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 69, of which 50 were in Louisiana and 19 in Pennsylvania.

## chumashan stock.

Stock as a whole.-A Californian stock, now nearly extinct, formerly occupying Santa Barbara and Ventura Counties and the region immediately adjoining.

The Indians of the Chumashan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 38. The surviving tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

San Luis Obispo. Santa Barbareno. Santa Ynez.
San Luis Obispo.-The name by which the survivors of the tribes of this stock in the southern part of San Luis Obispo County, Cal., have been commonly known. Only a single survivor of these Indians was enumerated in 1910, in California, a male of full-tribal blood.

Santa Barbareno.-A tribe or group of tribes occupying since the sixteenth century a portion of Santa Barbara Country, Cal. The few survivors of these sevèral tribes are to-day generally known as Santa Barbareno Indians. Two only were enumerated in 1910, both in California.

Santa Ynez.-The name by which the survivors of the several tribes in the vicinity of the Mission of Santa Ynez in Santa Barbara County, Cal., are known. The number enumerated in 1910 was 35, all in California.

## COSTANOAN STOCK.

A stock now almost extinct, the few survivors not being returned by tribal names, but locally known as Santa Cruz Indians. The area formerly occupied by these Indians included that portion of California lying south of San Francisco and Suisan Bays, west of the San Joaquin River, and extending south to a little beyond Monterey. The Indians claiming to belong to this group, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 17, all in California.

## CROATAN GROUP.

The name given to a large group of persons living in North Carolina, chiefly in Robeson County. The Indian element in the Croatan is of uncertain and probably rather complex origin, so they can not be regarded as belonging to any single stock. The Croatan, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 5,865, all in North Carolina.

## ESKIMAUAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-An Alaskan stock (see p. 112), of which 56 members were enumerated in continental United States in 1910, represented by two tribes, as follows:

## Aleut. Malemiut.

Aleut.-An Alaskan tribe of which 40 members, all in Oregon, were enumerated in continental United States in 1910.

Malemiut.-Only 2 Indians, both in Oregon, were reported in continental United States in 1910 as belonging to this Alaskan tribe, both females under 20 years of age, of white and Eskimo parentage.

Tribe not reported.-There were 14 Indians ( 7 males and 7 females) without tribal name reported as belonging to this stock in 1910, distributed among the states as follows: Oklahoma, 10; Oregon, 3; California, 1.
haidan stock (syn. Skittagetan).
An Alaskan stock (see p. 115), of which 31 members were enumerated in 1910 in continental United States. They were located in Oregon (25) and Washington (6), and were generally fishermen or pupils in Government schools.

## iroquolan stock.

Stock as a whole.-This, the second largest stock in point of numbers in the United States, occupied at the beginning of the seventeenth century two areas separated by only a short distance. One of these comprised all of western New York, western New Jersey, and parts of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and northern Ohio; the other extended over the whole of the southern Alleghenies in North and South Carolina, northern Georgia, and eastern Tennessee. In addi-
tion to these areas in the United States, tribes of this stock occupied most of the peninsula region of Ontario and the shores of the St. Lawrence as far down as Quebec or below.

The Indians of the Iroquoian stock in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 39,679. To this figure should be added probably about 1,500 to 2,000 for Indians of this stock reported without distinction of tribe, among the general population in New York, North Carolina, Tennessee, South Carolina, and Oklahoma, making a probable total of over 41,000 in all. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Cayuga. | Oneida. | Seneca. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cherokee. | Onondaga. | Tuscarora. |
| Mohawk. | St. Regis. | Wyandot. |

Cayuga.-One of the five tribes of the well-known Iroquois Confederacy. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, was in the vicinity of Cayuga Lake, N. Y. At the close of the eighteenth century the majority emigrated to Canada, where they are now living on a reservation in Ontario. Of the remainder, part moved to Oklahoma and part to Wisconsin, where they are living with the Oneida, but were not returned as Cayuga in the present census. Those remaining in New York are located mainly on the Cattaraugus and Tonawanda Reservations.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 81, of which 53 were in New York and 17 in Oklahoma. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs reported 182 for this tribe in New York in 1910, and a practically stationary population for the past 35 years. The great difference between this figure and the census report is due probably to the enumeration by the census of many Indians without distinction of tribe among the general population. The figures for this tribe in New York since 1875, as given in the Indian reports, are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 182 | 1890... | 181 |
| 1905. | 174 | 1885.. | 173 |
| 1900. | 167 | 1880. | 192 |
| 1895. | 168 | 1875. | 156 |

Cherokee.-One of the largest and best known of the tribes of this stock. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans in the sixteenth century, comprised the region of the southern Alleghenies in northern Georgia and Alabama, eastern Tennessee, western South and North Carolina, and Virginia. Early in the nineteenth century a portion of the tribe had moved west of the Mississippi to Arkansas, and the larger part of those remaining were forced to remove to Indian Territory in 1838. The larger portion of the tribe has since been located on the Cherokee Reservation in Oklahoma, the smaller eastern band being located mainly on the Qualla Reservation in North Carolina. Scattered individuals, however, are to be found throughout the whole of their early habitat.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 31,489 , of which 29,610 were in Oklahoma and 1,406 were in North Carolina. Comparison with previous years is difficult and uncertain, as all figures prior to 1900 are merely estimates and include an unknown number of intermarried whites and freedmen. In 1838, when forced to remove to Indian Territory, the total number removed amounted to over 16,500 , which, with an estimate of 6,000 already there, makes a total of 22,500 . Included in this number, however, is an unknown number of freedmen and other persons. The estimated figures since 1875, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are as follows:

| YEAR. | Total. | Okla homa. | North Carolina. | Other states and territories. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 38,300 | 36,301 | 1,999 |  |
| 1905. | 34,059 | 32,604 | 1,455 |  |
| 1900. | 32,376 | 31,000 | 1,376 |  |
| 1895. | 27,893 | 25,000 | 1,479 | 1,414 |
| 1890. | 28, 000 | 25,000 | 3,000 |  |
| 1885. | 26, 000 | 23,000 | 3,000 |  |
| 1880. | 21,920 | 19,720 | 2,200 |  |
| 1875. | 19, 717 | 17,217 | 2,500 |  |

Taking this total population, there has evidently been a steady increase in the 35 years, mainly, however, among the Oklahoma branch. The increase is due to the mixed-bloods who now form nearly 80 per cent of the total population. The difference between the figures for Oklahoma reported by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and those secured by the census is believed to be due to the fact that the former are based upon the enrollment under the Dawes Commission, which contained many errors.
As the Cherokee constitutes numerically one of the most important examples of a tribe divided into two sections living under different conditions, figures for the Oklahoma and North Carolina Indians are given separately in Table 51 (p. 132).

Mohawk.-A well-known tribe belonging to the Iroquois Confederacy. They were the most easterly of the five nations occupying the Mohawk Valley and the region north and south of it in New York. In the eighteenth century the majority of the tribe removed to Canada, those now in the United States being mainly mixed-bloods. The number enumerated in 1910 was 368 , of which 320 were in New York.

Oneida.-One of the five tribes of the well-known Iroquois Confederacy. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, was in the vicinity of Oneida Lake, in New York. At the end of the eighteenth century a portion emigrated to Ontario, Canada, where they still remain, and in 1846 the majority of those living in New York moved to Wisconsin where they are now located on the Oneida Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 2,436 , of which 2,107 were in Wisconsin and 211 in New York. Comparable figures for this tribe in Wisconsin and

New York are given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs since 1875, as follows:

| fear. | Wisconsin. | New York. | fear. | Wisconsin. | New <br> York. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 2,301 | 276 | 1890. | 1,716 | 244 |
| 1905. | 2,087 | 261 | 1885. | 1,595 | 243 |
| 1890. | 1,029 | 275 | 1880 | 1,492 1,332 | 270 |

These figures show that the Wisconsin band has steadily increased, while the New York band has decreased or remained nearly stationary. A portion of the increase in Wisconsin may be due to immigration of members of the tribe from Canada.

As the Oneida illustrate well the difference often existing between two sections of a tribe living under diverse conditions, figures are given for the Wisconsin and New York sections separately in Table 51 (p. 133).

Onondaga.-One of the five tribes of the well-known Iroquois Confederacy. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, was in the vicinity of Onondaga Lake, in western New York. During the eighteenth century a large number of the Onondaga emigrated to Ontario, Canada, those remaining in New York being located on the Onondaga, Seneca, and Tuscarora Reservations.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 365 , of which 327 were in New York. The reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs show the following figures for this tribe in New York:

| . YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 547 | 1890. | 521 |
| 1904 | 556 | 1885.. | 384 |
| 1900. | 552 | 1880. | 538 |
| 1895. | 534 | 1875.. | 453 |

St. Regis.-A group of Indians of mixed Iroquoian origin not forming a real tribe, but named from the village in which they have lived for a century and a half. The settlement lies on the international boundary line in St. Lawrence County, N. Y., and Ontario, Canada.

The number enumerated in New York in 1910 was 1,140 out of a total of 1,219 . Comparative figures furnished by the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in New York are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,368 | 1890. . | 1,051 |
| 1905. | 1,208 | 1885. | 944 |
| 1900. | 1,154 | 1880. | 785 |
| 1895. | 1,105 | 1875. | 736 |

It is evident from this that the St. Regis Iroquois have increased steadily since 1875, this increase being due almost entirely to the mixed-bloods.

Seneca.-One of the five tribes of the well-known Iroquois Confederacy. Their habitat, when first
known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, comprised a considerable area in western New York, lying west of Seneca Lake. Although a considerable number emigrated to Canada in the eighteenth century and later, the majority are now located on the Allegany and Cattaraugus and Tonawanda Reservations in New York. A number are located at the Seneca School in Oklahoma and others in Pennsylvania.

Of the 2,907 enumerated in 1910, 2,485 were in New York and 215 in Oklahoma. Comparison with the figures for previous years may be made as follows from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs:

| year. | Total. | New York. | Okla homa. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 3,115 | 2,735 | 380 |
| 1905. | 3,106 | 2,746 | 360 |
| 1900. | 3,153 | 2,818 | 337 |
| 1895. | 2,981 | 2,693 | 288 |
| 1890. | 2,972 | 2,717 | 255 |
| 1885. | 2,950 | 2,711 | 239 |
| 1880. | 3,120 | 2,896 | 224 |
| 1875. | 3, 197 | 2,957 | 240 |

With allowance for the difference in methods of determining tribal affiliation, it would appear that on the whole the Seneca had remained about stationary in the last 35 years. On the basis of the figures reported by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the New York Senecas have decreased, whereas those in Oklahoma have increased.
As the Seneca illustrate the difference often existing between two widely separated sections of a single tribe, figures are given for the New York and Oklahoma bands separately in Table 51 (p. 133).

Tuscarora.-Formerly a large and important confederacy or group of Iroquoian tribes, usually referred to, however, as a single tribe. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, was in northeastern North Carolina, but early in the eighteenth century they moved to New York and were incorporated as a sixth nation with the Iroquois Confederacy. Since the beginning of the nineteenth century they have been located mainly on the Tuscarora Reservation, Niagara County, N. Y., with a portion in Ontario, Canada.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 400 , of which 382 were in New York. Comparative figures for this tribe in New York, as shown by the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are as follows:

| year. | Number. | TEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910.. | 368 | 1885. | 414 |
| 1905. | 384 | 1880. | 423 |
| 1900. | 373 | 1875... | 402 |
| 1895. | 378 | 1870.... | 423 |
| 1890.... | 398 |  |  |

Allowing for the differences due to methods of determining tribal affiliation, it would seem that the

Tuscarora had changed but little in numbers in the last 40 jears.

Wyandot (syn. Huron).-A tribe better known perhaps as the Huron. When first known to Europeans early in the seventeenth century, they occupied a small area south and east of Georgian Bay in Ontario, Canada. Their history during the next 200 years is full of vicissitudes and wandering. In the early nineteenth century a portion of the tribe was located in Ohio, but in 1842 moved west to Kansas and later to a reservation in northeastern Oklahoma, where they now reside. The remainder of the tribe is located near Quebec, Canada.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 353, of which 320 were in Oklahoma. Comparison with previous years for that portion of the tribe in Oklahoma may be made from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | TEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 372 | 1890. | 288 |
| 1905. | 378 | 1885. | 251 |
| 1900. | 339 | 1880. | 251 |
| 1895. | 297 | 1875. | 247 |

These figures indicate a slow but steady increase in numbers since 1875 , due, in all probability, mainly to mixed-bloods who already in 1886 formed nearly 40 per cent of the total.

Tribe not reported.-For 61 Indians ( 23 males and 38 females) the only name given was "Iroquois," so that it was impossible to determine their tribal affiliation. They were distributed among the states as follows: New York, 30; Oklahoma, 15; Ohio, 5; Minnesota, 4; Montana, 4; Kansas, 2; Pennsylvania, 1.

## KALAPOOIAN STOCK.

Stock as a whote.-One of the smaller stocks of the Pacific coast. The area occupied comprised the greater part of the Willamette Valley in Oregon.

The Indians of the Kalapooian stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 106. The surviving tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Kalapooia. | Santiam. | Yamel. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lakmiut. | Wapato. | Yonkalla. |
| Mary's River. |  |  |

Kalapooia.-A small tribe which has given its name to the stock. Their habitat at the beginning of the nineteenth century was the region of the divide between the Willamette and Umpqua Rivers in southern Linn and northern Douglas Counties, Oreg. Since 1860, or before, the remnant has been living on the Grande Ronde Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 5 , all in Oregon.
Lakmiut.-A small tribe living at the beginning of the nineteenth century on the river of the same name in Polk County, Oreg. Since about 1855 the remnant has been living on the Grande Ronde Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 8, all in Oregon.

Mary's River (syn. Chepenafa).-A small tribe living at the beginning of the nimeteenth century on Mary's River in eastern Benton and western Linn Counties, Oreg. Since about 1855 the remnant has been located on the Grande Ronde Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 24, all in Oregon.

Santiam.-A small tribe living at the beginning of the nineteenth century on the river of the same name in northern Linn and southern Marion Counties, Oreg. Since about 1855 the remnant has been located on the Grande Ronde Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 9 , all in Oregon.

Wapato (syn. Atfalati).-A name of rather vague meaning applied to the remnants of several small tribes living at the beginning of the nineteenth century at or about the mouth of the Willamette River, Oreg. About 1855 the majority were placed on the Grande Ronde Reservation, where a remnant still survives. Of the 44 enumerated in 1910, 27 were in Washington and 17 in Oregon.

Yamel.-A small tribe living at the beginning of the nineteenth century in Yamhill County, Oreg. Since 1855 the remnant has been living on the Grande Ronde Reservation. Of the 5 enumerated in 1910, 4 were in Oregon and 1 in Washington.

Yonkalla.-A small tribe formerly living on Elk and Calapooya Creeks, Douglas County, Oreg. The tribe was removed about the middle of the nineteenth century to the Grande Ronde Reservation, where the survivors still remain. The number enumerated in 1910 was 11, all in Oregon.

## karok stock (syn. Quoratean).

A tribe also known as Orleans and constituting by itself a distinct linguistic stock. Their habitat, since known to Europeans, has been in northern California, in the valley of the Klamath River, above the Yurok or Weitchpec and below the Shasta. The Karok, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 775, all in California.

## KERESAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-One of the three "pueblo" stocks of the Southwest. The area occupied by Indians of this stock was on and in the vicinity of the Rio Grande River in northern New Mexico.

The Indians of the Keresan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 4,027. The pueblos occupied by them, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Acoma. | San Felipe. | Santo Domingo. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cochiti. | Santa Ana. | Sia. |
| Laguna. |  |  |

Acoma.-A pueblo and tribe of this stock located, at least since the beginning of the sixteenth century, in Valencia County, N. Mex., and numbering 691 in 1910.

It appears from figures taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs (given only at irregular intervals) that this tribe has increased con-
siderably in the last 50 years. The figures are as follows:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1904. | 737 | 1881. | 582 |
| $1900 .$. | 492 | 1871. | ${ }_{5} 43$ |
|  | 597 | 1860.... | 523 |

Cochiti.-A tribe and pueblo located since the sixteenth century on the Rio Grande River, in Sandoval County, N. Mex., and numbering 237 in 1910.

Since 1860 the figures available from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe are as follows:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 198 | 1871. | 243 |
| 1890 | 285 | 1864.. | 229 |
| 1881. | 271 | 1860. | 172 |
| 1874. | 400 |  |  |

Laguna.-A tribe and pueblo of this stock located in Valencia County, N. Mex. The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,472 , of which 1,441 were in New Mexico. Since 1860 the figures given for this tribein New Mexico in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs are as follows:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 1,077 | 1871.. | 927 |
| 1890....... | 986 968 |  | 927 |

San Felipe.-A pueblo located on the Rio Grande River in Sandoval County, N. Mex. The number enumerated in 1910 was 490, all in New Mexico. Comparative figures since 1860 are shown in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as follows:

| TEAR. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 514 | 1871. | 482 |
| 18881 | 499 | 1860. | 360 |

Santa Ana.-A pueblo located on the Jemez River in Sandoval County, N. Mex. The Santa Ana, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 211, all in New Mexico. Comparative figures since 1860 are shown in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as follows:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 228 | 1871.. | 373 |
| 1890. | 271 | 1860. | 316 |
| 1881. | 489 |  |  |

Santo Domingo.-A pueblo located on the Rio Grande River in Sandoval County, N. Mex. The Santo Domingo, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 817, all in New Mexico. Comparative figures since 1860 are shown in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as follows:


Sia.-A pueblo and tribe located since the sixteenth century on the Jemez River, in Sandoval County, N. Mex. The Sia, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 109, all in New Mexico. The following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show comparisons back to 1860 :

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 114 | 1871. | 121 |
| 1890. | 110 | 1860...... | 117 |
| 1881... | 58 |  |  |

KIOWAN STOCK.
A tribe which of itself apparently constitutes an independent linguistic stock. Their habitat in the early eighteenth century was in southern Montana and northwestern Wyoming, but, since known to Europeans, they have been living farther south in Nebraska and eastern Colorado. Since 1868 they have been located with the Comanche, the Kiowa Apache, and the southern Caddoan tribes on the Kiowa and Comanche Reservation in Oklahoma. The Kiowa have, ever since living in Montana, been very closely affliated with the small Athapaskan tribe, commonly known as Kiowa Apache.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,126 , of which 1,107 were in Oklahoma. Comparing these figures with those given by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in Oklahoma, it is apparent that there has been an increase since 1875. The drop between 1890 and 1895 was due to a serious epidemic in 1892. The figures are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,366 | 1885. | 1,169 |
| 1905. | 1,195 | 1880. | 1,139 |
| 1900. | 1,136 | 1875. | 1,070 |
| 1895. | 1,037 | 1870. | 1,896 |
| 1890.. | 1.140 |  |  |

kusan stock (syn. Coos Bay Indians).
A single tribe forming a stock by itself. The habitat of this tribe, when first known to Europeans in the beginning of the nineteenth century, was in the vicinity of Coos Bay, Coos County, Oreg. The Kusa at first were gathered at the Alsea Reservation and later transferred to Siletz, where a small remnant still survives.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 93 , all in Oregon. In the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs the Kusa have not been shown separately since 1881. In 1868 there were 176 at Alsea, which had decreased to 135 in 1870 and to 120 in 1875. In 1881 only 73 were returned at Siletz.

Kutenalan stock (Kutenay, Kootenai).
A tribe which by itself apparently constitutes an entire linguistic stock. Their traditional home was in northern Montana and southern Alberta, east of the Rocky Mountains. From here they moved west across the mountains, and since the beginning of the nineteenth century, when first known to Europeans, they have occupied a portion of southeastern British Columbia and the adjacent parts of northwestern Idaho and Montana. Most of the Kutenai in the United States are located on the Flathead Reservation in Montana.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 538 , of which 424 were in Montana and 107 in Idaho. Comparisons with previous years are of little value, owing to the irregular character of the returns for this tribe in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. So far as can be judged from the figures, however, the number of the Kutenai in the United States has stood almost stationary since 1875.

## LUTUAMIAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-One of the smaller of the Pacific Coast stocks. It occupied a compact area in southern Oregon and extreme northern California just east of the Cascades.

The Indians of the Lutuamian stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 978 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

## Klamath. Modoc.

Klamath.-The most northerly of the two tribes composing this stock. Their habitat, since known to Europeans in the early part of the nineteenth century, has been in Klamath County, Oreg., mainly about and to the east of Klamath Lake. Since 1864 they have been located on the Klamath Reservation in that state.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 696, of which 646 were in Oregon. Comparable figures for that portion of the tribe in Oregon, as shown by the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are as follows:

| year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1909. | 658 |
| 1905. | 755 |
| 1900..... | 721 |

Modoc.-The southernmost of the two tribes constituting this stock. Their earliest known habitat was in northwestern Siskiyou and northwestern Modoc Counties, Cal., and southern Klamath and Lake Counties, Oreg. In 1864 they were placed on the Klamath Reservation, Oreg., but after the Modoc War of 1872-73 a portion of the tribe was carried to the Quapaw Reservation in Oklahoma.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 282, of which 212 were in Oregon, 33 in Oklahoma, 20 in California, and the remainder scattering. The following table,
compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, gives comparable figures for the portions of the tribe in Oregon and Oklahoma:

| YEAR. | Oregon. | Oklahoma. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1909. | 216 | 62 |
| 1905. | 223 | 56 |
| 1900. | 228 | 49 |

maidu stock (syn. Pujunan).
A group of Indians without definite tribal divisions and no distinctive popular name. They have occupied since earliest traditional times a considerable area in northeastern California, which may be roughly defined as extending east and west from the crest of the Sierra Nevada to the Sacramento River, and from north to south from Lassen Butte to the Cosumnes River. In the early fifties a small portion of these Indians was taken to Round Valley Reservation where, under the name of Concow, a remnant still survives. The great bulk of the stock, however, is scattered widely over the original territory and is not located on any reservation.

The general term "Digger" is used locally for these Indians as a rule, Concow and Nishinam being other local names, the latter generally restricted to the southern portion of the stock south of the Yuba River.

The Maidu, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 1,100, of which 1,098 were in California.

мішок sтоск (syn. Moquelumnan).
Stock as a whole.-The tribes of the Miwok stock occupy three small separate areas in California. The largest extends from east to west from the crest of the Sierra Nevada to the San Joaquin River, and from north to south from the Cosumnes to the Fresno River; the second occupies part of Marin, Sonoma, and Napa Counties, and the third a small area in Lake County.

The Indians of the Miwok stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 699. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

Marin. Middle Town. Miwok.
Marin.-The westernmost of the two smaller subdivisions of this stock. Their habitat, since known to Europeans in the sixteenth century, has been in Marin and southern Sonoma Counties, Cal. They came under the influence of the San Rafael, San Francisco, Solano, and Dolores Missions at the end of the eighteenth and the beginning of the nineteenth centuries. The few survivors are scattered throughout this area, the number enumerated in 1910 being 22, all in California.

Middle Town.-A small fragment of this stock located, since known to Europeans, in the extreme southern part of Lake County, Cal., and numbering 7 persons in 1910.

Miwok.-The main and largest subdivision of this stock. They have no distinctive popular name, being usually known only by the meaningless term of "Digger. Indians." Their habitat, since known to Europeans in the eighteenth century, has been in central California, and may be roughly described as extending north and south from the Cosumnes River to Fresno Creek, and east and west from the crest of the Sierras to the San Joaquin River. The Miwok, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 670, of which 669 were in California and 1 in Nevada.

## MUSKHOGEAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-One of the five largest stocks in the United States. At the time first known to Europeans, in the sixteenth century, it occupied a compact single area comprising the largest part of Mississippi, Alabama, and western and southern Georgia, together with the northern half of Florida.

The Indians of the Muskhogean stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 29,191. To this figure should be added perhaps 1,500 for Indians of this stock reported without distinction of tribe among the general population in Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida, and Oklahoma, making a probable total of between 30,000 and 31,000 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Alibamu. | Choctaw. | Koasati. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chickasaw. | Creek. | Seminole. |

Alibamu.-A tribe closely related to the Koasati and formerly belonging to the Creek Confederacy. Their earliest known habitat was on the lower Alabama River in Alabama. At the end of the eighteenth century and in the early portion of the nineteenth century part of the tribe removed to Louisiana, part to Polk County, Tex., and part followed the Creeks to Indian Territory. The remnants are now found in all three of these localities, only those in Oklahoma being located on any reservation. These latter were not enumerated as Alibamu by the census. The number reported in 1910 was 298, of which 187 were in Texas and 111 in Louisiana.

Chickasaw.-One of the larger tribes of this stock whose early habitat was in northern Mississippi. By the beginning of the nineteenth century they began to move westward to what is now Oklahoma, and in 1855 were given a separate reservation there.

The number enumerated in 1910 was $4,2 \rho 4$, of which 4,191 were in Oklahoma. Comparison with earlier years is made difficult by the fact that until 1898 the Chickasaw were not returned in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs separate from freedmen (Negroes) and intermarried whites. Since 1898 the figures for this tribe in Oklahoma are as follows:

| year. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910..... | 5,688 | 1905.. | 5,474 |
| 1909. | 5,735 | 1903. | 4,659 |
| 1907. | 5,684 | 1898. | 4,230 |

The large difference between the figures reported by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and those secured by the census in 1910, is due probably to the fact that the former are founded largely on the enrollment under the Dawes Commission, which contained many errors.

Choctaw.-A large tribe whose early habitat included the larger part of central and southern Mississippi and part of Alabama. By the end of the eighteenth century they had begun to move west, and by the middle of the nineteenth century the majority of the tribe was located on the Choctaw Reservation in Oklahoma. A portion remained behind, however, and are living to-day in northern Mississippi and Louisiana.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 15,917 , of which 14,551 were in Oklahoma. Comparison with previous years is not possible for this tribe as a whole, as the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs contain figures for only that portion of the tribe in Oklahoma. The figures for Oklahoma are questionable, however (the number in 1910 being 17,489 as against 14,551 reported by the census), as they are based to a large extent on the enrollment of the tribe under the Dawes Commission, which, as before stated, contained many errors.

Creek.-A group or loose confederacy of tribes formerly occupying a large part of Alabama and Georgia and portions of northern Florida. Between 1836 and 1840 the majority of the tribe was removed to Oklahoma, where a reservation was set apart for them on which they still live.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 6,945 , of which 6,654 were in Oklahoma. The 34 -members of this tribe who were returned in Montana probably belong to the Cree instead of the Creek, the similarity in names causing the error.

This is another tribe in which there is a wide discrepancy between the figures of the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the census, the figures for Oklahoma in 1910 being 11,911 in the former as against 6,654 reported by the latter. The census may have been somewhat defective, but the figures of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, based upon the enrollment under the Dawes Commission, are certainly too high.

Koasati.-A tribe very closely allied to the Alibamu and living in the eighteenth century on the upper Alabama River, Ala. Before the beginning of the nineteenth century they had begun to move west of the Mississippi into Louisiana and Texas, where their remnants still remain. The Koasati, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 98, distributed as follows: Louisiana, 85; Texas, 11; and Nebraska, 2.

Seminole.-A name applied to Indians of this stock, mainly members of the Creeks, who emigrated to Florida early in the eighteenth century. In the middle of the nineteenth century the majority of the tribe was removed to Oklahoma, where a reservation was set apart for them. A portion still remains in southern

Florida and a small band, mainly of Negro blood, are located in southwestern Texas.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,729 , distributed as follows: Oklahoma, 1,503; Texas, 200; Florida, 16; and scattering, 10. The number in Florida is much too small. The majority of the tribe are located in inaccessible portions of the Everglades and are very hostile still toward the whites, allowing no persons in their territory. The number of Seminoles thus unenumerated is estimated by a competent observer, who has been one of the few whites to be allowed to pass through the region, at about 200 to 250. This would bring the tribal number in the United States to nearly 2,000 .

This is the only one of the Five Civilized Tribes which, according to the figures in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, shows a decrease in population. These figures, like those of the other Five Civilized Tribes, are based upon the enrollment under the Dawes Commission, and are much larger than those reported by the census, the figures for the tribe in Oklahoma in 1910 being 2,137 from the Indian reports and 1,503 from the census.

## PIMAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-The area occupied by this stock in the United States lies wholly in southwestern Arizona. The number enumerated in 1910 was 8,607 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { Mayo. } & \text { Papago. } & \text { Yaqui. } \\
\text { Opata. } & \text { Pima. } &
\end{array}
$$

Mayo.-A tribe whose habitat is on the Mayo River, in Sinaloa, Mexico. A small number have in recent years emigrated to Arizona where they are now living, mainly with the Pima and Papago. The Mayo in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 40, all in Arizona.

Opata.-A tribe whose habitat comprises the region of the upper Yaqui and Sonora Rivers, in Sonora and western Chihuahua, Mexico. A small number have emigrated to the United States, where the number enumerated in 1910 was 5, all in Arizona.

Papago.-A tribe which has long been closely associated with the Pima. Their habitat, since the sixteenth century, has been the region south of Tucson, Ariz., extending southward into Mexico. For many years they have been in part gathered on the Gila Bend and Papago Reservations.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 3,798 , of which 3,785 were in Arizona. Figures for comparison are uncertain back of 1900. Between 1870 and 1890 the Papago were estimated variously at from 5,000 to 7,000 . In 1900 there were 1,789 actually enumerated on the reservation, and an estimated 2,100 others who were nomadic. In 1909 there were 1,755 on the reserve and 2,225 returned as nomadic. In the last 10 years, therefore, the Papago have apparently remained nearly
stationary in number, but have probably decreased somewhat since 1870.

Pima.-One of the largest tribes of this stock in the United States. Their habitat, since they first became known to Europeans in the sixteenth century, has been in the valleys of the Salt and Gila Rivers in southern Arizona. For many years they have been located on the Gila and Salt River Reservations.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 4,236 , of which 4,167 were in Arizona. The following table, compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, gives comparative figures for this tribe in Arizona back to 1890 , all figures prior to that year being merely estimates:

| XEAR. | Number. | TEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 4,305 | 1895. | 4,266 |
| 1905. | 3,900 | 1890. | 4,421 |
| 1900. | 4,350 |  |  |

Yaqui.-A large tribe whose habitat is now mainly in southern Sonora, Mexico. A considerable number have in consequence of oppression in Mexico emigrated to Arizona within the last few years, in which state 489 were enumerated in 1910 out of a total of 528. The remainder were in California (38) and Oklahoma (1).

ромо sтоск (syn. Kulanapan).
Stock as a whole.-A Californian stock living in the Coast Ranges north of San Francisco, in parts of Mendocino, Lake, Colusa, Glenn, and Sonoma Counties.

The Indians of the Pomo stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 1,193 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { Clear Lake. } & \text { Little Lake. } & \text { Pomo. } \\
\text { Gynomehro. } & \text { Lower Lake. } &
\end{array}
$$

Clear Lake.-A name applied somewhat vaguely to those Pomo living about Clear Lake, in Lake County, Cal., of which the number enumerated in 1910 was 193.

Gynomehro (syn. Gallinomero).-A subdivision of this stock formerly occupying part of the lower Russian River Valley in Sonoma County, Cal. In the early part of the nineteenth century they came under the influence of the Mission of San Rafael, but have not been located on any reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 33, all in California.

Little Lake.-A group of the Pomo, formerly living in Little Lake Valley, Mendocino County, Cal. For many years the majority have been located on the Round Valley Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 94 , of which 84 were in California.

Lower Lake.-A term applied loosely to that portion of the stock living in the vicinity of Little Lake, Lake County, Cal., and numbering 96 in 1910.

Pomo.-A name applied to several small tribes belonging to this stock and also used as the stock name for the entire stock. The area occupied by the Pomo tribes proper comprises a considerable portion of
southern Mendocino, western Lake, and northern Sonoma Counties, Cal. In the present census the subdivisions of the stock were enumerated under their respective names as Clear Lake, Little Lake, etc., but it is probable that a small proportion of these were enumerated simply as Pomo and, if so, the totals for the subdivisions are incomplete to that extent. The number enumerated in 1910 as Pomo were 777, of which 776 were in California and 1 in Arizona.

## SALINAN STOCK.

A name applied for convenience to the remnants of the Indians of this stock formerly connected with the Mission of San Antonio, Monterey County, Cal., and known as San Antonio. The number enumerated in 1910 was only 16, all in California.

## SALISHAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-The tribes of this stock extended over a large area covering most of northern and western Washington, northern Idaho, and the northwestern corner of Oregon, and extending a considerable distance north of the international boundary in British Columbia.

The Indians of the Salishan stock in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 7,833 . To this figure should be added probably nearly 1,000 for Indians of this stock reported without distinction of tribe among the general population in Washington and Idaho. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Bellacoola. | Lummi. | Skagit. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chehalis. | Methow. | Skokomish. |
| Clallam. | Muckleshoot. | Snohomish. |
| Coeur d'Alene. | Nespelim. | Snoqualmu. |
| Columbia. | Nisqualli. | Songish. |
| Colville. | Nooksak. | Spokan. |
| Comox. | Okiagan. | Squaxon. |
| Cowichan. | Pisquow. | Suquamish. |
| Cowlitz. | Puyallup. | Swinomish. |
| Dwamish. | Quinaielt. | Tillamook. |
| Flathead. | Sanpoil. | Twana. |
| Kalispel. | Shuswap. |  |

Bellacoola.-A British Columbian tribe of this stock, living on Dean Inlet and Bellacoola River. Two females, one of full-tribal blood and one white halfbreed, were enumerated in Washington in 1910.

Chehatis (syn. Humptulip, Satsop, Georgetown).A name of rather variable meaning applied to a series of small tribes formerly occupying most of the area tributary to the streams flowing into Grays and Willapa Harbors in western Washington. These various tribes were known as Chehalis (Upper and Lower), Georgetown, Humptulip, and Satsop. The majority have for many years been located on the Chehalis Reservation, but many are scattered throughout their whole former territory.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 282 , of which 279 were in Washington and 3 in Oregon. Comparison with earlier years may be made from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in Washingtou, as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 272 | 1890. | 252 |
| 1905. | 270 | 1885. | 287 |
| 1900. | 219 | 1880. | 1185 |
| 1895. | 212 | 1875. | 300 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Chehalis proper. |  |  |  |

It would appear from the above table that the Chehalis have about held their own for the last 35 years.

Clatlam.-A tribe belonging to the Lummi group of this stock and occupying, since first known to Europeans, the south side of the Strait of Juan de Fuca, Wash., except the region around Cape Flattery which was occupied by the Makah. They have never been located on a reservation.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 398, of which 383 were in Washington. Comparison with earlier years may be made from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in Washington back to 1870, as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 316 | 1885. | 380 |
| 1905. | 367 | 1880. | 525 |
| 1900. | 331 | 1875. | 575 |
| 1895. | 317 | 1870.. | 630 |
| 1890.. | 345 |  |  |

From the above table it appears that the Clallam decreased nearly 50 per cent in the 25 years between 1870 and 1895, but that since then have increased slightly again.

Coeur d'Alene.-A small tribe which occupied the area about the lake and river of the same name in northern Idaho. Since 1875 they have been located on the Coeur d'Alene Reservation in that state.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 293, of which 284 were in Idaho. Comparative figures for this tribe in Idaho are available from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs as far back as 1880, as follows:


The difference between the figures given by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and those secured by the census is due probably in large part to differences in method of determining tribal affiliation, but also due probably to some omissions.

Columbia (syn. Sinkiuse).-A name of somewhat uncertain application, generally used, however, to apply to the Indians of this stock occupying, at the time when first known to Europeans, the area in Washington east of the Columbia River from the mouth of the Okanogan to below Priests Rapids and comprising the greater part of Douglas County and portions of Lincoln and Adams Counties. For many years they have been located mainly on the Colville Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 385, of which 333 were in Washington and 52 in Oregon. Comparison with earlier years is of little value prior to 1890. The figures given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in Washington are as follows:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 521 | 1895. | 313 |
| 1905. | 279 | 1891. | 406 |

The difference between the figures of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and those obtained by the census is due probably to the inclusion in the former of several other tribes, such as the Pisquow, etc.

Colville (syn. Senijextee).-Formerly a large tribe whose habitat, when first known to Europeans, comprised an area in eastern Washington which may be described as including the valley of the Columbia River and its tributaries from a little above the mouth of Spokane River to the Canadian line. For about 40 years they have been located on the Colville Reservation. In the present census the Senijexti, or Lakes, were unfortunately nearly all enumerated as Colville and the following figures therefore include both tribes.

The Colville and Senijexti together, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 785, of which 717 were in Washington.

The reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs give the following figures for the Colville and Lakes combined in the state of Washington:


Comox.-A British Columbian tribe of this stock, living in the central portion of the eastern coast of Vancouver Island. A single member of this tribe was enumerated in 1910 in Washington, a female of full-tribal blood.

Cowichan.-A group of tribes occupying the southeastern coast of Vancouver Island and the delta. and lower valley of the Fraser River, British Columbia. They are closely related to the Nooksak and Lummi,
and those in the United States are living mainly among these tribes. The Cowichan in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 62, all in Washington.

Cowlitz.-A small tribe belonging to the Chehalis group of this stock. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans, was on the Cowlitz River in Cowlitz and Lewis Counties, Wash. For many years they have been located mainly on the Puyallup Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 105, all in Washington.

Dwamish.-A small tribe belonging to the Nisqualli group of this stock, formerly occupying the region near the outlet of Lake Washington in the vicinity of Seattle, Wash. Since 1860 or before they have been located on the Tulalip Reservation. The name has been improperly applied to several other bands or tribes of this area. The number enumerated in 1910 was 20, of which 19 were in Washington and 1 in Oregon.

Flathead (syn. Salish).-The easternmost tribe of this stock. Their earliest habitat was apparently the southwestern corner of Montana. Since about 1860 they have been located at the Flathead-Reservation in Montana. The name Flathead has been applied to many different tribes in various parts of the United States and is therefore by itself, without definite meaning. For many years, however, it has been most commonly used in connection with this group of the Salishan stock.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 486, of which 400 were in Montana. Comparison with previous years is of little value, owing to the irregularities of the returns for the Flathead Reservation. As given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the only comparable figures for this tribe in Montana since 1875 are as follows:

|  | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1905. |  | 557 |
| 1885. |  | 450 |
| 1875. |  | 681 |

Kalispel (syn. Pend d'Oreilles).-With the Flathead, the easternmost tribes of this stock. Their early habitat included the region about the Flathead and Pend d'Oreilles Lakes in northwestern Montana and northern Idaho. They also probably occupied a small area adjacent in northeastern Washington. Since 1865 or earlier they have been located mainly at the Flathead Reservation in Montana, a portion more recently on the Colville Reservation in Washington. The use of the two names, Kalispel and Pend d'Oreilles, has been somewhat variable.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 564, of which 386 were in Montana and 157 in Washington. Comparisons with earlier years are difficult, owing to the uncertainty in the use of names for this tribe. Since

1875 the numbers as given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in Montana and Washington are as follows:

| gear. | Montana. | Washington. | YEAR. | Montana. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Washing- } \\ & \text { ton. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1905. | 640 | 295 | 1880. | 895 | 400 |
| 1885........ | 886 | 434 | 1875.. | 850 | 395 |

Lummi.-The tribe from which the Lummi group of this stock takes its name. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans, comprised the San Juan Islands and the vicinity of Bellingham Bay in San Juan and Whatcom Counties, Wash. In 1855 a reservation was set apart for them on the west side of Bellingham Bay.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 353 , of which 348 were in Washington. The following table shows figures taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in Washington as far back as 1885:

| YEAR. | Number. | TEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 453 | 1895. | 338 |
| 1905. | 412 | 1890. | 295 |
| 1900. | 322 | 1885. | 248 |

It appears probable that there has been a slight increase in this tribe in the last 25 years.

Methow.-A small tribe closely affiliated with the Columbia. Their habitat included the valley of the Methow River and vicinity of Lake Chelan in Okanogan and Chelan Counties, Wash. For many years they have been located mainly on the Colville Reservation. The Methow, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 14, all in Washington.

Muckleshoot.-A name applied to a somewhat.indefinite group of Indians (probably a part of the Dwamish) belonging to the Nisqualli group of this stock. They have been located for 40 or 50 years on the Muckleshoot Reservation, King County, Wash.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 194, of which .191 were in Washington and 3 in Oregon. Comparable figures for this tribe in Washington are furnished by the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs as far back as 1870, as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 163 | 1890. | 103 |
| 1905. | 155 | 1885.. | 85 |
| 1900.. | 145 | 1870.. | 144 |
| 1895.... | 159 |  |  |

The above table indicates a gradual increase in this "tribe" since 1890, but it is uncertain whether it is due to a gradual growth or to the gradual coming into the reservation of Indians formerly scattered.

Nespelim.-A small tribe or subdivision of the Sanpoil living on the Nespelim River in Okanogan County, Wash. For many years they have been with the San-
poil on the Colville Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 46, all in Washington.

This tribe was not enumerated by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs prior to 1891. At that date they were returned as 59, in 1905 as 41 , and in 1910 as 45.

Nisqualli.-A small tribe from which the Nisqualli group of this stock takes its name. Their habitat in the early part of the nineteenth century was in the vicinity of the Nisqualli River in Thurston and Pierce Counties, Wash. For 50 years or more they have been located largely on the Nisqualli Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 137, of which 129 were in Washington and 8 in Oregon. Figures taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs show that there has been a considerable decrease in this tribe in the last 40 years. The figures. for the tribe in Washington are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | tear. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 146 | 1885. | 180 |
| 1905. | 146 | 1880. | 164 |
| 1900. | 107 | 1875. | 150 |
| 1895. | 118 | 1870.. | 208 |
| 1890... | 94 |  |  |

Nooksak.-A small interior tribe (perhaps a subdivision of the Suquamish) belonging to the Cowichan group of this stock. Their habitat, since first known, has been upon the Nooksak River in Whatcom County, Wash. They have never been located on any reservation. The Nooksak, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 85, all in Washington.
Okinagan.-A large tribe occupying in the early nineteenth century the region about the upper portion of Okanogan River and Lake in eastern Washington and British Columbia. For many years the Okinagan in the United States have been located on the Colville Reservation.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 272 , of which 256 were in Washington. The following table, compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, shows comparative figures for this tribe in Washington back to 1885 :

| TEAR. | Number. | YRAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 538 | 1895. | 562 |
| 1905. | 692 | 1890. | 374 |
| 1900.. | 575 | 1885. | 300 |

The variation in the figures in the above table is so great as to make any conclusions of little worth. The larger figures are due, without much doubt, to the inclusion of Indians really belonging to other tribes.
Pisquow.-A small tribe closely affiliated with the Columbia. Their habitat included the basins of the Wenatchee and Pisquow Rivers in Chelan County, Wash. The name has been used also to include the Methow. For many years the Pisquow have been
looated on the Yakima Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 52, all in Washington.

Puyallup.-A tribe belonging to the Nisqualli group of this stock. Their habitat in the early part of the nineteenth century was in the vicinity of the present city of Tacoma, Wash. For about 50 years they have been mainly located on the Puyallup Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 303, of which 278 were in Washington. The following table shows figures for this tribe in Washington, as given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as far back as 1870:

| Year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 461 | 1885. |  |
| 1905. | 498 | 1880. | 520 |
| 1900. | 556 | 1875. | 579 |
| $1895 .$. | 635 | 1870..... | 478 |
| 1890. | 611 |  |  |

The table indicates an increase in numbers up to 1895, since which year there has been a steady decrease.

Quinaielt.-A small tribe belonging to the Chebalis group of this stock and located, since known to Europeans, on the Quinaielt River and adjacent coast in western Chehalis County, Wash. In 1855 the Quinaielt Reservation was set apart for them on which they have continued to reside. The Quaitso, a portion of this tribe living just north of the Quinaielt on Queets River in Jefferson County, were enumerated with them in 1910.

The Quinaielt with the Quaitso, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 288, of which 287 were in Washington and 1 in Oregon. The following table shows comparative figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, back to 1860:

| YEAR. | Number. | Year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 286 | 1885.. | 187 |
| 1905. | 203 | 1880. | 249 |
| 1900. | 184 | 1875. | 226 |
| 1895. | 153 | 1870. | 231 |
| 1890. . | 238 | 1860... | 350 |

The table shows that the Quinaielt and Quaitso decreased down to 1895, since which time there has been a.rapid increase.
Sanpoil.-A small tribe of this stock affliated with the Spokan and Okinagan. Their habitat in the early part of the nineteenth century was in the region between the Sanpoil and lower Okanogan Rivers and in the vicinity of the Columbia River between these points, chiefly in Okanogan and Ferry Counties, Wash. For many years they have been located on the Colville Reservation.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 240 , of which 238 were in Washington. The following table shows
the only figures available from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 189 | 1807. | 239 |
| 1905. | 324 | 1890. | 300 |

Shuswap.-A large and important British Columbian tribe of this stock, occupying a considerable area in southern British Columbia on the Thomson River, Shuswap Lake, and northward. The number enumerated in the United States in 1910 was 9, all in Washington.
Skagit.-A tribe closely allied to the Snohomish and belonging to the Nisqualli group of this stock. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans, was on the lower portion of the Skagit River and on a portion of Whidbey Island, Wash. For many years they have been on the Snohomish Reservation. The Skagit, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 56, all in Washington.

Skokomish.-A tribe of the Twana group of this stock formerly living at the mouth of the Skokomish River, Mason County, Wash. Since 1860 or before they have been located mainly on the Skokomish Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 195, of which 193 were in Washington and 2 in Oregon. The following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that the population of this tribe has decreased since 1870, although with some fluctuations:

| Year. | Number. | Year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 185 | 1885. | 201 |
| 1905. | 204 | 1880. | 250 |
| 1900. | 171 | 1875. | 275 |
| 1895. | 232 | 1870............ | 291 |
| 1890. | 208 |  |  |

Snohomish.-A small tribe from which the Snohomish group of this stock takes its name. They were living, when first known to Europeans, at the mouth of the Snohomish River and the adjacent part of Whidbey Island, Snohomish County, Wash. For many years they have been located on the Tulalip Reservation, Wash. The number enumerated in 1910 was 664, of which 661 were in Washington and 3 in Oregon.
Snoqualmu.-A tribe belonging to the Nisqualli group of the stock, and occupying, when first known to Europeans, the region in the vicinity of the river of the same name in King County, Wash. For many years they have been located on the Tulalip Reservation. The Snoqualmu, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 93, all in Washington.

Songish.-A tribe formerly living mainly about Victoria on the southern shore of Vancouver Island, British Columbia. They are closely affiliated with the

Clallam and Lummi of Washington. The number enumerated in 1910 was 23, all in Washington.

Spokan.-A small tribe occupying, when first known to Europeans in the beginning of the nineteenth century, a portion of eastern Washington in the vicinity of the present city of Spokane. For the last 30 or 40 years they have been located in small bands at several different reservations, namely, the Flathead Reservation in Montana, the Coeur d'Alene Reservation in Idaho, and the Colville and Spokan Reservations in Washington.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 643 , of which 379 were in Washington, 134 in Montana, and 96 in Idaho. The number in these three states, as reported by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, is shown in the following table:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1905. | 680 | 1885. | 792 |
| 1900. | 745 | 1880. | 685 |
| 1895. | 765 | 1875. | 685 |
| 1890. | 587 |  |  |

Squaxon.-A small tribe belonging to the Nisqualli group of this stock, formerly living in eastern Mason County, Wash. For about 50 years they have been located mainly on the Squaxon Reservation.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 44, all in Washington. A considerable portion of this tribe has always lived off the reservation, and in the present census many were probably thus enumerated on the general population schedule, and so returned without tribal designation. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs reported 142 in 1870, with somewhat irregular decreases down to 93 in 1910.

Suquamish.-This tribe preriously occupied a portion of the western shore of Puget Sound, Wash. For 50 years or more they have been located largely on the Tulalip Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 307, of which 306 were in Washington and 1 in Oregon. Comparable figures from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs are as follows:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 181 | 1900. | 156 |
| 1905. | 165 |  | 144 |

The large difference in the number shown by the census for 1910 and the figures in the above table is due probably to the fact that many Indians of this tribe were reported as belonging to other tribes, or were not under the control of the Indian Office.
Swinomish.-It is somewhat uncertain whether these are a subdivision of the Skagit or a tribe closely affiliated with them. They belong to the Snohomish group of the stock. Their habitat in the early part of the nineteenth century was mainly on Whidbey Island and the adjacent portion of Skagit County,

Wash. For the last 50 years they have been located on the Swinomish Reservation.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 333 , all in Washington. Comparative figures are furnished by the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs back to 1885 , as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 267 | 1895. | 278 |
| 1905. | 281 | 1890. | 227 |
| 1900. | 313 | 1885. | 222. |

The difference between the census figure for 1910 and that shown in the above table is due in part probably to the difference in method of reckoning tribal affiliations in the case of mixed-tribal blood, and in part to the enumeration of Indians not under the control of the Indian Office.

Tillamook.-The most southerly and westerly tribe of this stock. Their habitat at the beginning of the nineteenth century was on the coast of northwestern Oregon in Tillamook County. At an early date they were gathered partly on the Grande Ronde and partly on the Siletz Reservation where their remnants exist to-day. The southern section of the Tillamook were often spoken of as the Nestucca and a small proportion of the Tillamook at present still belong to this southern branch. The Tillamook, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 25, distributed as follows: Oregon, 18; Washington, 6; Kansas, 1.

Twana.-The tribe from which the Twana group of this stock takes its name. They are very closely related to the Skokomish and have often been confused with them. They occupied, at the time when first known to Europeans, the shores of Hoods Canal, Wash. For 40 or 50 years they have been located chiefly on the Skokomish Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 61 , of which 60 were in Washington and 1 in Wisconsin.

Tribe not reported.-Thirteen Indians (6 full-bloods and 7 mixed-bloods) were enumerated in Washington as belonging to this stock, concerning whom no information as to particular tribe was given.

## SHAHAPTLAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-This stock occupies a compact area of considerable extent lying mainly in northeastern Oregon, southeastern Washington, and the adjacent portion of Idaho.

The Indians of the Shahaptian stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 4,391 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Klikitat. | Topinish. | Warm Springs. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Nez Perces. | Umatilla. | Yakima. |
| Paloos. | Wallawalla. |  |

Klikitat.-A tribe occupying in the early nineteenth century the region of the upper Klickitat and Cowlitz Rivers, Wash. They are now located mainly on the Yakima Reservation. The number enumerated
in 1910 was 405, of which 370 were in Washington and 35 in Oregon.

Nez Perces.-The most important tribe of the Shahaptian stock. Their habitat at the beginning of the nineteenth century, when first met by Europeans, included a large area in southeastern Washington, northeastern Oregon, and the adjacent portion of Idaho. With the increased settlement of the region their territory was gradually reduced, and the major part of the tribe are now living on the Nez Perces Reservation, Idaho. In consequence of the Nez Perces War of 1877 some hundreds, known as Chief Joseph's Band, were sent to the Indian Territory, and later (in 1885) the remnant of this band was removed to the Colville Reservation in Washington, where they now are.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,259 , distributed as follows: Idaho, 1,035; Washington, 79; Oregon, 58; Montana, 54; scattering, 33. Fairly accurate comparative figures are available for this tribe in Idaho as far back as 1890. These figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are as follows:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,433 | 1900... | 1,761 |
| 1909. | 1,567 | 1895.. | 1,880 |
| 1905. | 1,651 | 1890. | 1,863 |

Paloos.-A small tribe formerly occupying the valley of the Palouse River and the adjacent portion of Snake River, in Washington. They have refused to occupy a reservation and are now living mainly in the Snake River Valley. The number enumerated in 1910 was 82 , of which 75 were in Washington and 7 in Oregon.

Topinish.-A small tribe closely affiliated with the Klikitat and formerly living on the Topinish River, Yakima County, Wash. They are now located on the Yakima Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 47, all in Washington.

Umatilla.-One of the smaller tribes belonging to this stock. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans in the beginning of the nineteenth century, was in northeastern Oregon in the vicinity of the Umatilla River. For about 50 years they have been located on the Umatilla Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 272, of which 152 were in Oregon and 85 in Washington. Comparative figures for this tribe in Oregon are shown in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs as far back as 1870. These figures fluctuate very widely, as shown by the following table:

| Year. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 151 | 1885. | 150 |
| 1905. | 203 | 1880. | 225 |
| 1900. | 183 | 1875. | 169 |
| 1895. | 226 | 1870.. | 456 |
| 1890. | 179 |  |  |

Wallawalla.-A tribe formerly living in Wallowa County, Oreg., and the adjacent parts of southeastern Washington. About 1860 they were removed to the Umatilla Reservation, Oreg., where they have since remained.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 397, of which 390 were in Oregon. Comparative figures from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs are given for this tribe in Oregon in the table below back to 1890. The figures fluctuate widely from year to year, the difference between the figures for 1910 as obtained by the census and as reported by the Commissioner being no greater than the difference in the numbers reported for the years 1907 (579) and 1908 (490).

| Year. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910... | 461 | 1895. | 465 |
| 1905. | 587 | 1890..... | 405 |
| 1900. | 528 |  |  |

Warm Springs (syn. John Day, Tenino, Tyigh, Des Chutes).-A name applied to a mixture of several small tribes of this stock, which have for 50 years been located on the Warm Springs Reservation, Oreg. The remnants of the tribes which are included under this name are the Des Chutes, John Day, Tenino, and Tyigh, these together formerly occupying a large part of the area in southern Oregon east of the Cascades, included in the drainage basins of the Des Chutes and John Day Rivers.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 550, of which 502 were in Oregon. Owing to variations in what was included under the name of Warm Springs in different years, comparable figures are difficult to obtain. In 1870 about 800 appear to have been recognized; in 1882 the number had shrunk to 549, and by 1895 to 505 ; in 1900, the last year in which separate report was made, the number returned was 516.

Yakima.-One of the larger tribes of this stock, formerly living in the vicinity of the Yakima River and adjacent portion of the Columbia River in Washington. For about 50 years the majority of the tribe has been located on the Yakima Reservation. The name Yakima has often been used loosely to include all the tribes on the reservation. It is uncertain how far the present census returns in this respect are correct, but it is probable that the Indians reported as Yakima are only to a limited extent real Yakima, being mainly a complex of many small tribes, almost wholly of the same stock.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,362 , of which 1,279 were in Washington. No comparison can be made with earlier years, as this tribe has not been returned separately in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Tribe not reported.-Seventeen Indians (5 males and 12 females) belonging to this stock were enumerated
in Washington, but no information was given as to particular tribes.

## SHASTAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-The area occupied by this stock comprises portions of Siskiyou, Shasta, Lassen, and Modoc Counties in northern California.

The Indians of the Shastan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 1,578. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:
Hat Creek. Pit River. Shasta.

Hat Creek.-One of the three main subdivisions of this stock and as a tribe closely affiliated with the Pit River. Since earliest traditional times they have occupied a small area in northeastern California, comprising Dixie Valley and the region along Hat Creek in eastern Shasta and western Lassen Counties. The Hat Creek Indians have never had any reservation and are living scattered over their original territory. The number enumerated in 1910 was 240, all in California.

Pit River.-One of the three main subdivisions of this stock, and as a tribe most closely affiliated with the Hat Creek. Since earliest traditional times they have occupied a small area in northeastern California, comprising in general the greater part of the drainage basin of Pit River excepting, however, Dixie Valley and the valley of Hat Creek. The majority of the tribe now remaining are scattered over their original territory and are not located on any reservation. A small number were taken to Round Valley Reservation soon after its establishment, some of whom still remain there, and a few are on the Klamath Reservation, Oreg. The number enumerated in 1910 was 985, of which 888 were in California.

Shasta.-One of the three main subdivisions of this stock and that from which the stock-has taken its name. Since earliest traditional times they have occupied an area in northern California and southern Oregon, comprising the central portion of Siskiyou County, Cal., and part of the southern portion of Jackson County, Oreg. The majority of the tribe now remaining are scattered over their original territory and are not on reservations. A few, however, remain at Grande Ronde and Siletz Reservations, in Oregon, where a considerable portion of the tribe was kept for several years as the result of the Rogue River War. A portion of the Shasta is sometimes known as Scott Valley Indians and the remainder has at times been called Klamaths. The Shasta, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 353, distributed as follows: California, 255; Oregon, 96; Washington, 2.

## SHOSHONEAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-One of the largest stocks in the United States. The main area occupied by this stock lies in the interior plateau and includes practically the whole of Nevada and Utah and part of eastern Ore-
gon, southern Idaho, southwestern Wyoming, western Colorado, and southern California In addition, the Comanche occupied at times a portion of the plains in Texas and eastern New Mexico. Small areas in northern Arizona were also occupied by tribes belonging to this stock.

The Indians of the Shoshonean stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 16,842 . To this figure should be added probably about 1,000 for Indians of this stock reported without distinction of tribe among the general population in Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Idaho, and California, making a probable total of about 18,000 in all. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Bannock. | Kawia. | San Luiseno. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chemehuevi. | Kern River. | Serrano. |
| Comanche. | Mono. | Shoshoni. |
| Gabrieleno. | Pahvant. | Tehachapi. |
| Hopi. | Paiute. | Ute. |
| Juaneno. | Panamint. |  |
| Kawaiisu. | Paviotso. |  |

Bannock.-The tribal name is of somewhat uncertain extension and has been applied in the past with considerable laxity. The early habitat of this tribe seems to have been in southeastern Idaho and the adjacent portions of northwestern Wyoming and southwestern Montana, with a probable extension westward into southwestern Idaho nearly to the Oregon line. For at least 50 years they have been closely associated with the Shoshoni. Since 1869 they have been located principally on the Fort Hall Reservation in Idaho, with a smaller band at Lemhi in the same state.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 413, of which 363 were in Idaho. Early estimates of the population of the Bannock would seem almost certain to have been exaggerated and to have included under this name portions of other tribes. In 1829, for example, the Bannock were said to number approximately 8,000 , a figure which had decreased to less than 1,000 in 1870. Between 1875 and 1899 the Bannock were returned separately in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the figures for this tribe in Idaho being as follows:

${ }^{1}$ Exclusive of that portion at Lemhi.
Chemehuevi.-A small tribe living, when first known to Europeans in the eighteenth century, along the Colorado River, mainly on the Arizona side from Needles to Bill Williams Fork. For many years they have been located chiefly in the Chemehuevi Valley and at Fort Mohave.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 355, distributed as follows: California, 260; Nevada, 60; Arizona, 28; and Wyoming, 7. Comparisons with fig-
ures for earlier years are very limited. In 1866 they were estimated at 750 . Since then no estimate or count has been made until the present census except for those in Arizona, whose numbers have decreased, according to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, from 350 in 1875 to 153 in 1909.

Comanche.-In recent times the most southern and eastern of the tribes. of this stock and the only one living entirely on the plains. Their earliest traditional home was in Wyoming with the Shoshoni. At an early period, however, they were forced south and in the early eighteenth century were living in Kansas and southward. During the first half of the nineteenth century they roamed over a very large area extending southward into Mexico. For about 50 years they heave been located with the Kiowa on the Kiowa and Comanche Reservations in Oklahoma.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,171, of which 1,160 were in Oklahoma. Comparison with figures for previous years shows a great decrease in numbers, according to the following table, compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for the tribe in Oklahoma:

| YEAR. | Number. | TEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,476 | 1885. | 1,544 |
| 1905. | 1,401 | 1880. | 1,568 |
| 1900. | 1,499 | 1875. | 1,721 |
| 1895. | 1,507 | 1870... | 2,742 |
| 1890. | 1,598 |  |  |

Gabrieleno (syn. San Gabriel).-A subdivision of the Shoshoneans of California occupying, in the eighteenth century, an area which may be roughly described as including Los Angeles County south of the San Bernardino Mountains, the extreme southwestern corner of San Bernardino and the northern half of Orange Counties. The number enumerated in 1910 was 11, all in California.

Hopi (syn. Moqui, Koso).-One of the best known of the pueblo tribes of the Southwest. Known to Europeans since the middle of the sixteenth century, the Hopi have occupied their present villages in northeastern Arizona, or others in the immediate vicinity, for at least 300 or 400 years. At the present time seven villages are occupied.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 2,009 , of which 1,941 were in Arizona. Comparison with early years is of little value, as the figures given are largely estimates. From 1880 to 1904 the more trustworthy estimates, as given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, have ranged from 1,800 to 2,100 . Still earlier estimates, especially those of the Spanish in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, were often enormously exaggerated. It is probable, however, that the number in the seventeenth century was considerably larger than at present. At various times, the most recent in 1855, the Hopi have been ravaged by smallpox, which greatly reduced their numbers.

Juaneno (syn. San Juan Capistrano).-A subdivision of the California Shoshoneans, occupying in the eighteenth century the region about the Mission of San Juan Capistrano, in Orange County. The number enumerated in 1910 was 16, all in California.

Kawaiisu.-A small group of Indians of this stock living on the western side of the Tehachapi Mountains, Cal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 23 , all in California.

Kawia (syn. Cahuilla).-A tribe occupying in the eighteenth century a considerable area in southern and eastern San Bernardino and northern Riverside Counties, Cal. At present the tribe is located on several small reservations in Riverside and San Diego Counties.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 755 , of which 754 were in California and 1 in Arizona. Comparison with earlier years is difficult, owing to the uncertainty as to whether the total population of the various reservations belonged to this tribe. For a rough comparison, however, the totals of the reservations are here given since 1893, when they are first available from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. The only conclusion which it would be safe to draw from these figures is that the Kawia have apparently held their own during the last 17 years.

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1903. | 686 | 1895. | 862 |
| 1901. | 897 | 1893...... | 697 |
| 1899... | 826 |  |  |

Kern River.-A small group of Indians occupying a portion of the valley of Kern River, in Kern County, Cal. For many years a portion has been located on the Tule River Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 105, all in California.

Mono.-A group of tribes occupying since the early nineteenth century a considerable area mainly in Mono and Inyo Counties, Cal., and the adjacent part of Esmeralda County, Nev. They have never been located on a reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,448 , of which 1,388 were in California and 60 in Nevada.

Pahvant.-A subdivision of the Ute formerly living south and east of Great Salt Lake, Utah. The larger portion has been located for many years with the Uinta Utes on the Uinta Reservation, Utah, and has not been reported separately.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 37 , all in Utah. Comparison with the population in earlier years is difficult, as they have not been reported separately since 1873 by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. At that date there was said to be 134 not under any agent, while in 1870, prior to their removal to the Uinta Reservation, they were estimated at about 800. It is probable that they have so intermarried with other Utes that they have lost their tribal identity.

Paiute (see also Paviotso.)-A tribal name which has been very loosely applied and in consequence is of uncertain application. Used at different times for several of the Shoshonean tribes of the interior plateau, it is properly restricted to the Indians of southwestern Utah and the adjacent portions of southern Nevada, California, and northwestern Arizona. The Paiute, as so defined, have occupied this same area since known to Europeans.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 780 , of which 247 were in Nevada, 238 in Utah, and 210 in California. No comparison can well be made with earlier years, as the use of the name Paiute has been so variable. In 1873 what are above defined as Paiute were estimated at 2,027. The report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs gives the total in 1910 as 819 , of whom only 449 were under the control of the Indian Office.

Panamint.-A group or band occupying, since known to Europeans, the region of Panamint Valley, Inyo County, Cal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 10, of which 9 were in California and 1 in Nevada.

Paviotso (syn. Snake).-Probably the most convenient term under which to group the Snakes and socalled Paiutes of southeastern Oregon, western Nevada and the eastern edge of California as far south as Lake Tahoe. They are very closely allied to the Mono and can be separated from them in the present enumeration only somewhat arbitrarily, as the latter are also sometimes locally known as Paiutes. As enumerators failed to distinguish between the true Paiute and the Paviotso, an arbitrary but approximately correct division was made by tabulating as Paiute only those enumerated within the area known to have been occupied by them and classing as Paviotso all Paiute enumerated in the area above defined as the Paviotso habitat. Owing to the impossibility of separating the Paviotso with certainty from the Paiute and the Mono, the figures must be regarded as approximate only.

So far as known, the Paviotso have always occupied the area above outlined. At present they are to be found widely scattered throughout this area, a minority being located on the following reservations: Pyramid Lake, Walker River, and Duck Valley (Western Shoshoni) Reservations, Nev.; Fort Bidwell School, Cal.; Klamath Reservation, Oreg. (known here as Walpapi and Yahuskin Snakes); and Warm Springs Reservation, Oreg.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 3,038, distributed as follows: Nevada, 2,414; Oregon, 341; Idaho, 152; California, 101 ; and scattering, 30. No comparison which is of value can be made with earlier years.

San Luiseno (syn. Luiseno).-A subdivision of the California Shoshonean, occupying in the eighteenth century an area in western Riverside and northwestern San Diego Counties, tributary to the Mission of San Luis Rey. They are now located mainly on several small reservations in this area.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 467 , all in California. Comparison with earlier years is difficult, as the use of the term has not always been uniform, and the figures given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs probably include persons belonging to other tribes. The figures back to 1870, however, are as follows:

| tear. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1903. | 884 | 1885.. | 1,142 |
| 1895. | 939 | 1870. | 1,299 |

Serrano.-A subdivision of the California Shoshonean occupying in the eighteenth century the San Bernardino Mountains and the region east and north, for a considerable distance, in San Bernardino County, Cal. They are now located for the most part on several small reservations in this area.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 118, of which 115 were in California. Comparison with earlier years is difficult as these Indians have not been reported separately by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. In 1885 there was said to be 390 , and in 1901 the population of the villages in Serrano territory was 470, but this probably includes many persons belonging to other groups.

Shoshoni.-The most northerly tribe of this stock and the one from which the stock name has been derived. Their earliest known habitat (at the beginning of the nineteenth century) included the southwestern corner of Montana, portions of western Wyoming, much of central and southern Idaho, the northeast corner of Nevada, and a narrow strip of northwestern Utah west of Great Salt Lake. The Shoshoni. are at present located on the following reservations: Fort Hall,Idaho; Duck Valley, Nev.; and Wind River, Wyo.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 3,840 , distributed as follows: Nevada, 1,555 ; Idaho, 1,259; Wyoming, 700; Utah, 248; and scattering, 78. No satisfactory comparison can be made with previous years, as the various portions of the tribe have nearly all been reported separately.

Tehachapi.-Probably identical with the Kawaiisu. Their habitat was in the Tehachapi Mountains, Kern County, Cal. As enumerated in 1910 they numbered only 2, both in California.

Ute.-One of the important tribes of this stock. The habitat of the tribe since the beginning of the nineteenth century; when first known to Europeans, has been the central and western part of Colorado, eastern Utah, and the northern edge of New Mexico. The tribe has always been divided into numerous bands, known, for example, as Capote, Moache, Wiminuchi, Uncompahgre (syn. Tabeguache), and Uinta Ute, etc. These bands have been located at different times at various reservations in Colorado, New Mexico,
and Utah. At present the Ute are located as follows: The Capote, Moache, and Wiminuchi at the Southern Ute Reservation in Colorado; the Uncompahgre, Uinta, and White River (made up of remnants of several bands), at the Jinta and Uncompahgre Reservations in Utah.

The number enumerated in 1910, combining all the separate bands and Indians enumerated simply as Ute, was 2,244 , of which 1,472 were in Utah and 725 in Colorado. Comparative figures are of value only as far back as 1895, earlier figures being rather uncertain. About 1870 the Ute were estimated at 4,000; in 1883, at about 3,000 . From 1895 on, the figures for the tribe in Utah and Colorado, as given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are as follows:

| year. | Utah. | Colorado. | fear. | Utah. | Colorado. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,202 | 815 | 1900. | 1,699 | 995 |
| 1905. | 1,320 | 887 | 1895. | 1,770 | 1,142 |

The above figures show a strong decrease.
The enumeration of the separate bands of the Ute was unfortunately defective, in that a large number of Indians were reported merely as Ute or Southern Ute without more precise statement of their affliation. The following table gives the numbers returned under each heading. It is probable that the Uncompahgre, White River, and Uinta bands are given with fair completeness.

| Ute. | 440 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Capote Ute. |  |
| Grand River Ute. |  |
| Moache Ute. | 156 |
| Southern Ute. | 237 |
| Uinta Ute. | 373 |
| Uncompahgre Ute | 412 |
| White River Ute.. | 320 |
| Wiminuchi Ute. | 241 |

## SIOUAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-One of the five largest stocks in the United States. The main area occupied by this stock in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries was in the northern and central plains, and the region of the upper Mississippi River in Minnesota. At an earlier period tribes of this stock were located in the Allegheny Mountains in western Virginia and North Carolina, and stray fragments on the Gulf coast.

The Indians of the Siouan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 32,941 . To this figure should probably be added about 700 to 800 for Indians of this stock reported without distinction of tribe among the general population in North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Montana, making a probable total
between 33,000 and 34,000 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

Assiniboin.
Catawba.
Crow.
Hidatsa.
Iowa.
Kansa.
Mandan.
Missouri.
Omaha.
Osage.

Oto.
Ponca. Quapaw. Santee Sioux. Sioux. Sisseton Sioux. Teton Sioux. Brule Sioux. Hunkpapa Sioux. Minniconjou Sioux.

Teton Sioux-Contd: Oglala Sioux. Sans Arc Sioux. Sihasapa. Two Kettle Sioux. Winnebago.
Yankton Sioux. Yanktoriai Sioux.

Assiniboin.-One of the larger tribes of this stock, once probably forming part of the Yanktonai. When first known to Eurropeans in the seventeenth century, they were located north and northwest of the western portion of Lake Superior. From here they moved gradually westward to Montana, Saskatchewan, and the adjacent portions of North Dakota and eastern Montana. For the last 30 or 40 years those in the United States have been located at Fort Belknap and Fort Peck Reservations, Mont.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,253 , of which 1,229 were in Montana. Thus practically the entire tribe is located in Montana, the 24 scattering individuals being, in part, pupils in Indian schools. Figures for comparison are little more than rough estimates previous to 1880. Before the smallpox epidemic of 1836 the whole tribe was estimated at from 8,000 to 10,000 and in 1843 at 7,000 . The following table, compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, shows comparative figures for this tribe in Montana back to 1880:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,350 | 1890. | 1,675 |
| 1905... | 1,257 | 1885. | 1,772 |
| 1895.. | 1,479 | 1880. |  |

Catawba.-A tribe forming the only surviving remnant of the eastern Siouan tribes, formerly occupying a considerable area in western North and South Carolina. Their habitat in the eighteenth century was mainly in the vicinity of the upper and middle Catawba and Wateree Rivers in North and South Carolina. Since the end of the eighteenth century the majority of the tribe has been located on a small reservation in York and Lancaster Counties, S. C., while a few are to be found among the Cherokee in North Carolina. A few were also reported from Colorado. The number enumerated in 1910 was 124, of which 99 were in South Carolina, 14 in Colorado, and 11 scattering.

Crow (syn. Absaraka).-One of the larger of the Siouan tribes. Originally allied to the Hidatsa (Gros

Ventres), their earliest known habitat was in eastern Montana and the Dakotas. From here they moved westward to the base of the Rocky Mountains, previous to the beginning of the nineteenth century. They have been located for many years on the Crow Reservation in Montana.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,799 , of which 1,698 were in Montana. Comparative figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that the Crow have suffered a great decrease in the last 30 years. In 1867 they were estimated at about 4,000. The figures for this tribe in Montana are as follows:

| Year. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,740 | 1890. | 2,456 |
| 1905. | 1,794 | 1885. | 3,870 |
| 1900. | 1,941 | 1880. | 3,470 |

Hidatsa (syn. Gros Ventres, Minitari).-One of the smaller tribes of this stock, originally perhaps one with the Crow. Their traditional home lay in northeastern and eastern North Dakota. Sometime probably in the early eighteenth century or before they removed southwest to the Missouri River and allied themselves with the Mandan with whom they have since always been associated. Since 1845 they have lived in the vicinity of Fort Berthold, N. Dak.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 547 , of which 520 were in North Dakota. Comparative figures from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs are of value as far back as 1890 , and may be used with reservation as early as 1875 , when they numbered about 600 . Shortly after this a portion of the Hidatsa left the reservation and did not return until 1894. The figures since 1890 for the tribe in North Dakota are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 466 | 1895. | 481 |
| 1905. | 471 | 1890. | 504 |

Iowa.-One of the smaller tribes belonging, with the Oto and Missouri, to the so-called Chiwere group of this stock. Their traditional home was in southern Wisconsin, but when first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, they had already moved west into Iowa. Later they were located in various parts of this state, northern Missouri, and eastern Nebraska, but in 1836 they were placed on the Great Nemaha Reservation in Kansas. A portion removed later to the Sauk and Fox Reservation in Oklahoma. The tribe is now divided between these two places, the larger portion remaining in Kansas.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 244, of which 124 were in Kansas and 79 in Oklahoma. Comparison with the figures for the tribe in these two states
may be made from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs as follows:

| Year. | Kansas. | Oklahoma. | YEAR. | Kansas. | Okla, homa. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 273 | 80 | 1885. | 138 | 89 |
| 1905. | 225 | 89 | 1880............... | 176 | 46 |
| 1900. | 212 | 90 | 1875............... | 219 | .... |
| 1895. | 167 | 95 | 1870............... | 214 | ........ |
| 1890. | 165 | 67 |  |  |  |

Kansa.-One of the five tribes forming the so-called Dhegiha group. Their earliest traditional habitat was in southern Illinois and Indiana, but, when first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, they were living in Kansas. They continued to remain there until 1873 , when they removed to the Kansa Reservation in Oklahoma.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 238 , of which 232 were in Oklahoma and 6 in Kansas. Comparison with earlier years may be made from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs as follows:

| YEAR. | 2Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 231 | 1880. | 397 |
| 1905. | 209 | 1875.. | 516 |
| 1900. | 217 | 1870.. | 574 |
| 1895. | 208 | 1866. | 670 |
| 1890. | 198 | 1861.. | 866 |
| 1885... | 225 |  |  |

The decrease among the Kansa has clearly been very large, the numbers at present being little over a quarter of what they were 50 years ago. The decrease was apparently regular and rapid until 1890, since when there has been a slight increase which, however, is among the mixed-bloods only.

Mandan.-A well-known but numerically unimportant tribe. Their probable early habitat was east of the Mississippi, perhaps in northern Wisconsin, but, when first known to Europeans in the first ${ }^{-}$ half of the eighteenth century, they were living on the Missouri River in central North Dakota. They have continued to reside in this same area and are now located on the Fort Borthold Reservation in that state.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 209, of which 197 were in North Dakota. Estimated at the beginning of the nineteenth century at about 1,250 , the tribe was almost completely destroyed by smallpox in 1837 , there being only a hundred or more survivors. In 1871 they were estimated at 450, however, and since 1885 the figures for this tribe in North Dakota, compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 255 | 1895. | 285 |
| 1905. | 249 | 1890........................... | 244 |
| 1900. | 250 | 1885.............................. . | 340 |

Missouri.-One of the three tribes of the so-called Chiwere group of this stock. Their earliest tradi-
tional habitat was apparently in Wisconsin or, at least, east of the Mississippi. In the eighteenth century, however, they were in Missouri, but had dwindled by the beginning of the nineteenth century to a mere handful. They allied themselves later with the Oto, and in 1882 moved with them to Oklahoma where the few survivors are located on the Oto Reservation. The Missouri, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 13, of which 12 were in Oklahoma and 1 in Washington.

Omaha.-One of the five tribes forming the Dhegiha group of this stock. Their earliest traditional home was in southern Illinois, whence they moved west up the Missouri, and, when first known to Europeans, were located in eastern Nebraska and southern South Dakota. For about 50 years they have been located on the Omaha Reservation, Nebr.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,105 , of which 1,075 were in Nebraska. The reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs show comparative figures for this tribe in Nebraska, as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,276 | 1885. | 1,188 |
| 1905. | 1,221 | 1880. | 1,120 |
| 1900. | 1,182 | 1875. | 1,005 |
| 1895. | 1,182 | 1870. | ${ }^{1,984}$ |
| 1890. | 1,173 |  |  |

Osage.-One of the tribes of the so-called Dhegiha group of this stock. Their earliest traditional home was in southern Illinois and Indiana, but in the seventeenth century, when first known to Europeans, they were living in Missouri. Since 1870 they have been located on the Osage Reservation, Okla.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,373 , of which 1,345 were in Oklahoma. Comparison with earlier years may be made from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for this tribe in Oklahoma, as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 2,100 | 1885. | 1,552 |
| 1905. | 1,937 | 1880. | 2,008 |
| 1900. | 1,783 | 1875. | 3,001 |
| 1895. | 1,657 | 1870. | 4,481 |
| 1890. | 1,509 |  |  |

This tribe is a good example of the process which is taking place among the Indian population as a whole, namely, the decrease of the full-bloods and increase of the mixed-bloods. The population continued to decrease until 1890 when the mixed-bloods had reached about 33 per cent of the total; thereafter the increase in the mixed-bloods more than offiset the decrease in the full-bloods, with the result of an increase in the total.
Oto.-The largest of the three tribes of the Chiwere group of this stock. Their earliest traditional habitat was in Wisconsin, whence they moved westward to Iowa and Nebraska, where they were located when first known to Europeans. Since 1882 they have been
located, together with a remnant of the Missouri, in Oklahoma, at first on the Sauk and FoxReservation and later on the Oto Reservation.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 332 , of which 314 were in Oklahoma. The following figures for this tribe in Oklahoma, compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, contain, besides the Oto, the few survivors of the Missouri.

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 411 | 1886. | 459 |
| 1905.. | 368 | 1880. | 438 |
| 1900. | 372 | 1875. | 457 |
| 1895.. | 348 358 | 1870. | 434 |

Ponca.-A tribe belonging to the Dhegiha group of this stock. For many years they were closely associated with the Omaha, and like them went from an earlier location in southern Indiana and Mlinois to the region of the Missouri in Iowa, Minnesota, and South Dakota. In 1877 part of the tribe was removed to Indian Territory. The Ponca are now located part at the Santee Reservation in Nebraska and part at the Ponca Reservation, Oklahoma.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 875 , of which 619 were in Oklahoma and 193 in Nebraska. Comparative figures for the tribe in these two states are shown in the following table, compiled from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs:

| YEAR. | $\mathrm{Ne}-$ braska. | Oklahoma. | YEAR. | Ne braska. | Oklahoma. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 290 | 583 | 1885. | 178 | 574 |
| 1905 | 249 | 564 | 1880 | 103 | 530 |
| 1900. | 231 | 566 | 1875. | 734 |  |
| 1895. | 211 | 586 | 1860. | 973 |  |
| 1890. | 217 | 605 |  |  |  |

It appears from this table that the numbers of the Ponca have decreased slightly in the last 50 years.

Quapaw.-One of the tribes of the so-called Dhegiha group of this stock. Their early traditional habitat was in southern Illinois and Indiana, but, when first known to Europeans in the sixteenth century, they were living in northeastern Arkansas and southeastern Missouri. Until the early nineteenth century they continued to occupy this general area, but since 1860, or before, they have been located on the Quapaw Reservation in Oklahoma.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 231, of which 221 were in Oklahoma. Comparison may be made with earlier years for this tribe in Oklahoma, from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as follows:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 307 | 1885. | 172 |
| 1905. | 284 | 1880... | 235 |
| 1900. | 251 | 1875. | ${ }_{27} 23$ |
| 1895. | 223 | 1869.... | 274 |
| 1890. | 224 |  |  |

Santee Sioux (syn. Wahpekute Sioux, Mdewakanton Sioux).-A tribal name of somewhat uncertain extension. It has been used generally as applying to the Sioux (mainly mixed Wahpekute and Mdewakanton Sioux), now at the Santee Reservation in Nebraska and at Flandreau, S. Dak., together with the scattered Mdewakanton in Minnesota. The earliest assignable habitat of these two subdivisions of the Dakota or Sioux was in the Lake district of northern Minnesota. After the Indian outbreak of 1862 the majority were removed to Crow Creek, S. Dak., and later (1866) to the Santee Reservation in Nebraska, whence a portion again removed to Flandreau, S. Dak., in 1876.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,539, distributed as follows: Nebraska, 708; South Dakota, 378; Minnesota, 232; Montana, 107; North Dakota, 100; scattering, 14. Figures for the portions of this tribe in Nebraska, South Dakota, and Minnesota are available back to 1875, from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as follows:

| YEAR. | $\mathrm{Ne}-$ braska. | South Dakota. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Minne- } \\ & \text { sota. } \end{aligned}$ | YEAR. |  | Soutb Dakota. | Minnesota. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,155 | 275 | 929 | 1890. | 869 | 292 |  |
| 1905. | 1,095 | 278 | 929 | 1885. | 843 | 243 |  |
| 1900. | 1,019 | 288 | 917 | 1880. | 764 | 304 |  |
| 1895. | 980 | 308 |  | 1875 | 800 | 359 |  |

Sioux.-A considerable number of Indians were enumerated simply as "Sioux" without distinction of band or division.
The total number thus enumerated in 1910 as Sioux was 996, distributed among the states as follows: South Dakota, 277; Minnesota, 161; North Dakota, 99; Pennsylvania, 96; Montana, 86; Nebraska, 62; New Jersey (with Wild West Show), 62; Oklahoma, 53; Kansas, 40; scattering, 60.

Sisseton Sioux (syn. Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux, Wahpeton Sioux).-One of the seven divisions. of the Dakota or Sioux group. Their traditional early habitat was in the region north and northwest of the western end of Lake Superior, but at the time they were first known to Europeans in the seventeenth century, they were living in central Minnesota. In the nineteenth century they had extended westward into South Dakota. Since 1868 they have been located partly on the Sisseton Reservation in South Dakota and partly on the Devils Lake Reservation in North Dakota.

The Sisseton have for the last 40 years or more been so closely associated with the Wahpeton that the two tribes can not be separated and are therefore here treated together. The Sisseton-Wahpeton, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 2,514, of which 1,553 were in South Dakota, 621 in North Dakota, and 255 in Montana.

Comparative figures for the Sisseton and Wंahpeton are difficult to secure since 1883 , owing to the failure to separate them from other tribes on the Devils Lake Reservation. In 1861 the Sisseton-Wahpeton were
given as 2,811 ; in 1871 the combined Sisseton and Wahpeton at the Sisseton Reservation, together with those at Devils Lake, numbered 2,158; in 1876, 2,613; in 1880, 2,339; in 1883, 2,192. From this time on no figures can be secured except for those at the Sisseton Reservation in South Dakota. The population on that reservation from 1875 to the present, as shown by the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, was as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,994 | 1890.. | 1,509 |
| 1905. | 1,932 | 1885. | 1,484 |
| 1900. | 1, 890 | 1880. | 1,500 |
| 1895. | 1,863 | 1875. | 1,807 |

These figures show a decrease in population from 1875 to 1885 , from which time those on the Sisseton Reservation at least have increased steadily. The portion at Devils Lake have not, as already stated, been returned separately since that date, but apparently have held their own, as the combined population of the Devils Lake Reservation has shown a slight increase since 1885.

Teton Sioux.-The largest of the groups of the Sioux, comprising seven subdivisions-that is, Brule, Hunkpapa, Minniconjou, Oglala (Loafer Sioux), Sans Arc, Sihasapa (Blackfoot Sioux), and Two Kettle. Their habitat in the seventeenth century was in the region of the upper Mississippi, in Minnesota, and westward. They are now located on various reservations in North and South Dakota and Montana.
The various subdivisions of the Teton Sioux have become very much mixed in the last 20 years. For about two-thirds of the total number, the name of the subdivision to which the individual belonged was given, but for the remainder the only statement is "Teton Sioux." Obviously the numbers thus given for the separate subdivisions are incomplete, but they are shown separately in Table 51 ( $p .146$ ), as well as the group combined.

The total number of Teton Sioux enumerated in 1910 was 14,284 , of which 13,795 were in South Dakota and 370 in North Dakota, the remainder being scattered over different states. From the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs comparison may be made as far back as 1875, although the earlier figures are largely estimates.

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1905. | 18,113 | 1885. | 20,826 |
| 1900. | 18, 410 | 1880. | 21,830 |
| 1895. | 17,971 | 1875. | 31,130 |

The following seven tribes are subdivisions of the Teton Sioux group.

Brule Sioux.-A tribe or subdivision of the Teton group of the Sioux. In the early part of the nineteenth century they were located mainly in southwestern South Dakota and adjacent parts of Nebraska.

At present the tribe is located mainly on the Rosebud, Crow Creek, and Lower Brule Reservations, S. Dak. The number enumerated in 1910 was 806, of which 795 were in South Dakota.

Hunkpapa Sioux.-A tribe or subdivision of the Teton group of the Sioux. In the early part of the nineteenth century, they occupied a considerable area in North Dakota, chiefly west of the Missouri. They are now located mainly on the Standing Rock Reservation in North and South Dakota. The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,072 ; of which 930 were in South Dakota and 142 in North Dakota. According to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the number of this tribe in previous years was as follows: $1875,2,100 ; 1885,1,805 ; 1890,1,734$.

Minniconjou Sioux.-A tribe or subdivision of the Teton group of the Sioux. In the beginning of the nineteenth century they occupied a considerable area along and west of the Missouri River, in South Dakota. They are now located on the Cheyenne River Reservation, S. Dak. The number enumerated in 1910 was 397, of which 387 were in South Dakota and 10 in North Dakota. According to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, this tribe was estimated at about 4,000 in 1875, had decreased to 1,221 in 1885, and risen to 1,268 in 1888 , since which date no separate figures are available.

Oglala Sioux (syn. Loafer Sioux).-The largest tribe or subdivision of the Teton group of the Sioux. When first known to Europeans they were living along the Missouri River in South Dakota. The majority of the Oglala are now located on the Pine Ridge Reservation, S. Dak. The number enumerated in 1910 was 6,045, of which 5,998 were in South Dakota. According to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the number of this tribe in earlier years was as follows: $1881,10,286 ; 1886,7,417 ; 1891,6,356$.

Sans Arc Sioux.-A tribe or subdivision of the Teton group of the Sioux. They are not mentioned much before the middle of the nineteenth century, and were then living mostly west of the Missouri River, in North and South Dakota. For many years they have been mainly located on the Cheyenne River Reservation, S. Dak., in which state 213 were enumerated in 1910 out of a total of 222.

Sihasapa (syn. Blackfoot Sioux).-A tribe or subdivision of the Teton group of the Sioux. About the middle of the ninoteenth century, when first known to Europeans, they were living west of the Missouri in North and South Dakota. They are now located on the Cheyenne River and Standing Rock Reservations, N. and S. Dak. The number enumerated in 1910 was 485, of which 346 were in South Dakota and 137 in North Dakota.

Two Kettle Sioux.-A tribe or subdivision of the Teton group of the Sioux. They are not mentioned much before the middle of the nineteenth century, when they occupied the region along the Missouri

River and its western tributaries in South Dakota. For 40 years or more they have been located mainly on the Cheyenne River Reservation, S. Dak. The number enumerated in 1910 was 293, of which 288 were in South Dakota and 5 in North Dakota.

Winnebago.-In the early part of the seventeenth century, when first known to Europeans, this tribe was located in the vicinity of Green Bay, Wis. Moving west in the first part of the nineteenth century, a portion of the tribe was located successively in Iowa, Minnesota, and South Dakota, until in 1864 they were finally assigned to a reservation in Nebraska, where they haye since remained. More than half their number, however, are still found in Wisconsin.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,820, of which 1,007 were in Nebraska and 735 in Wisconsin. Comparative figures are available for the tribe in these two states, from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as far back as 1865, but, prior to 1900 , they include estimates only for that portion in Wisconsin. The figures are as follows:

| tear. | Nebraska. | Wisconsin. | year. | Nebraska. | Wisconsin. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910.. | 1,063 | 1,270 | 1885. | 1,214 | 930 |
| 1905. | 1,074 | 1,312 | 1880 | 1,429 | 930 |
| 1900. | 1,134 | 1,447 | 1875. | 1,667 | ${ }_{605}^{656}$ |
| 1895. | 1,208 | 930 930 | 1870. | 1,340 1,750 | ${ }_{7}^{995}$ |
| 1890. | 1,212 | 930 | 1865. | 1,750 | 70 |

The decrease in the Nebraska branch has been very heavy, but the Wisconsin branch has probably increased, owing to the large proportion of mixedbloods. A portion of the Wisconsin Winnebago was presumably enumerated, without distinction of tribe, among the general population.

Yankton Sioux.-One of the seven main divisions of the Dakota or Sioux. Originally closely associated with and probably one with the Yanktonai and Assiniboin, their habitat, when first found by Europeans in the seventeenth century, was in northern and central Minnesota. At the beginning of the nineteenth century they had moved southward to southeastern South Dakota and the adjacent parts of Minnesota and Iowa. Since 1860, or before, they have been located at the Yankton Reservation in South Dakota.

A considerable number of Sioux were enumerated without designation of band or subdivision, simply as "Sioux" (see p. 102), and thus the totals given for the various subdivisions are necessarily incomplete.

The Yankton, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 2,088, distributed as follows: South Dakota, 1,534; Montana, 372; North Dakota, 159; scattering, 23. The number reported from Montana includes some who are in reality Yanktonai Sioux, but who have been known as Yankton Sioux for many years. Comparative figures for this tribe in South Dakota are of value as far back as 1876, and, compiled from the
reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 1,753 | 1890. | 1,725 |
| 1905. | 1,698 | 1885. | 1,726 |
| 1900. | 1,700 | 1880. | 2,019 |
| 1895. | 1,735 | 1876. | 1,992 |

Yanktonai Sioux (syn. Pabaksa Sioux).-Formerly one of the largest of the many tribes of the Sioux. Originally one with the Yankton and apparently also with the Assiniboin, their habitat in the seventeenth century, when first known to Europeans, was in northern Minnesota. From there they moved westward to the Dakotas, probably about the begining of the eighteenth century, and became divided into two sections, known as the Upper and Lower Yanktonai. The Pabaksa Sioux are a division of the former. The Upper Yanktonai are now located at Standing Rock Reservation, S. Dak., and some at Devils Lake, N. Dak. Of the Lower Yanktonai some are located at Crow Creek Reservation, S. Dak., some at Standing Rock, and some at Fort Peck, Mont., where they are wrongly known as Yankton.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,357, of which 803 were in South Dakota, 551 in North Dakota, and 3 were scattering. A large proportion of the 372 Yankton Sioux reported from Montana are in reality Yanktonai, but it was impossible to separate them. It is also probable that many of this group were returned without designation of band or subdivision, and are therefore included among the "Sioux" (see p. 102).

Comparative figures for the whole tribe are impossible to secure in regular series, as those members of the tribe at Standing Rock Reservation have not been reported separately since 1893, those at Devils Lake since 1890, and all the bands are much mixed. In 1842 the whole tribe was estimated at 6,000. In 1875 the number returned was 8,129 , which in 1880 bad decreased to 7,052 , in 1884 to 6,618 , and in 1893 to 4,062 . These figures are, however, very uncertain and can be considered only as approximations. Figures are available for those at Crow Creek and Fort Peck since 1893. In 1894 these numbered altogether 2,340; in 1900, 2,181; in 1905, 2,125. It is clear, therefore, that the Yanktonai have, in the last 17 years, slowly and steadily declined in numbers.

## TAKELMAN STOCK.

A small tribe forming by itself an independent linguistic stock. Their habitat at the end of the nineteenth century was on the middle Rogue River and its northern tributaries in Oregon. The tribe is now nearly extinct, the few survivors being on the Siletz Reservation. But a single individual in Washington was enumerated in 1910 as of this tribe, a male halfbreed. It is probable that a few other remaining survivors were enumerated as Rogue River.

TANOAN STOCK.
Stock as a whole.-One of the three stocks of socalled "pueblo" Indians in New Mexico. Since the sixteenth century they have been located along or near the Rio Grande River at various points from near the northern edge to the central portion of the state. One isolated group of people belonging to the stock has been located at Hano pueblo, among the Hopi in Arizona since the eighteenth century, and since the seventeenth century some few have been located farther south along the Rio Grande River in Chihuabua.

The Indians of the Tanoan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 3,140 . At the present time the most important of the pueblos occupied by this stock are as follows:

| Isleta. | Picuris. | Sandia. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jemez. | Pojoaque. | Santa Clara. |
| Nambe. | San Ildefonso. | Taos. |
| Pecos. | San Juan. | Tesuque. |

These various pueblos have generally been grouped into three divisions, roughly corresponding with tribes, as follows:

1. Tewa, comprising Nambe, Pojoaque, San Ildefonso, San Juan, Santa Clara, and Tesuque.
2. Tigua, comprising Isleta, Picuris, Sandia, and Taos.
3. Jemez (including the survivors of Pecos).

Isleta.-The name of two pueblos occupied by people of this stock, one of which is located on the Rio Grande River, in Bernalillo County, N. Mex., and the other (an offshoot of the first in the seventeenth century) also on the Rio Grande, but just over the international boundary in Mexico. Those here enumerated are with few exceptions all from the northern pueblo.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 956 , of which 910 were in New Mexico. Since 1860 the figures given in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for that portion in New Mexico are as follows:

| yEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 1,021 | 1871. | 768 |
| 1890. | 1,007 | 1864. | 786 |
| 1881. | 1,081 | 1860. | 440 |

Jemez.-A tribe located since the latter part of the eighteenth century at the present pueblo of Jemez, in Sandoval County, N. Mex.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 499, all in New Mexico. The following figures, reported by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that the Jemez have increased in numbers since 1871:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 449 | 1871. | 344 |
| 1890. | 483 | 1860.. | 650 |
| 1881..... | 401 |  |  |

Nambe.-A pueblo occupied by Indians belonging to the Tewa subdivision of this stock and located since the seventeenth century on the river of the same name in Sante Fe County, N. Mex.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 88, all in New Mexico. The following figures, contained in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that, compared with 50 years ago, the population of this pueblo has decreased:

| year. | Number. | xear. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{1890}^{190 .}$ | 808666 | 1871.................... | 78103 |
| 1881........ |  |  |  |

Pecos.-A large pueblo formerly occupied by Indians of this stock located on the Pecos River in San Miguel County, N. Mex. In 1838 the pueblo was abandoned, the few survivors being located mainly at Jemez. The number enumerated in 1910 was 10, of which 9 were in New Mexico and 1 in Pennsylvania.

Picuris.-A pueblo belonging to the Tigua subdivision of this stock and located just east of the Rio Grande River, in Taos County, N. Mex.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 104, all in New Mexico. The following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that the Picuris have decreased, as compared with 50 years ago:

| Year. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 96 | 1871. | 127 |
| 1890. | 91 | 1860.. | 143 |
| $1881 .$. | 115 |  | 143 |

Pojoaque.-A small pueblo belonging to the Tewa subdivision of this stock and located east of the Rio Grande River, in Sante Fe County, N. Mex. The pueblo is now abandoned and the few survivors scattered.

The Pojoaque, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 16, all in New Mexico. Their number has decreased since 1860 , when the number reported by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs was 37.
San Idefonso.-A pueblo belonging to the Tewa subdivision of this stock and located on the Rio Grande River, in Sante Fe County, N. Mex.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 123, all in New Mexico. The following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show this pueblo to be slowly decreasing:

| YEAR. | Number. | yEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 138 | 1871. | 156 |
| 1890. | 151 | 1860.. | 154 |
| 1881.... | 139 |  |  |

San Juan.-A pueblo belonging to the Tewa subdivision of this stock, and located on the Rio Grande River in Rio Arriba County, N. Mex.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 387 , of which 384 were in New Mexico. The following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that the population of this pueblo has varied but little for the last 50 years:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900.. | 379 | 1871. |  |
| 1890.. | 374 | 1860. | 341 |
| 1881.... | 408 |  |  |

Sandia.-A pueblo bielonging to the Tigua subdivision of this stock and located on the Rio Grande River, in Sandoval County, N. Mex.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 73, all in New Mexico. Since 1860 the numbers given for this pueblo in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs show that they are decreasing rapidly. The figures are as follows:

| Year. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 76 | 1871. | 186 |
| 1890. | 145 | 1860.... | 217 |
| 1881. | 350 |  |  |

Santa Clara.-A pueblo belonging to the Tewa subdivision of this stock and located on the Rio Grande River in Rio Arriba County, N. Mex.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 277, all in New Mexico. The following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that the population of this pueblo has increased in the last 50 years:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 221 | 1871. | 189 |
| 1890.. | 204 | 1860. | 179 |
| 1881. | 212 |  |  |

Taos.-A pueblo belonging to the Tigua subdivision of this stock and located on the river of the same name in Taos County, N. Mex.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 517 , all in New Mexico. The following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that the population of this pueblo has increased in the last 50 years:

| YEAR. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 414 | 1871. | 397 |
| 1890. | 382 | 1860.. | 363 |
| 1881....... | 391 |  |  |

Tesuque.-A pueblo belonging to the Tewa subdivision of this stock and located east of the Rio Grande River in Sante Fe County, N. Mex.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 77, all in New Mexico. The following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, show that the population of this pueblo has declined somewhat in the last 50 years:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900. | 80 | 1871. | 98 |
| 1890. | 102 | 1860..... | 97 |
| 1881..... | 99 |  |  |

Tribe not reported.-Thirteen Indians ( 6 males and 7 females) were enumerated in 1910 as belonging to the Tewa group of this stock, but without statement as to the precise pueblo to which they belonged. All were in New Mexico, and were reported as being of full-tribal blood.

## TARASCAN STOCK.

A Mexican stock whose habitat lies mainly in the state of Oaxaca. One white half-breed male of this stock was enumerated in California in 1910, his tribal affiliation not being reported.

## tlingit stock (syn. Koluschan).

Stock as a whole.-A coastal stock of southern Alaska, occupying the coast and adjacent islands from Portland Canal to Controller Bay (see p. 115). The number enumerated in continental United States in 1910 was 32 .

The tribes of this stock for which members were reported are as follows:

> Auk. Chilkat. Kake.

Auk.-A southern Alaska tribe of which 2 members were enumerated in Oregon in 1910, 1 male and 1 female of white and Indian parentage.

Chitkat.-A southern Alaska tribe of which 4 members were enumerated in Oregon in 1910, all mixedblood males of white and Indian parentage.

Kake.-A southern Alaska tribe of which 3 members were enumerated in Oregon in 1910, 1 male and 2 females, all white half-breeds.

Tribe not reported.-Twenty-three members of this Alaskan stock, without statement as to tribe, were enumerated in the United States in 1910, 15 males and 8 females, distributed among the states as follows: Oregon, 19; California, 3; Washington, 1.

## TONKAWAN STOCK.

A tribe forming by itsolf a separate linguistic stock. Their babitat in the eighteenth century was in central Texas. After being located on various reservations since the middle of the nineteenth century, the remnant was, in 1884, finally located on the Oakland Reservation, Okla.

The Tonkawa, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 42, all in Oklahoma. According to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs this tribe has been decreasing since 1855, when 171 were reported.

## TSIMSHIAN STOCK.

An Alaskan stock (see p. 115) whose name has been derived from that of a single tribe, the Tsimshian. The number enumerated in continental United States in 19.10 was 51 , of which 37 were in Washington and 14 in Oregon.

## TUNICAN STOCK.

A tribe forming by itself a distinct linguistic stock, occupying in the seventeenth century the region along the lower Yazoo River, Miss. The few survivors are now living in northern Louisiana. The number enumerated in 1910 was 43, all in Louisiana.

## WAIILATPUAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-A stock occupying a small area east and west of the Cascades, just south of the Columbia River in Oregon.

The Indians of the Waïlatpuan stock; as enumererated in 1910, numbered 329 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

$$
\text { Cayuse. } \quad \text { Molala. }
$$

Cayuse.-The easternmost of the two tribes composing this stock. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans, comprised a considerable area in northeastern Oregon and a portion of southern Walla Walla County, Wash. Since 1885 they have been located at the Umatilla Reservation in Oregon. The Cayuse have always been very closely affiliated with the Nez Perces.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 298, of which 277 were in Oregon. From the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs comparative figures are available since 1870 , but are of rather uncertain value, the sudden fluctuations in numbers not being easily accounted for. The figures for this tribe in Oregon are as follows:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 298 | 1885.. | 340 |
| 1905. | 403 | 1880. | 385 |
| 1900. | 365 | 1875. | 385 |
| 1895. | 422 | 1870.. | 334 |
| $1890 .$. | 415 |  |  |

Molala.-The westernmost of the two tribes composing this stock. Although traditionally their early home was east of the Cascades, adjoining the Cayuse, when first known to Europeans in the beginning of the nineteenth century, they were living on the west slope of the Cascades, in Clackamas and Marion Counties, Oreg. By 1867 the majority of the Molala had been placed on the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., but some were scattered in northeastern Jackson and eastern Douglas Counties, and on the Klamath Reservation. At present a remnant remains at Grande Ronde, with a few scattered throughout the Cascades. The number enumerated in 1910 was 31, of which 25 were in Oregon.

## WAKASHAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-A stock whose main area of distribution lies outside the United States, in British Columbia, mainly in Vancouver Island and the adjacent mainland coast as far north as 54 degrees north latitude.

The Indians of the Wakashan stock in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 388. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Kitamat. } & \text { Makah. } \\
\text { Kwakiutl. } & \text { Nootka. }
\end{array}
$$

Kitamat.-A tribe closely related to the Kwakiutl, living on Douglas Channel, British Columbia. One white half-breed woman, belonging to this tribe, was enumerated in Washington in 1910.

Kwakiutl.-A tribe accupying the northeastern portion of Vancouver Island. One male, a mixed Kwakiutl-Lummi, was reported from Washington in 1910.

Makah.-The only tribe of this stock living within the United States, the other members occupying parts of Vancouver Island and the adjacent coast of British Columbia.

The Makah have lived, since known to Europeans at the end of the eighteenth century, in the vicinity of Cape Flattery, Wash., where a reservation was established for them in 1855.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 360 , of which 354 were in Washington and 6 in Oregon. From the following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, it is seen that the general course of the population of this tribe in Washington was slightly downward from 1870 to 1900 , after which there was an increase. The high figures for 1865 and 1880 must have been due to errors of some sort.

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 432 | 1880. | 728 |
| 1905. | 435 | 1875. | 553 |
| 1900. | 407 | 1870. | 558 |
| 1895. | 426 | 1865. | 700 |
| 1890. | 454 | 1860.. | 500 |
| 1885... | 523 |  |  |

Nootka.-A tribe occupying the western coast of Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and very closely allied to the Makah, with whom those in the United States are intermarried. The Nootka in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 15, all in Washington.

Tribe not reported.-Eleven Indians (4 males and 7 females) from British Columbia were enumerated in Washington in 1910, for whom only the fact that they belonged to this stock could be determined.

## WASHOAN STOCK.

A small tribe constituting by itself a distinct linguistic stock. The Washo have lived since the beginning of the nineteenth century in the region about Lake Tahoe and eastward in California and Nevada. They have never been upon any reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 819 , of which 536 were in Nevada and 273 in California. The Washo were roughly estimated at about 900 in 1860 and about 500 in 1870. Comparisons with later years are not available from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

## wintun stock (syn. Copehan).

Stock as a whole.-A Californian stock occupying the western half of the Sacramento Valley and part of Trinity County.

The Indians of the Wintun stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 710. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

$$
\text { Nomelaki. } \quad \text { Patwin. } \quad \text { Wintun. }
$$

Nomelaki.-A somewhat vague subgroup of the Wintun, including mainly those members of the Wintun, which have been located for many years on the Round Valley Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 125, of which 122 were in California and 3 in Pennsylvania.

Patwin.-The southern division of this stock, occupying, since known to Europeans, an area which may be roughly described as the western balf of the Sacramento Valley from the northern line of Colusa County to San Pablo and Suisun Bays. The Patwin have never been reservation Indians and are now widely scattered in small numbers over their original territory. The Patwin, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 186, all in California.

Wintun (syn. Trinity Indians).-The northern division of this stock occupying, since known to Europeans at the beginning of the nineteenth century, a considerable area in northern California, which may be roughly described as including the whole of Glenn County, the western parts of Tehama and Shasta Counties, and the northeastern half of Trinity County. The Wintun have never been reservation Indians. A small portion known locally as Nomelaki have been located at the Round Valley Reservation for many years, but the majority of the tribe are scattered over their original territory. As the Nomelaki have formed a more or less separate group for many years, the Wintun proper and the Nomelaki are here given separately. The number enumerated in 1910 was 399, of which 395 were in California and 4 in Nevada.
wiyat stock (syn. Wishoskan).
A small group constituting by itself a distinct linguistic stock and destitute of any real tribal subdivisions or popular name other than Humboldt Bay. Their habitat since earliest traditional times has been on the northern California coast in the vicinity of Humboldt Bay, Humboldt County. They have not been located on any reservation and are to-day scattered throughout their original territory. The number enumerated in 1910 was 152, all in California.

## YAKONAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-A small Oregon stock, formerly occupying an area along the coast in Lincoln, Lane, and Douglas Counties.
The Indians of the Yakonan stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 55. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:
Alsea. Siuslaw. Yaquina.

Alsea.-The habitat of the Alsea, when first known to Europeans in the beginning of the nineteenth century, was on Alsea Bay and River in southern Lincoln and Benton Counties, Oreg. A reservation was established for them in this vicinity at first, but about 1870 they were moved to the Siletz Reservation, and a few were later placed at Grande Ronde. The remnant are now mainly located at Siletz. The number enumerated in 1910 was 29, of which 27 were in Oregon.

Siuslaw. -The southernmost of the tribes composing this stock. Their habitat, when first known to Europeans at the beginning of the nineteenth century, was on the Siuslaw River and the adjacent coast in western Lane County, Oreg. They were gathered at an early date on the Alsea Reservation and transferred later to the Siletz Reservation where the remnant still resides. The Siuslaw, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 7, all in Oregon.

Yaquina.-A small tribe living in the early nineteenth century about Yaquina Bay, Lincoln County, Oreg. The remnant is now mainly located on the Siletz Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 19, of which 13 were in Oregon and 6 in Washington.
yanan stock (sym. Nozi).
The only surviving subdivision of this small stock, which occupied a small area in northern California, in northeastern Tehama, and the adjacent parts of Shasta County as far north as Round Mountain. In 1864 nearly the entire tribe, then numbering about 3,000 , was massacred by miners. The whole stock is to-day practically extinct, only 39 having been enumerated in 1910, all in California.
yokuts stock (syn. Mariposan).
Stock as a whole.-This is a Californian stock, occupying an area in the southeastern part of the Sacramento Valley and the adjacent foothills of the Sierra Nevada.

The Indians of the Yokuts stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 533. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Choinimni. | Kashowoo. | Wikchamni. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chookiminah. | Tachi. | Yokuts. |
| Chukchansi. | Wechikhit. | Yowdanchi. |

Choinimni.-A smali group of Indians whose habitat was formerly on Kings River, near the mouth of Mill Creek, in Fresno County, Cal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 18, all in California.

Chookiminah.-A small group of Indians living in Fresno County, Cal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 4 , all in California.

Chukchansi.-One of the northern tribes of this stock occupying the foothills in the southern part of Madera County, Cal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 144, of which 142 were in California and 2 in Arizona.

Kashowoo.-A small group belonging to this stock and living in Fresno County, Cal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 4, all in California.
Tachi.-A tribe formerly living in the southern end of the San Joaquin Valley, Cal. The survivors are now mainly located in Kings County. The number enumerated in 1910 was 27, all in California.

Wechikhit.-A small tribe living formerly on lower Kings River, Fresno County, Cal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 6, all in California.

Wikchamni.-A small tribe living on the Kaweah River in Tulare County, Cal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 25 , of which 24 were in California and 1 in Washington.

Yokuts.-A tribe formerly comprising a number of separate subdivisions and occupying a considerable area in the southern San Joaquin Valley (chiefly in Madera, Fresno, and Tulare Counties), Cal. A portion of the survivors are now located on the Tule River Reservation, the remainder being scattered throughout the area of their former habitat. Of the many subdivisions formerly existing, representatives of the Choinimni, Chookiminah, Chukchansi, Kashowoo, Tachi, Wechikhit, Wikchamni, and Yowdanchi were enumerated by the present census. The fragments of the many other tribes, together perhaps with a few other individuals of the above tribes, are here grouped simply as Yokuts-a portion now being located on the Tule River Reservation and the others scattering. The Yokuts so defined, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 302, all in California.

Yowdanchi.-A tribe living formerly on the Tule River in Tulare County, Cal. The remnant is now located on the Tule River Reservation. The number enumerated in 1910 was 3 , all in California.

## YUCHEAN STOCK.

A tribe forming by itself an independent linguistic stock. Their habitat in the eighteenth century was on the middle Savannah River, Ga. In 1836 they remored to Oklahoma where the majority live among the Creeks, a portion being settled among the Shawnee. The Yuchi, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 78, of which 74 were in Oklahoma and 4 in the District of Columbia.

## yugian stock.

Stock as a whole.-A Californian stock occupying three small separate areas in Mendocino, Sonoma, Lake, and Napa Counties.

The Indians of the Yukian stock, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 198. The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Coast Yuki. } & \text { Wappo. } \\
\text { Redwood. } & \text { Yuki. }
\end{array}
$$

Coast Yuki.-The northernmost of the three smaller subdivisions of this stock. They occupied originally the northern portion of the coast of Mendocino County, Cal., and the few survivors are mainly to be found in the same region still. They are not reservation Indians. The number enumerated in 1910 was 15 , all in California.

Redwood (syn. Huchnom).-A small subdivision of the Yuki in Mendocino County, Cal., now located on the Round Valley Reservation. They are commonly known by the name of Redwood. The number enumerated in 1910 was 15, all in California.

Wappo.-The southernmost of the three smaller subdivisions of this stock. Their habitat was in northern California in the vicinity of the point where Lake, Sonoma, and Napa Counties join. The number enumerated in 1910 was 73, all in California.

Yuki.-The largest group or tribe of this stock. Their habitat, since earliest traditional times, has been in northern Mendocino County, Cal., chiefly in and about Round Valley. Since the establishment of the Round Valley Reservation in 1856, the majority of the Yuki have been located there, although some few are scattered over the remainder of their former habitat. The number enumerated in 1910 was 95 , of which 91 were in California.

## YUMAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole. -The area occupied by this stock in the United States lies wholly in southeastern Arizona and southern California. It also extends over the larger portion of Lower California.

The Indians of the Yuman stock in the United States, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 4,279 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Cocopa. | Maricopa. | Yavapai. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Diegueno. | Mohave. | Yuma. |
| Havasupai. | Walapai. | Yuma Apache. |

Cocopa.-A tribe occupying, since the early seventeenth century at least, the region about the mouth of the Colorado River in Arizona and Lower California. The number enumerated in 1910 was 245, of which 229 were in Arizona and 16 in California.

Diegueno.-A collective name belonging ta several small tribes originally distinct. The area occupied by this group comprised the western portion of San Diego County, Cal. For many years they have been located on a number of small reservations in this same area. The name is, however, of rather uncertain extension.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 756 , all in California. Comparative figures are difficult to secure, as the name Diegueno has at different times included Indians of other tribal affiliations. According to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the Indians known as the Diegueno were estimated in 1870 at 1,257 ; in 1881 they had apparently decreased to 731 , in 1891 to 685 , and in 1901 to 643.

Havasupai.-A small tribe perhaps originally derived from the Walapai. In 1850 and probably much earlier they were living in central Arizona, but later moved northward to Cataract Canyon where a reservation was set apart for them in 1882.
The number enumerated in 1910 was 174, all in Arizona. According to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, this tribe numbered 214 in 1882, the first year for which figures are available; 250 in 1900, the increase being due probably to the gradual coming into the reservation of straggling members of the tribe; and since 1900 they have decreased steadily until in 1910 they were reported at 177.

Maricopa.-The home of this tribe has been, since the eighteenth century at least, along the lower portion of the Gila River in Arizona. They have for many years been very closely associated with the Pima. For 50 years they have been located mainly on the Gila River Reservation.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 386 , of which 382 were in Arizona and 4 in California. Comparative figures for previous years are probably of little value. According to the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, they fluctuated from 1880 to 1900 between 200 and 514 ; for the last 10 years the number reported has been about stationary at 350 .

Mohave (Mojave).-One of the largest of the tribes of this stock. Sincefirst known to Europeans they have occupied the region along the Colorado River, chiefly on the eastern side above Needles. For many years
they have been mainly located on the Colorado River Reservation and in the vicinity of Fort Mohave in Arizona. The Mohave, or Mohave-Apache so called, who for some years have been located at Camp McDowell and on the San Carlos Reservation in Arizona, are not true Mohave but Yavapai.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,058 , of which 667 were in Arizona and 389 in California. Comparative figures for the whole tribe are mainly estimates previous to 1904, although for those on the Colorado River Reservation the figures may be used with care as far back as 1880. Estimated at the end of the eighteenth century at about 3,000 , they probably numbered nearly 2,000 in 1880 . By 1890 they had decreased to 1,717 , and 15 years later to 1,364 . It is clear, therefore, that the Mohave have been decreasing steadily in numbers, and in the last 30 years have been reduced nearly one-half.

Walapai (syn. Hualapai).-This tribe formerly occupied a large area in northwestern Arizona, extending from the great bend of the Colorado River eastward. The Walapai Reservation was set apart for them in 1880, but comparatively few of the tribe live upon it.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 501 , of which 496 were in Arizona. Figures for comparison are of little value back of 1890, at which time the tribe in Arizona was estimated at 700. Since then there has been a marked decrease, as shown by the following figures, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs:

| YEAR. | Number. | YEAR. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 498 | 1895.. | 619 |
| 1905. | 520 | 1890.. | 700 |
| 1900... | 584 |  |  |

Yavapai (syn. Mohave-Apache).-The early home of this tribe was in southwestern Arizona, just east of the Colorado River. In 1873 they were placed on the Rio Verde Reservation and two years later transferred to the San Carlos Reservation with the Apache. About 1900 most of the tribe returned to the Rio Verde. The names Mohave-Apache and ApacheMohave are misnomers, the tribe being wholly distinct from the Apache.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 289, all in Arizona. Comparisons with figures for early years are of little real value. In 1870 the Yavapai were estimated at about 1,000 , and seem thus to have decreased largely in the last 40 years.

Yuma.-The tribe from which the stock takes its name. Its earliest known habitat was along the Colorado River, below the junction of the Gila, an area in which they were found by the Spanish at the beginning of the seventeenth century. In 1884 a reservation was set apart for them in the extreme southeastern corner of California, along the Colorado River.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 834, of which 642 were in California, 191 in Arizona, and 1 in Pennsylvania. Comparative figures are of little value previ-
ous to 1895. They were estimated about 1853 at 3,000 (probably an overestimate) and in 1890 at 1,000 , since which year they have decreased steadily, as shown by the following figures for the tribe in California, taken from the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs:

| year. | Number. | year. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 655 | 1900. | 634 |
| 1905..... | 675 | 1895.. | 707 |

Yuma Apache.-A group of Indians, probably of mixed Yuma, Mohave, and Yavapai origin, living in western Arizona. Most of them are now located on the San Carlos Reservation. The Yuma Apache, us enumerated in 1910, numbered 24, all in Arizona.

Tribe not reported.-The Indians of Lower California belong to various tribes of this stock. The 12 ( 6 males and 6 females) enumerated in 1910 were given without tribal name, but as born in Lower California.

YUROK stock (syn. Weitspekan).
A body of Indians without tribal subdivisions or any distinctive popular name, and forming by themselves a separate linguistic stock. Their habitat, as far back as tradition extends, has been in the northwestern part of California in northern Humboldt and southern Del Norte Counties, along the Klamath River from a little above the mouth of the Trinity to the sea, and southward along the coast nearly to Mad River. The name Weitspec is sometimes locally applied to a portion of this stock. They are perhaps most commonly known as Klamath Indians, a term applied also to Indians of several other stocks along this river. The number enumerated in 1910 was 668, all in California.

## ZAPOTECAN STOCK.

A Mexican stock whose habitat lies mainly in the state of Oaxaca. One Zapotec woman of this stock, of full-tribal blood, was enumerated in Oklahoma in 1910.

ZUNIAN STOCK.
One of the best known and largest groups of the pueblo peoples of New Mexico. First seen by Europeans in the early part of the sixteenth century, the Zuni had then already long been occupying the region where they still live, Valencia County, N. Mex. Formerly in several villages, they now occupy mainly the one pueblo of Zuni, in summer also using the smaller villages of Pescado, Nutria, and Ojo Caliente.

The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,667, of which 1,664 were in New Mexico. Figures for comparison are available in complete series only to 1890. Earlier than this, occasional figures are given as far back as the seventeenth century. At the earliest period the population was estimated at about 2,500 , and in 1808 at 1,557 . At or about this figure the population remained stationary for nearly a century, recently recovering from a considerable loss by epidemic in 1898-99.

## MISOELLANEOUS.

There were 1,644 persons returned on the special Indian schedule for whom the stock or tribe was not reported, or for whom the return was too indefinite to admit of classification. These returns were as follows:

Sixteen were reported as having come from Alaska, and were distributed among the states, as follows: Oregon, 7; Pennsylvania, 6; Washington, 2; North Dakota, 1.

One hundred and twenty-two were reported as having come from California.

Two hundred and twenty-eight were returned as "Cupeno," a name given to the former occupants of the village of Cupa or Gupa, now located mainly at Pala, San Diego County, Cal. They were in all probability Shoshonean (Luiseno), but owing to the inclusion of some Diegueno they are not here included under any stock.

Fifteen were reported as "Digger," a name long used popularly for a large number of different Indian tribes of California, Oregon, Nevada, and the whole of the interior plateau region. The name has no value and is very confusing. Special instructions were given to enumerators not to use the name, nevertheless 12 were reported from Pennsylvania, 2 from Nevada, and 1 from Utah. It was not possible to assign them to any definite tribe or stock.

Twenty-seven were returned simply as "Mission Indians," a general term applied to all the coastal Indians of southern California and which gives no indication of tribal or stock affiliation. They were
probably Shoshonean or Yuman. They were mostly Indian children at school and were distributed among the states, as follows: Arizona, 10; Pennsylvania, 7; Kansas, 5; California, 3; Oregon, 2.
Four Indians were returned as "Oswego." It is uncertain what was meant by this name, but it is probable that these were Oswingo or Chenango, the name by which a portion of the Nanticoke of Maryland were known from their settling at Chenango, N. Y., in the middle of the eighteenth century. They later joined the Delaware and probably moved West with them.

One hundred and eighteen Indians were returned as "Pueblo" without distinction as to the particular pueblo to which they belonged, and it was therefore impossible to affiliate them with their proper stock. The majority were either Tanoan or Keresan, and a few probably Hopi. Most of them were pupils at Indian schools and were distributed among the states, as follows: 36 in Kansas, 29 in Pennsylvania, 20 in Arizona, 17 in California, 7 in Oklahoma, 5 in New Mexico, and 1 each in Colorado, North Carolina, Oregon, and South Dakota.

Twelve Indians were returned as "Redwood," a name used locally in California for two different tribes-the Huchnom, a Yukian tribe, and the Whilkut, an Athapaskan tribe. They could not, therefore, be counted with either. Of them, 11 were in California and 1 in Kansas.

In addition to the above, 1,102 Indians were reported on the schedule with the stock and tribe simply as "unknown."

## INDIANS IN ALASKA.

## ALGONQUIAN STOCK.

Three members of this stock (see p. 72) belonging to the Delaware tribe were enumerated in Alaska in 1910-2 males, 1 of full blood and 1 of mixed blood, snd 1 mixed-blood female.

## ATHAPASKAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-One of the largest of the stocks in North America, tribes belonging to it being found from near the Arctic coast to the Mexican boundary (see also p. 77). The area occupied by the northern and territorially largest portion of the stock may be described in general as including the whole interior of Alaska and northern British Columbia, and the whole of the Canadian territories of Yukon, Mackenzie, and Athabasca. The tribal divisions are somewhat uncertain. The Indians of the Athapaskan stock in Alaska, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 3,916 . The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported in Alaska, are as follows:

| Ahtena. | Kutchin. | Tukkuthkutchin. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hankutchin. | Nahane. | Unakhotana. |
| Kaiyuhkhotana. | Natsitkutchin. | Vüntakutchin. |
| Knaiakhotana. | Tenankutchin. |  |

Comparison with census figures for previous years is of doubtful value, as these were, owing to the unexplored character of the country, to a considerable extent estimates. The number reported at the census of 1890 was 3,520 and that of 1880 was 4,057 .

Ahtena.-A tribe occupying the basin of the Copper River. The number enumerated in 1910 was 297. The census of 1890 gave the number of this tribe as 150 , but at the census of 1880 it was reported as 250 .

Hankutchin.-A tribe belonging to the Kutchin division of this stock, and occupying the region along the Yukon River for 50 or 75 miles above and below the international boundary. The number enumerated in 1910 was 127. The census of 1880 reported 106, but it is probable that the returns were incomplete.

Kaiyuhkhotana.-A tribe occupying the region along the Yukon River between the Anvik and Koyukuk Rivers, and for some distance east and south toward the Kuskokwim River. The number enumerated in 1910 was 160. Owing to some uncertainty in the application of the name, comparison with the census figures of earlier years is of little value. In 1890 the number reported was 1,140 . In 1880 the census figure was 1,222 and that of the Bureau of American Ethnology 953.

Knaiakhotana.-A tribe occupying the whole of the Kenai Peninsula and the region around Cook Inlet from the head of the Knik and Shushitna Rivers southwest as far as Iliamna Lake. The number enumerated in 1910 was 697 . In the early part of the nineteenth century this tribe was estimated at 1,300 to 1,500 . In 1880 the census showed 614 and in 1890, 839. For the latter year the Bureau of Ethnology reported 724.

Kutchin.-A group of tribes occupying a large part of the interior of Alaska and extending far into northwestern Canada to the Mackenzie River. Their subdivisions in Alaska comprise the Hankutchin, Natsitkutchin, Tenankutchin, Tukkuthkutchin, and Vuntakutchin.

Under the heading of Kutchin a considerable number of persons were enumerated without further distinction of tribe, and these are here grouped together. The number enumerated as Kutchin in 1910 was 359. Similar figures for earlier censuses were 580 in 1890 and 107 in 1880.

Nahane.-A group composed of several distinct tribes living in northern British Columbia and the Yukon Territory, Canada. Only 8 were enumerated in 1910.

Natsitkutchin.-A tribe belonging to the Kutchin subdivision of this stock, and living north of the Porcupine River, in northern Alaska. The number enumerated in 1910 was 177. Comparison with the census figures of earlier years is of somewhat doubtful value, owing to uncertainty as to what was included under the term. As nearly as can be determined they numbered 312 in 1880.

Tenankutchin.-A tribe whose habitat comprised the whole of the basin of the Tanana River. The number enumerated in 1910 was 415. According to the census of 1890 , they numbered 309, and in 1880, 738. In 1890 the Bureau of Ethnology reported 373.

Tukkuthkutchin.-A Canadian tribe of this stock whose habitat lies between the upper Porcupine and Mackenzie Rivers, Yukon Territory. Only 6 were enumerated in 1910.

Unakhotana.-A tribe living on the Yukon River between the mouths of the Tanana and Koyukuk Rivers, and also on the latter stream. The number enumerated in 1910 was 193. Census figures for 1890 and 1880 were 502 and 596, respectively.

Vuntakutchin.-A tribe belonging to the Kutchin subdivision of this stock, and occupying the region north from the Porcupine River toward the Arctic coast. Only 5 persons were enumerated in 1910 as members of this tribe, 2 males and 3 females.

Tribe not reported.-Under this heading are included all those Indians who were enumerated merely as "Athapaskan" without further detail as to tribe, together with a small number of others, for whom no information whatever was given except "Indian," but who from other evidence, almost certainly belonged to this stock.

The Athapaskans in Alaska of uncertain or unknown tribal affliation numbered 1,472 in 1910. On account of the large number thus returned, they are shown by sex and age in Table 52 (p. 154).

## ESKIMAUAN STOCK.

Stock as a whole.-This stock is more widely distributed than any other in North America, its members extending from near Mount St. Elias, in southern Alaska, along the entire northern littoral of the continent to the east coast of Greenland, and formerly south as far as the Gulf of St. Lawrence. A small group is also found in the vicinity of East Cape, Siberia. They nowhere extend far into the interior. The total population of the Eskimauan stock in Alaska, as enumerated in 1910, is 14,087 . The number reported by the census for this stock in 1890 was 15,550, and in 1880, 20,245.

Real tribal groups in the more exact sense of the term are not found among the Eskimo, the subdivisions being generally more geographical than tribal, the names given relating often to a single village only. The tribes or groups of the Eskimauan stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Aleut. | Kunmiut. | Pitukmiut. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chnagmiut. | Kusetrinmiut. | Polazramiut. |
| Ikogmiut. | Kuskovakmiut. | Selawigmiut. |
| Imaklimiut. | Kuskowik. | Sidarumiut. |
| Iprackmiut. | Kuskwogmiut. | Tikeramiut. |
| Kaialigmiut. | Magemiut. | Togiagmiut. |
| Kakuakamiut. | Malemiut. | Ukivokmiut. |
| Kangmaligmiut. | Naparktoo. | Unaligmiut. |
| Kaviagmiut. | Neechuktamiut. | Utkiavinmiut. |
| Kekchabukmiut. | Nunatogmiut. | Utukamiut. |
| Kinugumiut. | Nunivagmiut. | Yuit. |
| Kopagmiut. | Nunochogmiut. | Southern Eskimo. |
| Kowagmiut. | Nushagagmiut. |  |
| Kukpaurungmiut. | Nuwukmiut. |  |

Aleut.-A tribe occupying the whole chain of the Aleutian Islands, the Pribilof Islands, and the western portion of the Alaska Peninsula. By an unfortunate error on the part of the enumerators the majority of the Eskimo of southern Alaska, from the Shumagin Islands to their eastern limits (including the Kaniagmiut, Chugachigmiut, and Ugalakmiut), were enumerated as Aleut. It has not been possible to separate these other tribes accurately from the real Aleut, and the total population here given for the Aleut is therefore only approximately correct, the population as given being probably somewhat too small.

The Aleut, as thus incompletely enumerated, numbered 1,451 in 1910, as compared with 1,679 in 1890 and 2,628 in 1880 . About the middle of the nineteenth century, after a serious epidemic of smallpox, they were estimated at less than 1,000 , and in 1874, including the mixed-bloods, at about 2,000 .

Chnagmiut.-A tribe living on Pastol Bay and in the Yukon delta, and extending up both banks of the
river as far as Razboinski. The number enumerated in 1910 was 326 . This tribe showed a population of 621 at the census of 1890 , prior to which year they do not appear to have been enumerated separately.

Ikogmiut. -The territory occupied by the Ikogmiut is generally understood to include the region along both banks of the Yukon River from its mouth nearly as far up as Anvik. As thus used, it comprises several smaller tribes or subdivisions including part of the Chnagmiut. It is sometimes used in a more narrow sense to apply only to the inhabitants of the village of Ikogmiut. The term has been used here in its wider application. The number enumerated in 1910 was 782. The census of 1880 showed a population of 2,696, while that of 1890 showed 172 for the village of Mkogmiut only.

Imaklimiut.-A tribe living on Big Diomede Island in Bering Strait. Two full-bloods were enumerated under this name- 1 male and 1 female.

Iprackmiut.-The village to which this name refers has not been located exactly. It lies, however, within Malemiut territory probably, and is situated, so far as can be ascertained, on the north shore of Seward Peninsula, eastward of Shishmaref Inlet. Four fullbloods were enumerated under this name-3 males and 1 female.

Kaialigmiut.-A tribe occupying a large portion of the Yukon delta, their territory extending from a little north of Kuskokwim Bay to Cape Romanzof. The Kaialigmiut, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 192.

Kakuakamiut.-A tribe or perhaps a subdivision of the Nushagagmiut, living on the Nushagak River. The number enumerated in 1910 was 22. Previous census figures were 45 in 1890 and 104 in 1880.

Kangmaligmiut.-A name of somewhat uncertain application used for the groups of Eskimo living on the Arctic coast between Point Hope and the mouth of the Mackenzie River. One full-blood woman was enumerated under this name in 1910.

Kaviagmiut.-A tribe whose proper habitat is given as the northern shore of Norton Sound, from about the middle of the western shore of Norton Bay to about Cape Douglas, and extending inland to the watershed dividing the streams flowing into Norton Sound from those flowing into Kotzebue Sound. During the last decade they have been considerably scattered. The number enumerated in 1910 was 238, as compared with 427 in 1890 and 858 in 1880.

Kekchabukmiut.-A small group of Eskimo, of whose village, Kekchabuk, the precise location is uncertain. It is probably in the Kuskokwim delta region or on the western side of the lower river. If this location is correct they would form a part of the Kuskwogmiut. The number enumerated in 1910 was 32 .

Kinugumiut.-A tribe whose proper habitat seems to have been in the western part of Seward Peninsula, from Shishmaref Inlet to Port Clarence. The num-
ber enumerated in 1910 was 594, as compared with 652 in 1890 and 500 in 1880. In 1880 the Bureau of Ethnology reported 400.

Kopagmiut.-A tribe whose habitat lies on the Arctic coast at the mouth and along the lower course of the Mackenzie River, Canada. The number enumerated in 1910 was 9.

Kowagmiut.-A tribe living on the Kobuk River, a stream flowing into Kotzebue Sound. The number enumerated in 1910 was 561 . The census of 1890 gave a population of only 81 for this tribe. The fact that it is frequently confused with the Selawigmiut and Nunatogmiut probably accounts in part for the large difference in numbers.

Kukpaurungmiut.-A tribe living on the Arctic coast near Point Lay. The number enumerated in 1910 was 6. Previous census figures were 52 in 1890 and 30 in 1880.

Kunmiut.-A tribe living on the Kok River, near Wainwright Inlet, on the Arctic coast, of which the number enumerated in 1910 was 77.

Kusetrinmiut.-A tribe occupying the basin of the Kuzitrin River, Seward Peninsula. They probably form a portion of the Kaviagmiut, but may be a subdivision of the Kinugumiut. Because of this uncertainty, they are here treated separately. The number enumerated in 1910 was 133.

Kuskovakmiut.-A tribe (or village) on the right bank of the Kuskokwim River, nearits mouth, forming a subdivision of the Kuskwogmiut. The number enumerated in 1910 was 370.

Kuskowik.-A village whose precise position is uncertain. It is probably on the lower Kuskokwim River, and if so, the inhabitants would belong to the Kuskwogmiut. The number enumerated in 1910 was 37.

Kuskwogmiut.-A tribe occupying the banks of the Kuskokwim River, from Kolmakof to the south and the shores of Kuskokwim Bay. The Kuskovakmiut and probably the Kuskowik are subdivisions of the tribe. The number enumerated in 1910 was 1,480 . Including the Kuskovakmiut and the Kuskowik the number in 1910 was 1,887 , as compared with 3,294 at the census of 1890 and 3,522 in 1880.

Magemiut.-A tribe occupying the coast from Cape Romanzot nearly to the western mouth of the Yukon, and extending inland for a considerable distance. The Nunochogmiut are a subdivision of the Magemiut. The number enumerated in 1910 was 376. In 1890 they were reported by the census as 2,147, but were not enumerated separately in 1880.

Malemiut.-A tribe occupying the eastern portion of Seward Peninsula between Kotzebue Sound and Norton Bay. On the former they extend as far west as Shishmaref Inlet; on the latter as far as Cape Denbigh. The number enumerated in 1910 was 563 , as compared with 630 in 1890 and 1,101 in 1880.

Naparktoo.-Under this name a few persons were enumerated in the vicinity of Point Barrow. The name is probably that of a village, but it has not been possible to locate it. The people are almost certainly Eskimo. The Naparktoo, as enumerated in 1910, numbered 9 .

Neechuktamiut.-A tribe or village located apparently on Miniatulik River, flowing into Norton Bay. It is uncertain whether these Eskimo should be considered as a subdivision of the Kaviagmiut or the Malemiut. The number enumerated in 1910 was 25.

Nunatogmiut.-A tribe occupying the region about the Noatak River, and extending inland a considerable distance. The application of the name has been somewhat variable. The number enumerated in 1910 was 285. Owing to the uncertainty in the application of the name, comparison with earlier censuses is of doubtful value, only 42 being reported in 1890 and 650 in 1880.

Nunivagmiut.-A tribe living on Nunivak Island and a small area about Cape Vancouver in the YukonKuskokwim delta region. The number enumerated in 1910 was 301, as against 702 in 1890 and 408 in 1880.

Nunochogmiut.-A village or tribe in the Yukon delta, inland from Baird Inlet. They form a subdivision of the Magemiut. The number enumerated in 1910 was 158, as compared with 135 in 1890 and 40 in 1880 .

Nushagagmiut.-A tribe living in the vicinity of Nushagak Bay, of which the number enumerated in 1910 was 31. Owing to uncertainty as to what is included under the name, comparison with earlier censuses is of little value, 193 being reported in 1890 and 817 in 1880.

Nuwukmiut.-A tribe living in the vicinity of Point Barrow, on the Arctic coast. The number enumerated in 1910 was 81, as against 143 in 1890. They were not reported separately at the census of 1880 .

Pitukmiut.-A small group of Eskimo enumerated on Kotzebue Sound, whose precise habitat and affiliations are unknown. Four full-blood Pitukmiut were enumerated in 1910-3 males and 1 female.

Polazramiut.-A small tribe, probably a subdivision of the Kinugumiut, enumerated near Cape Prince of Wales, Seward Peninsula. The number enumerated in 1910 was 14.

Selawigmiut.-A tribe living on and near Selawik Lake, near Kotzebue Sound, of which the number enumerated in 1910 was 258.

Sidarumiut.-A tribe or village located on the Arctic coast in the vicinity of Point Belcher. Five Sidarumiut were enumerated in 1910-2 full-blood males, 2 full-blood females, and 1 mixed white and Indian male.

Tikeramiut.-A tribe living on the northwestern coast in the vicinity of Point Hope. The number enumerated in 1910 was 320 , as compared with 295 in 1890. In 1880 they were not enumerated separately.

Togiagmiut.-A tribe living in the vicinity of Togiak Lake and Bay (Bristol Bay). The number enumerated in 1910 was 93, as against 190 in 1890. They were not enumerated separately in 1880.

Ukivokmiut.-A subdivision of the Kaviagmiut, living on King Island, Bering Strait. The number enumerated in 1910 was 140, as compared with 200 at the census of 1890 .

Unaligmiut.-A tribe occupying the shores of Norton Sound from a little south of Cape Denbigh nearly to the mouth of the Yukon. The number enumerated in 1910 was 441. Earlier census figures were 119 in 1890 and 418 in 1880.

Dtkiavinmiut.-A tribe living on the Aretic coast at and to the west of Cape Smith. The number enumerated in 1910 was 123, as against 193 reported in 1890.

Dtukamiut (syn. Otookogmiut).-A tribe living on the Arctic coast between Point Hope and Wainright Inlet. The number enumerated in 1910 was 127. Comparison with earlier years is limited to 1890, at which census 48 were reported. The large increase thus shown is probably due partly to uncertainty as to tribal limits, and partly to the fact that, being more nomadic than many of the tribes in the vicinity, a considerable number were not enumerated in 1890.

Yuit.-A group of Eskimo occupying St. Lawrence Island and the region about East Cape, Siberia. The number enumerated in 1910 was 292, as compared with 267 in 1890 and 500 (as estimated) in 1880.

Southern Eskimo.-By an unfortunate error on the part of the enumerators, the majority of the Eskimo of southern Alaska, from the Shumagin Islands to Controller Bay, together with some on the shores of Bristol Bay, were enumerated wrongly as Aleut. The tribal groups so confused were mainly the Kaniagmiut, Chugachigmiut, and Ugalakmiut, and to a lesser degree the Aglemiut and perhaps a few of the Nushagagmiut. A portion of the Aglemiut and Kaniagmiut were, however, correctly enumerated under their proper names. As it has been impossible to separate this mixed body of Eskimo into its constituent tribal or geographic divisions, they have been treated as a general group under the above heading, which thus includes all Eskimo south and east of the head of Bristol Bay. The number enumerated in 1910 was 3,650. No very satisfactory comparison with the census figures for earlier years can be made. The combined population of the Aglemiut, Chugachigmiut, Kaniagmiut, and Ugalakmiut was 3,142 in 1890 and 3,489 in 1880.

Tribe not reported.-Under this general heading are included all persons enumerated merely as "Eskimo" without further distinction of tribe. The Eskimo of unknown affiliation enumerated in Alaska in 1910 were 474, and on account of this comparatively large number, they are shown separately by sex and age in Table 52 (p. 156).
haidan stock (syn. Skittagetan).
A tribe occupying the Queen Charlotte Islands and the southern portion of Prince of Wales Island in British Columbia and Alaska, and forming an independent linguistic stock. The tribe formerly lived wholly in what is now Canadian territory, those at present occupying part of Prince of Wales Island having taken possession of this region some time probably in the early part of the eighteenth century. A few immigrant members of this tribe are also found in continental United States (see p. 82).

The Haida in Alaska, as enumerated in 1910, were 530, as compared with 415 in 1890 and 795 in 1880. About 1870 they were estimated at 600 .
tlingit stock (syo. Koluschan).
Stock as a whole.-A coastal stock of southern Alaska, occupying the coast and adjacent islands from Portland Canal to Controller Bay. A few immigrant members of this stock are also found in continental United States (see p. 106).

The Indians of the Tlingit stock, as enumerated in 1910 in Alaska, numbered 4,426. The number reported for this stock in 1890 was 4,583 and in 1880, 6,763.

The tribes of this stock, for which members were reported, are as follows:

| Auk. | Hutsnuwu. | Stikine. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chilkat. | Kake. | Taku. |
| Henya. | Kuyu. | Tongas. |
| Huna. | Sitka. | Yakutat. |

Auk.-A southern Alaska tribe, living near Juneau on Douglas and Admiralty Islands and along Stephens Passage. The number enumerated in 1910 was 267, as compared with 279 in 1890 and 640 in 1880 . In 1870 the Auk were estimated at about 750 or 800 .

Chilkat.-A southern Alaska tribe living about the head of Lynn Canal. The number enumerated in 1910 was 690 , as compared with 812 in 1890 and 1,158 in 1880. About 1870 the tribe was estimated at from 2,000 to 2,500 , but this was probably an overestimate.

Henya.-A tribe living on the western shores of Prince of Wales Island, southern Alaska. The number enumerated in 1910 was 214, as compared with 262 in 1890 . In 1869 they were estimated at 300.

Huna.-A tribe living on Cross Sound (between Chichagof Island and the mainland), southern Alaska. The number enumerated in 1910 was 625, as compared with 594 in 1890 and 908 in 1880. About 1870 they were estimated at 1,000 .

Hutsnuwu.-A tribe living on the western and southern shores of Admiralty Island, southern Alaska. The number enumerated in 1910 was 536 , as compared with 420 in 1890 and 666 in 1880. About 1870 they were estimated at 1,000 .

Kake.-A tribe living on Kupreanof Island in southern Alaska, for which 322 persons were enumerated in 1910, as against 237 in 1890. The number reported in 1880 was 568, which perhaps included the Kuyu.

Kuyu.-A tribe living on Kuiu Island on the southern Alaskan coast, for which the number of persons enumerated in 1910 was 29. The number reported for this tribe in 1880 was 60.

Sitka.-A tribe living on Baranof Island and the southern portion of Chichagof Island in southern Alaska. The number enumerated in 1910 was 608, as compared with 832 in 1890 and 721 in 1880.

Stikine.-A tribe living on or near the mouth of the Stikine River, southern Alaska, for which the number enumerated in 1910 was 189, as compared with 255 in 1890 and 317 in 1880.

Taku.-A tribe living on Taku Inlet and River, and Stephens and Gastineau Channels, southern Alaska. The number enumerated in 1910 was 142, as compared with 223 in 1890 and 269 in 1880.

Tongas.-A tribe living at the mouth of Portland Canal, southern Alaska, for which 184 persons were enumerated in 1910, as against 255 in 1890 and 273 in 1880.

Yakutat.-A tribe living primarily on Yakutat Bay, but whose range extends westward nearly to Copper River, and eastward to Dry Bay. The number enumerated in 1910 was 307 , as compared with 437 in 1890 and 650 in 1880.

Tribe not reported.-A considerable number of persons were enumerated as "Tlingit" without any further specification of tribe. As the number of such persons reported in 1910 amounted to 313, they are shown by sex and age in Table 52 (p. 156).

## TSIMSHIAN STOCK.

A stock whose name has been derived from that of a single tribe, the Tsimshian. Their proper habitat lies wholly in British Columbia between the Nass and Skeena Rivers. A large number have in recent years, however, removed to Alaskan territory, settling chiefly at New Metlakahtla. A few immigrant members of the tribe are also found in continental United States (see p. 106).

The Tsimshian in Alaska, as enumerated in 1910, were 729, as compared with 465 in 1890 and 952 in 1880.

## miscellaneous.

In the enumeration of the native population of Alaska in 1910, 1,640 persons were reported without definite indication as to stock or tribe. Of these, 2 were enumerated as "Indians," 12 as "Siberia," and for 1,626 no information of any sort was given.

NUMBER OF INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECIAL INDIAN SCHEDULE, CLASSIFIED BY LINGUISTIO STOCKS AND TRIBES AND BY SEX AND PURITY OF BLOOD: 1910.
Table 50 (

UNITED STATES.

| TOTAL...... | 247, 137 | 150,053 | 93,423 | 3,661 | 125, 654 | 121,483 | 75,667 | 74,386 | 48,157 | 45, 268 | 45,348 | 42,682 | 1,830 | 1,831 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Algonquin stoct. | 40,975 | 18,396 | 22,319 | 260 | 21,004 | 19,971 | 0,257 | 9,139 | 11,608 | 10,711 | 11,089 | 10,229 | 139 | 121 |
| Abnski. | 37 | 9 | 27 | 1 | 18 | 19 | 5 | 4 | 12 | 15 | 12 | 15 | 1 |  |
| Arepaho. | 1,419 | 1,311 | 108 |  | 727 | 692 | 670 | 641 | 57 | 51 | 54 | 47 |  |  |
| Blackfeet.. | 179 | $\begin{array}{r}32 \\ 40 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 137 |  | 54 90 | 45 | 15 | 17 | 39 72 | 28 | 39 59 | 27 54 |  |  |
| Cheyenne. | 3,055 | 2,662 | 319 | 74 | 1,510 | 1,545 | 1,310 | 1,352 | 164 | 155 | 164 | 155 | $3{ }^{-1}$ | 38 |
| Chickahominy | ${ }^{115}$ |  | 114 |  | , 58 |  |  |  | 58 | 56 | 31 | 37 |  |  |
| Chippewa. | 20,214 | 6,970 | 13, 138 | 106 | 10,325 | 9,889 | 3,482 | 3,488 | 6,781 | 6,357 | 6,732 | 6,299 | 62 | 44 |
| Cree....... | 459 914 | $\begin{array}{r}40 \\ 279 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{633}^{418}$ | 1. | 224 456 | 235 <br> 458 | 18 128 | $\stackrel{22}{151}$ | 205 | 213 307 | 203 325 | 210 306 | 1 |  |
| Gros Ventre | 510 | 390 | 119 | 1 | 257 | 253 | 198 | 192 | 59 | 60 | 58 | 60 |  | i |
| Kickapoo.. | 348 | 240 | 107 | 1 | 194 | 154 | 127 | 113 | 67 | 40 | 65 | 38 |  | 1 |
| Malecite. | 142 | 37 | 105 |  | 73 | 69 | 20 | 17 | 53 | 52 | 53 | 52 |  |  |
| Mashpee... | 206 | 1 | 205 |  | 111 | 95 |  |  | 110 | 95 | 20 | 18 |  | , |
| Mattapony. | - ${ }^{1}$ | 704 | 716 |  | 766 | 1 656 | 373 | 331 | 391 | 325 |  | 324 | 2 |  |
| Miami. | 1,226 | 59 | 166 | 1 | 122 | 104 | 32 3 | 331 27 | 89 | 77 | 38 88 | 324 76 | 2 |  |
| Micmac. | 45 | 17 | 28 |  | 21 | 24 | 10 | 7 | 11 | 17 | 11 | 17 |  |  |
| Mobegan. | 22 |  | 22 |  | 13 | 9 |  |  | 13 | 9 | $\stackrel{8}{7}$ | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |
| Munsee.. | 29 71 | 9 14 | 50 |  | 16 33 | $\begin{array}{r}13 \\ 38 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 | ${ }^{7}$ | ${ }^{6} 1$ |  |  |
| Narreganset | 16 | ${ }_{6}$ | 10 |  | 8 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 3 |  | .. |
| Niantic.. | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petawankey. | 2,717 83 | 1,720 | 997 | 3 | 1,429 48 | 1,288 35 | ${ }_{5}^{904}$ | 816 2 | 525 | 472 32 | ${ }_{51} 5$ | $\begin{array}{r}458 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2 | i |
| Passamaquodd | ${ }^{386}$ | 295 | 91 |  | 197 | 189 | 150 | 145 | 47 | 44 | 47 | 44 |  |  |
| Penobscot. | 266 | 85 | 181 |  | 140 | 126 | 49 | 36 | 91 | 90 | 91 | 90 |  |  |
| Pequot. | 66 | 3 | 16 | 2 | 35 | 31 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 5 | ${ }_{3} 51$ | 60 30 | 59 | 10 |  | 2 |
| Piankasha | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Pliegan.. | 2,268 | 1,214 | 1,053 | 1 | 1,122 | 1,146 | 573 | 641 | 548 | 505 | 532 | 498 | 1 |  |
| Poosepatuck |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Powhatan. | ${ }^{2} 131$ | 9 | 1,478 | 45 | 1,66 | 1,65 |  | 4 | 83 39 | 645 38 | 898989 | 63 38 | 22 | 23 |
| Sauk and Fox | 724 | 547 | 171 | 6 | 377 | 347 | 288 | 259 | 86 | 85 | 77 | 77 | 3 | 3 |
| Shawnee. | 1,338 | 535 | 800 | 3 | 626 | 712 | 246 | 289 | 378 | 422 | 371 | 405 | 2 | 1 |
| Stockbridges. | 533 | 184 | 167 | 9 | $\begin{array}{r}80 \\ 270 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{87}{ }$ |  | 112 | 190 | $\stackrel{87}{144}$ | 120 |  | , | 7 |
| Wampenoag. | 162 | - 4 | 158 |  | 93 | 69 | 1 | 3 | 196 92 | 144 66 | 12 | 9 | 2 | 7 |
| Wea. | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |  | 3 12 | $2^{1}$ | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Athapaskan stock. | 30,406 | 28,264 | 1,045 | 1,097 | 15,324 | 15,082 | 14,211 | 14,053 | 568 | 477 | 553 | 462 | 545 | 552 |
| Ahtena. | 2 |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Apache 1. | 4,973 | 3,801 | 127 | 1,045 | 2,514 | 2,459 | 1,919 | 1,882 | 75 |  | 72 | 50 | 520 | 525 |
| Chastacosta |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 |  |  |
| Chetco.... | 9 | 2 | 7 |  | 4 | 5 |  | 1 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |  |  |
| Cow Creek. | 9 639 | 2 345 | 7 294 |  | 6 312 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 327 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 159 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 186 | 5 153 | 141 | - 5 | $\stackrel{2}{140}$ |  |  |
| Jicarilla Apache. | 694 | 694 |  |  | 355 | 339 | 355 | 339 |  |  |  | 140 |  |  |
| Kai-Pomo.. | 51 | 36 | 15 |  | 26 | 25 | 16 | 20 | 10 | 5 | 10 | - |  |  |
| Kiowa Apache. | 139 | 117 | 22. |  | 56 | 83 | 48 | 69 | 8 | 14 | 8 | 14 |  |  |
| Lipan Apache. | 28 | 26 10 | $2{ }^{2}$ |  | 11 | 17 | 9 | 17 | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Mescalero Apache. | 424 | 411 | 13 |  | 190 | 19 234 | 185 | 5 226 | 10 5 | 14 | 10 5 | 11 |  |  |
| Nevajo.. | 22,455 | 22,304 | 99 | 52 | 11,346 | 11,109 | 11,257 | 11,047 | 64 | 35 | 59 | 32 | 25 | 27 |
| Redwood. | 76 |  | 23 |  | 44 | 32 | 32 | 21 | 12 | 11 | 6 | 9 |  |  |
| Rogue River | 383 | 223 | 160 |  | 206 | 177 | 113 | 110 | 98 | 67 | 93 | 66 |  |  |
| Tenank-...---- | 6 | 5 | 1 | ......... | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Tlatskanai... | ${ }_{3}$ |  | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |
| Tolowa.. | 121 | 78 | 43 |  | 64 | 57 | 37 | $41^{\circ}$ | 27 | 16 | 27 | 15 |  |  |
| Umpque.. | 109 | 60 | 49 |  | 55 | 54 | 33 | 27 | 22 | 27 | 22 | 27 |  |  |
| Upper Coquille | 15 | 14 | - 1 |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 9 | 5 | 9 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Not reported. | 227 | 82 | 145 |  | 105 | 122 | 34 | 48 | 71 | 74 | 71 | 72 |  |  |
| Cadnoan stock. | 1,863 | 1,574 | 277 | 12 | 906 | 957 | 758 | 816 | 143 | 134 | 132 | 129 | 5 | 7 |
| Arikara | 444 | 372 | 72 |  | 209 | 235 | 171 | 201 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 452 | 336 | 116 |  | 231 | 221 | 172 | 164 | 59 | 57 | 54 | 57 |  |  |
| Kichai..... | 10 | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 544 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{7}^{2}$ |  | 6 307 | 4 | ${ }_{261}^{5}$ | . 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Tawakoni. | 633 | 544 |  |  | 307 | 326 1 | 261 | 283 | 41 | 36 | 41 | 36 | 5 | 7 |
| Waco. | 5 | 5 |  |  | 3 | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wichita..... | 318 | 308 | 10 |  | 150 | 168 | 146 | 162 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 3 |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Includes Chiricahua Apache, Coyotero Apacke, San Carlos Apache, Tonto Apache, and White Mountain Apache.

NUMBER OF INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECIAL INDIAN SCHEDULE, CLASSIFIED BY LINGUISTIC STOCKS AND TRIBES AND BY SEX AND PURITY OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


NUMBER OF INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECIAL INDIAN SCHEDULE, CLASSIFIED BY LINGUISTIC STOCKS AND TRIBES AND BY SEX AND PURITY OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 50-Continued. stock and teibe. | induns reported on speclal sceedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Blood } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{gathered}$ | Distribution by sex. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total number. |  | Full blood. |  | Mixed blood. |  |  |  | Blood not reported. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total. | White and Indian. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Male. | Female. |  |  | Male. | Female. | Male. | Female. | Malo. | Female. | Male. | Femaie. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Keresan stock. | 4,027 | 3,976 | 33 | 18 | 2,126 | 1,901 | 2,105 | 1,871 | 15 | 18 | 11 | 16 | 6 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acoma. | 691 | 686 | 5 |  | 347 | 344 | 345 | 341 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |  |  |
| Cochiti.. | 237 | 237 |  | 18 | 131 | 106 | 131 | 106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Felipe. | 1,472 | 1,427 489 | 1 | 18 | 758 <br> 272 | 716 218 | 738 | 689 | 12 | 15 | 8 | 13 | 6 | 12 |
| Santa Ana. | 211 | 211 |  |  | 125 | 86 | 125 | 86 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Santo Domingo. | 817 | 817 |  |  | 434 | 383 | 434 | 383 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sia. | 109 | 109 |  |  | 61 | 48 | 61 | 48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kiowan stock. | 1,126 | 818 | 296 | 12 | 536 | 590 | 373 | 445 | 159 | 137 | 159 | 137 | 4 | 8 |
| Kiowa.. | 1,126 | 818 | 296 | 12 | 536 | 590 | 373 | 445 | 159 | 137 | 159 | 137 | 4 | 8 |
| Kusan stock. | 93 | 35 | 58 |  | 51 | 42 | 16 | 19 | 35 | 23 | 35 | 23 | ........ | ........ |
| Kusa. | 93 | 35 | 58 |  | 51 | 42 | 16 | 19 | 35 | 23 | 35 | 23 | ....... |  |
| Kutenaian stock. | 538 | 255 | 283 |  | 286 | 252 | 130 | 125 | 156 | 127 | 156 | 127 |  |  |
| Kutenai. | 538 | 255 | 283 |  | 286 | 252 | 130 | 125 | 156 | 127 | 156 | 127 |  |  |
| Lutuamian stock... | 978 | 657 | 320 | 1 | 468 | 510 | 297 | 360 | 170 | 150 | 155 | 139 | 1 | $\ldots . .$. |
| Klamath. | 696 282 | 459 198 | 236 84 | 1 | 334 134 | 362 148 | 209 88 | 250 110 | 124 46 | 112 38 | 109 46 | 101 38 | - 1 |  |
| Mamu stock. | 1,100 | 544 | 541 | 15 | 568 | 532 | 269 | 275 | 290 | 251 | 280 | 245 | 9 | 6 |
| Maidu. | 1,100 | 544 | 541 | 15 | 568 | 532 | 269 | 275 | 290 | 251 | 280 | 245 | 9 | 6 |
| Miwok stock. | 699 | 343 | 355 | 1 | 340 | 359 | 163 | 180 | 177 | 178 | 176 | 178 |  | 1 |
| Marin. | 22 |  | 18 |  | 14 |  | 3 |  | 11 |  | 11 | 7 |  |  |
| Miwok...... | 670 | 335 | 334 | 1 | 323 | 347 | 159 | 176 | 164 | 170 | 163 | 170 |  | 1 |
| Muskhogean stock | 29, 191 | 13,625 | 15,321 | 245 | 14,727 | 14,464 | 6,853 | 6,772 | 7,743 | 7,578 | 6,898 | 6,825 | 131 | 114 |
| Alibamu.. | 298 | 288 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1 | 144 | 154 | 138 | 150 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 1 |
| Chickasay | 4,204 | 1,128 | 3,075 |  | 2,061 | 2,143 | 514 | 614 | 1,546 | 1,529 | 1,450 | 1,431 | 1 |  |
| Choctaw. | 15, 917 | 7,094 3,730 | 8,715 | 108 84 | 8, 118 | 7,799 3,477 | 3,698 | 3,396 | 4,363 | 4,352 | 4,069 | 4,080 | 57 | 51 |
| Creek | 6,945 | 3,730 96 | 3,131 | 84 | 3,468 45 | 3,477 53 | 1,817 4 | 1,913 | 1,609 | 1,522 | 1,287 | 1,240 | 42 | 42 |
| Seminole. | 1,728 | 1,289 | 392 | 48 | 891 | 838 | 641 | 648 | 222 | 170 | 92 | 72 | 28 | 20 |
| Piman stock. | 8,607 | 8,344 | 167 | 96 | 4,467 | 4,140 | 4,316 | 4,028 | 101 | 66 | 100 | 66 | 50 | 46 |
| Mayo.. | 40 | 35 | 5 |  | 18 |  | 13 |  | 5 |  | 5 |  |  | . |
|  | 3,798 | 3,703 | 55 | 40 | 1,947 | 1,851 | 1,900 | 1,803 | 27 | $2 \ddot{8}$ | 26 | 28 | 20 | 20 |
| Pima.. | 4,236 | 4,175 | 19 | 42 | 2,198 | 2,038 | 2,163 | 2,012 | 14 | 5 | 14 | 5 | 21 | 21 |
| Yaqui. | 528 | ${ }_{4} 426$ | 88 | 14 | 301 | 227 | 237 | 189 | 55 | 33 | 55 | 33 | 9 | 5 |
| Ромо stock. | 1,193 | 907 | 220 | 66 | 603 | 590 | 458 | 449 | 112 | 108 | 106 | 103 | 33 | 33 |
| Clear Lake. | 193 | 127 | 54 | 12 | 99 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 8 |
| Gynomehro | 33 | 19 | 13 | 1 | 12 | 21 | 8 | 11 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 1 |  |
| Lower Lake. | 96 | 95 | 1 |  | 50 | 46 | 49 | 46 | 1 | 20 | 15 | 20 |  |  |
| Pomo.... | 777 | 607 | 117 | 53 | 397 | 380 | 304 | 303 | 65 | 52 | 59 | 50 | 28 | 25 |
| Salinan stock. | 16 | 14 | 2 |  | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| San Antonio........ | 16 | 14 | 2 |  | 9 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Salishan stock. | 7,833 | 5,006 | 2,746 | 81 | 4,017 | 3,816 | 2,491 | 2,515 | 1,485 | 1,261 | 1,454 | 1,233 | 41 | 40 |
| Bellacoola. | 2 | 21 | 1 |  |  | 2 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Chehalis.... | 282 | 201 | 81 |  | 149 | 133 | 114 | 87 | 35 | 46 | 35 | 46 |  |  |
| Clallam Cosur dilane........ | 398 | 252 | 146 |  | 213 | 185 | 126 | 126 | 87 | 59 | 81 | 51 |  |  |
| Cosur d'Alene. | 293 | 236 | 88 | 23 | 159 | 134 | 123 | 113 | 22 | 12 | 21 | 12 | 14 | 9 |
| Columbia. | 385 | 345 | 437 | 3 | 418 | 186 | 170 | 139 | 444 | 44 | 43 | 44 | 2 | 3 |
| comox.. | 1 | 1 |  | . |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 190 | 242 | 186 | 1 | 2 |
| Cowichan. | 62 | 30 | 32 |  | 29 | 33 | 11 | 19 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 13 |  |  |
| Cowlitz. . | 105 | 47 | 58 |  | 58 | 47 | 22 | 25 | 36 | 22 | 31 | 22 |  |  |

NUMBER OF INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECIAL INDIAN SCHEDULE, CLASSIFIED BY LINGUISTIC STOCKS AND TRIBES AND BY SEX AND PURITY OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 50-Continued. <br> STOCK AND TRIBE. | indians reported on special schedule: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totai number. | Full blood. | Mixed blood. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Blood } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{gathered}$ | Distribution by sex. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total number. |  | Full biood. |  | Mixed blood. |  |  |  | Biood not reported. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total. | White and Indian. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Male. | Female. |  |  | Male. | Female. | MaIe. | Femaie. | Male. | Female. | Male. | Famale |
| UNITED STATES-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salishan stock-Contd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dwamish. | 20 | 18 | 2 |  | 13 | 7 | 11 | 7 | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Kalispel. | 564 | 361 | 202 | i- | 291 | 273 | 184 | 177 | 106 | ${ }_{96}$ | 105 | 95 | 1 |  |
| Lammi. | 353 | 200 | 163 |  | 184 | 169 | 94 | 106 | 90 | 63 | 83 | 58 |  |  |
| Methow. | 14. | 153 | 39 | 2 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 104 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 90 | 84 | 69 | 19 | 20 | 18 | 19 | 1 | i |
| Muckjeshoot. | 194 46 |  | 3 |  | 22 | 24 | 21 | 22 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |  |  |
| Nisquaili.. | 137 | 110 | 26 | 1 | 69 | 68 | 64 | 56 | 14 | 12 | 14 | 12 | 1 | ........ |
| Nooksak. | 85 | 72 | 13 |  | 51 | 34 | ${ }_{56}^{43}$ | 29 | 8 73 | 5 62 | 71 | 5 61 | 7 | 9 |
| Okinagan. | 272 | 121 | 135 | 16 | 1315 | 136. | 56 | ${ }^{65}$ | 73 | 62 | 71 | 61 | 7 | 9 |
| Pisquow. | $\begin{array}{r}52 \\ 303 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 178 | 119 | 6 | 151 | 152 | 87 | 91 | 62 | 57 | 62 | 57 | 2 | 4 |
| Qumaielt | 288 | 219 | 69 |  | 153 | 135 | 111 | 108 | 42 | 27 | 42 | 27 |  |  |
| Sanpoil... | 240 | 180 | 41 | 19 | 114 | 126 | 87 | 93 | 18 | $\begin{array}{r}23 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17 | 20 3 | 9 | 10 |
| Shuswap | 9 56 | 28 | 28 |  | 31 | 25 | $18{ }^{\circ}$ | 10 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 15 |  |  |
| Skokomish. | 195 | 130 | 65 |  | 86 | 109 | 52 | 78 | 34 | 31 | 34 | 31 |  |  |
| Snohomish. | 664 | 472 | 190 | 2 | 343 | 321 | 233 | 239 | 108 | 82 | 108 | 82 | 2 | ........ |
| Snoqualmu. | ${ }_{23}^{93}$ | 70 15 15 | ${ }_{8}^{23}$ |  | $\cdot 48$ | $\begin{array}{r}45 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 33 | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 | 8 | 15 | 8 |  | . |
| Songish... | 643 | 409 | 233 | 1 | 301 | 342 | 185 | 224 | 115 | 118 | 115 | 118 | i |  |
| squaxon. | 44 | 34 | 10 |  | ${ }^{22}$ | 22 | 17 | 17 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |  |
| Suquamish | 307 | $\stackrel{177}{279}$ | 130 |  | 163 | $\begin{array}{r}144 \\ 155 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{92}{142}$ | $\begin{array}{r}85 \\ 137 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 71 | 18 | 76 | 16 |  |  |
| Swinomish. | $\stackrel{333}{25}$ | 279 22 | 54 | 2 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |
| Twana ... | 61 | 31 | 30 |  | 29 | 32 | 19 | 12 | 10 5 | 20 | 10 | 2 | ....... |  |
| Not reported. | 13 | 6 | 7 |  | 6 | 7 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Shafaptian stock. | 4,391 | 3,372 | 998 | 21 | 2,085 | 2,306 | 1,563 | 1,809 | 509 | 489 | 498 | 479 | 13 | 8 |
| Kikitat... | 405 | 335 | 64 | ${ }_{13}^{6}$ | 190 626 | 215 633 | 155 470 | 180 500 | 31 147 | 33 129 | 28 147 | 30 129 | 4 9 | $\stackrel{2}{4}$ |
| Nzz Perces. | 1,259 | 970 77 | 276 5 | 13 | 626 38 | 633 44 | 185 35 | 42 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Paloos. | 8 | 47 |  |  | 21 | 26 | 21 | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Umatila. | 272 | 219 | 53 |  | 114 | 158 | 87 | 132 | 27 | 26 | 27 | 26 | ...... | ........ |
| Wallawalla. | 397 | 126 | 271 |  | 204 | 193 | 666 | 60 | 138 | 133 | 136 | 130 |  |  |
| Warm Springs | - 550 | $\begin{array}{r}538 \\ 1,043 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 317 | $\stackrel{-}{2}$ | 253 | 730 | 474 | 569 | 158 | 159 | 155 | 157 |  | 2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yakima..... } \\ & \text { Not reported. } \end{aligned}$ | 1,362 | 1,043 17 |  |  | 5 | 12 | 5 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shastan stock. | 1,578 | 1,162 | 413 | 3 | 757 | 821 | 557 | 605 | 198 | 215 | 186 | 207 | 2 | 1 |
| Hat Creek. |  | 220 | 20 |  | 129 | 111 | 120 | 100 | 9 | 11 | 9 | 11 |  |  |
| Pit River. | 985 | 841 | 144 |  | 469 | ${ }_{6}^{616}$ | 400 | 441 | ${ }^{69}$ | 115 129 | 69 108 | ${ }^{73}$ | 2 | 1 |
| Shasta... | 353 | . 101 | 249 | 3 | 159 | 194 | 37 | 64 | 120 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shoshonean stock. | 16,842 | 14,672 | 1,928 | 242 | 8,620 | 8,222 | 7,500 | 7,172 | 992 | 936 | 970 | 914 | 128 | 114 |
| Bannock. | 413 | 323 | 90 |  | 214 | 199 | 169 | 154 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |  |  |
| Chemshuevi.... | 355 | 315 | 40 |  | 177 | 178 | 156 | $\begin{array}{r}159 \\ 374 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 214 | 193 | 211 | 188 | 14 | 14 |
| Comanche.. | 1,171 | 736 | 407 | 28 | 590 | 58 | 362 |  | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
| Gabrieleno. | 2,009 |  | 1 |  | 1,061 | 948 | 1,059 | 947 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | ........ | ......... |
| Huaneno... | $\begin{array}{r}2,009 \\ 16 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 2, 8 | 8 |  | ${ }^{8} 8$ | 8 |  | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 5 |  |  |
| Kawaiisu... | 23 | 23 |  |  | 11 419 | 12 336 | 398 | 304 | $\stackrel{21}{ }$ | 31 | 19 | 30 |  | 1 |
| Kawia ..... | 755 | 702 | 28 |  | 50 | 55 | 33 | 44 | 17 | 11 | 17 | 11 |  |  |
| Mono....... | 1,448 | 1,215 | 223 | 10 | 688 | 760 | 564 | 651 | 118 | 105 | 118 | 105 | 6 | 4 |
| Pahvant... | 37 | 37 |  | 28 | 418 | 19 | 18 | 317 | 40 | 38 | 40 | 37 | 16 | 12 |
| Paiute...... | 780 | 674 9 | 7 | 28 | ${ }_{2}$ | 38 | ${ }_{2}$ | 7 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Panamint. | 3, 10 |  | 227 | 147 | 1,483 | 1,555 | 1,296 | 1,368 | 112 | 115 | 106 | 109 | 75 | 72 |
| Paviotso.... | 3,038 | 2,664 | 115 |  | ${ }^{1} 239$ | ${ }^{1,528}$ | ${ }^{1} 178$ | 173 | 60 | 55 | 60 | 55 | 1 |  |
| San Luissno. | 4678 |  | +28 | 1 | ${ }_{62}^{62}$ | 56 1.873 | 47 $1+699$ | 42 1,630 | 14 264 | 14 241 | 14 | 14 241 | 1 | 2 |
| ghoshoni. | 3,840 | 3,329 | 505 | 6 | 1,967 | 1,873 | 1,699 | 1,630 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tehachapi. | 2,244 | 2,112 ${ }^{2}$ | 112 | 20 | 1,211 | 1,083 | 1,144 | 968 | 56 | 56 | 46 | 48 | 11 | 9 |
|  |  |  | 9,905 | 501 | 16,541 | 16,400 | 11,157 | 11,378 | 5,133 | 4,772 | 5,004 | 4,668 | 251 | 250 |
| Stouna stock. | 32,941 | 22,535 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assiniboin. | 1,253 |  | 447 113 | 13 | 643 68 | 610 56 | 393 6 | 400 5 | 244 62 | 203 51 | 243 62 | 198 | 6 | 7 |
| Catawba.... | 1,124 1,799 | 11 1,242 | 113 | 161 | 903 | 896 | 616 | 626 | 202 | 194 | 188 | 184 | 85 | 76 |
| Crow | 1,799 | 1, ${ }_{418}$ | 129 |  | 288 | 259 | 228 | 190 | 80 | 69 | 60 | 69 | ........ | . ......... |
| Howats... | 244 | 59 | 185 |  | 127 133 | 117 | 31 46 | $\stackrel{28}{25}$ | 96 87 87 | 89 80 | 94 87 | 88 |  |  |
| Kansa... | ${ }_{23}^{238}$ | 71 | 167 |  | 107 | 102 | 80 | 85 | 27 | 17 | 27 | 17 |  |  |
|  | 209 13 | 165 8 | ${ }_{5}^{44}$ |  | 8 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
| Missouri.. |  | 885 | 144 |  | 566 | 539 | 449 | 436 | 80 | 64 | 80 | 64 | 37 | 39 |
| Omaha.. | 1,105 | 881 | 779 | 3 | 713 | 660 | 307 | 284 | 406 | 373 | 394 | 365 |  | 3 |
| Osaga.... | 1,332 | 211 | 121 |  | 181 | 151 | 112 | $\begin{array}{r}99 \\ \hline 27\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}69 \\ 205 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 203 | 65 185 | $\begin{array}{r}49 \\ 184 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Ponca. | 875 | 461 | 408 | 5 ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 432 115 | 443 116 | 124 26 | 237 37 | 205 | $\begin{array}{r}203 \\ 55 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 185 62 | $\begin{array}{r}184 \\ 54 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 28 | 24 |
| Quapaw | 231 1,539 | 63 799 | 118 |  | 782 | 757 | 385 | 414 | 397 | 343 | 381 | 333 |  |  |
| Santee Slioux | 1,996 | ${ }_{494}$ | 477 | $\cdots{ }^{-15}$ | 552 | 444 | 271 | 223 | 269 | 208 | 266 | 208 |  | 13 | 1 IncIudes Capote Ute, Grand River Ute, Moache Ute, Southern Üte, Uinta Ute, Uncompahgre Ute, Whita River Ute, and Wiminuchi Ute.

NUMBER OF INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECIAL INDIAN SCHEDULE, CLASSIFIED BY LINGUISTIC STOCKS AND TRIBES AND BY SEX AND PURITY OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.
Table so-Continued.

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Siouan stock-Contd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sisseton Sioux. . | 2,514 | 1,631 | 876 | 7 | 1,278 | 1,236 | 801 | 830 | 474 | 402 | 469 | 394 | 3 | 4 |
| Teton'Sioux.. | 14,284 | 10,598 | 3,551 | 135 | 7,100 | 7,184 | 5,235 | 5,363 | 1,796 | 1,755 | 1,768 | 1,740 | 69 | 66. |
| Brule Sioux. | -806 | 593 | 212 | 1 | 415 | 391 | 300 | 293 | 115 |  | 108 |  |  | 1 |
| Hunkpapa Sioux. | 1,072 | 954 | 109 | 9 | 525 | 547 | 471 | 483 | 50 | 59 | 50 | 59 | 4 | 5 |
| Minniconjou Sioux | 397 | 353 | 33 | 11 | 186 | 211 | 166 | 187 | 15 | 18 | 15 | 18 | 5 | 6 |
| Oglala Sioux....... | 6,045 | 4,168 | 1,794 | 83 | 3,018 | 3,027 | 2,094 | 2,074 | 879 | 915 | 867 | 909 | 45 | 38 |
| Sans Arc Sioux. | 222 |  | 152 | 6 | 110 | 112 |  | 37 | 81 | 71 | 81 | 71 | 2 | 4 |
| Sihasapa.......... | 485 | 333 | 143 | 9 | 243 | 242 | 165 | 168 | 74 | 69 | 73 | 67 | 4 | 5 |
| Two Kettle Sioux. | 293 | 143 | 146 | 4 | 169 | 124 | 79 | 64 | 88 | 58 | 87 | 58 | 2 | 2 |
| Otber Teton Sioux | 4,964 | 3,990 | 962 | 12 | 2,434 | 2,530 | 1,933 | 2,057 | 494 | 468 | 487 | 468 | 7 | 5 |
| Winnebago. | 1, 820 | 1,543 | 277 |  | 918 | 902 | 769 | 774 | 149 | 128 | 149 | 127 |  |  |
| Yankton Sioux... | 2,088 | 1,348 | 718 | 22 | 988 | 1,100 | ${ }_{6}^{636}$ | 712 | 343 | 375 | 327 | 356 | 9 | 13. |
| Yanktonai Sioux.............. | 1,357 | 1,144 | 210 | 3 | 639 | 718 | 537 | 607 | 101 | 109 | 94 | 104 | 1 | 2 |
| Takelman stock.. | 1 | ...... | 1 | .-..... | 1 | ......... | ...... | $\ldots$ | 1 |  | 1 | ..... |  | $\ldots$ |
| Takelma..... | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Tanoan stock. | 3,140 | 3,005 | 101 | 34 | 1,636 | 1,504 | 1,565 | 1,440 | 52 | 49 | 52 | 49 | 19 | 15. |
| Isleta. | 956 | 894 | 28 | 34 | 497 | 459 | 464 | 430 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 19 | 15 |
| Jemer... | 499 | 439 75 | 13 |  | 281 | 218 | 281 | 218 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 6 |  |  |
| Pecos... | 10 | 10 |  |  | 6 6 | 4 4 4 | 18 6 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 6 | ........ | ........ |
| Picuris.. | 104 | 92 | 12 |  | 50 | 54 | 42 | 50 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4 |  |  |
| Pojoaque.... | 16 | 10 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  | 7 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| San Ildefonso.................. | 123 | 118 | 5 | .... | 57 | 66 | 55 | 63 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |  |  |
| San Juan...................... | 387 | 382 | 5 |  | 205 | 182 | 204 | 178 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 4 |  |  |
| Sandia | $\begin{array}{r}73 \\ 277 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}73 \\ 268 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9 |  | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 143 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 39 129 | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 139 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taos..... | 517 | 509 | 8 |  | 272 | $\stackrel{145}{145}$ | 268 | ${ }_{241}^{139}$ | 4 | 4 | 5 4 4 | 4 | ....... |  |
| Tesuque..... | 77 13 | ${ }_{13}^{62}$ | 15 |  | 37 | 40 | 29 | 33 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 7 |  |  |
| Tarascan stock...... | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tlingit stock......... | 32 | 7 | 25 |  | 21 | 11 | 6 | 1 | 15 | 10 | 15 | 10 |  |  |
| Auk...- | 2 | ... | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |  | ......... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Kake. <br> Not reported | 3 23 | 7 | 3 16 |  | 15 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & \hline 2 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | 1 | 1 | 2 <br> 7 | 1 1 9 | $\xrightarrow{7}$ |  |  |
| Tonkawan stock. | 42 | 41 | 1 | .......... | 25 | 17 | 24 | 17 | 1 | ... | 1 |  |  |  |
| Tonkawa. | 42 | 41 | 1 |  | 25 | 17 | 24 | 17 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Tsimshian stock. | 51 | 11 | 40 |  | 31 | 20 | 9 | 2 | 22 | 18 | 22 | 18 |  |  |
| Tsimshian.. | 51 | 11 | 40 |  | 31 | 20 | 9 | 2 | 22 | 18 | 22 | 18 |  |  |
| Tunican stock. | 43 | 18 | 25 |  | 25 | 18 | 9 | 9 | 16 | 9 | 9 | 5 |  |  |
| Tunica.... | 43 | 18 | 25 |  | 25 | 18 | 9 | 9 | 16 | 9 | 9 | 5 |  |  |
| Wamlatpuan stock | 329 | 268 | 60 | 1 | 160 | 169 | 125 | 143 | 34 | 26 | 34 | 26 | 1 |  |
| Cayuse. Molala. | $\begin{array}{r} 298 \\ 31 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 254 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | 43 17 | 1 | 139 21 | 159 10 | 117 8 | 137 6 | 21 13 | 22 4 | 21 13 | 22 4 | 1 |  |
| Wakashan stock. | 388 | 361 | 27 |  | 195 | 193 | 183 | 178 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 15 |  |  |
| Kitamat.. | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | . |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Makah... | 360 | 342 | 18 |  | 185 | 175 | 177 | 165 | 8 |  |  | 10 |  |  |
|  | 15 11 | 13 5 | ${ }_{6}^{2}$ |  | 5 4 | 10 7 | 4 <br> 1 | 9 <br> 4 | 1 3 | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 1 3 |  |  |
| Washoan stock. | 819 | 643 | 170 | 6 | 414 | 405 | 335 | 308 | 74 | 96 | 73 | 95 | 5 | 1 |
| Washo.... | 819 | 643 | 170 | 6 | 414 | 405 | 335 | 308 | 74 | 96 | 73 | 95 | 5 | 1 |
| Wintun stocr.. | 710 | 282 | 373 | 55 | 382 | 328 | 158 | 126 | 199 | 174 | 186 | 166 | 27 | 28 |
| Nomelaki. | 125 | 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 | 43 | 29 |  |  |
| Patwin.... | 186 399 | 110 | 21 278 | 55 | 105 | 81 188 | 68 66 | 42 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 27 | $\ddot{28}$ |

Trable 50-Continued.

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Wiyat stock... | 152 | 71 | 81 |  | 92 | 60 | 38 | 33 | 54 | 27 | 54 | 27 |  | ........ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Humboldt Bay................ | 152 | 71 | 81 |  | 92 | 60 | 38 | 33 | 54 | 27 | 54 | 27 | ........ | ........ |
| Yakonan stock. | 55 | 30 | 25 |  | 26 | 29 | 11 | 19 | 15 | 10 | 15 | 10 | ......... | ......... |
| Alsea... | 29 | 18 | 11 |  | 15 | 14 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
| Yaquina.......................... | 19 | 5 | 14 |  | 10 | 9 |  | 5 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 4 |  |  |
| Yanan stock.......... | 39 | 26 | 13 |  | 22 | 17 | 14 | 12 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 5 |  |  |
| Yana.. | 39 | 26 | 13 |  | 22 | 17 | 14 | 12 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 5 |  |  |
| Yokuts stock.. | 533 | 401 | 104 | 28 | 280 | 253 | 206 | 195 | 64 | 40 | 64 | 39 | 10 | 18 |
| Choinimni. | 18 | 7 | 1 | 10 | 6 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 1 | ……... | 1 |  | 1 | 9 |
| Chookriminah. | 144 | - 3 | 56 | 3 | 70 | 74 | 33 | 52 | 36 | 20 | 36 | 20 | 1 | 2 |
| Kashow00... | 4 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ |  | ${ }_{13}^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ii | ${ }_{12}^{2}$ | 1 2 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |
| Wechikhit... | 6 | 6 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wikchamni.. | 25 | 17 | 5 |  | 13 | 12 | 9 | 8 | 2 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Yokuts..... | 302 | 255 | 35 | 12 | 172 | 130 | 145 | 110 | 21 |  |  | 13 | 6 | 6 |
| Yowdanchi................ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ........... |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ydchean stock........ | 78 | 61 | 17 |  | 52 | 26 | 39 | 22 | 13 | 4 | 9 | 1 | ........ | ......... |
| Yuchi. | 78 | 61 | 17 |  | 52 | 26 | 39 | 22 | 13 | 4 | 9 | 1 |  |  |
| Yukian stock. | 198 | 138 | 59 | 1 | 88 | 110 | 54 | 84 | 33 | 26 | 33 | 25 | 1 | ........ |
| Coast Yuki. | 15 | 14 | 1 |  |  | 10 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Redwood. | 15 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 27 | i | 11 | $4{ }_{4}^{4}$ | 18 | 27 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 1 |  |
| Yappo................................ | 95 | 72 | 23 |  | 40 | 55 | 27 | 45 | 13 | 10 | 13 | 9 |  |  |
| Ytman stock. | 4,279 | 4,000 | 221 | 58 | 2,301 | 1,978 | 2,149 | 1,851 | 123 | 98 | 120 | 96 | 29 | 29 |
| Cocopa.. | 245 | 243 | 2 |  | 130 | 115 | 130 | 113 |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |
| Diegneno...................... | 756 | 585 | 171 | .......... | 408 | 115 74 7 | 312 100 | 173 74 | 96 |  | 96 |  |  |  |
| Havasupai. . . . . . . | 174 | 174 | 2 | 17 | 195 | 74 191 | 189 | 178 | 2 |  | 2 |  | 4 | - 13 |
| Mobzve. . .-.......................... | 1,058 | 1,038 | 9 | 11 | 585 | 478 | 572 | 466 | $\stackrel{3}{9}$ |  | 3 |  | 10 |  |
| Walapai........................ | 501 | 485 |  |  | 271 156 | 230 | 137 | 119 | 4 | 1 | $\stackrel{8}{3}$ |  | 15 | 13 |
| Yavapai........................ | 8289 | 256 816 | 5 16 | 28 2 | 156 435 | 399 | 426 | 390 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 7 |  | 2 |
|  | 24 | 24 |  |  | 15 | 9 | 15 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not reported..................... | 12 | 12 |  |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | ......... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yuroz stock. | 668 | 528 | 140 |  | 327 | 341 | 246 | 282 | 81 | 59 | 78 | 56 |  | -....... |
| Weitspec. .......... | 668 | 528 | 140 |  | 327 | 341 | 246 | 282 | 81 | 59 | 78 | 56 | ........ | ........ |
| Zapotecan stock...... | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | .. | 1 |  | -......... | ......... | . ........ | ......... | ........ |
| Zunian stock | 1,667 | 1,652 | 15 |  | 870 | 797 | 859 | 793 | 11 | 4 | 11 | 4 | ......... | ........ |
| Zuni............................ | 1,667 | 1,652 | 15 | ........... | 870 | 797 | 859 | 793 | 11 | 4 | 11 | 4 |  | -....... |
| Stock or tribe not reported.... | 1,644 | 383 | 1,099 | 162 | 839 | 805 | 202 | 181 | 557 | 542 | 323 | 295 | 80 | 62 |

NUMBER OF INDIANS REPORTED ON SPECIAL INDIAN SCHEDULE, CLASSIFIED BY LINGUISTIC STOCKS AND TRIBES AND BY SEX AND PURITY OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.



INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, OLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES; CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.



CADDOAN STOCK-Continued.


CHIMAKUAN STOCK.

| Total. | 306 | 154 | 76 | 52 | 25 | 152 | 56 | 62 | 33 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 286 | 142 | 65 | 51 | 25 | 144 | 51 | 61 | 31 |
| Pure stock............... | 272 | 133 | 59 | 48 | 25 | 139 | 48 | 60 | 30 |
| Mixed stack (two stocks). <br> Stock $\ln$ part unknown.. | 8 | 5 | 4 |  |  | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 1 | 1 |
| Mixed blood (white and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian) ........... | 20 | 12 | 11 | 1 |  | 8 | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| Last white, half Indian... | 12 | 7 | ${ }_{6}$ | 1 |  | 5 | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  | 2 |
| More than one-half white. |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |



CHIMARIKAN STOCK.


| Total. | 897 | 459 | 217 | 170 | 70 | 438 | 195 | 164 | 75 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 459 | 222 | 90 | 84 | 47 | 237 | 73 | 102 | 59 |
| Pure stock | 310 | 148 | 46 | 61 | 40 | 162 | 30 | 77 | 52 |
| Mixed stock (two stocks). | 116 | 55 | 27 | 21 | 7 | 61 | 31 | 23 | 7 |
| Stockin part unknown... | 33 | 19 | 17 | 2 |  | 14 | 12 | 2 |  |
| Mixed blood. | 436 | 237 | 127 | 86 | 23 | 199 | 122 | 61 | 15 |
| White and indian.. | 416 | 225 | 122 | 82 | 20 | 191 | 116 | 59 | 15 |
| Less than one-half | 63 | 25 | 15 | 10 |  | 38 | 23 | 13 | 2 |
| Half white, half Indian. | 183 | 109 | 47 | 44 | 18 | 74 | 37 | 26 | 10 |
| $\underset{\text { more than one-half }}{\text { white }}$ | 170 | 91 | 60 | 28 | 2 | 79 | 56 | 20 | 3 |
| Negro and Indian.. | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than one-half |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro....... | 2 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half Negro, half Indian. | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro, white, and Indiao. Other races and Indian | 2 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| (Polynesian)............ | 15 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 6 |  |  |
| Blood not reported. | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |
| Cemoor. | 315 | 160 | 76 | 62 | 20 | 155 | 90 | 47 | 18 |
| Full blood. | 53 | 25 | 9 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fuil tribsi . | 31 | 18 | 8 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 3 | 13 | 2 | 7 | 4 |
| Mixed tribal (two tribes). | 20 | 6 | 1 | 3 |  | 14 | 4 | 4 |  |
| Tribal blood of one parent unknown........... | 2 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood (white |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian)........... | 261 | 135 | 67 | 52 | 15 | 126 | 83 | 36 | 7 |
| Less than one-hali white. | 18 |  | 1 |  |  | 12 | 7 | 5 |  |
| Half white, hali Indian ... | ${ }_{121}^{122}$ | ${ }_{5}^{74}$ | 33 | 28 | 13 | 48 | 28 | 16 | 4 |
| Blood not reported |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 51 -Continued. |  | MALE. |  |  |  | pemale. |  |  |  | tribe and mixture of BLOOD. | Both sexes | Mate. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRIBE AND MIXTURE OF BLOOD. | Both sexes. | To-1 | Un- der 20 yrs. | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 20 \\ & \text { yrs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Tal. }}{ }^{\text {To }}$ | Un- der 20 7rs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. | $\xrightarrow{\text { Tol }}$ tal. | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. |

CHINOOKAN STOCK-Continued.

| Clackamag. | 40 | 17 | 11 |  | $2 \mid$ | 23 | 11 | 7 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 23. | 10 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 13 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Full tribal. | 11 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 7 |  | 3 | 4 |
| Mixed trlbal. | 12 | 6 | 5 |  | 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 |  |
| Two tribes Three or more tribes | 3 | 5 | 5 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood (white and Indian) | 17 | 7 |  | 2 |  | 10 |  | 2 | 1 |
| Less than one-hal white. | 11 | 5 | 5. |  |  | ${ }_{6} 6$ | 6. |  |  |
| Half white, half Indian... | 5 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 4 | 1. | 2 | . 1 |
| More than one-half white. | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clatsor............. | 26 | 17. | 12 | 4 | 1. | 9 | 2 | 5 | 2 |
| Full blood. | 8 | 4 | . | $3$ | $3$ | 4 |  | 2 | 2 |
| Fuix tribail............... | 5 |  |  | 1 |  | 3 |  |  | .... |
| Mixed tribal (two tribes). <br> Tribal blood of one par- | 5 | 2 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  |  | 2 |
| ent unknown.......... | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood (white and Indian) | 18 | 13 | 12 | 1 | 1..... | 5 | 2 | 3 |  |
| Less than one-half white.. | 3 | , | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Half white, half Indian... | 11 | 10 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  | 3 | 1 | 2 |  |
| More than one-half white. | 11 | 10 | 9 | 1 |  | 1 |  | J. |  |
| Wasco. | 242 | 127 | 60 | 45 | 22 | 115 | 47 | 39 | 28 |
| Fuil blood | 159 | 75 | 29 | 29 | ${ }^{17}$ | 84 | 32 | 29 |  |
| Full tribel | 95 | 40 | 11 | 16 | 13 |  | 12 | ${ }^{23}$ |  |
| Mixed tribal | 64 | 35 | 18 | 13 | , | $\stackrel{29}{5}$ | 20 | 6 |  |
| Two tribes.... | 54 | 29 | 12 | 13 | 3 | 25 | 16 | 6 | 3 |
| Three or more tribes. | 10 | 6 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood. | 83 | 52 | 31 | 16 | 6 | 31. | 15 |  |  |
| White and Indian. | 82 | 51 | 31 | 16 | 6 | 31 | 15 | 10 | , |
| Less than one-half whit | 27 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half white, haifindian. | 30 | 22 | 11 | 7 | $7{ }^{7} \times 1$ | 8 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| More than one-hal! white. | 25 | 18 | 13 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Negro, white, and Indian. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wishram. | 274 | 138 | 58 | 55 | 525 | 136 | 45 | 68 | 22 |
| Frill blood. | 216 | 108 | 46 | 40 | 22 | 108 |  |  |  |
| Full tribal | 154 | 76 | ${ }_{21}^{23}$ | 33 | 320 | 78 | 12 |  | 20 |
| Mixed tribal. | 56 <br> 51 | 29 | 21 | 6 6 | 6  <br> 6 2 | 27 26 | 15 15 | 12 | .. |
| Two tribes. | 51 | 25 | 17 | 6 | 62 | 26 | 15 | 11 | ..... |
| Three or more tribes... | 5 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | .. |
| Tribal blood of one parent unknown. | 6 | 3 |  |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| Mixed blood. | 57 | 30 | 12 | 15 | 53 | 27 | 15 | 10 |  |
| White and Indian. | 38 | 19 |  | 71 | 1 | 18 | 9 | 9 | 8 |
| Less than one-half white. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half white, hali Indian. | 22 | 11 | 2 | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 2 & 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 8 …i | 11 | 5 | 5.4 | 4 |
| More than one-half white. | 12 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro and Indian......... | 3 |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Less than one-half |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro ......ifindian. | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | $\frac{1}{1} .$ |  |  |  |  |
| Nepro, white, and Indian. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other races and Indian (Polyneslan). | 15 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 8 |  |  |
| Blood not reported | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

CHITIMACHAN STOOCK.


| Total | 5,865 | 2,913 | 1,643 | 968 | 298 | 2,952 | 1,650 | 1,054 | 246 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 458 | 222 | 127 | 72 | 20 | 析 | 130 | 88 | 7 |
| Full tribal | 457 | 221 | 126 | 72 | 20 | 236 | 130 | 88 | 7 |
| Mixed blood | 5,372 | 2,674 | 1,505 | 892 | 276 | 2,698 | 1,511 | 960 | 226 |
| White and İdian. | 4,668 | 2,306 | 1,298 | 776 | 232 | 2,362 | 1,314 | 847 | 200 |
| Less than one-hall |  |  |  |  |  |  | 713 |  |  |
| white.......-. | 1,856 | 1,298 | 488 | 317 | ${ }_{93}$ | 1,208 | 517 | 360 | 81 |
| More than one-half white | 272 | 132 | 73 | 46 | 13 | 140 | 84 | 44 | 12 |
| Negro and Indian. | 190 | 103 | 51 | 40 | 12 | 87 | 43 | 33 | 11 |
| Less than one-haif Negro.................. | 162 | 89 | 47 | 33 | 9 | 73 | 6 | 27 | 10 |
| Hall Negro, half Indian. | 6 | 3 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  | ..... |
| More than one-half Negro | 19 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| Unkmown proportions. | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro, white, and Indian- | 494 | 253 | 9 | 72 | 31 |  |  | 78 | 14 |
| Either white or Negro and Indian. |  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Mixture unknowa....... | 16 | 10 |  |  |  | 6 |  | 3 |  |
| Blood not reported. | 35 | 17 | 11 | 4 | 2 | 18 |  | 6 | 3 |

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 51 -Continued. <br> tribe and mixture of bloon. | Both sexbs. | male. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  | TRIBE AND MIXTURE OFBLOOD. | Bothsexes. | male. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | To- | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. | To- tal. | Un- der 20 yrs. | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \text { to } \\ & 50 \\ & \text { yrs. } \end{aligned}$ | 51 yrs. and ovor. |  |  | To- ${ }_{\text {Tal. }}$ | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | ¢ $\begin{gathered}51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. }\end{gathered}$ | Ta- ${ }_{\text {tal }}$ | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs, and over |



HATDAN STOCK.

| Total | 31. | 22 | 17 |  | 3 | 9 |  | 2 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood (full tribal). | 11 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Mixed blood (white and Indian) | 20 | 15. | 13 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 |  |
| Less than one-half white - | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | $\stackrel{2}{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half white, hall Indian... More than one-half white. | 12 6 | 9 | 4 |  | - | 3 <br> 2 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | . 1 |  |

## IROQUOIAN STOCE.

| Total | 39,670 | 20,330 | 11,717 | 6,759 | 1,829 | 19,340 | 11,324 | 6,396 | 1,001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood | 11,936 | 6,143 | 2,739 | 2,517 | 875 | 5,793 | 2,652 | 2,358 | 779 |
| Pure etock | 11,618 | 5,979 | 2,635 | 2,466 | 867 | 5,639 | 2,549 | 2,315 | 771 |
| Mixed stock (two stocks). |  | 105 |  | 41 | 8 |  |  |  | ${ }_{6}$ |
| Stock in part unknown.. | 135 | 59 | 48 | 10 |  | 76 | 60 | 14 | 2 |
| Mixed blood. | 27,143 | 13,917 | 8,844 | 4,139 | 917 | 13,226 |  | 3,926 | 789 |
| White and Indian | 26, 102 | 13,382 | 8,582 | 3,926 | 858 | 12,720 | 8,228 | 3,747 | 738 |
| Less than one-half white................... | 2,137 |  |  | 395 | 106 | 1,036 | 590 | 365 | 1 |
| Hall whlte, half Indian. | 3,835 | 1,999 | 078 | 765 | 250 | 1,836 | 898 | 708 | 227 |
| More white than one-half $\qquad$ | 19,994 | 10,207 | 6,952 | 2,748 | 489 | 9,787 | 6,693 | 2,064 | 426 |
| Unknown proportions, and "Mexican" mixture. $\qquad$ | 136 | 75 | 54 | 18 | 3 | 61 | 47 | 10 | 4 |
| Negro and Indian. | 305 | 164 | 86 | 60 | 17 | 141 | 80 | 62 | 9 |
| Less than one-half | 55 | 28 | 13 | 13 | 1 | 27 | 14 | 0 |  |
| HallNegro, half Indian. | 60 | 32 | 10 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 14 | 12 | , |
| More than one-half |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro.......... | 190 | 104 | 63 | 33 |  | 86 | 52 | 31 | 3 |
| Negro, white, and Indian.. Either white or Negro | 267 | 125 | 70 | 39 | 16 | 142 | 101 |  | 10 |
| and Indian. | 287 | 151 | 64 | 74 | 13 | 136 | 50 | 61 | 25 |
| Mixture unkno | 182 | 95 | 42 | 40 | 13 | 87 | 45 | 35 | 7 |
| Blood not reported. | 608 | 279 | 134 | 103 | 37 | 321 | 168 | 112 | 33 |
| Cayuga | 81 | 41 | 11 | 20 | 10 | 40 | 20 | 18 | 2 |
| Full blood | 56 | 31 | 9 | 14 | 8 | 25 | 13 | 11 | 1 |
| Fixed tribal | 18 <br> 38 | 22 | 5 | ${ }_{10}^{4}$ | $\frac{1}{7}$ | 16 | 3 |  |  |
| Two tribes. | 37 | 22 | 5 | 10 | 7 | 15 | , | -5 | 1 |
| Three or more | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Mixed blood. | 19 | 7 | 1 |  |  | 12 | 6 |  | 1 |
| Whito and Indian.. | 17. | 6 | 1 |  |  | 11 | 6 | 5 |  |
| Less than one-hall white. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |
| Hall white, half Indian. | 4 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |
| More than one-half |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixture unknown. | 2 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 4 | 3 | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

IROQUOIAN STOCK-Continued.

| Cheroke | 31, 488 | 16,105 | 9,727 | [5,131 | 1,229 | 15,384 | 9,301 | 4,937 | 1,138 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood | 6,900 | 3, 555 | 1,607 | 1,475 | 472 | 3,345 | 1,468 | 1,414 | $4{ }^{10}$ |
| Full trlba | 6,785 | 3,487 | 1,567 | 1,448 | 471 | 3,298 | 1,449 | 1,388 | 457 |
| Mixed tribal | 95 | 58 | 33 | ${ }^{24}$ | 1 | 37 | 18 | 19 | 2 |
| Two tribes......... <br> Three or more tribe | 94 | 57 | 32 | 24 | 1 | 37 | 18 | 19 | 2 |
| Tribal blood of one parent unknown. | 20 | 10 |  |  |  | 10 |  |  | 1 |
| Mlxed blood | 24,322 | 12,426 | 8,048 | 3,617 | 746 | 11,903 | 7,7623 | 3,468 | 667 |
| White and Indian | 23,510 | 12, 005 | 7, 834 | 3,453 | 704 | 11, 505 | 7,553 | 3,322 | 625 |
| Less than one-half white |  |  |  |  | 78 |  |  |  | 64 |
| Half white, half Indian | 2,294 | 1,193 | 573 |  | 158 | 1,101 | 512 | 439 | 149 |
| More than one-half white. | 19,384 | 9,871 | 8,746 | 2,652 | 465 | 9,513 | 6,5232 | 2,578 | 408 |
| Unknown proportions, and "Mexican"mixture. $\qquad$ | 130 | 74 | 53 |  | 3 | 56 | 42 | 10 | 4 |
| Negro end Indian. | 299 | 161 | 86 |  | 17 | 138 | 78 |  | 8 |
| Less than one | 51 | 25 | 13 |  | 1 | 26 | $14$ | 9 | 3 |
| Half Negro, half Indian. | 58 | 32 | 10 |  | 8 | 26 | 12 | 12 | 2 |
| More than one-hall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro, white, and Tndian.. | 190 | 10 | 44 | 23 | 7 |  |  |  | 8 |
| Either white or Negro |  |  |  |  |  | 91 | 5 |  | 8 |
| and Indian | 285 | 149 | 63 | 73 | 13 | 136 | 50 | 61 | 25 |
| Mixture unknown | 70 | 37 | 21 | 11 | 5 | 33 | 23 | 9 | 1 |
| Blood not reported. | 260 | 124 | 72 | 39 | 11. | 136 | 71 | 54 | 11 |
| Cherokee (Okia- homa) | 29,610 | 15,083 | 9,226 | 4,746 | 1,083 | 14,527 | 8,866 | 4, 623 | 025 |
| Full blood | 5,919 | 3,024 | 1,387 | 1,255 | 381 | 2,895 | 1,2971 | 1,222 | 374 |
| Full trihal | 5,827 | 2,970 | 1,357 | 1,232 | 380 | 2,857 | 1,284 1 | 1,200 | 371 |
| Mixed tribal | 72 | 44 | 23 | 20 | 1 | 28 | 10 | 16 | , |
| Iwo tribes. | 71 | 43 | 22 | 20 | 1 | 28 | 10 | 16 | 2 |
| Three or more tribes. |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tribal blood ol one parent unknown-.......... | 20 | 10 | 7 |  |  | 10 | 3 |  | 1 |
| Mixed blood | 23,440 | 11, 939 | 7,7693 | 3,454 | 701 | 11,501 | 7,4993 | 3,357 | $(140$ |
| White and Indian | 22, 722 | 11, 560 | 7,580 | 3,309 | 663 | 11, 156 | 7,322 3 |  | 602 |
| Less than one-half white. |  | 718 |  |  |  | 711 | 393 | 266 | 52 |
| Half white, half Indian. | 2,172 | 1,114 | 540 | $42{ }^{\circ}$ | 144 | 1,058 | 495 | 419 | 143 |
| More than one-half white |  | 9,664 | 6,608:2 |  | 450 | 9,333 |  |  | 403 |
| Unknown proportions, and "Mexican"mixture. | 124 | 70 | 50 |  |  | 54 | 40 |  |  |
| Negro and Indian. | 278 | 147 | 81 |  | 17 | 131 | 76 | 47 | 8 |
| Less than one-half |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |
| Half Negro, halfindian. | 53 | 30 | 10 | 12 | 8 | 23 | 12 | 9 | 2 |
| More than one-hall | 176 | 94 | 58 |  | 8 | 82 | 50 | 29. | 3 |
| Negro, white, and Indian |  | 40 | 24 |  | 3 | 46 |  | 13 | 5 |
| Either white or Negro and Indian. | - 284 |  | 63 |  | 13 | 46 |  | ${ }_{61}$ | 4 |
| Mixture unknown | 70 | 37 | 21 | 11 | 5 | 33 | 23 | 1 | 1 |
| Blood not reported. | 251 | 120 | 70 |  | 11 | 131 | 70 | 50 | 11 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Cherokee } \begin{array}{c} \text { (North } \\ \text { Carolina) } \\ \hline \end{array} . . . . . . . . . . \end{gathered}$ | 1.406 | 761 | 365 | 284 | 112 | 645 | 315 | 232 | 97 |
| Full blood. | 934 | 496 | 209 | 197 | 90 | 438 | 169 | 182 | 86 |
| Full tribal. | 920 | 489 | 202 | 197 | 90 | 431 | 164 | 180 | 86 |
| Mixed tribal (two tribes). | 14 | 7 |  |  |  | 7 | 5 |  |  |
| Mixed blood. | 469 | 264 | 155 | 87 | 22 | 205 | 145 | 49 | 11 |
| White and Indian. | 429 | 246 | 145 | 80 | 21 | 183 | 130 | 43 | 10 |
| Less than one-half whlte. | 192 |  | 59 |  |  | 86 | 62 | 17 | 7 |
| Hall white, hall Tndian. | 39 | 25 | 9 |  | 4 | 14 | , | 6 | 2 |
| More than one-half whlte. |  |  | 77 |  | 7 | 83 | 62 | 20 | - 1 |
| Negro and Indian. | 2 | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than one-halr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro.......... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro, white, and Indian.. | 38 | 16 | 10 |  |  | 22 | 15 |  | $\cdots$ |
| Blood not reported... | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |
| Morawk | 368 | 178 | 84 | 68 | 26 | 190 | 71 | 97 | 21 |
| Full blood. | 63 | 31 | 14. | 13 | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | 32 | 1. | 19 | 2 |
| Full tribal. | 38 | 17 | 5 | 7 5 | ${ }^{3}$ | 21 | 6 | 15 |  |
| Two tribes. | 18 | 11 | 5 |  | 1 | 7 | 2 | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | 2 |
| Three or more tribes... |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Tribal blood of one parent unknown. |  |  |  |  |  | 3. |  |  |  |

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSİEIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 51-Continued. |  | Mase. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  | tRIBE AND MIXTURE OF | Both sexes. | mate. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRIBE AND MIXTURE OF BLOOD. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Botb } \\ & \text { sexes. } \end{aligned}$ | To. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 20 \\ & \text { yrs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { and } \end{gathered}$ over. | To tal. ${ }^{1}$ | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. |  |  | To. tal. | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. | To-1 | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 <br> to <br> 50 <br> yrs. | B1 <br> yrs. <br> and <br> over. |


| IROQUOIAN STOCK-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tuscarora-Contd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood. White and Indian$\qquad$ | 8377 | 4745 | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | 2119 | 55 | 3632 | 2723 | 5 | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than one-balf white. | ${ }_{4}^{40}$ |  | 10 | 7 | 4 | 19 | 12 | 5 4 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixture unknown........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blood not reported.........$12$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wyandot. | 353 | 198 | 118 | 52 | 28 | 155 | 90 | 55 | 10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood.White andIndian | 318317 | $\begin{aligned} & 179 \\ & 179 \end{aligned}$ | 109 | 47 |  | 139 | 82 |  | 9 |
|  |  |  | 109 | 47 |  | 138 |  | 47 |  |
| Less than onekali ${ }^{\text {L }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half whitô, half İndian. | 31 <br> 44 | 16 25 | $\mathrm{ra}_{13}$ | 3 9 | 6 <br> 3 | 15 19 | - ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 6 7 | 3 2 |
| More than one-balf |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| white | 242 | 138 | 89 | 35 | 14 | 104 | 66 | 34 | 4 |
| Negro, white, and Indian. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blood not reported. |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |

KALAPOOIAN STOCK.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 51-Continued. |  | MALE. |  |  |  | FEMALE. |  |  |  | TRIBE AND MIXTURE OFBLOOD. | Both sexes. | male. |  |  |  | FEMALE. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRIBE AND MLXTURE OF } \\ & \text { BLOOD. } \end{aligned}$ | Both sexes. | To- tal. 1 | Un- der 20 yrs. | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { gad } \\ \text { over. } \end{array}\right\|$ | To- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 20 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { snd } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Un- der 20 yre. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. sad over. cher | To. tal. ${ }^{1}$ | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |



KIOWAN STOCK.

| Total. | 1,126 | 536 | 305 | 168 | 61 | 590 | 329 | 193 | 66 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 818 | 373 | 189 | 128 | 54 | 445 | 215 | 170 | 60 |
| Full tribal. | 766 | 353 | 175 | 124 | 53 | 413 | 193 | 163 | 57 |
| Mised tribal | 48 | 20 | 14 | 4 | 1 | 28 | 18 | 6 | 3 |
| Two tribes............. | 39 | 17 | 12 | 3 | 1 | 22 | 13 | 6 | 3 |
| Three or more tribes... <br> Tribal blood of ome parent unknown. | 9 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | 3 |  |  |
| Mixed blood (white and Indian) | 296 | 159 | 116 |  | 5 | 137 | 109 | 22 | 4 |
| Less than one-half white | 103 | 59 | 49 | 10 |  | 44 | 37 | 7 |  |
| Half white, half Indian... | 39 | 21 | 11 | 10 |  | 18 | 12 | 6 |  |
| More than one-half white. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown proportions | 153 | 78 | 55 | 18 | 5 | 75 | 60 | 9 | 4 |
| Blood not reported.......... | 12 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 2 |

## KUSAN GTOCK.



KDTENAIAN STOCK.

| Total. | 538 | 286 | 132 | 119 | 35 | 252 | 114 | 105 | 33 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood | 255 | 130 | 44 | 59 | 27 | 125 | 39 | 64 | 22 |
| Full tribai | 246 | 122 | 44 | 54 | 24 | 124 | 38 | 64 | 22 |
| Mixed tribal (two tribes). | 9 | 8 |  | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Mixed blood (white and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian)........ip.... | 283 | 156 | 88 | 60 | 8 | 12 | 3 | 1 |  |
| Less than one white, hali Indian:. | 60 | 25 | 9 | 14 | 2 | 35 | 12 | 17 |  |
| More than one-half white. | 201 | 116 | 71 | 43 | 2 | 85 | 60 | 23 | 2 |

LUTUAMIAN STOCK.


MAIDU STOCK.

| Total. | 1,100 | 568 | 258 | 224 | 86 | 532 | 264 | 184 | 80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 544 | 269 | 87 | 104 | 78 | 275 | 94 | 102 | 5 |
| Full tribs | 513 | 254 | 80 | 98 | 76 | 259 | 86 | 96 | 74 |
| Mixed tribal... Two trlbes.. | 31 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 16 | 9 | 6 | 1 |
| Two tribes | 2 | - $\quad 18$ | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood. | 541 | 290 | 169 | 115 | 6 | 251 | 169 | 88 | 4 |
| White and Indian. | 525 | 280 | 162 | 113 | 5 | 245 | 165 | 76 |  |
| Less than one-half | 161 | 87 | 67 | 19 |  |  | 61 | 13. |  |
| Half white, hail Indian. | 290 | 151 | 61 | 86 | 4 | 139 | 76 | 59 |  |
| More than one-hali white | 71 | 42 | 34 | $8$ |  | 29 | 26 |  |  |
| Unknown proportions ("Mexican" mixture) | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |
| Negro and Indian (half Negro, belf Indian).... |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro, white, and Indian. | 7 | 6 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Other reces and Indian... | 8 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polynesian <br> Chinese. | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Blood not reported. | 15 | 9 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 4 |  |

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


| Table 51 -Continued. <br> tribe and misture of | $\begin{gathered} \text { Both } \\ \text { sexes. } \end{gathered}$ | mate. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  | tribe $\underset{\substack{\text { and } \\ \text { blood. }}}{\text { mixture of }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Both } \\ \text { sexes. } \end{gathered}$ | maie. |  |  |  | pemale. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Tol. } \\ \text { the } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \text { dern } \\ & \text { yrs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{array}\right.$ |  | $\underset{\text { Tor }}{\text { Tal. }} 1$ | Un- <br> der <br> 20 <br> yrs. | 20 <br> to <br> 50 <br> yrs. <br>  | $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { yad } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | To-1 | Un- der 20 yrs. | ( $\begin{gathered}20 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { so } \\ \text { yrs. }\end{gathered}$ | ( $\begin{gathered}51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. }\end{gathered}$ | To- | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 <br> to <br> 50 <br> yrs. |  |

MUSKEROGEAN STOCK-Continued.

| Creer-Continued. red blood........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Write andindian....... | 2,527 | 1,287 | 1,829 | 380 |  | 1, 1,240 | 1,003 | 350 | ${ }_{5}^{73}$ |
| Less than one-hair | 503 | 272 | 173 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half white, hali In - |  |  |  |  |  |  | 156 |  |  |
| More than one | 490 | 263 | 136 | 89 | 37 | 227 | 117 | 87 | 23 |
| white........ | 1,497 | 337 | 510 | 200 | 27 | 760 | 543 | 190 | 25 |
| Unknown proportlons, and "Mexican" mixture............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro and Indian........ | 422 | 228 | 135 | 69 | 24 | 193 | 114 | 68 | ii |
| Less than one-b | 105 | 60 | 36 | 18 | 6 | 45 | 27 | 17 | 1 |
| Half Negro, half in- dian............... | 139 | 75 | 46 | 17 | 12 | 84 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | 29 | 7 |
| More then onehaif | 164 | f | 47 | 34 |  | 77 |  |  |  |
| Unlmown proportions. | 14 | 7 | 6 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 4.4 \\ 49 \end{array}$ |  | $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| Negro, white, and Indian. Either white or Negro | 143 | ${ }^{75}$ | 54 |  |  | 68 | $499$ | 16 | 3 |
| and Indian..... | -33 | 14 | 7 |  |  | 19 |  | 10 | 1 |
| Mixture unknown. |  |  | 3 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 1 |
| Blood not repo | 84 | 42 | 25 | 15. | . 2 | 42 | 16 | 21 | 5 |
| Kолs | 98 | 45 | 22 | 22 | 1 | 53 | 35 | 18. |  |
| Full blood. | 96 | 45 | 22 | 22 |  | 5 |  | 18 |  |
| Mixil tribal tribai |  | ${ }_{4}^{42}$ | 19 | 22 |  |  | 32 |  |  |
| Two tribes......... | 2 3 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood (more than one-half white). | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Seminole | 1,729 | 891 | 53 | 354 | 80 | 838 | 447 | 321 | 67 |
| Full blood | 1, 289 | ${ }_{641}^{647}$ | ${ }_{3}^{313}$ | ${ }^{265}$ | 61 |  | 341 | 248 | 57 |
| Mixed tribai- | 1, 138 | ${ }_{74}$ | 253 <br> 60 |  |  |  |  | 14 |  |
| Two trlbes............. | 129 | 72 | 59 |  |  | 57 | 43 | 14 |  |
| Mixed blood | 392 | 222 | 126 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White and Indian | 164 | 92 | 53 | 32 |  | 72 | 48 | ${ }_{23}$ | 1 |
| Less than on |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half white, halif Indian | 57 | 30 | 15 | 11 |  | $27 \\|$ | 14 | $122^{\circ}$ | i |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { More than one-half } \\ & \text { white............... } \end{aligned}$ | 33 | 21 | 14 |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |
| Unknown proportions "Mexican" mixture) $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro and İdiañ. | 164 | 89 |  |  |  | 75 | 35. | 35 | 5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less than } \\ & \text { Negro... } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hali Negro, hali Indian | 135 | 74 | 37 |  |  | 61. | $25$ | $33$ | 3 |
| Negro......- | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Negro, white, and In | 62 |  | 25 |  |  | 22 | 12 | 7 | 2 |
| and Indian. ........... |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Mixture unknown..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blood not reported. | 48 | 28 | 14 | , | 4 | 20 | 10 | 8 | 2 |

PIMAN STOCK.

| Total. | 8,607 | 4,467 | 2,282 | 1,628 | 548 | 4,140 | 2,128 | ,1506 | 489 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood | 8,344 | 4,316 | 2,198 | 1,574 | 535 | 4,028 | 2,070 | 1,461 | 480 |
| Pure stock | 8,255 | 4,263 | 2,169 | 1,558 | 529 | 3,992 | 2,043 | 1,453 | 479 |
| Mixed stock (two stocks). | 77 12 | $\stackrel{45}{8}$ | ${ }_{2}^{22}$ | 17 | 6 | 32 | ${ }_{2}^{24}$ | ${ }^{7}$ | 1 |
| Mixed blood | 167 | 101 | 63 | 32 | 6 | 66 | 41 |  |  |
| White and İıdian | 166 | 100 | 62 | 32 | 6 | 66 | 41 | 22 | 3 |
| Less than one-half | 23 | 13 | 12 |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| Half white, half Indian | 19 | 12 | 8 | 4 |  | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| More than one-half white | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Unknown proportions ('Mexican"'mixture) | 121 | 73 | 41 | 26 | 6 | 48 | 30 | 16 | 2 |
| Negro, white, and Indian. | 1. | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blood not reported. | 96 | 50 | 21 | 22. | 7 | 46 | 17 | 23 | 6 |

PIMAN STOCK-Continued.

| Mayo | 40 | 18 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 22 | 13 | 8 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 35 | 13 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 22 | 13 | 8 |  |
| Full tribal | 29 | 10 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 19 | 10 | 8 |  |
| Mixed tribal (two tribes) | , | 3 |  |  |  | , | 3 |  |  |
| Mixed blood (white and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian, unknown pro- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| portions, "Mexican" mixture) |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Opata | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| Full blood: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full tribal. |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixed tribal (two tribes). | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Papago. | 3,798 | 1,947 | 1,034 | 704 | 206 | 1,851 | 961 | 712 | 171 |
| Full blood | 3,703 | 1,900 | 1,005 | 690 | 202 | 1,803 | 931 | 698 | 167 |
| Full tribal ${ }_{\text {Mixed }}$ tribai (t.........- | 3,638 | 1,873 | 989 | 684 | 197 | 1,765 | 903 | 689 | 166 |
| Mribal blood of one par- |  |  | 14 | 6 | 5 | 37 | 28 | 8 | 1 |
| ent unknown.......... | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Mixed blood. | 55 | 27 | 20 |  | 1 | 28 | 20 | 7 | 1 |
| White and Indian.. | 54 | 26 | 19 | 6 | 1 | 28 | 20 | 7 | 1 |
| Less than one-half white | 12 |  | 2 |  |  | 9 | 7 | 2 |  |
| Half white, half Indian | 8 | 5 | 3 | 2 |  | 3 | 2 |  | 1 |
| Unknown proportions |  |  | 14 | 3 |  | 16 | 11 |  |  |
| Negro,white, and Indian. | 34 | 1 | 14. |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |
| Blood not reported. | 40 | 20 | 9 | 8 | 3 | 20 | 10 | 7 | 3 |
| Prma. | 4,236 | 2,198 | 1,092 | 784 | 317 | 2,038 | 1,033 | 694 | 302 |
| Full blood. | 4,175 | 2,163 | 1,072 | 772 | 314 | 2,012 | 1,025 | 678 | 300 |
| Full tribal. | 4,039 | 2,090 | 1,017 | 758 | 310 | 1,949 | 967 | 673 | 300 |
| Mixed tribal. | 136 | ${ }^{73}$ |  | 14 |  |  | 58 | 5 |  |
| Two tribes. Three or more tribes. | 127 9 | ${ }_{6}^{67}$ | 50 | 13 | 4 | 60 3 | 55 | 5 |  |
| Mixed blood (white and Indian) |  | 14 | 12 |  |  | 5 | 1 |  |  |
| Less than one-balf white |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half white, half Indian.. | , | 1 | 2 |  |  | 4 | 1 | 3 |  |
| More than one-half white | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Unknown proportions <br> ("Mexican" mixture).. | 4 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blood not reported. | 42 | 21 | 8 | 10 | 3 | 21 | 7 | 12 | 2 |
| Yāqu | 528 | 301 | 145 | 131 | 24 | 227 | 119 | 92 | 15 |
| Full blood | 426 | 237 | 112 | 106 | 18 | 189 | 99 | 77 | 12 |
| Full tribal. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( | 401 | 222 | 108 | 96 | 17 | 179 | 94 | 72 | 12 |
| Mixed tribal (two tribes) | 25 | 15 | 4 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 5 |  |
| Mixed blood (white and Indian) | 88 | 55 | 29 | 21 | 5 | 33 | 20 | 11 | 2 |
| Less than one-half white | 8 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Half white, hall Indian... | 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| More than one-halif white | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown proportions ("Mexican" mixture). | 78 | 46 | 23 | 18 | 5 | 32 | 19 | 11 | 2 |
| Blood not repor | 14 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 5 |  | 4 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

POMO sTCOCK.

| Total. | 1,193 | 603 | 240 | 231 | 131 | 590 | 250 | 219 | 120 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood | 907 | 458 | 174 | 169 | 114 | 449 | 168 | 171 | 109 |
| Pure stock | 853 | 430 | 157 | 158 | 114 | 423 | 146 | 167 | 109 |
| Mixed stock (two stocks) | 37 | 19 | 12 | 7 |  | 18 | 15 | 3 |  |
| Stock in part unknown.. | 17 | 9 | 5 | 4 |  | 8 | 7 | 1 |  |
| Mixed blood. | 220 | 112 | 58 | 44 | 10 | 108 | 70 | 32 | 6 |
| White and Indian. | 209 | 106 | 55 | 42 | 9 | 103 | 66 | 31 | 6 |
| Less than onehalf | 80 |  | 30 | 9 | 1 | 40 | 27 | 12 |  |
| Half white, half indian | 102 | 54 | 19 | 27 | 8 | 48 | 28 | 15 | 5 |
| More than one-half white | 27 | 12 | 6 |  |  | 15 | 11 | 4 |  |
| Negro, white, and Indian. | 7 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Otherraces and Indian... | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 |  |  |
| Chinese.. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Filipino................. | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| Blood not reported | 66 | 33 | 8 | 18 | 7 | 33 | 12 | 16 | 5 |

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 51 -Continued. |  | MALE. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  | tribe | and mixture of BLOOD. | Both sexes. | MALE. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe and mixture of BLOOD. | Both sexes. | To- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 20 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 51 . \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To- } \\ & \text { tal. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 20 \\ & \text { yrs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ \text { yrs. } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | To. tal. 1 | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51. yrs. and over. | Ti tal. ${ }^{1}$ | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 <br> yrs. <br> and <br> over. |

POMO STOCK-Continued.


Blood not reported.


Mixed blood (less than one-
half white)


## SATINAN STOCK.



## SALISHAN STOCK.

| Total | 7,833 | 4,017 | 1,017 | 1,423 | 661 | 3,816 | 1,811 | 1,315 | 666 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 5,006 | 2,491 | 1,003 | 897 | 579 | 2,515 | 954 | 928 | 613 |
| Pure stock | 4, 592. | ,2,278 | 884 | 830 | 552 | 2,314 | 818 | 885 | ${ }^{692}$ |
| Mixed stock (two stocks). | 156 | 83 | 40 | 29 | 14 | 73 | 37 | 22 | 14 |
| Stock in part unknown.. | 258 | 130 | 79 | 38 | 13 | 128 | 99 | 21 | 7 |
| Mixed blood. | 2,746 | 1,485 | 901 | 611 | 69. | 1,261 | 847 | 369 | 41 |
| White and Indian. | 2,687 | 1,454 | 881 | 600 | 69 | 1,233 | 825 | 364 | 40 |
| Less than one-half | 750 | 396 | 319 | 74 | 3 | 354 | 302 | 50 |  |
| Half wbite, haif Indian. | 1,133 | 640 | 247 | 330 | 59 | 498 | 223 | 231 | 36 |
| More than one-hall | 801 | 416 | 314 | 95 | 7 | 385 | 299 | 83 |  |
| Unknown proportions ("Mexican" mixture) $\qquad$ |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Negro and Indian........ | 7 | 4 | 1 | 3 |  | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Less than one-halif | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Half Negro , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dian. | ${ }^{4}$ | 2 |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Negro, White, and Indian- | 18 | 10 | 9 |  |  | 8 | 6 |  |  |
| Either white or Negro and Indian | 17 | 9 | 5 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Other races and | 17 | 8 | 5 |  |  | 9 |  |  | 1 |
| Polynesian | 12 | 6 | 4 |  |  | 6 3 |  |  |  |
| Blood not reported. | 81 | 41 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 40 | 10 | 18 | 12 |
| Bellacoola | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |
| Full hlood (full trlbal)...... <br> Mixed blood (hali whlte, halt Indian). | 282 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Cheralis |  | 149 | 68 | 50 | 31 | 133 | 77 | 35 | 21 |
| Full blood. | 201 | 114 | 44 | 1 | 29 | 4 | 44 | 18 | 21 |
| Full tribal | 109 | 66 | 17 | 27 | 22 | 43 | 14 |  | 1 |
| Mixed tribal. | 90 | 46 | 26 | 13 |  | 44 | 30 |  | 11 |
| Two trihes.. | 55 | 30 | 15 | 8 | 7 | 25 | 13 | 3 | 9 |
| Three or more tribes... | 35 | 18 | 11 |  |  | 19 | 17 |  | 2 |
| Tribal blood of one paront unknown. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood (white and Indian) Less than one-half white.. | 81 | 35 | 24 | 9 | 2 | 46 | 33 | 13 |  |
|  | 36 | 12 | 10 |  |  | 24 | 16 |  |  |
| - Haif white, half Indian.-. | 27 | 15 | 7 |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |
|  | 16 | 7 | 6 |  |  | 9 | 8 |  |  |
| More than one-half white. <br> Unknown proportions <br> ("Mexican" mixture). | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Clal | 398 | 213 | 116 | 79 | 16 | 185 | 96 | 71 | 16 |
| Full bloodFull | 252 | 126 | 69 | , | 18 | 126 | 65 | 53. | 16 |
|  | 214 | 110 | 51 | 44 | 14 | 104 | 43 | b | - |
| Mixed tribal................ | 5 | 15 |  |  |  | 20 | 11 | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{3}$ |
| Two tribes. $\qquad$ <br> Three or more tribes.. | 34 | 14 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 20 | 11 | 6 | 3 |
|  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tribal blood of one parent unknown. | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood.............White and Indian... | 146 |  | 57 |  |  | 59 | 41 | 18. |  |
|  | 132 | 81 | 53 | 27 |  | 51. | 35 | 16 |  |
| White and Indian........ white. |  | 28 | 23 |  |  | 15 | 15 |  |  |
| Half white, half Indian. | 54 | 34 | 11 | 22 |  | 20 | 7 | 13 |  |
| More than one-half white | 35 | 19 | 19 |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |
| Nexro and Indian (liess |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro, white, and Indian. | 12 | 5 |  |  |  | 7 | 5 | 2 |  |
| Other races and Indian (Polynesian) | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Coevr d'Alene..... | 293 | 159 | 71 | 54 | 33 | 134 | 63 | 46 | 23 |
| Full blood. |  | 123 | 64 | 40 |  | 113 | 52 | 39 | 20 |
|  | 236 <br> 199 |  | 40 | 32 |  | 99 | 45 | 34 | 18 |
| Mixed tribal (two tribes). <br> Tribal blood of one parent unknown........... | 30 | 100 20 | 13 |  |  | 10 | 5 |  |  |
|  | 7 | 3 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood .i. ${ }_{\text {White and }}$ | 34 <br> 33 | 22 | 13 |  |  | 12 | 8 |  |  |
|  |  | 21 | 13 |  |  | 12 | 8 |  |  |
| Less than one-half white. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half white, half Jndian. | 15 | 9 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |
| More than one-half |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Either white or Negro | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ood $n$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASISIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


SHOSHONEAN STOCK.

| Total | 16,842 | 8,620 | 3,733 | 3,518 | 1,295 | 8,222 | 3,529 | 3,364 | 1,256 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 14,672 | 7,500 | 3,097 | , 136 | 1,236 | 7,172 | 2,872 | 3,043 | 1,219 |
| Pure stoc | 14, 451 | 7,383 | 3,017 | , 106 | 1,229 | 7,068 | 2,804 | , 018 | 1,209 |
| Mixed stock (two stocks) | 150 | 76 |  | 21 | 7 |  |  | 18 | 18 |
| Stock in part unknown. | 71 | 41 | 32 |  |  | 30 | 20 | 7 | 2 |
| Mixed blood | 1,928 | 992 | 609 | 336 | 40 | 936 | 632 | 274 | 5 |
| White and Indi | 1,884 | 970 | 592 | 332 | 39 | 914 | 618 | 266 | 25 |
| Less than one | 546 |  |  |  |  | 271 | 14 | 50 |  |
| Half white, half Indian. | 771 | 417 | 192 | 201 | 20 | 354 | 185 | 154 | 4 |
| More than one-halr white. | 287 | 138 | 93 | 41 | 2 | 148 | 120 | 28 |  |
| Unknown proportions, and "Mexican" mixture. | 280 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


| Pardie-Continued. |
| :---: |
| Mixed blood................ |
| White and Indian. |
| Less than one-half |
| white |
| Half white, half Indian. |
| More than one-half |
| white....... |
| Unknown proportions |
| ("Mexican" mix- |
| ture)..... |
| Negro, white, and Indi |

Blood not reported..
Panamint.........
Mixed blood (half white,
half Indian).


Blood not reported.

Blood not reported.


Full blood.
Mixed tribal (two tribes) Mixed tribal (two tribes)
Tribal blood of one parMixed hlood (white and Indian)..
Less than one-half white More than one-half white Unknown proportions ("Mexican" mixture)

Blood not reported.

 | . | 3,038 | 1,483 | 574 | 614 | 261 | 1,555 | 575 | 696 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,664 | 1,296 | 486 | 562 | 245 | 1,368 | 485 | 634 | 244 |
| $\ldots$ | 2,598 | 1,264 | 467 | 553 | 241 | 1,334 | 468 | 622 |
| 65 | 31 | 19 | 8 | 4 | 34 | 17 | 12 | 5 |
| $\ldots$ | 58 | 27 | 15 | 8 | 4 | 31 | 15 | 11 |
|  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



SIOUAN STOCK.

| Total | 32,941 | \|16,541 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 7,729 | 6,153 | 2,619 | 16,400 | 7,486 | 5, 804 | (3,068 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full hlood | 22,535 | 11, 157 | 4,468 | 4,356 | 2,301 | 11,378 | 4,318 | 4,253 | 2,774 |
| Pure stock. | 21,438 | 10,579 | 4,078 | 4,215 | 2,254 | 10, 859 | 3,967 | 4,134 | 2,726 |
| Mixed stock (two stocks). | 256 | 142 | -69 | 41 | 32 | 114 | 60 | - 30 | - 24 |
| Stock in part unknown. . | 841 | 436 | 321 | 100 | 15 | 405 | 291 | 89 | 24 |
| Mixed blood. | 9,905 | 5,133 | 3,149 | 1,709 | 268 | 4,772 | 3,072 | 1,456 | 235 |
| White and Indian. | 9,672 | 5,004 | 3,080 | 1,660 | 257 | 4,688 | 3,012 | 1,421 | 226 |
| Less than one-halif white................... | 3, 022 | 1,564 | 1,152 | 369 | 42 | 1,458 | 1,120 | 305 | 30 |
| Half white, half Indian. | 3,114 | 1,609 | 691 | 752 | 164 | 1,505 | 705 | 646 | 151 |
| More than one-half white. | 3,320 | 1,717 | 1,163 | 501 | 50 | 1,603 | 1,120 | 441 | 40 |
| Unknown proportions, and "Mexican" mixture. | 216 | 114 | 74 | 38 | 1 | 102 | 67 | 29 | 5 |
| Negro and Indian.. .... | 50 | 32 | 13 | 15 | 4 | 18 | 10 | 8 |  |
| Less than one-half <br> Negro. | 12 | 8 | 6 | 3 |  | 4 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Half Negro, half Indian. | 36 | 23 | 8 | 11 | 4 | 13 | 8 | 5 | ..... |
| More than one-half Negro | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | - | $1)$ |  | 1 |  |
| Negro, white, and Indiale. | 47 | 27 | 20 | 7 |  | 20 | 12 | 8 |  |
| Either white or Negro and Indian | 69 | 38 | 16 | 18 | 4 | 31 | 21 | 8 | 2 |
| Mixture unknown. | 67 | 32 | 20 | 9 | 3 | 35 | 17 | 11 | 7 |
| Blood not reported. | 501 | 251 | 112 | 88 | 50 | 250 | 96. | 95 | 59 |

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 51-Continued. |  | MALE. |  |  |  | Female. |  |  |  | TRIBE AND MIXTURE OF BLOOD. | Both sexes. | MALE. |  |  |  | FEMALE. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TEIBE AND MIXTURR OF BLOOD. | Both sexes. | Tal. ${ }^{\text {To- }}$ | Un- der 20 y \% | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. 8nd over. | To- tal. ${ }^{1}$ | Un- dgr 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. |  |  | To tal. | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 <br> to <br> 50 <br> yrs. | 51 yrs. 8nd over. | Tal. | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. |

## SIOUAN STOCK-Continued.



INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

| Table 51 -Continued. |  | male. |  |  |  | female. |  |  |  | TRIBE AND mLXTURE OF | Both sexes. | MALE. |  |  |  | femate. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe and mixture of BLOOD. | Both sexes sexes | $\underset{\text { Ta- }}{\text { ta }}$ | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. | To- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 20 \\ & \text { yrs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 50 \\ \text { yrs. } \end{gathered}$ | 51 yrs. and over. |  |  | $\underset{\text { To- }}{\text { tal. }}$ | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. | To- | Un- der 20 yrs. | 20 to 50 yrs. | 51 yrs. and over. |

## TAKELMAN STOCK.




| 3,140 | 1,636 | 667 | 745 | 222 | 1,504 | 722 | 618 | 163 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,005 | 1,565 | 629 | 722 | 212 | 1,440 | 685 | 598 | 156 |
| 2,892 | 1,512 | 606 | 692 | 212 | 1,380 | 643 | 581 | 155 |
|  | 46 | 19 | 27 | ... | 50 | 35 | 14 | 1 |



Blood not reported.



Pecos
Full blood:
Mixed tribal (two tribes).
Picuris.
Full blood (full tribal)
Mixed blood (white and Less than one-half white Half white, half Indian..

Pojosque.
Full blood.
Mixed tribal (two tribes)
Mixed blood (white and Indian).
Less than one-haif white Unknown proportions ("Mexican" mixture).

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE JNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: $1910-$ Continued.


TSMMSHIAN STOCK.


TUNICAN STOCK.

| Total. | 43 | 25 | 16 |  | ..... | 18 | 12 | 4 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood (full tribal)..... | 18 | 9 | 3 | 6 |  | 9 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| Mixed blood. | 25 | 16 | 13 |  |  | 9 | 8 | 1 |  |
| White and Indian.... | 14 | 9 | 8 | 1 |  | 5 |  |  |  |
| Less than one-half | 5 | 3 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Half white, half Indian. | 8 | 6 | 5 | 1 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| More than one-half | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wegro and Indian......... | 11 | 7 | 5 | $\cdots$ |  | 4 | 3 | $\cdots$ |  |
| Less than one-haif | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro.....-........ | 8 | 5 | 4 |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| Half Negro, hali Indian. | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |

WAIITATPUAN STOCK.

| Total | 329 | 160 | 78 | 54 | 27 | 169 | 72 | 57 | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood. | 268 | 125 | 56 | 45 |  | 143 | 55 |  | 39 <br> 28 |
| Pure stock Mixed stack (two stocks). | 198 | 94 31 | 14 | 13 | 2 | ${ }_{34}$ | 15 | 8 | 11 |
| Stock in part unknown.. | 5 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |
| Mixed blood (white and Indian) $\qquad$ | 60 | 34 | 22 |  | 2 | 26 | 17 |  | 1 |
| Less than one-half white. | 21 | 13 | 10 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 1 | ${ }_{5}^{8}$ | $\stackrel{6}{6}$ |  |  |
| Half white, half Indian... | 15 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 12 | 9 | 3 |  |
| More than one-hali white. | 21 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and "Mexican" mixture. | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| Blood not reported. | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Cayuse. | 298 | 139 | 69 | 44 | 25 | 159 | 70 | 52 | 37 |
| Full blood. | 254 | 117 | 56 | 38 |  | 137 | 54 |  | 37 |
| Fuill tribal. | 194 | 91 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 33 | 14 | 9 | 10 |
| Mixed tribal. | 56 | 26 | 14 | 8 | 4 | 30 | 14 | 6 | 10 |
| Three or more tribes.... | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Tribal blood of one par- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1 Fotals include persons of unknown age.

## INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.



YAKONAN STOCK.


TANAN STOCK.


[^6]INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.



${ }^{1}$ Totals inclu de persons of unknown age.

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.

${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN ALASKA, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910.


INDIANS IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE INALASKA, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


INDIANS•IN EACH STOCK AND TRIBE IN ALASKA, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE PERIODS, BY MIXTURE OF BLOOD: 1910-Continued.


| Southern Eskimo.. | 3,650 | 1,899 | 875 | 861 | 155 | 1,751 | 857 | 745 | 135 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full blood | 3,186 | 1,645 | 678 | 809 | 150 | 1,541 | 708 | 686 | 134 |
| Mixed hlood | 464 | 254 | 197 | 52 | 5 | 210 | 149 | 59 | 1 |
| White and Indian....... | 454 | 250 | 193 | 52 | 5 | 204 | 144 | 58 | 1 |
| (Japanese) | 10 | 4 | 4 |  |  | 6 | 5 | 1 |  |
| TRIBE NOT EEPORTED. | 474 | 237 | 112 | 63 | 12. | 237 | 112 | 67 | 13 |
| Full hlood | 423 | 219 | 97 | 61 | 12 | 204 | 83 | 63 | 13 |
| Mixed blood | 51. | 18 | 15 | 2 |  | 33. | 29 | 4 |  |
| White and Indian | 48 | 18 | 15 | 2 |  | 30 | 26 | 4 |  |
| Other races and Indian... | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| Chinese. ................ | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| Japanese.................. | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |

HAIDAN STOCK.



[^7]
## FECUNDITY AND VITALITY.

Information was collected by the Census Bureau in 1910 in regard to the number of children borne by every married woman. The results of the tabulation of this material for the Indian women are presented in the following discussion. Only those women were included in the tabulation who were between 15 and 44 years of age, who had been married for at least one year, and who were neither widowed nor divorced nor married a second or subsequent time. As a result of these restrictions all the women included in this tabulation answered the following description: (1) They were of child-bearing age; (2) had been married long enough to have children; and (3) were living in the married state at the time of the enumeration.

The last limitation makes possible the presentation of information about the husband and, since all second and subsequent marriages are excluded, the children are in each case the offspring of the couple as shown on the schedule. In this manner most elements of uncertainty have been excluded, so that the data lend themselves to trustworthy interpretation.

In the tables of this section the degrees of mixture are given in the order of the increasing proportion of non-Indian blood, beginning with marriages between full-blood Indians and ending with marriages between mixed-bloods and whites. The tables do not include all the possible combinations, but only those actually given on the schedules. Polygamous marriages, in which husband and wives are probably full-blood Indians, are given separately at the end of the table.

Sterility.-Table 53 presents the data on sterility.

| Table 53. | WOMEN 15 TO 44 YEARS OF age, Married one year OR MORE: 1910. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totel tabulated. | Bearing no children. |  |
|  |  | Numbar. | Per cent. |
| All classes. <br> Marriages among full-bloods | 21,532 | 1,853 | 8.6 |
|  | 10,379 | 1,111 | 10.7 |
| Marriages among full-bloods Husband and wifa belonging to same tribe. Husband and wifa belonging to different tribes. | 9,820 | 1,018 93 | 10.4 |
|  | 559 | 93 | 18.6 |
| Mixed marriages. | 10,752 | 717 | 8.7 |
|  | 1,508 | 133 | 8.8 |
| Marriages of fuli-bloods with mixed-bioods Wife full blood, husband white and Indian. Husband full blood, wifa white and Indian. | 914 | 77 | 8.4 |
|  | 594 | 56 | 9.4 |
| Marriages of full -bloods with whites............ | 208 | 16 | 7.7 |
| Wife full blood, busband white.............. Husband full blood, wife white. | 208 | 16 | 7.7 |
|  |  | 276 | 7.0 |
| Marriages among mixed-bloods. <br> Wife white and Indian, husband white and Indian. | 3,970 | 276 | 7.0 |
|  | 3,675 | 254 | 6.9 |
| Wife Negro and Indian, husband Nagro and Indian | 101 | 10 | 9.9 |
| Wife white, Nagro, and Indian, busband white, Negro, and Indian. | 194 | 12 | 8.2 |
| Marrizges of mixed-bloods with. whites Wife white, busband white and Indian | 5,066 | 292 | 5.8 |
|  | 2,336 | 174 | 7.4 |
| Wile white, busband white and Indian.... Husband white, wife white and Indian..... | 2,730 | 118 | 4.3 |
| Polygamous marriages (husband and wives probably full-blood Indians) | 401 | 25 | 6.2 |

The most significant fact brought out by Table 53 is that, while for all classes of marriages the proportion resulting in no issue was 8.6 per cent and for marriages between full-bloods the proportion was 10.7 per cent, for mixed marriages it was only 6.7 per cent. Thus sterility is considerably less common in cases of miscegenation than in cases of marriage between fullbloods. Furthermore, the proportion of issueless marriages decreases directly as the amount of white blood in the married couple increases. For the marriages of full-bloods with mixed-bloods, where less than one-half of the blood was white, the percentage of sterility was 8.8; for the marriages of full-bloods with whites, where one-half of the blood was white, the proportion of sterility was 7.7 per cent; for the marriages between mixed-bloods, where the proportion of white blood may have varied considerably but was probably onehalf or more, sterility was shown in 7 per cent of the cases; and finally, for marriages of mixed-bloods with whites, where more than one-half and often threefourths or more of the blood was white, the percentage of sterility was only 5.8. Thus an inverse relation between the amount of white blood in the married couple and the proportion of childless unions seems to be established by the table.

In the case of polygamous marriages no separation by blood was made, but, as pointed out previously, these are almost without exception marriages between full-blood women and full-blood men, as such marriages were made, as a rule, a good many years ago. As a group, then, by blood these cases of plural wives may be compared with the full-blood groups already considered. It is apparent on comparison that women living in polygamy show a considerably smaller percentage of sterility than those in monogamous unions.

Fecundity.-Table 54 deals only with women who have been married from 10 to 20 years, inclusive, and distinguishes those who have borne no more than two children (including those who have borne no children) from those who have borne from three to five children, and six or more children, as shown by the returns for 1910.

A comparison of the figures for marriages between full-bloods with mixed marriages shows the greater fertility of the latter; a smaller proportion resulted in two children or less and in from three to five children than in the case of the pure marriages and a much higher proportion in six or more children.

A further analysis of mixed marriages shows, however, that as far as the number of children is concerned the proportion of white blood does not materially influence the offspring. In fact, the marriages between full-blood Indians and whites are more prolific
than any of the other main classes of mixed marriages. Of the subclasses under "Marriages among mixedbloods," the marriages between Indian and Negro mixed-bloods showed the greatest fertility, more than half of such marriages resulting in six or more children.

Polygamous marriages, as compared with monogamous marriages between full-bloods, showed a smaller proportion having had only two children and three to five children, and a larger proportion having had six or more.

## Table 54


women 15 to 44 fears of age, marbied 10 to 20 years: 1910.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number } \\ \text { tabulated. } \end{gathered}$ | Number bearing- |  |  | Per cent bearing- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Not mare than two children. | Three to five children. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Six or } \\ \text { more } \\ \text { children. } \end{gathered}$ | Not more than two children. | Three to five children. |  |
| 7,548 | 1,273 | 3,391 | 2,884 | 16.9 | 44.9 | 38.2 |
| 3,658 | 716 | 1,739 | 1,203 | 19.6 | 47.5 | 32.9 |
| 3,480 | 680 | 1,655 | 1,145 | 19.5 | 47.6 | 32.9 |
| 178 | 36 | 84 | 58 | 20.2 | 47.2 | 32.6 |
| 3,745 | 532 | 1,587 | 1,626 | 14.2 | 42.4 | 43.4 |
| 530 | 75 | 221 | 234 | 14.2 | 41.7 | 44.2 |
| 324 | 42 | 137 | 145 | 13.0 | 42.3 | 44.8 |
| 206 | 33 | 84 | 89 | 16.0 | 40.8 | 43.2 |
| 90 90 | 7 | 39 39 | 44 | 7.8 7.8 | 43.3 43.3 | 48.9 48.9 |
| 1,385 | 200 | 539 | 646 | 14.4 | 38.9 | 46.6 |
| 1,286 | 183 | 508 | 595 | 14.2 | 39.5 | 46.3 |
| 36 | 7 | 9 | 20 | 19.4 | 25.0 | 55.6 |
| 63 | 10 | 22 | 31 | 15.9 | 34.9 | 49.2 |
| 1,740 | 250 | 788 | 702 | 14.4 | 45.3 | 40.3 |
| 1777 | 126 | 349 | 302 | 16.2 | 44.9 | 38.9 |
| 963 | 124 | 439 | 400 | 12.9 | 45.6 | 41.5 |
| 145 | 25 | 65 | 55 | 17.2 | 44.8 | 37.9 |

The average number of children per marriage, by degree of mixture of blood, is shown in Table 55.

| Table 55 ( | Women 15 to 44 years of age, married 10 to 20 years: 1910. | children borne. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number. | Averaga per married woman tabulated. |
| All classes. | 7,548 | 36,277 | 4.8 |
| Marriages among full-bloods. | 3,658 | 16,469 | 4.5 |
| Husband and wife belonging to same tribe.... | 3,480 | 15,678 | 4.5 |
| Husband and wife belonging to different tribes. | 178 | 791 | 4.4 |
| Mixed marriages. | 3,745 | 19,127 | 5.1 |
| Marriages of full-bloods with mixed-bloods.... | 530 | 2,720 | 5.1 |
| Wife full blood, husband white and In- <br> - dian. | 324 | 1,678 | 5.2 |
| Husband fuil blood, wife white and In- |  |  |  |
| dian....... | 206 | 1,042 | 5.1 |
| Marriages of full-bloods with whites. | 90 | 485 | 5.4 |
| Wife full blood, husband white............ | 90 | 485 | 5.4 |
| Husband full blood, wife white. |  |  |  |
| Marriages among mixed-bloods.............. | 1,385 | 7,322 | 5.3 |
| Wife white and Indian, husband white and Indian |  |  |  |
| Wife Nogro and Indian, hus inand No...... | 1,286 | 6,786 | 5.3 |
| and Indian.......................... | 36 | 188 | 5.2 |
| Wite white, Negro, and Indian, husband |  |  |  |
| white, Negro, and Indian......... | 63 | 348 | 5.5 |
| Marriages of mixed-bloods with whites. | 1,740 | 8,600 | 4.9 |
| Wife white, husband white and Indian. | 777 | 3,731 | 4.8 |
| Husband white, wife white and Indian.. | 963 | 4,869 | 5.1 |
| Polygamous marriages (husband and wives probably full-blood Indians). | 145 | 681 | 4.7 |

These figures likewise indicate that mixed marriages are more fertile, the average number of children resulting from such marriages being 5.1, while the average for the marriages of full-bloods was 4.5. The highest average number of children per marriage shown for any of the subdivided classes was for marriages between full-blood Indians and whites, but for marriages in which both husband and wife represented a mixture
of white, Negro, and Indian blood the average number of children was higher than for any other group.

Polygamous marriages showed a somewhat higher average number of children born than did monogamous marriages between full-bloods, but a lower average than that shown for mixed marriages.

Vitality.-In addition to the number of children borne by every married woman, the census schedule in 1910 called for the number of children living at the time of the enumeration. From the replies to this inquiry a study can be made of the proportion of children surviving. The results of such a study for the Indians are presented in Table 56.

| Table 56 | CHILDREN BORNE. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { number. } \end{aligned}$ | Surviving. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |
| All classes. <br> Marriages among full-bloods. | 36,277 | 27,111 | 74.7 |
|  | 16,469 | 11,476 | 69.7 |
| Husband and wife belonging to same tribe Husband and wife belonging to different tribes. | 15, 678 | 10,970 | 70.0 |
|  | 791 | 506 | 64.0 |
| Mixed marriages............................ | 19,127 | 15,119 | 79.0 |
|  | 2,720 | 1,902 | 69.9 |
| Marriages of full-bloods with mixed-bloods..... Wiie full blood, husband white and Indian. | 1,678 | 1,195 | 71.2 |
| Husband full blood, wile white and Indian. <br> Marriages of full-bloods with whites. | 1,042 | 707 | 67.9 |
|  | 485 | 402 | 82.9 |
| Marriages of full-bloods with whites............. Wife full blood, husband white. | 485 | 402 | 82.9 |
| Husband full blood, wlfe white.............Marriages among mixed-bloods............. |  |  |  |
|  | 7,322 | 5,681 | 77.6 |
| Wife white and Indian, kusband white and Indian. | 6,786 | 5,280 | 77.8 |
| Wife Negro and Indian, husband Negro and Indian | 6,786 | 5,280 | 77.8 |
|  | 188 | 152 | 80.9 |
| Wife white, Negro, and Indian, husband white, Negro, and Indian.. | 348 | 249 | 71.6 |
| Marriages of mixed-bloods with whitesWife white, , musband white and Indian.... | 8,600 | 7,134 | 83.0 |
|  | 3,731 | 3,095 | 83.0 |
| Wife white, husband white and Indian.... Husband white, wife white and Indian... | 4,869 | 4,039 | 83.0 |
| Polygamous marriages (husband and wives probably full-blood Indians) | 681 | 516 | 75.8 |

For all classes of marriages the proportion of surviving children was 74.7 per cent; for pure marriages it was 69.7 per cent, and for mixed marriages 79 per cent. A further analysis of the mixed marriages shows that the percentages of children surviving were highest among children one of whose parents was white. Thus for marriages between full-bloods and whites the proportion of surviving children was 82.9 per cent, and for marriages between mixed-bloods and whites the proportion was 83 per cent, while for marriages among mixed-bloods it was only 77.6 per cent, and for marriages between full-bloods and mixed-bloods only 69.9 per cent, or only slightly higher than for marriages between full-bloods ( 69.7 per cent) , In the case of polygamous marriages a larger percentage of children survive than in full-blood monogamous marriages.

The figures bring out the fact that a larger proportion of the children having one white parent survive than of children both of whose parents are full-blood or mixed-blood Indians, but do not in themselves show whether this is due to conditions in the home or to greater virility of the offspring.

Further evidence bearing on this point may be gathered by comparing the relative vitality of the children of full-blood and mixed-blood parents, according to the size of the family, observing whether the larger families which are characteristic of the mixed-bloods show a greater or less degree of vitality than the smaller families of the full-bloods, and also the relative vitality of families of the same size in the various classes by blood.

In the following table three groups by blood are alone considered, in order to secure sufficiently large numbers to be of some value: (1) both parents of full blood of the same tribe, (2) both parents of mixed blood (white and Indian), (3) one parent mixed blood (white and Indian), the other white. For each of these three groups, and for families of varying size, the percentage of cases occurring where all the children born survive, is shown. Only those cases, moreover, are tabulated where the mother has been married from 10 to 20 years.

## Table 57

nUMbER of Childien borne.


From this it may be seen that for families of from one to eight children, there is in almost every case a greater degree of vitality (as shown by the proportional number of cases where all the children born survive) the greater the amount of white blood represented. The most marked exception is that where but a single child is born, in which case the full-bloods show a larger proportion surviving than the mixedbloods. In this case, however, the number of cases of mixed-bloods is very small, and the result, therefore, can not be considered at all definite. The difference in relative degree of vitality between the fullblood children and those who (with one parent white and the other mixed) are mainly of white blood, is striking, the relative advantage of the latter over the former increasing regularly and steadily up to and including eight children born, when the figure is nearly four times as great as that for the full-bloods. Similar results are to be obtained from a comparlson of the percentage of cases in which no children survive.

The following table indicates for families of varying size, the proportion of cases in which all the children are dead:

| Table 58number of chindren borne. | PER CENT WHICH WOMEN NONE OF WHOSE CHILDREN SURVIVE, FORM OF THE TOTAL NOMBER OF WOMEN BER OF CEILDREN. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Both <br> parents <br> flood <br> blood, <br> tribe. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Both } \\ \text { parents } \\ \text { mixed } \\ \text { blod } \\ \text { (white } \\ \text { (whit } \\ \text { andian). } \end{gathered}$ | One par- entmixed hlood (wite waid Indian), theother white. |
| 1................................... | 11.3 |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | ${ }^{6.6}$ | 3.4 | 1.4 |
|  | 2.0 | 0.6 |  |
|  | 0.7 | 0.4 | ..... |
|  | 1.3 | 0.6 |  |
|  | 0.5 |  |  |
| $10+$ |  |  |  |

It will be seen from this that, with one exception, for families of all sizes from one to eight, the fullbloods show the largest number of cases where no children survive, exceeding the mixed-bloods in this respect in one case nearly four times.

The results of the studies on sterility, on fecundity, and on vitality all point toward one conclusion, and that is that the increase of the mixed-blood Indians is much greater than that of the full-blood Indians, and that unless the -tendencies now at work undergo a decided change the full-bloods are destined to form a decreasing proportion of the total Indian population and ultimately to disappear altogether.
Note.-Conclusions in regard to tribal or stock differences in fecundity and vitality must, of necessity, be extremely tentative, as the numbers available for tabulation are so small. The following results of a tabulation made for a few of the larger tribes or groups are, however, of interest. Only women of full blood with
husbands also of full blood of the same tribe, and mixed-blood women of white and Indian blood, with husbands also of mixed blood, are considered. It has also been necessary, in order to secure numbers of any size, to make no distinction of the number of years married, but to include women married from 1 to 10 years.

| TRIBE OR GROUP. | PER CENT BEARING NO CHILDREN. |  | AVERAGE NUMBEROF CHIDDRENBORNE. |  | PER CENT SURYTYING OF TOTAL CEILDREN BORNE. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Parents full blood, same tribe. | Parents mixed (white and Indian). | Parents full blood, same tribe. | Parents mixed (white and Indian). | Parents full blood, same tribe. | Parents mixed (white and Indian). |
| Cherokee (Okle.).. | 7.3 | 6.4 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 71.8 | 82.0 |
| Chippewa. ......... | 10.3 | 6.7 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 64.2 | 72.7 |
| Siowx (all). . . . . . | 7.6 | 6.9 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 56.4 | 77.6 |
| W. Washington (mainly Salish). | 3.9 | ${ }^{1}$ | 4.8 | (1) | 56.6 | 82.2 |
| Apache. ......... | 7.9 | (1) | 3.7 | (1) | 69.4 | (1) |
| Navajo............. | 9.3 | (1) | 3.5 | (1) | 85.9 | (1) |
| Yuman.. | 17.5 | (1) | 2.2 | (1) | 81.3 | (1) |

.The most striking points brought out by this table are: (1) That the tribes (mainly belonging to the Salishan stock) of western Washington show the smallest proportion of sterility, and the largest average number of children borne, but at the same time the next to the smallest proportion surviving, at least in the case of the fullbloods; (2) that the Yuman tribes of Arizona and southern California show the largest proportion of sterility and the smallest average number of children borne, but at the same time have next to the largest proportion surviving; (3) the general agreement between the
full-bloods of the Sioux and Cherokee (of Oklahoma only) in per centage of sterility and average number of children borne, but their difference in favor of the latter in regard to the proportion of children surviving; and (4) that in the case of the Sioux, the usual increase in the average number of children borne as shown by the mixed-bloods does not occur.
These and other differences apparent on a study of the figures for individual tribes are in many ways suggestive both of economic and possible environmental influences or of actual differences between different stocks. It is, for example, possibly significant that the smallest average number of children borne and the largest proportion of sterility occur in the arid region of the southwest, whereas the largest number of children borne and smallest proportion of sterility are in the moist coastal region of western Washington, the drier but not arid region of the plains (represented by the Sioux and Cherokees) falling between these two extremes. Somewhat similarly, the Southwest shows the largest proportion of children surviving, the region of western Washington the smallest, with the plains averaging somewhere in between. These statements are true only, of course, in a general way, but it is possible that a hot and arid region of rather deficient food supply, mainly of vegetable origin, tends to reduce the number of children borne, although it is favorable to the survival of those children who are born; whereas, an equable, moist area,' of abundant food supply (including much fish, together with game and vegetable products) may tend to a greater fertility on the part of the women, but be at the same time less favorable to the survival of the larger number of children borne. Economic factors are, however, of such weight that much more abundant materials would be needed before definite conclusions could be drawn.

The statistics here given have reference to the marital status of the Indian population at the time when the census was taken, so that a person, for instance, who had been widowed or divorced, but had been remarried, would be reported as married.
All ages.-Table 59 shows, for the United States and for Alaska, the marital condition of the Indian population, by sex, as reported at the census of 1910.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Table 59 \\
MARITAL CONDITION.
\end{tabular}} \& \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{INDIANS OF ALL AgEs: 1910.} \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{United States.} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Alaska.} \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Male.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Female.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Male.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Femaie.} \\
\hline \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Num- } \\
\& \text { ber. }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Per } \\
\& \text { cent } \\
\& \text { dis- } \\
\& \text { tribu- } \\
\& \text { tion. }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Num- } \\
\& \text { ber. }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Per cent dis-tribution. \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Num- } \\
\& \text { ber. }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Per cent dis-tribution. \& \[
\underset{\text { Num. }}{\text { Num. }}
\] \& Per oent dis-tribution. \\
\hline Total. \& 135,133 \& 100.0 \& 130,550 \& 100.0 \& 12,995 \& 100.0 \& 12,336 \& 100.0 \\
\hline Single. \& 82,133 \& 60.8 \& 69, 850 \& 53.5 \& 7,296 \& 56.1 \& 5,557 \& 45.0 \\
\hline Married............. \& 46, 162 \& 34.2 \& 49,134 \& 37.6 \& 5,037 \& 38.8 \& 5,592 \& 45.3 \\
\hline Wivowed............ \& 5,319
\(\mathbf{6 7 9}\) \& 3.9 \& 10,074
959 \& 7.7
0.7 \& 528
57
5 \& 4.1
0.4

0.6 \& 1,078 \& 8.7 <br>
\hline Not reported.......... \& 840 \& 0.6 \& 533 \& 0.4 \& 77 \& 0.6 \& 39 \& 0.3 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Of the Indian males of all ages in the United States in $1910,60.8$ per cent were single, 34.2 per cent married, and 3.9 per cent widowed, while of the Indian females of all ages, 53.5 per cent were single, 37.6 per cent married, and 7.7 per cent widowed. In Alaska, as compared with the United States, the percentage of married among the Indians was somewhat larger, 38.8 per cent for males and 45.3 per cent for females, with a substantially corresponding decrease in the proportion of single.

Fifteen years of age and over.-Only a very small number of Indians under 15 years of age in 1910 were reported as married or widowed- 8 males and 42 females in the United States and 5 females in Alaska-and statistics of marital condition, therefore, are only significant with respect to those 15 years of age and over. Table 60 shows, for the United States and for Alaska, the marital condition of Indians 15 years of age and over, by sex, as reported at the census of 1910, in comparison with similar statistics for 1900.

Of the total Indian males 15 years of age and over in the United States in 1910, as shown by Table 60, 27,391 , or 34.1 per cent, were single, 46,154 , or 57.4 per cent, married, and 5,319 , or 6.6 per cent, widowed. Among the Indian females 15 years of age and over, the single in 1910 numbered 16,324 , or 21.2 per cent; the married 49,095 , or 63.8 per cent; and the widowed 10,071 , or 13.1 per cent. As compared with 1900 the proportions for the males differed only slightly, but for the females the proportion of single and of married was somewhat larger and the proportion of widowed somewhat smaller in 1910.

| Table 60 <br> MARITAL CONDITION. | INDIANS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1910 |  |  |  | 1900 |  |  |  |
|  | Male. |  | Femaie. |  | Maie. |  | Female. |  |
|  | Num- | Per cent dis-tribution. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent dis-tribution. | Number. | Per cent dis-tribution. | Number. | Per cent dis-tribution. |
| United States... | 80,383 | 100.0 | 76,982 | 100.0 | 72,076 | 100.0 | 71,497 | 100.0 |
| Singie. <br> Married $\qquad$ <br> Widowed <br> Divorced $\qquad$ <br> Not reported $\qquad$ <br> Alaska........... | 27, 391 | 34.1 | 16, 324 | 21.2 | 24, 323 | 33.7 | 14,350 | 20.1 |
|  | 46, 154 | 57.4 | 49,095 | 63.8 | 41,067 | 57.0 | 43,906 | 61.4 |
|  | 5,319 | 6.6 | 10,071 | 13.1 | 4,974 | 6.9 | 11,458 | 16.0 |
|  | 679 | 0.8 | ${ }^{959}$ | 1.2 | 418 | 0.6 | 870 | 1.2 |
|  | 840 | 1.0 | 533 | 0.7 | 1,294 | 1.8 | 913 | 1.3 |
|  | 8,094 | 100.0 | 7,700 | 100.0 | 10,192 | 100.0 | 10,072 | 100.0 |
| Single. <br> Married. <br> Widowed. <br> Divorced <br> Not reported. | 2,395 | 29.6 | 926 | 12.0 | 3,479 | 34.1 | 1,965 | 19.5 |
|  | 5,037 | 62.2 | 5,587 | 72.6 | 5,893 | 57.8 | 6, 162 | 61.2 |
|  | 528 | 6.5 | 1,078 | 14.0 | 588 | 5.8 | 1,556 | 15.4 |
|  | 57 | 0.7 | 70 | 0.9 | 42 | 0.4 | 140 | 1.4 |
|  | 77 | 1.0 | 39 | 0.5 | 190 | 1.9 | 249 | 2.5 |

In Alaska in 1910 single males constituted 29.6 per cent of all Indian males 15 years of age and over; the married, 62.2 per cent; and the widowed, 6.5 per cent; but of the Indian females 15 years of age and over the married females constituted 72.6 per cent and the widowed 14 per cent, as against only 12 per cent single. For both males and females the proportion married in 1910 was considerably larger than in 190062.2 as against 57.8 per cent for males and 72.6 as against 61.2 per cent for females.

As compared with whites and Negroes in the United States, Indians marry somewhat earlier in life. This is indicated by the larger proportion of married, widowed, and divorced among Indians, and particularly Indian females, in 1910, as shown by Table 61.

| Table 61 <br> CLASS OF FOFULATION AND marital condition. | MALES 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  | FEMALES 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Per cent distribution. | Number. | Per cent distribution. |
| Indian. | 80,383 | 100.0 | 76,982 | 100.0 |
| Singie. | 27,391 | 34.1 | 16,324 | 21.2 |
| Married. | 46,154 | 57.4 | 49,095 | 63.8 |
| Widowed. | 5, 319 | 6.6 | 10, 071 | 13.1 |
| Divorced. | 679 | 0.8 | 959 | 1.2 |
| Not reported | 840 | 1.0 | 533 | 0.7 |
| Negro | 3, 059,312 | 100.0 | 3, 103, 344 | 100.0 |
| Single. | 1,083,472 | 35.4 | 823,996 | 26.6 |
| Married. | 1,749, 228 | 57.2 | 1, 775, 949 | 57.2 |
| Widowed. | 189,970 | 6.2 | 459, 831 | 14.8 |
| Divorced. | 20, 146 | 0.7 | 33, 286 | 1.1 |
| Not reported. | 16,496 | 0.5 | 10, 282 | 0.3 |
| White | 29, 158, 125 | 100.0 | 26,857,337 | 100.0 |
| Singie. | 11, 360, 282 | 39.0 | 8,091, 249 | 30. 1 |
| Married. | 16, 253, 940 | 65.7 | 15,852, 011 | 59.0 |
| Widowed. | 1,274, 388 | 4.4 | 2,705, 990 | 10.1 |
| Divorced. | 135, 203 | 0.5 | 150, 801 | 0.6 |
| Not reported. | 134, 312 | 0.5 | 57, 286 | 0.2 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |

The marital condition of the Indian population 15 years of age and over in 1910 is shown for the United States, by divisions and states, in Table 65 (p. 164) and for each stock and tribe having at least 200
members in Table 66 (p. 165). A summary of the statistics of marital condition for each principal stock in the United States and in Alaska is given in Table 62.

| Table 62 | indlan males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indlan females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| stocs. | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Divorced. |  | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Divorced. |  | Marital condition . not reported. |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Number. | Pcr cent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | Number. | Per cent. |  |

UNITHD STAATES.

| Algonquian. | 12,849 | 4,598 | 35.8 | 7,160 | 55.7 | 898 | 7.0 | 93 | 0.7 | 100 | 11, 974 | 2,653 | 22.2 | 7,570 | 63.2 | 1,530 | 12.8 | 140 | 1.2 | 81 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athapaskap | 8,295 | 2,393 | 28.9 | 5,270 | 63.6 | 423 | 5.1 | 79 | 1.0 | 120 | 8,446 | 1,297 | 15.4 | 5,692 | 67.4 | 1,165 | 13.8 | 237 | 2.8 | 55 |
| Caddoan. | 564 | 193 | 34.2 | 333 | 59.0 | 32 | 5.7 | 1 | 0.2 | 5 | 566 | 132 | .23.3 | 353 | 62-4 | 76 | 13.4 | 4 | 0.7 | 1 |
| Chimakuan. | 99 | 29 | 29.3 | 67 | 67.7 |  |  | 3 | 3.0 |  | 109 | 9 | 8.3 | 81 | 74.3 | 17 | 15.6 | 2 | 1.8 |  |
| Chinookan. | 289 | 103 | 35.6 | 161 | 55.7 | 24 | 8.3 |  |  | 1 | 275 | 48 | 17.5 | 176 | 64.0 | 50 | 18.2 |  |  | 1 |
| Croatan. | 1,588 | 526 | 33.1 | 1,006 | 63.4 | 48 | 3.0 | 4 | 0.3 | 4 | 1,624 | 467 | 28.8 | 1,010 | 62.2 | 141 | 8.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 5 |
| Iroquoian. | 10,946 | 4,171 | 38.1 | 6,007 | 54.9 | 603 | 5.5 | 69 | 0.6 | 96 | 10,132 | 2,658 | 26.2 | 6,225 | 61.4 | 1,096 | 10.8 | 96 | 0.9 | 57 |
| Karok.. | 229 | 100 | 43.7 | 108 | 47.2 | 20 | 8.7 | 1 | 0.4 |  | 233 | 51 | 21.9 | 141 | 60.5 | 38 | 16.3 | 2 | 0.9 | 1 |
| Keresan | 1,340 | 481 | 35.9 | 718 | 53.6 | 140 | 10.4 | 1 | 0.1 | - | 1,154 | 263 | 22.8 | 733 | 63.5 | 156 | 13.5 | 2 | 0.2 |  |
| Kiowan. | 1,293 | 61 | 20.8 | 225 | 76.8 | 6 | 2.0 |  |  | 1 | 314 | 31 | 9.9 | 251 | 79.9 | 27 | 8.6 | 1 | 0.3 | 4 |
| Kutenaian. | 181 | 45 | 24.9 | 121 | 66.9 | 11 | 6.1 | 4 | 2.2 |  | 154 | 18 | 11.7 | 116 | 75.3 | 20 | 13.0 |  |  |  |
| Lutuamian. | 298 | 115 | 38.6 | 153 | 51.3 | 27 | 9.1 | 3 | 1.0 |  | 332 | 66 | 19.9 | 174 | 52.4 | 88 | 26.5 | 4 | 1.2 |  |
| Maidu.. | 364 | 130 | 35.7 | 179 | 49.2 | 45 | 12.4 | 7 | 1.9 | 3 | 316 | 62 | 19.9 | 195 | 61.7 | 56 | 17.7 | 1 | 0.3 | 2 |
| Miwok. | 220 | 72 | 32.7 | 117 | 53.2 | 24 | 10.9 | 2 | 0.9 | 5 | 236 | 51 | 21.6 | 130 | 55.1 | 50 | 21.2 | 2 | 0.8 | 3 |
| Muskhogean. | 7,745 | 2,587 | 33.4 | 4,582 | 59.2 | 478 | 6.2 | 41 | 0.5 | 57 | 7,606 | 1,761 | 23.2 | 4,721 | 62.1 | 1,013 | 13.3 | 70 | 0.9 | 41 |
| Piman | 2,715 | 843 | 31.0 | 1,622 | 59.7 | 208 | 7.7 | 8 | 0.3 | 34 | 2,440 | 515 | 21.1 | 1,633 | 66.9 | 259 | 10.6 | 6 | 0.2 | 27 |
| Pomo. | 412 | 114 | 27.7 | 1242 | 58.7 | 45 | 10.9 | 8 | 1.9 | 3 | 395 | 71 | 18.0 | 1237 | 60.0 | 72 | 18.2 | 11 | 2.8 | 4 |
| Salishan. | 2,521 | 800 | 31.7 | 1,480 | 58.7 | 186 | 7.4 | 21 | 0.8 | 34 | 2,351 | 387 | 16.5 | 1,545 | 65.7 | 388 | 16.5 | 16 | 0.7 | 15 |
| Shahaptian. | 1,392 | 363 | 26.1 | 861 | 61.9 | 112 | 8.0 | 33 | 2.4 | 23 | 1,594 | 248 | 15.6 | 978 | 61.4 | 318 | 19.9 | 30 | 1.9 | 20 |
| Shastan. | 489 | 151 | 30.9 | 284 | 58.1 | 51 | 10.4 | 3 | 0.6 |  | 537 | 123 | 22.9 | 311 | 57.9 | 92 | 17.1 | 6 | 1.1 | 5 |
| Shoshonean | 5,696 | 1,542 | 27.1 | 3,406 | 59.8 | 541 | 9.5 | 87 | 1.5 | 120 | 5,440 | 806 | 14.8 | 3,598 | 66.1 | 852 | 15.7 | 94 | 1.7 | 90 |
| Siouan. | 10,517 | 3,107 | 29.5 | 6,692 | 63.6 | 546 | 5.2 | 91 | 0.9 | 81 | 10,509 | 2, 062 | 19.6 | 6,976 | 66.4 | 1,315 | 12.5 | 99 | 0.9 | 57 |
| Tanoan. | 1,120 | 347 | 31.0 | 641 | 57.2 | 118 | 10.5 | 7 | 0.6 | 7 | 932 | 172 | 18.5 | 639 | 68.6 | 113 | 12.1 | 5 | 0.5 | 3 |
| Waiilatpuan. | 99 | 23 | 23.2 | 61 | 61.6 | 12 | 12. 1 | 3 | 3.0 |  | 107 | 12 | 11.2 | 52 | 48.6 | 36 | 33.6 | 7 | 6.5 |  |
| Wakashan... | 130 | 28 | 21.5 | 94 | 72.3 | 8 | 6.2 |  |  |  | 117 | 15 | 12.8 | 83 | 70.9 | 19 | 16.2 |  |  |  |
| Washoan | 295 | 77 | 26.1 | 187 | 63.4 | 22 | 7.5 | 3 | 1.0 | 6 | 292 | 43 | 14.7 | 208 | 71.2 | 30 | 10.3 | 8 | 2.7 | 3 |
| Wintun. | 261 | 86 | 33.0 | 130 | 49.8 | 43 | 16.5 | 2 | 0.8 |  | 217 | 34 | 15.7 | 157 | 72.4 | 24 | 11.1 | 2 | 0.9 |  |
| Yokuts. | 192 | 65 | 33.9 | 107 | 55.7 | 20 | 10.4 |  |  |  | 164 | 31 | 18.9 | 108 | 65.9 | 24 | 14.6 | 1 | 0.6 |  |
| Yuman. | 1, 561 | 455 | 29.1 | 875 | 56.1 | 100 | 10.2 | 16 | 1.0 | 55 | 1,272 | 205 | 16.1 | 850 | 66.8 | 185 | 14.5 | 17 | 1.3 | 15 |
| Yurok. | 213 | 68 | 31.9 | 115 | 54.0 | 30 | 14.1 |  |  |  | 221 | 35 | 15.6 | 137 | 61.2 | 51 | 22.8 | 1 | 0.4 |  |
| Zunian. | 563 | 144 | 25.6 | 345 | 61.3 | 57 | 10.1 | 17 | 3.0 |  | 504 | 61 | 12.1 | 349 | 69.2 | 63 | 12.5 | 31 | 6.2 |  |
| ALASKA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Athapaskan. | 1,308 | 377 | 28.8 | 800 | 61.2 | 98 | 7.1 | 7 | 0.5 | 31 | 1,203 | 146 | 12.1 | 841 | 69.9 | 180 | 15.0 | 15 | 1.2 | 21 |
| Fiskimauan. | 4,522 | 1,315 | 29.1 | 2,862 | 63.3 | 289 | 6.4 | 21 | 0.5 | 35 | 4,295 | 502 | 11.7 | 3,114 | 72.5 | 631 | 14.7 | 35 | 0.8 | 13 |
| Haidan. | 169 | 66 | 39.1 | 89 | 52.7 | 10 | 5.9 | 3 | 1.8 | 1 | 150 | 29 | $19.3-$ | 104 | 69.3 | 17 | 11.3 |  |  |  |
| Tlingit. | 1,428 | 327 | 22.9 | 970 | 67.9 | 103 | 7.2 | 19 | 1.3 | 9 | 1,413 | 132 | 9.3 | 1,085 | 76.8 | 177 | 12.5 | 15 | 1.1 | 4 |
| Tsimshian... | 244 | 96 | 39.3 | 131 | 53.7 | 13 | 5.3 | 4 | 1.6 |  | 196 | 41 | 20.9 | 134 | 68.4 | 21 | 10.7 |  |  |  |

Polygamy among Indians.-The practice of polygamy is believed to be quite common among the American Indians. The census enumeration of 1910 showed 494 cases in the United States, and of these, 37 were reported as having more than 2 wives. Of the 494 polygamous males reported in 1910, 327 were Navajo-196 in Arizona, 120 in New Mexico, and 11 in Utah. The numbers reported for other principal tribes were: Teton Sioux, 35; Apache, 22; Paviotso, 13; Piegan, 13; Cheyenne, 9; Kiowa, 9; Shoshone, 9;
and Ute, 8. There were 80 polygamous males reported under 35 years of age, and of this number, 73 were Nav-ajo-49 in Arizona, 23 in New Mexico, and 1 in Utah.

In Alaska there were 19 cases of polygamy reported in 1910, but only 1 case with more than 2 wives. With one exception the polygamous males were over 35 years of age.

Age periods.-The marital condition of the Indian population according to age periods is shown, for the United States and for Alaska, in Table 63.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Trable 63} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Indian males: 1910.} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{indian females: 1910.} <br>
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total,} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Single.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Married.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Widowed.} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Single.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Married.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Widowed.} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} <br>
\hline AGE PERIOD. \& \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Num- } \\
& \text { ber. }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Per } \\
& \text { cent. }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Num- } \\
& \text { ber. }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& Per cent. \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Num- } \\
& \text { ber. }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& Per cent. \& \& \& \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Num- } \\
& \text { ber. }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& Per cent. \& Number. \& Per cent. \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Num- } \\
& \text { ber. }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& Per \& \& <br>
\hline United States. \& 135,133 \& 82,133 \& 60.8 \& 46,162 \& 34.2 \& 5,319 \& 3.9 \& 679 \& 840 \& 130,550 \& 69,850 \& 53.5 \& 49,134 \& 37.6 \& 10,074 \& 7.7 \& 959 \& 533 <br>
\hline Under 15 years.. \& 54,750 \& 54,742 \& 100.0 \& ${ }^{8}$ \& (1) \& \& \& \& \& 53,568 \& 53, 526 \& 99.9 \& 39 \& 0.1 \& 3 \& (1) \& \& <br>
\hline 15 years and over. \& 80,383 \& 27,391 \& 34.1 \& 46, 154 \& 57.4 \& 6,319 \& 6.6 \& 679 \& 840 \& 76,982 \& 16, 324 \& 21.2 \& 49,095 \& 63.8 \& 10,071 \& 13.1 \& 959 \& ${ }^{533}$ <br>
\hline 15 to 19 years. \& 14,612 \& 13,922 \& 95.3 \& 413 \& 2.8 \& 13 \& 0.1 \& 12 \& 252 \& 13,874 \& 10,789 \& 77.8 \& 2,723 \& 19.6 \& 99 \& 0.7 \& ${ }^{65}$ \& 198 <br>
\hline 25 to 29 years. \& 11,205
9,237 \& 2,712 \& 63.6
29.4 \& 6,102 \& 68.1 \& 269 \& 1.3
2.9 \& ${ }_{96}$ \& 158 \& $\begin{array}{r}10,79 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 3,229
1,008 \& 30.5
11.3 \& - 7 , 351 \& 64.5
82.6 \& 365
365 \& 2.9 \& 147 \& 60
89 <br>
\hline 30 to 34 yeers. \& 7,756 \& 1,258 \& 16.2 \& 6, 032 \& 77.8 \& 336 \& 4.3 \& 100 \& 30 \& 7,487 \& 422 \& 5.6 \& 6,477 \& 86.5 \& 443 \& 5.9 \& 127 \& 18 <br>
\hline 35 to 44 years. \& 13,847 \& 1,210 \& 8.7 \& 11, 572 \& 83.6 \& 832 \& 6.0 \& 184 \& 49 \& 12,948 \& 358 \& 2.8 \& 11,286 \& 87.2 \& 1,094 \& 8.4 \& 187 \& ${ }^{23}$ <br>
\hline 45 to 54 years. \& 10,017 \& 540 \& 5.4 \& 8,370 \& 83.6 \& 953 \& 9.5 \& 112 \& 42 \& 9,213 \& 184 \& 2.0 \& 7,346 \& 79.7 \& 1,540 \& 16.7 \& 118 \& 25 <br>
\hline 55 to 64 years. \& 7,038 \& 291 \& 4.1 \& 5,580 \& 79.3 \& 1,076 \& 15.3 \& 61 \& 30 \& 6,657 \& 125 \& 1.9 \& 4,303 \& 64.6 \& 2,113 \& 31.7 \& 88 \& 28 <br>
\hline 65 years and over \& 6,130 \& 207 \& 3.4 \& 4,149 \& 67.7 \& 1,673 \& 27.3 \& 53 \& 48 \& 6,856 \& 146 \& 2.1 \& 2,558 \& 37.3 \& 4,038 \& 58.9 \& 64 \& 50 <br>
\hline Age unknown.. \& 481 \& 91 \& 18.9 \& 182 \& 37.8 \& 26 \& 5.4 \& 1 \& 181 \& 468 \& 63 \& 13.5 \& 224 \& 47.9 \& 74 \& 15.8 \& 6 \& 102 <br>
\hline Alaska. \& 12,995 \& 7,296 \& 56.1 \& 5,037 \& 38.8 \& 528 \& 4.1 \& 57 \& 77 \& 12,336 \& 5,557 \& 46.0 \& 5,592 \& 45.3 \& 1,078 \& 8.7 \& 70 \& 39 <br>
\hline Under 15 years. \& 4,901 \& 4,901 \& 100.0 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 4,636 \& 4,631 \& 99.9 \& 5 \& 0.1 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 15 years and over \& 8,094 \& 2,395 \& 29.6 \& 5,037 \& 62.2 \& 528 \& 6.5 \& 67 \& 77 \& 7,700 \& 926 \& 12.0 \& 5,587 \& 72.6 \& 1,078 \& 14.0 \& 70 \& 39 <br>
\hline 15 to 19 years. \& 1,285 \& 1,192 \& 92.8 \& \& 3.8 \& 1 \& 0.1 \& 2 \& 41 \& 1,212 \& 670 \& 55.3 \& 507 \& 41.8 \& 15 \& 1.2 \& 5 \& 15 <br>
\hline 20 to 24 years. \& \& \& 60.4

25.2 \& 420 \& 36.9 \& 10 \& 0.9
2.9 \& ${ }_{12}^{4}$ \& 17 \& 1,187
1,014 \& 137
46 \& 11.5
4.5 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,003 \\ \hline 907\end{array}$ \& 84.5
89.4 \& 36
45 \& 3.0
4.4 \& 7 \& 4 <br>
\hline 25 to 29 years. \& 1,090 \& 275 \& 25.2
11.2 \& 765 \& 70.2
81.7 \& 32
54 \& 2.9 \& 12
8
8 \& 6 \& 1,014
946 \& 46
23 \& 4.5
2.4 \& 9848 \& 89.4
89.4 \& 45
65 \& 4.4
6.9 \& 15 \& 1 <br>
\hline 35 to 44 years \& 1,614 \& 79 \& 4.9 \& 1,411 \& 87.4 \& 108 \& 6.7 \& 15 \& 1 \& 1,467 \& 22 \& 1.5 \& 1,254 \& 85.5 \& 167 \& 11.4 \& 22 \& 2 <br>
\hline 45 to 54 years \& 1,040 \& 22 \& 2.1 \& 898 \& 86.3 \& 109 \& 10.5 \& 7 \& 4 \& ${ }^{896}$ \& 6 \& 0.7 \& -644 \& 71.9 \& 234 \& 26.1 \& 7 \& 5 <br>
\hline 55 to 64 years \& 543 \& 8 \& 1.5 \& 428 \& 78.8 \& 104 \& 19.2 \& 3 \& \& 552 \& 4 \& 0.7 \& 275 \& 49.8 \& 268 \& 48.6 \& 3 \& 2 <br>
\hline 65 years and over \& 377 \& 21 \& 1.9 \& 259 \& 68.7 \& 104 \& 27.6 \& 6 \& 1 \& 340 \& 2 \& 0.6 \& 99 \& 29.1 \& 239 \& 70.3 \& \& <br>
\hline Age unknown... \& 78 \& 21 \& 26.9 \& 48 \& 61.5 \& 6 \& 7.7 \& \& 3 \& 86 \& 16 \& 18.6 \& 52 \& 60.5 \& 9 \& 10.5 \& \& 9 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{1}$ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

The per cent distribution of Indians in each age group according to marital condition is compared with a similar distribution for whites and Negroes in the United States in 1910 in Table 64.

| Table 64 <br> age period and class of pOPULATION. | indian males: 1910. |  |  |  | indian females: 1910. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | $\underset{\text { vorced. }}{\text { Di- }}$ | Single. | Mar- | Widowed. | $\begin{gathered} \text { D1- } \\ \text { vorced. } \end{gathered}$ |
| 15 to 19 years: 96.3 2.8 0.1 0.1 77.8 19.6 0.7 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro....... | 96.9 | 2.2 | 0.1 | (1) | 81.2 | 17.0 | 0.9 | 0.2 |
| White...... | 98.4 | 1.0 | (1) | (1) | 88.8 | 10.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 20 to 24 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro... | 59.7 | 37.8 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 34.9 | 59.0 | 4.7 | 1.1 |
| White... | 76.7 | 22.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 50.3 | 48.4 | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| 25 to 29 yeers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.7 |
| Negro...... | 29.7 | 65.8 | 3.2 | 0.8 | 17.1 | 73.2 | 7.9 | 1.5 |
| White...... | 44.1 | 54.5 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 26.0 | 71.5 | 1.7 | 0.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro...... | 19.2 | 75.1 | 4.5 | 0.9 | 11.0 | 76.3 | 11.0 | 1.6 |
| White.... | 26.5 | 71.2 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 16.8 | 79.3 | 3.1 | 0.8 |
| 35 to 44 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.4 |
| Negro....... | 12.2 | 80.0 | 6.6 | 1.0 | 7.1 | 74.4 | 16.9 | 1.5 |
| White...... | 17.0 | 79.3 | 2.9 | 0.7 | 11.9 | 80.7 | 6.5 | 0.8 |
| 45 to 54 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro...... | 6.8 | 81.4 | 10.6 | 0.9 | 4.7 | 66.4 | 27.7 | 1.1 |
| White...... | 11.4 | 81.7 | 6.0 | 0.8 | 8.9 | 75.6 | 14.6 | 0.8 |
| 55 to 64 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Negro....... | 5.0 | 78.1 | 15.9 | 0.8 | 3.9 | 52.8 | 42.4 | 0.7 |
| White..... | 8.5 | 79.2 | 11.3 | 0.8 | 7.3 | 62.9 | 29.0 | 0.6 |
| 65 years and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian..... | 3.4 | 67.7 | 27.3 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 37.3 | 58.9 | 0.9 |
| Negro...... | 4.1 | 67.3 | 27.5 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 29.9 | 65.6 57.5 | 0.4 |
|  |  | 65.5 | 27.1 | 0.7 | 6.5 | 35.4 | 57.5 | 0.3 |
| Ago Indian.... | 18.9 | 37.8 | 5.4 | 0.2 | 13.5 | 47.9 | 15.8 | 1.1 |
| Negro...... | 23.3 | 50.5 | 7.5 | 0.7 | 18.4 30.0 | 44.7 36.3 | 26.0 13.2 | $\mathbf{0 . 7}$ |
| White..... | 26.5 | 19.6 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 30.0 | 36.3 | 13.2 | 0.7 |

${ }^{1}$ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
The age of marriage is determined largely by economic and social conditions and standards. The Indian on the reservation is frequently as assured of a livelihood between 15 and 19 years of age as he is later in life. It is not strange, therefore, that the proportion of married, widowed, and divorced among Indians

15 to 19 years of age should be larger than that for either the whites or Negroes; as compared with the whites, it was fully three times as large ( 3 as against 1 per cent) for males and nearly twice as large (20.8 as against 10.7 per cent) for females. For each of the older age periods, almost without exception, the proportion of married, widowed, and divorced among the Indians of each sex was larger than that for whites or Negroes, the only exception being for males 20 to 24 years of age, where the proportion for Negroes was considerably larger; for males 25 to 29 years and 65 years of age and over, respectively, the proportions for Negroes were very nearly as large.

The marital condition of Indians 15 years of age and over, according to age periods, is also shown in three general tables, as follows:
Table 67 (p. 168) shows, by sex and age periods, the marital condition of the Indian population 15 years of age and over in 1910 in each of 22 selected states. The smallest proportions of single for each sex are found in Wyoming, Utab, Idaho, and Nevada, in the order named. The very large proportion of single in Kansas is due to the fact that the students of Haskell Institute are included in the totals for that state.
Table 68 ( p .171 ) shows, by sex and age periods, the marital condition of Indians 15 years of age and over in 1910 for each stock in the United States and Alaska having at least 200 members.
Table 69 (p. 175) shows, by sex and age periods, the marital condition of Indians 15 years of age and over in 1910 for each tribe in the United States having at least 350 members. The state or states in which the tribe is principally situated is also indicated in Table 69 , either by giving, in parentheses, the name of the state or by giving the statistics for the state or states in which by far the larger majority of the members are situated.

MARITAL CCNDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, BY DIVISIONS AND STATES: 1910.

| Table 650 | indian males 15 years of hof and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | $\underset{\text { vorced. }}{\text { D1- }}$ | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Wid- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Di- } \\ \text { vorced. } \end{gathered}$ | MarItal conditlon not reported. |
| United States...................... | 80,383 | 27,391 | 46, 154 | 5,319 | 679 | 840 | 76,982 | 16,324 | 49,095 | 10,071 | 959 | 533 |
| Qeooraphic mivistons: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Middle Atlantic... | 2,984 | 1,527 | 1,211 | 196 | 19 | 31 | 2,395 | 913 | 1,173 | 265 | 29 | 15 |
| East North Central. | 6,004 | 2,277 | 3,131 | 502 | 67 | 27 | 5,317 | 1,270 | 3,282 | 687 | 68 | 10 |
| West North Central. | 13,116 | 4,449 | 7,680 | 748 | 112 | 127 | 12,686 | 2,786 | 8,113 | 1,551 | 145 | 91 |
| South Atlantic. | 2,588 | -898 | 1,575 | 102 | 9 | 4 | 2,501 | ${ }^{7} 71$ | 1,545 | ${ }^{2} 238$ | 5 | 7 |
| East South Central | 747 | 7244 | ${ }^{11} 440$ | 54 | $4{ }^{4}$ | 5 | -673 | 141 | ${ }_{12} 45$ | ${ }^{69}$ | 5 | ${ }^{3}$ |
| West South Central | 20,340 23 | 7,122 | 11,846 | 1,084 | 104 | 184 | 20,169 | 4,661 | 12,818 | 2,407 | 169 | 114 |
| Mountain... | 23,203 10,652 | 6,717 3,875 | 14,306 5,567 | 1,601 $\mathbf{9 7 2}$ | 128 | 352 110 | 22,174 10,375 | 3,574 $\mathbf{3 , 5 8 0}$ | 15,032 6,306 | 2,953 1,782 | 404 | 1211 82 |
| New England: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maine....... | 341 | 116 | 190 | 32 | 3 |  | 295 | 74 | 181 | 37 | 3 | ....... |
| New Hampshire. | 11 | 2 | 9 6 | 1 | 1 |  | 12 | 4 | 7 | i. | 1 | .......... |
| Massachusetts. | 248 | 114 | 117 | 14 | 3 |  | 219 | 61 | 112 | 42 | 4 |  |
| Rhode Island. | 87 | 28 | 52 | 6 | 1 |  | 101 | 40 | 38 | 22 | 1 |  |
| Connecticut... | 53 | 21 | 24 | 7 | 1 |  | 57 | 13 | 27 | 17 |  |  |
| Mlodle Athantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York.... | 2,070 | 715 | 1,119 | 187 | 18 | 31 | 1,862 | 480 | 1,106 | 253 | 28 | 15 |
| New Jersey.. | 98 | 47 | 48 | 3 |  |  | 41 | 17 | 21 | 3 |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 816 | 765 | 44 | 6 | 1 |  | 492 | 436 | 46 | 9 | 1 |  |
| East Noeth Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio................ | 52 | 26 | 19 | 7 |  |  | 39 | 14 | 20 | 5 |  |  |
| Indians. | 97 | 65 | 29 | 11 | 2 |  | 80 | 26 | 43 | 10 | 1 |  |
| Tlinois... | 79 | 34 | 37 | 6 | 2 |  | 73 | 27 | 32 | 13 | 1 |  |
| Michigan.. | 2,603 | 1,040 | 1,295 | 240 | 16 | 12 | 2,272 | 540 | 1,387 | 318 | 20 | 7 |
| Wisconsin. | 3,173 | 1,122 | 1,751 | 238 | 47 | 15 | 2,853 | 683 | 1,800 | 341 | 46 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Towa..... | 244 | 155 | 179 | 9 |  | 1 | ,98 | 21 | 1,64 | 13 | 60 | 43 |
| Missouri. .-.... | 94 | 35 | 50 | 8 | 1 |  | 102 | 32 | 49 | 21 |  |  |
| North Dakota. | 1,967 | 652 | 1,202 | 90 | 5 | 18 | 1,854 | 419 | 1,225 | 191 | 10 | 9 |
| Soutb Dakota | 6,105 | 1,791 | 3,866 | 327 | 61 | 60 | 6,222 | 1,253 | 4,101 | 766 | 65 | 37 |
| Nebraska.. | 1,106 | 367 | ${ }^{667}$ | 66 | 4 | 2 | 1,068 | 235 | 698 | 127 | 5 | 1 |
| Kansas. | 939 | 528 | 323 | 71 | 13 | 4 | 655 | 299 | 307 | 43 | 5 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland | 15 | 5 | 7 | 2 | i |  | 26 | 18 | 6 | 2 |  |  |
| District oi Columbia. | 28 | 15 | 10 | 2 | 1 |  | 23 | 7 | 13 | 3 |  |  |
| Virginia. ....... | 181 | 89 | 82 | 10 |  |  | 149 | 44 |  | 23 | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 1 |
| West Virginia... | 12 | 5 | 6 |  | 1 |  | 9 | 6 | 2 | 1 |  |  |
| North Carolina. . | 2,204 | 734 | 1,384 | 76 | 6 | 4 | 2,160 | 598 | 1,362 |  | 2 | 5 |
| South Carolina. | 91 | 27 | 57 | 7 |  |  | 88 | 18 | 53 | 13 | 1 | 1 |
| Georgia..... | 26 29 | 11 10 | 13 16 | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |  |  | 28 19 | 10 5 | 16 13 | 2 1 |  |  |
| East South Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky........... | 66 | 19 | 41 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 55 | 12 | 38 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Tennessee.. | 61 | 26 | 30 | 5 |  |  | 67 | 17 | 42 | 8 |  |  |
| Alabama. | 234 | 81 | 145 | 8 |  |  | 237 | 59 | 156 | 21 | 1 |  |
| Mississippi. | 386 | 118 | 224 | 38 | 3 | 3 | 314 | 53 | 219 | 37 | 3 | 2 |
| West Sodth Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas......... | 114 | 38 | 70 | 4 | 2 |  | 157 | 40 | 89 | 20 | 7 | 1 |
| Loulahiana......... | 19,753 | 81 6,887 |  |  |  | 1 | 197 | 64 | 114 | 18 |  | 1 |
| Texas..... | 19,763 | ${ }^{6,887} 116$ | 11, ${ }_{123}$ | 1,043 17 | 100 2 | 181 | 19,615 200 | 4, ${ }_{44}$ | 12,495 | 2,337 | 159 | 111 |
| Mountans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montana. | 3,354 | 996 | 2,167 | 151 | 22 | 18 | 3,390 | 532 | 2,362 | 451 | 31 | 14 |
| Idaho.... | 1,206 | 293 | 775 | 80 | 29 | 29 | 1,216 | 148 | -834 | 194 | 25 | 16 |
| W yoming. | 489 | 112 | 295 | 46 | 3 | 33 | 1,440 | 40 | 293 | 77 |  | 30 |
| Colorado..... | 491 6,018 | 1219 1,864 | 231 3,642 | 33 455 45 | 5 5 | 3 | -368 | 73 | 248 | 46 | 1 |  |
| Arizona..... | 6,018 8,752 | 2, ${ }^{1,864}$ | 3,642 $\mathbf{5}, 389$ | 455 590 | 50 98 | 7 179 | 5,761 8,245 8,917 | 1,021 1,411 | 3,810 | 788 | 134 | 8 |
| Utah. | 1,065 | ${ }^{2} 248$ | 6,675 | 111 | 14 | 179 | 8,245 917 | 1,411 | $\begin{array}{r}5,670 \\ \hline 683\end{array}$ | 1,001 | 188 13 | 75 11 |
| Nevada. | 1,828 | 489 | 1,132 | 135 | 6 | 66 | 1,837 | 264 | 1,232 | 271 | 12 | 58 |
| PACHIC: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington. | 3,471 | 1,129 | 1,986 | 268 | 37 | 53 | 3,475 | 545 | 2,265 | 606 | 29 |  |
| Oregon..... | 1,627 | , 683 | , 787 | 126 | 26 | 5 | 1,630 | 344 | , 922 | 331 | 29 | 4 |
| California.. | 5,554 | 2,063 | 2,794 | 580 | 65 | 62 | 5,270 | 1,191 | 3,119 | 845 | 67 | 48 |

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, BY PRINCIPAL STOCKS AND TRIBES: 1910.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base Is less than 50.]


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, BY PRINCIPAL STOCKS AND TRIBES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 66-Contd. <br> stoce and tribe. | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indun females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. |  | Marrled. |  | Widowed. |  | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |
|  |  | Num | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Numar. } \\ & \text { bur. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | Num- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | Num- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Lutuamian stock... <br> Klamath <br> Modoc. | 298 | 115 | 38.6 | 153 | 51.3 | 27 | 9.1 | 3 |  | 332 | 66 | 19.9 | 174 | 52. 4 | 88 | 26.5 | 4 |  |
|  | 213 85 | 86 29 | 40.4 34.1 | 108 45 | $\begin{aligned} & 50.7 \\ & 52.9 \end{aligned}$ | 17 10 | $\begin{array}{r} 8.0 \\ 11.8 \end{array}$ | 2 |  | 240 92 | 16 | 20.8 17.4 | 130 44 | 54.2 47.8 | 60 28 | 25.0 30.4 | 4 |  |
| Maldo stock <br> Maidu | 364 | 130 | 35.7 | 179 | 49.2 | 45 | 12.4 | 7 | 3 | 316 | 62 | 19.6 | 195 | 61.7 | 56 | 17.7 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 364 | 130 | 35.7 | 179 | 49.2 | 45 | 12.4 | 7 | 3 | 316 | 62 | 19.6 | 195 | 61.7 | 56 | 17.7 | 1 | 2 |
| Mwor stock <br> Miwok | 220 | 72 | 32.7 | 117 | 53.2 | 24 | 10.9 | 2 | 5 | 236 | 51 | 21.6 | 130 | 55.1 | 50 | 21.2 | 2 | 3 |
|  | 208 | 67 | 32.2 | 112 | 53.8 | 22 | 10.6 | 2 | 5 | 229 | 47 | 20.5 | 127 | 55.5 | 50 | 21.8 | 2 | 3 |
| Muskhogean stock.. | 7,745 | 2,587 | 33.4 | 4,582 | 59.2 | 478 | 6.2 | 41 | 57 | 7,606 | 1,761 | 23.2 | 4,721 | 62.1 | 1,013 | 13.3 | 70 | 41 |
| Alibamu <br> Chickasaw. | 93 | 39 | 41.9 | 46 | 49.5 | 8 | 8.6 |  |  | 85 | 26 | 30.6 | 46 | 54.1 | 13 | 15.3 |  |  |
|  | 955 | 347 | 36.3 | 545 | 57.1 | 48 | 6. 0 | ${ }^{6}$ | 9 | 1,012 | 262 | 25.9 | 607 | 60.0 | 128 | 12.6 | 7 | 8 |
| Choctaw <br> Creek. <br> Seminole $\qquad$ | 4,179 | 1,386 629 | 33.2 32.1 | 2,468 | 59.1 60.9 | 265 119 | 6.3 6.1 | 19 10 | 36 8 | 3,995 1,994 | ${ }_{4}^{912}$ | 22.8 | 2,511 | 62.9 61.6 | 504 299 | 12.6 15.0 | 40 17 | 28 4 |
|  | 1,535 | 175 | 32.7 | ${ }^{1} 313$ | 58.5 | 37 | 6. 9 | 6 | 4 | 1,494 | 109 | 22.1 | - 310 | 62.8 68 | 68 | 13.8 | 6 | $\stackrel{4}{1}$ |
| Ptman stock. | 2,715 | 843 | 31.0 | 1,622 | 59.7 | 208 | 7.7 | 8 | 34 | 2,440 | 515 | 21.1 | 1,633 | 66.9 | 259 | 10.6 | 6 | 27 |
| Papago. <br> Pima. <br> Yaqui | 1,143 | 351 | 30.7 | ${ }_{6}^{694}$ | 60.7 | 62 | 5.4 | 2 | 34 | 1,087 | 255 | 23.5 | 720 | 66. 2 | 83 | 7.6 | 2 | 27 |
|  | 1,369 189 | 413 71 | 30.2 37.6 | ${ }_{111} 12$ | 59.3 58.7 | 138 7 | 10.1 3.7 | 6 |  | 1,212 | 238 19 | 19.6 14.7 | 802 103 | 66.2 79.8 | 168 7 | 13.9 5.4 | 4 |  |
| Ромо stock <br> Pomo $\qquad$ | 412 | 114 | 27.7 | 242 | 58.7 | 45 | 10.9 | 8 | 3 | 395 | 71 | 18.0 | 237 | 60.0 | 72 | 18.2 | 11 | 4 |
|  | 268 | 73 | 27.1 | 162 | 60.2 | 23 | 8.6 | 8 | 3 | 260 | 46 | 17.7 | 154 | 59.2 | 48 | 18.5 | 10 | 2 |
| Salishan stock..... | 2,521 | 800 | 31.7 | 1,480 | 58.7 | 186 | 7.4 | 21 | 34 | 2,351 | 387 | 16.5 | 1,545 | 65.7 | 388 | 16.5 | 16 | 15 |
| Chehalis. Clallam | 93 | 30 | 32.3 | 57 | 61.3 |  | 6.5 |  |  | 69 | 13 | 18.8 | 45 | 65.2 | 8 | 11.6 | 3 |  |
|  | 121 | 42 | 34.7 | 74 | 61.2 | 3 | 2.5 | 2 |  | 102 | 15 | 14.7 | 76 | 74.5 | 8 | 7.8 | 2 | 1 |
| Coeur d'Alene.................. | 102 | 29 | ${ }_{28}^{28.4}$ | 70 | 68.6 | 2 | 2.0 | 1 |  | 85 | 11 | 12.9 | 64 | 75.3 | 10 | 11.8 |  |  |
| Columbia................................ | 137 <br> 262 | 34 105 | 24.8 40.1 | 8184 | 59.1 47.3 | ${ }_{23}^{11}$ | 8.0 8.8 | 8 | 11 | 118 | 45 | 12.7 20.3 | 73 149 | 61.9 62.9 | 25 | $\xrightarrow{21.2}$ | 1 | 1 |
|  | 144 | 54 | 37.5 | 81 | 56.3 | 8 | 5. 6 | 1 | 2 | 134 | 24 | 17.9 | 140 | 67.2 | 19 | 14.2 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 191 | 58 | 30.4 | 119 | 62.3 | 12 | 6. 3 | 2 |  | 189 | 24 | 12.7 | 127 | 67.2 | 37 | 19.6 | 1 |  |
| Lummi........................... | 87 | 26 | 29.9 | 47 | 54.0 |  | 10.3 |  | 5 | 70 | 15 | 21.4 | 50 | 71.4 | 4 | 5.7 |  | 1 |
| Okinagan...................... | 84 | 26 | 31.0 | 50 | 59.5 | 4 | 4.8 | 2 | 2 | 92 | 16 | 17.4 | 57 | 62.0 | 19 | 20.7 |  |  |
|  | 101 | 43 | 42.6 | 49 | 48.5 | 8 | 7.9 | 1 |  | 87 | 30 | 30.9 | 48 | 49.5 | 18 | 18.6 | 1 |  |
| Quinaielt....................... | 78 | 32 | 23.9 | 62 39 | 67.4 50.0 | 7 | 7.6 9.0 | 1 | 2 | 86 87 | 16 | 10.5 | 65 | 75.6 | 12 | 14.0 |  |  |
| Sanpoil...................... | 212 | 66 | 31.1 | 122 | 57.5 | 17 | 8.0 | 1 | 6 | 190 | 29 | 15.3 | 131 | 68.9 | 24 | 12.6 |  | 8 |
|  | 207 | 52 | 25.1 | 133 | 64.3 | 21 | 10.1 |  | 1 | 228 | 45 | 19.7 | 146 | 64.0 | 35 | 15.4 | 1 | 1 |
|  | +10 | 32 | 33.7 26.4 | 58 | 61.1 | 4 | 4.2 | 1 |  | 83 | 15 | 18.1 | 54 | 65. 1 | 12 | 14.5 | 2 |  |
|  | 110 | 29 | 26.4 | 74 | 67.3 | 5 | 4.5 |  | 2 | 102 | 12 | 11.8 | 69 | 67.6 | 21 | 20.6 |  |  |
| Shabaptian stock... | 1,392 | 363 | 26.1 | 861 | 61.9 | 112 | 8.0 | 33 | 23 | 1,594 | 248 | 15.6 | 978 | 61.4 | 318 | 19.9 | 30 | 20 |
| Klikitat. | 131 | 35 | 26.7 | 84 | 64.1 |  | 3.8 | 6 | 1 | 162 | 31 | 19.1 | 96 | 59.3 | 29 | 17.9 | 2 | 4 |
| Nez Perces | 425 | 107 | 25.2 | 261 | 61.4 | 33 | 7.8 | 15 | 9 | 447 | 62 | 13.9 | 279 | 62.4 | 88 | 19.7 | 10 | 8 |
| Umatilla ${ }^{\text {Wallawalla......................... }}$ | 89 | 18 | 20.2 | 57 | 64.0 | 11 | 12.4 | 2 | 1 | 114 | 13 | 11.4 | 55 | 48.2 | 38 | 33.3 | 6 | 2 |
|  | 119 | 45 27 | 37.8 16.4 | 65 123 | 54.6 <br> 74.5 | ${ }_{1}^{8}$ | 6.7 8.5 | 1 |  | 116 | 24 | 20.7 | 131 | 64.7 | 13 | 11.2 | 4 |  |
| Wallawalla. <br> Warm Springs <br> Yakima | 165 411 | 127 | 16.4 29.2 | ${ }_{236}^{123}$ | 74.5 57.4 | 14 39 | 8.5 9.5 | 8 | 1 | 193 501 | 82 | 11.4 | 131 308 | 67.9 <br> 61.5 | 40 | 20.7 18.6 | 8 | 5 |
| SHASTAN Stock...... | 489 | 151 | 30.9 | 284 | 58.1 | 51 | 10.4 | 3 |  | 537 | 123 | 22.9 | 311 | 57.9 | 92 | 17.1 | 6 | 5 |
| Hat Creek.................... | 86 | 18 | 20.9 | 58 | 67.4 | 10 | 11.6 |  |  | 85 | 9 | 10.6 | 62 | 72.9 | 13 | 15.3 | 1 |  |
|  | 305 98 | 78 | ${ }_{56}^{25.1}$ | 187 39 | 61.3 3.8 | 38 3 | 12.5 | 2 |  | 337 | 75 | 22.3 | 206 | 61.1 | 47 | 13.9 | 4 | 5 |
| Pit River........................................... | 98 | 55 | 56.1 | 39 | 39.8 | 3 | 3.1 | 1 |  | 115 | 39 | 33.9 | 43 | 37.4 | 32 | 27.8 | 1 |  |
| SHOSHONEAN STOCK.. | 5,696 | 1,542 | 27.1 | 3,406 | 59.8 | 541 | 9.5 | 87 | 120 | 5,440 | 806 | 14.8 | 3,598 | 66.1 | 852 | 15.7 | 94 | 90 |
| Bannock. | 160 | 54 | 33.8 | 91 | 56.9 | 13 | 8.1 | 2 |  | 148 | 22 | 14.9 | 99 | 66.9 | 25 | 16.9 | 2 |  |
| Chemehuevi | 122 | 28 | 23.0 | 79 | 64.8 | 15 | 12.3 |  |  | 112 | 8 | 7.1 | 76 | 67.9 | 26 | 23.2 | 1 | i |
| Comanche | 359 | 84 | 23.4 | 246 | 68.5 | 28 | 7.8 | 1 |  | 384 | 55 | 14.3 | 250 | 65.1 | 74 | 19.3 | 4 | 1 |
| Kopi...... | 651 | 172 | 26.4 | 368 | 56.5 | 67 | ${ }_{10.3}^{10}$ | 43 | 1 | 538 | 87 | 16. 2 | 360 | 66.9 | 54 | 10.0 | 37 |  |
| Mono. | 291 422 | 195 | 32.6 <br> 29.1 | 147 245 | 50.5 58.1 | 40 | 13.7 10.0 | 9 | 9 3 3 | 228 505 | 49 90 | 21.7 17.8 | 142 299 | 62.8 69.2 | 29 94 | 12.8 18.6 | 1 | 8 |
| Painte........ | 274 | 82 | 29.9 | 161 | 58.8 | 26 | 9.5 | 2 | 3 | 238 | 39 | 16.4 | 157 | 66.0 | 40 | 16.8 | 2 |  |
| Paviotso.....San Luiseno.Shoshoni.... | 1,032 | 243 | 23.5 | 655 | 63.5 | 70 | 8.8 | 4 | 60 | 1,118 | 143 | 12.8 | 750 | 67.1 | 173 | 15.5 | 5 | 47 |
|  | 173 | 88 | 50.9 | 63 | 36.4 | 20 | 11.6 | ${ }^{2}$ |  | 155 | ${ }^{66}$ | 42.6 | 65 | 41.9 | 22 | 14.2 | 2 |  |
| Ste...... | 1,320 | 329 198 | 24.9 | 883 | 63.4 59.0 | 111 | 8.4 | 15 | ${ }_{16}^{28}$ | 1,274 | 161 | 12.6 | 876 | ${ }_{78}^{68.8}$ | 202 | 15.9 | 16 | 19 |
|  | 783 | 193 | 25.3 | 462 | 59.0 | 98 | 12.5 | 9 | 16 | 634 | 59 | 9.3 | 463 | 73.0 | 94 | 14.8 | 9 | 9 |

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, BY . PRINCIPAL STOCKS AND TRIBES: 1910-Continued.
[This teble shows each etock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is Iess than 50.]


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR 22 SELECTED STATES: 1910.
[Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR 22 SELEOTED STATES: 1910-Continued.
[Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR 22 SELECTED STATES: 1910-Continued.
[Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 67-Contd. <br> state and age perion. | indian maleg 15 yearg of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 fears of ate and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Divorced. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Marital } \\ & \text { condi- } \\ & \text { tlon } \\ & \text { not re- } \\ & \text { ported. } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  |  |  | Num- | Per cent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num. } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| OEEGON. <br> 15 years and over. <br> 15 to 19 years. <br> 20 to 24 years.......... <br> 25 to 34 years........... <br> 35 to 44 years. <br> 45 to 64 years. <br> 65 years and over. <br> Age unknown. | 1,627 | 683 | 42.0 | 787 | 48.4 | 126 | 7.7 | 26 | 5 | 1,630 | 344 | 21.1 | 822 | 56.6 | 331 | 20.3 | 29 | 4 |
|  | 338 | 333 | 98.5 | 2 | 0.6 | 1 | 0.3 |  | 2 | 256 | 232 | 90.6 | 24 | 9.4 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 224 | 170 | 75.9 | 46 | 20.5 | 3 | 1.3 | 3 | 2 | 174 | 76 | 43.7 | 88 | 50.6 | 4 | 2.3 | 6 |  |
|  | 263 | 97 | 36.9 | 153 | 58.2 | 10 | 3.8 | 2 | 1 | 288 | 22 | 7.7 | 236 | 82.5 | 25 | 8.7 | 9 |  |
|  | 280 | 46 | 16.4 | 210 | 75.0 | 12 | $\begin{array}{r}4.3 \\ 11 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 |  | 239 391 | 8 | 3.3 0.5 | 197 | 82.4 | $\stackrel{25}{94}$ | 10.5 24.0 | 10 | 2 |
|  | 347 172 | 31 4 | 8.9 2.3 | 269 | 77.5 61.6 | 41 | 11.8 34.3 | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ |  | 397 277 | 2 | 0.5 1.4 | 283 92 | 33.2 | 179 | 24.0 64.6 | 1 | 1 |
|  | 3 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |  |  | 1 |
| South Dakota. 15 years and over. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6,105 | 1,791 | 29.3 | 3,866 | 63.3 | 327 | 5.4 | 61 | 60 | 6,222 | 1,253 | 20.1 | 4,101 | 65.9 | 766 | 12.3 | 65 | 37 |
|  | 901 | 873 | 96.9 | 8 | 0.9 | 1 | 0.1 |  | 19 | 852 | 760 | 89.2 | 80 | 9.4 |  |  | 7 | 11 |
|  | 752 | 562 | 74.7 | 176 | 23.4 | 3 | 0.4 | 2 | 9 | 677 | 317 | 46.8 | 344 | 50.8 | 6 | 0.9 | 7 | 3 |
|  | 1,288 | 281 | 21.8 | 924 | 71.7 | 46 | 3.6 | 28 | 9 | 1,240 | 120 | 9.7 | 1,049 | 84.6 | 42 | 3.4 | 25 | 4 |
|  | 1,028 1,594 | 40 25 | 3.9 1.6 | 923 1,428 | 89.8 89.6 | 122 | 4.4 | 17 | 6 6 | 1,685 | 23 | 1.4 | 1,390 | 82.5 | 252 | 15.0 | 17 | 3 |
|  | +525 | 7 | 1.3 | - 402 | 76.6 | 109 | 20.8 | 1 | 6 | -760 | 10 | 1.3 | 326 | 42.9 | 419 | 55.1 | 1 | 4 |
|  | 17 | 3 |  | 6 |  | 1 |  |  | 8 | 23 | 3 |  | 5 |  | 4 |  |  | 11 |
| Utar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 years and over. | 1,065 | 248 | 23.3 | 675 | 63.4 | 111 | 10.4 | 14 | 17 | 917 | 85 | 8.3 | 683 | 74.5 | 125 | 13.6 | 13 | 11 |
| 15 to 19 years <br> 20 to 24 years.......... <br> 25 to 34 years. <br> 35 to 44 years............... <br> 45 to 64 years. <br> 65 years and over <br> Age unknown. | 139 | 119 | 85.6 | 15 | 10.8 |  |  |  | 5 | 127 | 61 | 48.0 | 57 | 44.9 | 4 | 3.1 | 2 | 3 |
|  | 125 | 61 | 48.8 | 55 | 44.0 | 7 | 5.6 | 3 | 1 | 95 | 12 | 12.6 | 81 | 85.3 93.5 |  |  | 2 |  |
|  | 230 189 | 41 13 | 17.8 6.9 | 176 | 76.5 | 14 | 7.4 | 5 |  | 179 | 2 | 1.1 | 163 | 91.1 | 12 | 6.7 | 1 |  |
|  | 233 | 10 | 4.3 | 177 | 76.0 | 38 | 16.3 | 4 | 4 | 170 |  |  | 131 | 77.1 | 34 | 20.0 | 5 |  |
|  | 125 | 1 | 0.8 | 83 | 66.4 | 40 | 32.0 | 1 |  | 114 | 2 | 1.8 | 43 | 37.7 | 68 | 59.6 | 1 |  |
|  | 24 | 3 |  | 12 |  | 2 |  |  | 7 | 17 | 2 |  | 7 |  | 1 |  |  | 7 |
| Washangton. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 years and over. | 3,471 | 1,129 | 32.5 | 1,986 | 57.2 | 266 | 7.7 | 37 | 53 | 3,475 | 545 | 15.7 | 2,265 | 65.2 | 606 | 17.4 | 28 | 30 |
| 15 to 19 years......... <br> 20 to 24 years <br> 25 to 34 yeare $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> 35 to 44 years. <br> 45 to 64 years... $\qquad$ <br> 65 years and over <br> Age unknown $\qquad$ | 531 | 503 | 94.7 | 14 | 2.6 | 8 | 0.2 |  | 13 | 473 | 363 | 76.7 | 101 | 21.4 |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{2}$ | 7 |
|  | 432 | 283 | 65.5 | 131 | 30.3 61.1 | ${ }_{31} 8$ | 1.9 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 10 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 7 6 | 397 629 | 103 53 | $\begin{array}{r}25.9 \\ 8.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 129 518 | 67.8 82.4 | 12 | 3.0 7.6 | 8 | 2 |
|  | 655 599 | 208 | 31.8 11.7 | 473 | 79.0 | 40 | 4.7 | 12 | 6 | 593 | 13 | 2.2 | 507 | 85.5 | 65 | 11.0 | 4 | 4 |
|  | 810 | 42 | 5.2 | 672 | 83.0 | 80 | 9.9 |  | 7 | 834 | 6 | 0.7 | 616 | 73.9 | 203 | 24.3 | 6 | 4 |
|  | 412 | . 15 | 3.6 | 282 | 68.4 | 104 | 25.2 | 3 | 8 | 499 | 2 | 0.4 | 217 | 43.5 | 271 | 54.3 | 2 | 7 |
|  | 32 | 8 |  | 14 |  | 2 |  |  | 8 | 50 | 5 | 10.0 | 37 | 74.0 | 7 | 14.0 | .......... | 1 |
| Wisconsin. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 years and over. | 3,173 | 1,122 | 35.4 | 1,751 | 55.2 | 238 | 7.5 | 47 | 15 | 2,853 | 663 | 23.2 | 1,800 | 83.1 | 341 | 12.0 | 46 | 3 |
| 15 to 19 years <br> 20 to 24 years. <br> 25 to 34 years. <br> 35 to 44 years. <br> 45 to 64 years. <br> 65 years and over <br> Age unknown. | 484 | 478 | 98.8 | 4 | 0.8 | 1 | 0.2 | 1 |  | 493 | 432 | 87.6 | 57 | 11.6 | 8 | 0.2 | 3 |  |
|  | 391 | 310 | 79.3 | 74 | 18.9 |  |  | 5 | 2 | 365 | 145 | 39.7 | 209 | 57.3 | 8 | 2.2 | 3 |  |
|  | 650 568 | 196 | 30.2 | 427 | ${ }^{65.7}$ | 17 |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 4 <br> 3 | 562 512 | 12 | 10.3 2.3 | 468 450 | 83.3 87.9 | 20 | 3.6 7.6 | 15 | 1 |
|  | 568 755 | 80 | $\begin{array}{r}14.1 \\ 5.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 441 | 77.6 79.9 | ${ }_{94} 9$ | 5.6 | 12 16 | 3 1 | 512 625 | 12 | 2.3 1.3 | 450 | 87.9 77.0 | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 127 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7.6 20.3 | 11 |  |
|  | 755 302 | $\stackrel{41}{9}$ | 5.4 3.0 | 603 | 79.9 64.2 | 94 | 3 | 16 7 | 1. | 628 284 | 8 | 1.3 | 128 | 77.0 45.1 | 146 | 20.3 51.4 | 4 |  |
|  | 23 | 8 |  | 8 |  | 2 |  |  | 5 | 12 | 2 |  | 7 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |
| Wroming. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 years and over. | 489 | 112 | 22.9 | 295 | 60.3 | 46 | 9.4 | 3 | 33 | 440 | 40 | 9.1 | 293 | 66.6 | 77 | 17.5 |  | 30 |
| 15 to 19 years. <br> 20 to 24 years............. <br> 25 to 34 years. <br> 35 to 44 years. <br> 45 to 64 years. <br> 65 years and over. <br> Age unknown. | 57 | 38 | 66.7 |  | 1.8 | 1 | 1.8 |  | 17 | 53 | 24 | 45.3 | 7 | 13.2 |  |  |  | 22 |
|  | 60 | 35 | 58.3 | 17 | 28.3 | 1 | 1.7 |  | 7 | 55 | 11 | 20.0 | 39 | 70.9 | 3 | 5.5 |  | 2 |
|  | 115 | 25 | 21.7 | 81 | 70.4 | 5 | 4.3 |  | 3 | 87 | 3 | 3.4 | 81 | 93.1 | 2 | 2.3 |  |  |
|  | 106 | 8 | 7.5 | 84 | 79.2 | 10 | 9.4 | 2 | 2 | 104 | 1 | 1.0 | 91 | 87.5 | 12 | 11.5 |  |  |
|  | 125 | 6 | 4.8 | 98 | 78.4 | 19 | 15.2 |  | 2 | 110 | 1 | 0.9 | 71 | 64.5 | 37 | 33.6 |  | 1 |
|  | 24 |  |  | 13 |  | 10 |  |  | 1 | 29 |  |  | 3 |  | 23 |  |  | 3 |
|  | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL STOCKS: 1910.
[This table shows each stoek having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 68 | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| gtoci and age period. | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. | $\underset{\text { vorced. }}{\mathrm{Di-}}$ | Marilal condition not reported. | Total. | Single. |  | Marriod. |  | Widowed. | $\underset{\text { vorced. }}{\mathrm{Di}}$ | Marital <br> condition not ro ported. |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. | Num- ber. | Per cent. |  |  |  |  | Num- ber. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

## UNITED STATES,


${ }^{1}$ Totais include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINOIPAL STOCKS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 65-Continued. <br> stoct and age feriod. | indin males 15 tears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Di}- \\ \text { vorced. } \end{gathered}$ | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dl- } \\ \text { vorced. } \end{gathered}$ | Marilal condition notreported. |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\text { Num. }}{\text { Num }}$. | Per cent. | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |

UNITED STATTES-Continued.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA, OLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL STOCKS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Por cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 68-Continued. | indian males 15 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| stock and age period. | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. | $\underset{\text { vorced. }}{\text { Di- }}$ | Maritalconditionnot re-ported. | Total. | Single. |  | Martied. |  | Widowed. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Di- } \\ \text { vorced. } \end{gathered}$ | Marital condition not reported. |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Num- }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Ner. }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Per cent. |  |  |  |  | Num. | Per cent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  |  |  |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL STOCKS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 68 -Continued. | indlan males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indlan females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stoce and age period. | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Di- } \\ \text { vorced. } \end{gathered}$ | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Di- } \\ \text { vorced. } \end{gathered}$ | Marital condition not reported. |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. |  |  |  |  | Num- ber. | Per cent. | Number. | Per cent. |  |  |  |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Yokuts ${ }^{1}$ | 192 | 65 | 33.9 | 107 | 55.7 | 20 |  |  | 164 | 31 | 18.9 | 108 | 65.9 | 24 | 1 | ........ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 years. | 30 | 29 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 26 | 20 |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 26 | 18 |  | 8 |  |  |  |  | 28 | 6 |  | 20 | ..... | 1 | 1 | -- |
| 25 to 34 years. | 46 | 8 |  | 37 | -..- | 1 |  | .- | 37 | 4 | ..... | 32 | ..... | 1 | . | . |
| 35 to 44 years. | 27 | 6 |  | 19 |  | 2 |  |  | 23 |  |  | 20 | ..... | 3 | . |  |
| 45 to 64 years. | 47 | 4 |  | 34 |  | 9 |  |  | 38 | 1 | ..... | 27 |  | 10 | .......... |  |
| 65 years and over | 15 |  |  | 7 |  | 8 |  |  | 12 |  |  | 3 | ...... | 9 | ........... |  |
| YUMAN ${ }^{1}$ | 1,561 | 455 | 29.1 | 875 | 56.1 | 160 | 16 | 55 | 1,272 | 205 | 16.1 | 850 | 66.8 | 185 | 17 | 15 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 250 | 230 | 92.0 | 10 | 4.0 |  |  | 10 | 189 | 121 | 64.0 | 55 | 29.1 | 3 |  | 10 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 199 | 119 | 59.8 | 72 | 36.2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 144 | 44 | 30.6 | 92 | 63.9 | 1 | 7 |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 279 | 55 | 19.7 | 205 | 73.5 | 11 | 8 |  | 234 | 23 | 9.8 | 192 | 82.1 | 13 | 4 | 2 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 209 | 18 | 8.6 | 165 | 78.9 | 21 | 2 | 3 | 226 | 8 | 3.5 | 201 | 88.9 | 13 | 3 | 1 |
| 45 to 64 years. | 369 | 24 | 6.5 | 286 | 77.5 | 57 | 2 |  | 301 | 5 | 1.7 | 233 | 77.4 | 61 | 2 |  |
| 65 years and over | 207 | 9 | 4.3 | 127 | 61.4 | 68 | 2 | 1 | 166 | 4 | 2.4 | 66 | 39.8 | 94 | 1 | 1 |
| YUROK ${ }^{1 .}$ | 213 | 68 | 31.9 | 115 | 54.0 | 30 |  |  | 224 | 35 | 15.6 | 137 | 61.2 | 51 | 1 |  |
| 15 to 19 years. | 36 | 35 |  | 1 |  | . |  | - - .-...... | 30 | 23 |  | 5 |  | 2 |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 20 | 15 |  | 5 |  |  |  |  | 21 | 7 | ..... | 12 | -.... | 2 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 39 | 12 |  | 26 |  | 1 |  |  | 40 | 3 |  | 29 |  | 8 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 30 | 2 |  | 25 |  | 3 |  |  | 52 | 1 | 1.9 | 41 | 78.8 | 9 | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years. | 59 | 2 | 3.4 | 46 | 78.0 | 11 |  |  | 51 |  |  | 39 | 76.5 | 12 |  |  |
| 65 years and over | 28 | 2 |  | 11 |  | 15 |  |  | 29 | 1 |  | 10 |  | 18 |  |  |
| ZUNTAN ${ }^{1}$ | 563 | 144 | 25.6 | 345 | 61.3 | 57 | 17 |  | 504 | 61 | 12.1 | 349 | 69.2 | 63 | 31 |  |
| 15 to 19 years. | 61 | 58 | 95.1 | 2 | 3.3 |  | 1 |  | 84 | 48 | 57.1 | 27 | 32.1 |  | 9 |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 69 | 43 | 62.3 | 24 | 34.8 |  | 2 |  | 54 | 5 | 9.3 | 42 | 77.8 | 1 | 6 |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 113 | 22 | 19.5 | 82 | 72.6 | 5 | 4 |  | 86 | 7 | 8.1 | 69 | 80.2 | 2 | 8 |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 93 | 13 | 14.0 | 69 | 74.2 | 6 | 5 |  | 88 |  |  | 83 | 94.3 | 1 | 4 |  |
| 45 to 64 years. | 181 | 6 | 3.3 | 142 | 78.6 | 28 | 5 |  | 163 |  | 0.6 | 119 | 73.0 | 39 | 4 |  |
| 65 years and over | 41 | 2 | ..... | 22 |  | 17 |  |  | 25 |  |  | 6 |  | 19 | ..........- |  |

ATASKA.

${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69 | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wld- } \\ & \text { owed. } \end{aligned}$ | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |


${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

ATGONQUIAN STOCK-Continued.

| Chiprewa-Continued. <br> North Dakota. | 830 | 314 | 469 | 44 |  | 3 | 710 | 190 | 473 | 46 |  | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 years. | 183 | 181 |  |  |  | 2 | 157 | 137 | 18 | 1 |  | 1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 95 | 70 | 23 | 2 |  |  | 110 | 37 | 72 | 1 |  | .......... |
| 25 to 34 years. | 177 | 47 | 128 | 2 |  | ........ | 156 | 10 | 140 | 6 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 131 | 7 | 120 | 20 |  |  | 107 | 4 | 102 | 12 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years..... 65 years and over. | $\begin{array}{r}187 \\ 57 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6 <br> 3 | 161 37 | 16 |  | 1 | 138 47 | 2 | 20 | 25 |  |  |
| Wisconsin ${ }^{1}$. | 1,300 | 448 | 729 | 98 | 23 | 2 | 1,262 | 297 | 791 | 157 | 17 |  |
| 15 to 19 years. | 214 | 213 | 1 |  |  |  | 229 | 208 | 18 | 1 | 2 |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 144 | 123 | 20 |  | 1 |  | 148 | 62 | 79 | 5 | 2 |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 257 | 77 | 166 |  | 12 | 2 | 239 | 21 | 203 | 10 | 5 |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 248 | $\stackrel{23}{9}$ | 2206 | ${ }_{43}^{16}$ | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ |  | 240 285 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 222 | 15 | 4 |  |
| 45 to 64 years yand over. | 304 128 | 9 9 | 247 86 | 43 38 | 5 1 |  | 117 | 3 | 212 | 58 |  |  |
| Cree (total) $1 . \therefore$ | 132 | 63 | 64 | 5 |  |  | 126 | 33 | 79 | 11 | 1 | 2 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 26 | 26 |  |  |  |  | 29 | 24 | 4 |  |  | 1 |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 19 | 16 | 3 |  |  |  | 14 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 10 | .......... |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 33 18 | 12 | 21 |  | ......... |  | 24 25 | 2 | 21 | 1 | 1 | ......... |
| 35 45 45 to 64 44 years.... | ${ }_{28}^{18}$ | 4 4 | 13 21 | 1 |  |  | 25 | 2 1 | 19 | 5 |  |  |
| 65 years and over........ | 8 | 1 | 6 | 1 |  |  | 8 |  | 3 | 5 |  |  |
| Montana ${ }^{1}$. | 90 | 40 | 49 | 1 |  |  | 72 | 15 | 50 | 6 |  | 1 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 15 | 15 |  |  |  |  | 14 | 12 | 2 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 14 | 11 | 3 |  |  |  | 7 | 1 | 6 | - |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 26 | 8 | 18 | ......... |  |  | 14 | .......... | 14 | ......... | ......... |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 13 16 | 3 2 2 | 10 | 1 |  |  | 15 15 | 1 | 114 | 3 |  |  |
| 45 years and over. | 6 | 1 | 5 |  |  |  | 6 |  | 3 | 3 | . |  |
| DELAWArE (total) ${ }^{1}$. | 249 | 116 | 118 | 14 | 1 |  | 252 | 64 | 142 | 42 | 4 |  |
| 15 to 19 years...................... | 64 | 63 | 1 |  |  |  | 50 |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 48 | 35 | 12 | 1 |  |  | 43 | 18 | 22 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 25 to 34 years... | 38 | 12 | 25 | 1 |  |  | 53 | 5 | 43 | 4 | 1 | .......... |
| 35 to 44 years... | 42 | 5 | 32 | 4 | 1 | ......... | 35 | 1 | 29 | 3 | 2 | ......... |
| 45 to 64 years | 12 |  | 39 9 | 3 |  |  | 28 | ... | 32 6 | 17 |  | .......... |
| Gros Ventres (total) ${ }^{1}$ | 168 | 51 | 108 | 8 |  | 1 | 154 | 26 | 108 | 18 | 2 |  |
| 15 to 19 years................. | 19 | 19 |  |  |  |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 28 | 20 | 7 | - |  | 1 | 9 | 3 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years... | 35 | 8 | 27 |  |  |  | 31 | 1 | 30 |  |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years...... | 36 |  | 35 | 1 |  |  | 34 |  | 32 | 2 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years...... 65 years and over. | 41 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 33 6 | 5 2 |  |  | 41 |  | 30 6 | 9 | 2 | .......... |
| Menommee (total).. | 454 | 148 | 259 | 44 | 3 |  | 356 | 81 | 227 | 45 | 3 |  |
| (In Wisconsin largely.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years. | 64 | 64 |  |  |  |  | 64 | 57 | 7 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 45 | 37 | 8 |  |  |  | 46 | 17 | 28 | 1 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 .years. | 93 | 25 | 65 |  |  |  | 67 |  | 59 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 75 | 10 | $\stackrel{59}{95}$ | 8 | 2 |  | 59 | 2 | 50 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years..... 65 years and over. | 116 61 | 1 | $\stackrel{99}{32}$ | $\begin{array}{r}67 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 |  | 75 45 |  | 62 21 | $\stackrel{12}{24}$ | 1 |  |
| Ottawa (total) ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 928 | 336 | 489 | 95 | 4 | 4 | 821 | 195 | 504 | 115 | 6 | 1 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 164 | 161 | 2 |  |  |  | 133 | 121 | 12 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years.... | 115 | 87 | 27 |  |  | 1 | 114 | 41 | 69 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years... | 168 | 46 | 110 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 148 | 20 | 116 | 8 | 4 |  |
| 35 to 44 years.... | 150 | 28 | 106 | 15 | 1 |  | 140 | 8 | 123 | 8 | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years.... | 237 91 | 11 | 188 56 | 36 <br> 33 | 1 | 1 | 205 78 | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | 158 | 44 | 1 |  |
| Michigan ${ }^{1}$. | 848 | 290 | 461 | 89 | 4 | 4 | 761 | 171 | 473 | 110 | 6 | 1 |
| 15 to 19 years. . |  | 133 | 1 |  |  |  | 112 |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 99 | 74 | 24 |  |  | 1 | 103 | 35 | 64 | 4 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 154 | 45 | 99 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 137 | 19 | 107 | 7 | 4 | ........... |
| 35 to 44 years..... | 140 | 26 9 | $\begin{array}{r}98 \\ 185 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 33 | 1 |  | 135 | 8 | 118 | 8 | 1 |  |
| 65 years and over.. | 88 | 1 | 54 | 32 | 1 |  | 197 76 | 2 3 | 152 24 | 42 | 1 |  |
| Passamaquoddy (total). | 151 | 54 | 81 | 15 | 1 |  | 126 | 29 | 78 | 19 |  |  |
| (In Maine largely.) |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years........... | 23 | 11 | 12 |  |  |  | 25 | 15 | 5 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years... | 32 | 15 | 15 | 2 |  |  | 17 | 4 | 13 |  |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years... | 22 | 3 | 17 | 2 |  |  | 21 |  | 20 | 1 | ......... |  |
| 45 to 64 years... | 42 | 3 | 31 | 7 | 1 |  | 29 | 3 | 19 | 7 |  |  |
| 65 years and over............. | 9 |  | 5 | 4 |  |  | 14 |  | 3 | 11 |  |  |

1 Totals include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Marrled. | WIdowed. | Divorced. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Marital } \\ \text { condition } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Meritel condition not reported. |

ALGONQUIAN STOCK-Continued.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each trlbe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | dndun males 15 Years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indlan femates 15 Years of age and over: 1010. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, State, AND AGE PERIOD. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

ATHAPASKAN STOCK.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]
Table 69-Continued.
tribe, state, and age perion.

| indun males 15 yeaks of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indlan females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Marital } \\ \text { condition } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. | Single. | Married. | Wldowed. | Divorced. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Marital } \\ \text { condition } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{array}$ |

CADDOAN STOCK.


CROATAN GROUP.

| Croatan (total) ${ }^{1} \cdot . .$. <br> (All in North Carolina.) | 1,588 | 526 | 1,006 | 48 | 4 | 4 | 1,624 | 467 | 1,010 | 141 | 1 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 vears.................... | 318 | 312 | 6 |  |  |  | 322 | 256 | 66 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 268 | 142 | 125 |  |  | 1 | 309 | 99 | 206 | 2 | .......... | 2 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 340 | 47 | 289 | 2 | . | 2 | 336 | 49 | 274 | 12 | …...... |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 233 | 15 | 209 | 9 |  |  | 259 | 27 | 213 | 18 |  | 1 |
| 45 to 64 years.. | $\stackrel{37}{ }{ }^{3}$ | 9 | 297 | 19 | 2 |  | 288 | $\stackrel{27}{9}$ | 212 | 48 | 1 |  |
| 65 years and over. | 98 |  | 78 | 18 | 2 |  | 108 | 9 | 39 | 60 |  |  |

IROQUOIAN STOCK.


[^8]MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indlans in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indun males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15. years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Wid- | Divorced. | Marital condition $\stackrel{\text { not }}{\text { reported }}$ | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition reported. |

IROQUOIAN STOCK-Continued.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 tears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Marital } \\ \text { condition } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

KAROK STOCK.


KERESAN STOCK.

| Acoma (total) | 210 | 72 | 125 | 12 | 1 | ......... | 214 | 45 | 132 | 35 | 2 | .......... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 years.............) | 30 | 30 |  |  |  |  | 25 | 21 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 22 | 19 | 3 |  |  |  | 21 | 10 | 9 | 1 | 1 | ............. |
| 25 to 34 years. | 49 | 21 | 26 | 1 | 1 |  | 62 | 9 | 51 | 2 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 42 | 1 | 39 | 2 |  |  | 34 | 5 | 24 | 4 | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years..... | 38 29 | 1 | 33 24 | 5 |  |  | 28 | -......... | 32 | 16 |  |  |
| 65 years and over............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laouna (total). | 462 | 165 | 254 | 43 | ........... | ........... | 418 | 109 | 254 | 55 |  |  |
| (In New Mexico largely.) |  | 77 |  | 1 |  |  | 76 |  | 7 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years........................... | 58 | 44 | 13 | 1 |  |  | 60 | 21 | 36 | 3 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 97 | 29 | ${ }_{7}^{63}$ | 5 |  |  | 95 | 14 | 76 | 5 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years... | 91 | 5 | 78 | 8 |  |  | 68 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 54 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years...... | 83 55 | 3 | 73 27 | 21 |  |  | 88 |  | 16 | 20 |  |  |
| 65 years and over.. | 55 |  |  | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sind Felipe (tatal) 1. | 198 | 86 | 80 | 32 |  |  | 135 | 29 | 85 | 21 |  |  |
| (All in New Mexico.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years................. | 30 | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 16 | 15 | 19 | 4 |  |  | 28 | 1 | 27 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 41 59 | 18 | 29 | 9 |  |  | 31 | 1 | 29 | 1 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years..... 45 to 64 years.... |  | ${ }_{1}^{1}$ | 22 | 13 |  |  | 27 | 2 | 13 | 12 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years........... | 16 | 2 | 9 | ${ }_{6}$ |  |  | 13 | 1 | 5 | 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 232 | 56 | 154 | 22 |  | , '........ |
| Santo Dommao (total).. | 262 | 84 | 150 | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (All in New Mexico.) <br> 15 to 19 <br> years |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |  | 13 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years............... | 22 | 17 | 5 |  |  |  | 13 | 7 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 44 | 14 | 30 46 |  |  |  | 68 | 11 | 61 | 5 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years... | 72 | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | 55 | 12 |  |  | 39 | 2 | 26 | 11 |  |  |
| 65 years and over | 26 |  | 13 | 13 |  |  | 4 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |

KIOWAN STOCK.


KDTENAIAN STOCK.


## LUTUAMIAN STOCK.



MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1010.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married | Widowed. | Divorced. |  | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

## MAIDU STOCE.

| Madd (total) ${ }^{1}$ | 364 | 130 | 179 | 45 | 7 | 3 | 316 | 62 | 195 | 56 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 years..................) | 54 | 51 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 48 | 43 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 45 | 35 | 9 |  |  | 1 | 31 | 13 | 15 | 3 |  |
| 25 to 34 y 3 ars. | 72 | 29 | 32 |  | 4 |  | 59 | 2 | 50 | 6 | 1 |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 60 | 8 | 44 | 6 | 2 |  | 58 | 2 | 52 | 4 |  |
| 45 to 64 years.. | 89 | 4 | 66 | 18 | 1 |  | 63 |  | 50 | 13 |  |
| 65 years and over.... | 44 | 3 | 27 | 14 |  |  | 53 |  | 23 | 30 |  |

MIWOK STOCK.


MUSKHOGEAN STOCK.


## MARITAL CONDITION.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indlan males 15 years of age and oyer: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

MUSKHOGEAN STOCK-Continued.


PIMAN STOCK.

| Papago (total) ${ }^{1}$ | 1,143 | 351 | 694 | 62 | 2 | 34 | 1,087 | 255 | 720 | 83 | 2 | 27 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 years.............. | 230 | 210 | 8 |  |  | 12 | 197 | 155 | 35 | 1 |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 123 | 54 | 56 | 3 |  | 10 | 178 | 51 | 112 | 7 |  | 8 |
| 25 to 34 ybars. | 264 | 48 | 206 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 252 | 27 | 212 | 9 | 1 | 3 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 205 | 23 | 167 | 14 |  | 1 | 176 | 10 | 159 | 7 |  |  |
| 46 to 64 years. . | 223 | 12 | 181 | ${ }_{13}^{28}$ |  | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | 193 84 | 7 <br> 5 | 147 49 | 32 26 | 1 | 6 4 |
| 65 years and over.......... | 95 | 4 | 74 |  | 1 |  | 84 | 5 | 49 | 26 |  |  |
| Pram (total) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,369 | 413 | 812 | 138 | 6 |  | 1,212 | 238 | 802 | 68 | 4 | .......... |
| 15 to 19 yoars................ |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years.... | 119 | 71 | 44 | 4 |  | ........ | 113 | 31 | 78 | 4 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years... | 255 | 52 | 191 | 10 | 2 |  | 233 | 15 | 208 | 7 | 3 |  |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 240 | 16 | 212 | 12 |  |  | 199 | 3 | 182 | 14 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years. . . | 327 | 14 | 248 | 62 49 | 3 |  | 299 | 1 | 240 66 | 55 84 | 1 |  |
| 65 years and over. | 160 | 4 | 107 | 49 |  |  | 152 | 1 | 66 | 84 | 1 |  |
| YAQUT (total) ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 189 | 71 | 111 | 7 |  |  | 129 | 19 | 103 | 7 |  |  |
| 15 to 19 (In Arizona largely). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years. | 33 | 12 | 12 |  |  |  | 19 | 3 | 16 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 41 | 15 | 26 |  |  |  | 33 | 2 | 31 |  |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 47 | 4 | 40 | 3 |  |  | 25 | 1 | 23 | 1 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years. . | 33 | 6 | 23 | 4 |  |  | 22 |  | 5 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |  |  |
| 65 years and over...... | 10 |  | 10 |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |

POMO STOCK.

| Pomo (total) ${ }^{1}$. | 269 | 73 | 162 | 23 | 8 | 3 | 260 | 46 | 154 | 48 | 10 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (In California largely.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years. ............... | 40 | 38 | 11 |  |  | i | 24 | 8 | 12 | 2 | 2 |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 41 | 8 | 30 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 49 | 6 | 40 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 35 to 44 yaars.. | 41 | 4 | 31 | 2 | 4 |  | 46 | ........ | 43 | 13 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 1 |
| 45 to 64 yars. . | 71 | 2 | 61 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 40 | 1 | 15 | 24 | 2 |  |
| 65 years and over.. | 43 | 1 | 26 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 42 |  |  |  |  |  |

SALISEAN STOCK.


1 Totals include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indlans in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indlan males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | midun females 15 pears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Marital } \\ \text { condition } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Total, | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

SALISHAN STOCK-Continued.

${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe baving 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

SHAEAPTIAN STOCK.


SHASTAN STOCK.


1 Totals include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN TEE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. <br> tribe, state, and age period. | indlan males 15 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indlan females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Marrled. | Widowed. | Divarced. | Marital condition not reported. |
| SHASTAN STOCK-Continued, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sqasta (total). | 98 | 55 | 39 | 3 | 1 |  | 115 | 39 | 43 | 32 | 1 | .......... |
| 15 to 19 years. | 22 | 22 |  |  |  |  | 26 | 26 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 16 | 15 | 1 |  |  |  | 10 | 4 | 4 | 2 | -.......... | .......... |
| 25 to 34 years. | 13 | 8 | 5 |  |  |  | 16 | 5 | 10 | 1 | -........ | . . . . . . . . |
| 35 to 44 years. | 22 | 6 | 16 |  |  |  | 15 | 1 | 14 |  | . |  |
| 45 to 64 years.... | 19 | 3 | 14 | 2 |  |  | 28 | 2 | 12 | 14 | 1 |  |
| 65 years and over. | 6 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  | 20 | 1 | 3 | 15 | 1 | .... |
| Calffornia. | 67 | 38 | 26 | 3 |  |  | 89 | 30 | 33 | 25 | 1 | ........... |
| 15 to 19 years. | 16 | 16 |  |  |  |  | 19 | 19 |  |  | ........... | -......... |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 9 | 8 | 1 |  |  |  | 8 | 3 | 3 | 2 |  | ........... |
| 25 to 34 years. | 10 | 7 | 3 |  |  |  | 12 | 4 | 7 | 1 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 15 | 3 | 12 |  |  |  | 14 | 1 | 13 |  |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years.. | 13 | 3 | 8 | 2 |  |  | 19 | 2 | 8 | 9 |  |  |
| 65 years and over............ | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 |  | - . . . . . . . | 17 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 1 | - |

SHOSHONEAN STOCK.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910—Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indlans in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued: | indlan males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age feriod. | Total, | Single. | Marrisd. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

SHOSHONGAN STOCK-Continued.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe baving 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian fembles 15 tearb of coe and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Marrled. | Widowed. | Dlvorced. | Marttal condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | WIdowed. | Divorced. | Mardtal condition not reported. |

SHOBHONEAN STOCK-Continued.

| Shoshoni (total) ${ }^{1}$ | 1,320 | 329 | 837 | 111 | 15 | 28 | 1,274 | 161 | 876 | 202 | 16 | 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 years. | 175 | 157 | 6 |  |  | 12 | 185 | 113 | 38 | 3 | 2 | 9 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 136 | 80 | 49 | 3 |  | 4 | 126 | 22 | 95 | 4. | 3 | 2 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 254 | 54 | 189 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 235 | 11 | 210 | 10 | 1 | 3 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 269 | 22 | 223 | 18 | 4 | 2 | 289 | 6 | 233 | 27 | 3 |  |
| 65 years and over. | 346 138 | 13 2 | 286 83 | 47 | 3 | 3 | 143 | 3 | 62 | 84 | 2 | 2 |
| Idaho ${ }^{1 .}$ | 426 | 94 | 281 | 26 | 10 | 15 | 429 | 49 | 300 | 64 | 11 | 6 |
| 15 to 19 jeare. | 53 | 47 | 1 |  |  | 5 | 53 | 42 | 10 |  | 1 |  |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 30 | 17 | 10 |  |  | 3 | 34 | 1 | 28 | 3 | 1 |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 80 | 19 | 68 |  | 3 |  | 81 | 2 | 74 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 84 | 7 | 73 | 2 | 2 |  | 85 | 1 | 77 | 5 | 2 |  |
| 45 to 64 years... | 132 | 4 | 109 | 12 | 3 | 4 | 123 | 2 | 87 | 29 | 4 | 1 |
| 65 years and over.. | 47 |  | 30 | 12 | 2 | 3 | 51 | 1 | 22 | 25 | 2 | 1 |
| Nevada'. | 538 | 139 | 344 | 48 | 3 | 4 | 527 | 73 | 369 | 73 | 4 | 8 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 74 | 69 | 3 |  |  |  | 73 | 47 | 19 | 2 |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 60 | 37 | 22 |  |  | 1 | 65 | 10 | 41 |  | 2 | 2 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 113 | 17 | 93 | 2 |  | 1 | 107 | 6 | 95 | 6 |  | 1 |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 113 | 7 | 96 | 9 | 1 |  | 116 | ${ }^{6}$ | 97 | 13 | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years.... | 115 | 6 | 97 | 11 | 1 |  | 114 | 1 | 93 | 19 | 1 |  |
| 85 years and over... | 61 | 2 | 32 | 28 | 1 |  | 59 | 2 | 23 | 34 | .......... | .......... |
| Utan ${ }^{1}$. | 76 | 9 | 59 | 8 |  |  | 87 | 3 | 61 | 20 | 1 | 2 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 7 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 11 | 1 | 10 |  |  |  | 14 | . | 12 | 2 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 15 |  | 14 | 1 | - | .......... | 13 |  | 13 |  |  |  |
| 45 to 64 yeare...... | $\stackrel{24}{11}$ |  | 21 9 | 3 |  |  | 12 |  | 21 6 | 10 |  |  |
| W yomina. | 240 | 60 | 141 | 29 | 1 | 9 | 208 | 22 | 137 | 45 |  | 4 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 28 | 22 |  |  | .......... | 6 | 19 | 13 | 4 |  |  | 2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 26 | 12 | 13 | 1 |  |  | 26 | 6 | 19 | 1 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 47 | 15 | 28 | 4 |  |  | 31 | 2 | 28 | 1 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 65 | 8 | 38 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 62 |  | 43 | 9 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years..... | 68 | 3 | 62 | 11 |  | 2 | 63 | 1 | 42 | 19 |  | 1 |
| 65 yeare and over. | 16 |  | 9 | 7 |  |  | 17 |  | 1 | 15 |  | 1 |
| UTE (total) ${ }^{1}$ | 783 | 198 | 462 | 98 | 9 | 16 | 634 | 59 | 483 | 94 | 9 | 9 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 106 | 97 |  |  |  |  |  | $43^{\circ}$ | 26 | 2 |  | 2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 79 | 44 | 30 |  |  | 1 | 73 | 8 | 59 | 4 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 161 | 33 | 118 | 8 | 2 |  | 141 | 6 | 126 | 8 | 1 |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 157 | 13 | 124 | 16 | 3 | 1 | 136 |  | 126 | 9 | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years.... | 177 | 8. | 124 | 39 | 2 | 4 | 122 |  | 95 | 23 | 4 |  |
| 65 years and over...... | 88 |  | 65 | 32 | 1 |  | 78 | 1 | 28 | 48 | 1 |  |
| Colorado. | 218 | 63 | 135 | 27 | 1 | 2 | 197 | 20 | 144 | 33 |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years. | 31 | 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 18 | 9 |  |  |  |  | 26 | 3 | 19 | 4 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 43 | 8 | 32 | 3 |  |  | 40 | 1 | 34 | 5 | ........... |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 48 | 4 | 38 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 50 |  | 46 | 4 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years. | 54 | 1 | 41 | 11 |  | 1 | 35 |  | 29 | 6 |  |  |
| 65 years and over. | 24 |  | 16 | 8 |  |  | 25 |  | 12 | 13 |  |  |
| Utar ${ }^{1}$. | 647 | 137 | 318 | 70 | 8 | 14 | 424 | 32 | 315 | 60 | 9 | 8 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 70 | 61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 57 | 32 | 21 |  |  | 1 | 46 | 4 | 40 |  | 2 |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 116 | 25 | 84 | 5 | 2 |  | 98 | 4 | 90 | 3 | 1 |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 108 | 9 | 85 | 12 | 2 |  | 85 |  | 80 | 4 | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years. | 120 | 7 | 81 | $\stackrel{27}{ }$ |  | 3 | 85 |  | 64 | 17 | 4 | ............ |
| 65 years and over. | 61 | ........ | 36 | 24 | 1 |  | 53 | 1 | 16 | 35 | 1 |  |

sIOUAN sTOCK.

| Assmisons (total)..... | 397 | 105 | 277 | 14 |  | 1 | 414 | 54 | 307 | 50 | 2 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 ( years................. | 54 | 53 | 1 |  |  |  | 49 | 37 | 12 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 51 | 29 | 20 | 2 |  |  | 49 | 13 | 35 |  |  | 1 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 70 | 16 | 54 |  |  |  | 72 |  | 71 | 1 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 78 | 2 | 74 | 2 |  |  | -65 |  | 83 | 2 | i |  |
| 45 65 years and 64 years.... | 119 | 4 | 106 | 8 |  | 1 | 124 54 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 106 20 | 16 31 | 1 |  |
|  |  |  | s in | ude pers | as of un | own |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This tabla shows each triba having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Taible 69-Continued. | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marltal conditlon not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

SIOUAN STOCK-Continued.

| Crow (total) ${ }^{1}$. | 608 | 132 | 413 | 56 | 6 | 1 | 626 | 85 | 432 | 105 | 2 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 yaars. | 93 | 88 | 5 |  |  |  | 89 | 66 | 23 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 51 | 27 | 22 | 2 |  |  | 52 | 12 | 40 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 94 | 6 | 80 | 7 |  |  | 108 | 4 | 95 | 9 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 yaars... | 136 | 6 | 117 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 108 | 1 | 99 | 7 | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years and ovar...... | 181 | 3 | 154 35 | 22 16 | 2 |  | 196 72 | $\cdots$ | 149 26 | 44 | 1 | 2 |
| montana ${ }^{1}$. | 574 | 117 | 396 | 54 | 6 | 1 | 595 | 67 | 421 | 103 | 2 | 2 |
| 15 to 19 yaars. | 83 | 78 | 5 |  |  |  | 77 | 54 | 23 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 yaars. | 45 | 23 | 20 | 2 |  |  | 47 | 8 | 39 |  |  |  |
| 35 to 34 years. | 92 | 6 | 78 | 7 | 1 |  | 103 | 3 | 92 | 8 |  |  |
| 35 45 to 44 64 years. | 130 <br> 173 | 5 3 | 113 | ${ }_{21}^{8}$ | 3 2 | 1 | 105 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}99 \\ 146 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 4 | 1 | 2 |
| 65 yaars and ovar- | 50 | 1 | 33 | 16 |  |  | 69 | ${ }^{-}$ | 25 | 43 |  | 2 |
| Hipatsa (total) ${ }^{1}$. | 169 | 69 | 93 | 3 | .- | 4 | 153 | 42 | 91 | 18 |  | 2 |
| 15 to 19 (In Noars....................... | 51 | 47 | 1 |  |  | 3 |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 20 | 14 | 6 |  |  |  | 23 | 12 | 11 | . |  | 2 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 29 | 5 | 24 |  |  |  | 21 |  | 21 | . |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 21 | 1 | 20 |  |  |  | 21 | 1 | 20 |  |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years...... <br> 65 years and ovar.. | 42 5 | 1 | ${ }_{4}^{48}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 | 39 13 | 1 | 30 5 | 8 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Omata (total) ${ }^{1}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( | 344 | 106 | 217 | 21 |  |  | 317 | 49 | 224 | 44 | .......... | .......... |
| (In Nebraska largaly.) <br> 15 to 19 $\qquad$ | 78 | 77 | 1 |  |  |  | 59 | 39 | 19 | 1 |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 48 | 24 | 22 | 2 |  |  | 39 | 4 | 32 | 3 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 68 | 4 | 59 | 5 |  |  | 78 | 5 | 71 | 2 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 57 |  | 50 | 7 |  |  | 53 59 |  | 46 47 | 12 | - |  |
| 45 to 64 yaars. ....... 65 yaars and ovar... | 58 34 | 1 | 55 29 | 5 |  |  | 59 27 | i | $\begin{array}{r}47 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18 |  |  |
| Osage (total) ${ }^{1}$ | 381 | 114 | 244 | 15 | 3 | 5 | 351 | 81 | 235 | 31 | 4 | .......... |
| (In Oklahoma largely.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 to 19 yars.................. | 78 | 72 |  |  |  |  | 76 |  | 14 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 58 <br> 83 | 13 | 26 69 | 1 | 2 |  | 88 | 14 4 | 76 | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | $i^{-}$ |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 79 | 2 | 73 | 4 |  |  | 53 |  | 51 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 yaars. | 62 | 1 | 54 | 7 |  |  | 54 | i | 43 | 10 | 1 |  |
| 65 years and ovar.. | 20 | 1 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 12 | 11 | 1 |  |
| Ponca (total) | 264 | 84 | 170 | 9 | 1 |  | 268 | 70 | 176 | 20 | 1 | 1 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 52 | 51 | 15 | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 Years... | 56 59 59 | 21 8 |  |  |  |  | 38 49 | 10 2 | 27 45 |  | 1 |  |
| 25 35 35 to 44 44 years... | 59 <br> 38 <br> 8 | 8 3 1 | 49 <br> 34 | 1 | . 1 |  | $\begin{array}{r}46 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | 2 | 45 35 | 1 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years... | 62 | 1 | 58 | 3 |  |  | 62 16 |  | $\stackrel{53}{7}$ | 8 |  | 1 |
| 65 years and ovar........ | 17 |  | 13 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 7 | 9 |  |  |
| Oiklafoma. | 189 | 48 | 131 | 9 | 1 |  | 197 | 42 | 137 | 17 |  | 1 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 30 | 29 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ | .-. | ......... | ....-..... |
| 20 to 24 years. | 22 44 | 10 8 | 12 |  | 1 |  | ${ }_{41}^{28}$ | 7 2 | 21 38 | 1 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 yaars. | 44 30 | 3 <br> 3 | $\stackrel{26}{ }$ | 1 | 1 |  | 29 |  | 28 | 1 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 yaars.. | 50 | 1 | 46 | 3 |  |  | 12 |  | 40 | 8 |  | 1 |
| 65 yaars and over. | 13 |  | 9 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 8 |  |  |
| Santee Sioux (total) ${ }^{1 .}$ | 470 | 144 | 298 | 22 | 5 | 1 | 471 | 101 | 303 | 60 | 5 | 2 |
| 15 to 19 years..... |  |  | 2 |  |  | 1 | 78 |  |  |  | 1 | .......... |
| 20 to 24 yaars..... | 59 | ${ }_{27}^{42}$ | ${ }_{6}^{14}$ |  |  | .......... | 49 85 | 18 | 30 70 | 1 | 1 | …....... |
| 25 to 34 years.... | $\stackrel{93}{82}$ | 27 8 | 72 | 1 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ |  | 72 | 1 | 67 | 3 | 1 |  |
| 35 to 44 years...... | 82 135 | 3 | 122 | 10 |  |  | 115 |  | 97 | 16 | 2 |  |
| 45 to 64 years....... 65 years and ovar.. | ${ }_{34}$ |  | 25 | 8 | 1 | .......... | 71 | 1 | 32 | 37 |  | 1 |
| Minnerota. | 54 | 13 | 38 | 1 | 2 |  | 60 | 11 | 34 | 12 | 3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8 | 5 | 3 |  |  |  | 6 | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.... | 11 | 1 | 9 |  | 1 |  | 10 |  | 9 |  | 1 |  |
| 35 to 44 years... | 12 | 1 | 11 |  |  |  | 13 |  | ${ }_{6}$ | ${ }^{-}$ | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years.... | 13 |  | ${ }_{2}$ | 1 | 1 |  | 7 |  | 1 | 6 |  |  |
| Nebraska. | 218 | 69 | 133 | 13 | 2 | 1 | 227 | 52 | 145 | 28 | 1 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years... |  |  |  | $i^{-}$ | $i$ | 1 | 26 | $\stackrel{3}{9}$ | 16 | 1 |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 25 37 | 12 | 24 |  | 1 | .......... | 41 | 6 | 34 | 1 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 32 | 2 | 29 | 1 |  |  | 29 |  | 29 |  |  |  |
| 45 to 84 years... | 69 69 | 1 | ${ }_{13}^{62}$ | 6 5 |  |  | 54 38 |  | 47 16 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1 | 1 |
| 65 years and over. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1 Totals inciuda parsons of unknown aga.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910.-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indlan males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Marital } \\ \text { condtion } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Marital } \\ & \text { condition } \\ & \text { not } \\ & \text { reported. } \end{aligned}$ |

SIOUAN STOCK-Continued.

| Santee Sioux-Continued. South Dakota: | 128 | 49 | 73 | 5 | 1 |  | 118 | 31 | 74 | 11 | 1 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 years. | 18 | 18 |  |  |  |  | 19 | 18 |  |  | 1 | .......... |
| 20 to 24 years. | 17 | 15 | 2 |  |  |  | 11 | 7 | 4 | . |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 28 | 12 | 15 | 1 |  |  | 18 | 5 | 12 | 1 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 22 | 4 | 17 |  | 1 |  | 22 | 1 | 19 | 2 |  | - |
| 45 to 64 years. | 33 |  | 31 | 2 |  |  | 30 |  | 27 12 | ${ }_{5}$ | , |  |
| SIoUx (total) ${ }^{1}$. | 396 | 191 | 186 | 12 | 2 | 5 | 295 | 92 | 169 | 27 | 2 | 5 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 97 | 92 | 1 |  |  | 4 | 66 | 59 | 2 |  |  | 5 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 71 | 60 | 10 |  |  | 1 | 40 | 23 | 16 | 1 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 92 | 31 | 59 | 1 | 1 |  | 67 | 9 | 55 | 1 | 2 | ........... |
| 35 to 44 years. | 54 | 7 | 45 | 1 | 1 |  | 38 |  | 35 | 3 |  | ......... |
| 45 to 64 years... | 66 | 1 | 58 | 7 |  |  | 61 | 1 | 52 | 8 |  |  |
| 65 years and over. | 16 |  | 13 | 3 |  |  | 22 |  | 8 | 14 |  |  |
| South Dakota. | 100 | 41 | 54 | 4 | 1 |  | 86 | 23 | 51 | 12 |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years. | 20 | 20 |  |  |  |  | 17 | 16 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 14 | 119 | 3 16 | . |  |  | 9 | 4 <br> 2 | 4 | 1 |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 25 14 | 9 | 13 |  | 1 |  | 17 9 | 2 | 15 | 1 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years. | 22 | 1 | 18 | 3 |  |  | 24 | 1 | 19 | 4 |  |  |
| 65 years and over. | 5 |  | 4 | 1 |  |  | 10 |  | 4 | 6 |  |  |
| Sisseton Sioux (total) ${ }^{1}$. | 832 | 246 | 529 | 38 | 8 | 11 | 800 | 140 | 535 | 114 | 8 | 3 |
| 15 to 19 years.. | 120 | 114 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 106 | 89 | 15 |  |  | 2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 122 | 87 | 34 | 1 |  |  | 91 | 33 | 56 |  | 2 |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 190 | 39 | 137 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 156 | 13 | 133 | 7 | 3 |  |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 141 | 6 | 126 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 111 | 1 | 103 | 7 | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 45 to 64 years...... <br> 65 years and over. | 192 |  | 171 57 | 17 | 1 | 3 | 234 99 | 3 1 | 184 44 | 54 | 3 |  |
| Montana. | 81 | 23 | 57 | 1 |  |  | 88 | 16 | 63 | 9 |  |  |
| 15 to 19 years. | 12 | 12 |  |  |  |  | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 10 | 8 | 2 | ......... |  |  | 10 | 4 | ${ }^{6}$ | .......... |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 17 | 3 | 14 |  |  |  | 14 | 1 | 13 |  |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 13 |  | 13 | 1 |  |  | 17 |  | 15. | 2 |  |  |
| 45 to 64 years..... <br> 65 years and over | 24 5 |  | 23 5 | 1 |  |  | 28 8 |  | 26 3 | 5 |  |  |
| nobth Dakota. | 206 | 50 | 152 | 4 |  |  | 200 | 27 | 147 | 23 | 2 | 1 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 22 | 20 | 2 | …….. |  |  | 21 | 18 | 2 |  |  | 1 |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 33 | 22 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{37}^{22}$ | 5 3 3 | 17 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 41 37 | 8 | 32 36 |  |  |  | 37 26 | 3 | 31 <br> 25 | 2 | 1 | -.......... |
| 45 to 64 years. | 55 |  | 53 | 2 |  |  | 73 | $i$ | 62 | 9 | 1 |  |
| 65 years and over ............. | 18 |  | 18 |  |  |  | 21 |  | 10 | 11 |  |  |
| South Dakota ${ }^{1}$ | 512 | 159 | 305 | 30 | 7 | 11 | 489 | 93 | 310 | 79 | 5 | 2 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 80 | 76 | 2 |  |  | 2 | 71 | 57 | 13 |  |  | 1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 72 126 | 52 | 18 |  |  |  | 56 99 | 23 | 32 |  | 1 |  |
| 25 to 34 years. | 126 | 26 | 87 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 99 | 9 | 83 | 5 | 2 |  |
| 35 to 44 years.... | 87 105 | 5 | 75 <br> 88 | 13 | 1 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}65 \\ 128 \\ \hline 68\end{array}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | ${ }_{93}^{60}$ | 4 | 2 | ......... |
| 45 to 64 years. ... <br> 65 years and over | 105 |  | 34 | 7 |  |  | -67 | 1 | $\stackrel{93}{29}$ | ${ }_{37}^{31}$ | 2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teton Sioux (total) ${ }^{1}$... | 4,551 | 1,341 | 2,884 | 249 | 45 | 32 | 4,673 | 935 | 3,073 | 591 | 52 | 22 |
| 15 to 19 years. . | 685 | 666 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  | 13 | 641 | 586 | 46 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 549 | 421 | 116 | 2 |  | 9 | 478 | 229 | 238 | 3 | 6 | 2 |
| 25 to 34 years... | 928 | 200 | ${ }_{712}^{672}$ | 34 | 19 | 3 | 935 | 79 | 801 | 34 | 19 | 2 |
| 35 to 44 years... | 781 | 26 | 710 | 33 | 12 |  | 744 | 13 | 687 | 32 | 12 |  |
| 45 to 64 years... | 1,224 | 21 | 1,096 | 8 | 12 | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ | 1,293 | 20 | 1,071 | 185 | 14 | 3 |
| 65 years and over........... | 376 | 5 | 282 | 85 | 1 | 3 | 568 | 6 | 225 | 336 | 1 |  |
| South Dakota ${ }^{1}$ | 4,385 | 1,283 | 2,783 | 243 | 44 | 32 | 4,491 | 892 | 2,960 | 568 | 49 | 22 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 651 | 632 | 6 |  |  |  | 605 | 551 | 45 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 529 | 405 | 112 | 2 |  | 9 | 467 | 224 | 232 | 3 | 6 | 2 |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 897 | 193 | 649 | 34 | 18 | 3 | 901 | 76 | 772 | 33 | 18 | 2 |
| 35 to 44 years.... | 751 1 | 25 | ${ }^{682}$ | 32 | 12 |  | 714 | 13 | ${ }^{658}$ | 32 | 11 |  |
| 45 to 64 years..... 65 years and over. | 1,188 | 21 5 | 1,062 | 88 | 12 | 1 3 | 1,248 545 | 20 6 | 1,035 | 177 322 | 13 1 | 3 |
| 65 years and over................ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54. | $\checkmark$ | 216 | 322 | 1 |  |
| Brule Sioux (total). | 268 | 66 | 183 | 13 | 3 | 3 | 260 | 39 | 178 | 31 | 10 | 2 |
| 15 to 19 years........................ | 35 | 34 | 1 |  |  |  | 29 |  | 3 |  |  | 1 |
| 20 to 24 years... | 30 | 20 | 9 |  |  | 1 | 21 | 9 | 11 |  | 1 |  |
| 25 to 34 years... | 55 | 8 | 43 |  |  |  | 54 | 5 | 40 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| 35 to 44 years... | 52 | 2 | 46 | 3 | 1 |  | 47 | , | 44 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 1 |  |
| 45 to 64 years.. | 76 20 | 1 | 69 |  | 1 | $\stackrel{*}{ }$ | 77 |  | ${ }_{15}^{65}$ | 11 | 1 |  |
| 65 years and over..................... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |  | 15 | 17 |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINGIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 years df age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Marital } \\ \text { condition } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { reported. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital condition not reported. |

SIOUAN STOCK-Continued.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910—Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | MaritaI condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. | Marital oondition not reported. |



TANOAN STOCK.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | indian males 15 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 15 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age period. | Total. | Single. | Marrled. | Widowed. | Dlvorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Dlvorced. | Marltal condition not reported. |

WAKABEAN BTOCK.

|  | 122 | 27 | 87 | 8 |  |  | 102 | 14 | 71 | 17 | ........... |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 18 | 18 |  |  |  |  | 15 | 9 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | 10 | 7 | 3 | ... |  | .......... | 12 | 4 | 8 |  |  |  |
| 25 to 34 years.... | 11 | 1 | 10 |  |  |  | 13 |  | 12 | 1 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years.... | $\begin{array}{r}26 \\ 37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ....... | 25 |  |  | . | 14 | 1 | 13 |  |  |  |
| 65 years and over. | 18 |  | 13 | 5 |  |  | 24 |  | 11 | 13 |  |  |

WASHOAN STOCK.


WINTUN STOCK.

| WIntun (total) ${ }^{1}$..... | 142 | 54 | 61 | 25 | 2 | .......... | 120 | 25 | 82 | 12 | 1 | .......... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 (In Cars | 26 | 24 | 2 |  |  |  | 18 | 17 |  |  |  |  |
| 15 to 29 y years.... | 13 | 9 | 3 |  | i | ............ | 11 | 2 | 8 | 1 | ............. |  |
| 25 to 34 years................................... | $\stackrel{29}{29}$ | 10 5 | 15 13 | 1 |  |  | 18 | 1 1 | $\stackrel{14}{21}$ | 2 | i- | ........... |
| 35 to 44 years......................................................... | 35 | ${ }_{6}$ | 19 | 9 | 1 |  | 32 |  | 30 | 2 |  |  |
| 65 years and over ................................ | 21 |  | 9 | 12 |  | .........- | 12 |  | 7 | 5 |  |  |

YUMAN STOCK.


MARITAL CONDITION OF THE INDIAN POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN THE UNITED STATES, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 350 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 69-Continued. | nfdian males 15 Years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | midian femaleg 15 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tribe, state, and age perion. | Total. | Single. | Married. | Widowed. | Dlvorced. | Marital condition not reported. | Total. | Singie. | Married. | Wld. owed. | Divorced. | Marltai condition not reported. |

YUMAN STOCK-Contlnued.


FUROK STOCK.

| Wertspec (total) 1. | 213 | 68 | 115 | 30 |  |  | 224 | 35 | 137 | 51 | 1 | ........... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 (All in California.) | 36 | 35 | 1 |  |  |  | 30 | 23 | 5 | 2 |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years. | 20 | 15 | 5 |  |  |  | 21 | 7 | 12 | 2 | .......... | ............. |
| 25 to 34 years. | 39 | 12 | 26 | 1 |  |  | 40 | 3 | 29 | 8 |  |  |
| 35 to 44 years. | 30 | 2 | 25 | 3 |  | ........ | 52 | 1 | 41 | 9 | 1 | .......... |
| 45 to 64 years.. | 59 | 2 | 46 | 11 |  |  | 51 |  | 39 | 12 |  |  |
| 65 years and over..... | 28 | 2 | 11 | 15 |  |  | 29 | 1 | 10 | 18 | - |  |

ZUNIAN STOCK.

| ZUNI (totai) ${ }^{1}$ | 563 | 144 | 345 | 57 | 17 |  | 504 | 61 | 349 | 63 | 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 19 years.. | 61 | 58 | 2 |  | 1 |  | 84 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years... | ${ }^{69}$ | 43 | 24 |  | 2 | -......... | 54 | 5 | 42 | i | 6 | - |
| 25 to 34 years.. | 113 | ${ }^{22}$ | 82 |  | 4 | .......... | 80 | 7 | ${ }_{89} 6$ | 2 | 8 |  |
| 35 to 44 y years. | 181 | 6 | 142 | 28 | 5 |  | 163 | $\cdots$ | . 119 | 39 | 4 |  |
| 65 years and over. | 41 | 2 | 22 | 17 |  |  | 25 |  | 6 | 19 |  |  |

[^9]
## SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

One of the most interesting social phenomena in American history is found in the development of the system of Indian schools upon the part of the Government, and in the development of an appreciation of schooling upon the part of the Indian. To secure a common language has been the first great object of the Indian school. Both races have profited through the mutual understanding which a common language and culture bring about. In their first report in 1869 the Board of Indian Commissioners discussed at some length the barriers in the way of sympathetic relations between the red and white races, and found them in differences of race, custom, and language. They went on to say that:
By educating the children of these tribes in the English language these differences would have disappeared and civilization would have followed at once. Nothing then would have been left but the antipathy of race, and that, too, is always softened in the beams of a higher civilization. * * * In the difference of language to-day lies two-thirds of our troubles.

Appropriations for Indian schools.-While the total Indian appropriations have increased only slightly more than threefold since 1877, the appropriations for Indian schools by the National Government have increased one hundred and eighty-seven fold in the same length of time, as shown by Table 70 prepared from the reports of the Indian Office, giving the annual expenditures on account of Indian Affairs, exclusive of trust funds, from 1877 to 1910, inclusive.
It is practically true that an increasing proportion of national expenditures for Indians goes each year into Indian education. The apparent fall in the percentage during the last few years is caused by the consistent funding of our treaty obligations, only
the interest on which has generally been provided in the past. With the funding nearly complete the real progressive substitution of welfare for administrative purposes will again become apparent.


Enrollment in Indian schools.-The growing number of schools and Indian scholars corresponding to the growing expenditures, so far as they are officially known to the Office of Indian Affairs and given in its reports, are shown in Tables 71 and 72, which together give such data as are available since 1877.

| Table 71 | indian schools and enrollment: 1890-1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All schools. |  | Nonreservation boarding schools. |  | Reservation boarding schools. |  | Day schools. |  | Mission schools. |  | Contract schools. |  | Contract public schools. |  |
|  | Number. | Enrollment. | Number. | Enrollment. | Number. | Enrollment. | Number. | Enrollment. | Number. | Enrollment. | Number. | Enrollment. | Number. | Enrollment. |
| 1010. | 389 | 131,430 | 25 | 8,863 | 81 | 10,765 | 219 | 7,152 | 51 | 3,870 | 9 | 1,169 | 4 | 111 |
| 1909. | 372 | 31,029 | 27 | 9,252 | 82 | 10,988 | 194 | 6,286 | 51 | 3,250 | 9 | 1,139 | 9 | 114 |
| 1908. | 347 | 32,501 | 26 | 9,337 | 88 | 10,905 | 167 | 5,982 | 53 | 5,184 | 9 | 1,069 | 4 | 24 |
| 1907. | 353 | 30,694 | 25 | 9,485 | 91 | 11, 019 | 163 | 6,130 | 58 | 4,307 | 4 | 625 | 12 | 128 |
| 1908. | 324 | 30,940 | 25 | 9,279 | 90 | 11, 007 | 146 | 4,476 | 48 | 4,997 | 9 | 1,087 | 6 | 94 |
| 1805. | 318 | 30,106 | 25 | 9,736 | 93 | 11, 402 | 139 | 4,399 | 45 | 3,363 | 10 | 1,122 | 6 | 84 |
| 1804. | 310 | 30,970 | 25 | 9,300 | 90 | 11,514 | 138 | 4,434 | 49 | 5,504 | 1 | 121 | 7 | 97 |
| 1903. | 318 | 28,411 | 26 | 8,651 | 91 | 11, 209 | 140 | 4,497 | 48 | 3,789 | 1 | 101 | 12 | 164 |
| 1802. | 316 | 28,610 | 25 |  |  | 11,506 | 134 | 4,360 | 49 | 3,853 | 1 | 134 | 17 | 189 |
| 1901. | 325 | 27,522 | 25 | 7,928 | 88 | 10,782 | 138 | ${ }_{5}^{4}, 622$ | 52 | 3,803 | 1 | 130 | 21 | $\stackrel{25}{ }$ |
| 1900. | 329 | 26,771 | 25 | 7,430 | 81 | 9,604 | 147 | 5,090 | 22 | 1,595 | 32 | 2, 806 | 22 | 246 |
| 1899. | 332 | 25,426 | 25 | 6, 880 | 76 | 8,881 | 142 |  | 21 | 1,485 | 32 | 2,903 | 36 | 326 |
| 1898. | 328 | 26, 283 | 25 | 6,175 | 75 | 8,877 | 142 | 4,847 | 21 | 1,335 | 34 | 4,736 | 31 | 314 |
| 1897. | 326 | 23, 159 | 23 | 5,723 | 73 | 8,112 | 138 | 4,768 | 19 | 1,095 | 35 | 3,158 | 38 | 303 |
| 1896. | 341 | 23,572 | 22 | 5,085 | 77 | 8,489 | 124 | 4,215 | 19 | 931 | 54 | 4,439 | 45 | 413 |
| 1895. | 318 | 23, 036 | 19 | 4,673 | 75 | 8,068 | 110 | 3,843 | 5 | 253 | 73 | 6,880 | 36 | 319 |
| 1894. | 306 | 21, 619 | 20 | 4,350 | 77 | 7,631 | 100 | 3,256 | 4 | 152 | 78 | 6,026 | 27 | 204 |
| 1893. | 291 | 21, 183 | 20 | 4,346 | 74 67 | 6,780 6,145 | 102 | 3,589 3 | 3 7 | 76 157 | 76 89 | 6, 6,445 | 16 | 268 |
| 1892. | 289 | 19,907 | 14 | 3,489 |  | 6,145 <br> 5,784 | 98 91 | 3,481 2,877 | 7 | 157 | 89 | 6,445 | 14 | 190 |
| 1891. | 170 | 17, 926 | 12 | 2,788 2,112 | 67 | 5,784 5,124 | 91 81 | 2,877 $\mathbf{2 , 9 6 3}$ |  |  |  | 6,477 6,178 |  |  |
| 1890. | 246 | 16,377 | 7 | 2,112 | 64 | 5,124 | 81 | 2,963 |  |  | 94 | 6,178 |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Exclusive of Five Civilized Tribes (enrollment, 5,953). Contract and tribal-Boarding, 3,137; day, 2,816.

| Table 72 <br> rear. | INDIAN SCHOOLS-NOMBER AND AVERAGE ATTENDANCE: 1877-1889. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All schools. |  | Boarding schools. |  | Day sohools. |  |
|  | Number. | Average attendance. | Number. | Average attendance. | Number. | A verage attendance. |
| 1889. | $\begin{array}{r} 239 \\ 233 \end{array}$ | 11,562 | 136 | 9. 146 | 103 | 2,406 |
| 1888. |  |  | 126 | 8,7058,020 | 107110 | 2,7152,500 |
| 1887. | 227 | 10,520 |  |  |  |  |
| 1886 | 214 | 9, 630 | 115 | 7,260 | 99 | 2,370 |
| 1885. | 200 | 8,143 | 114 | 6,201 | 86 | 1,942 |
| 1894 | 185 | 6,960 | 87 | 4,723 | 98 | 2,23i' |
| 1883 | 168 | 5,686 | 80 | 3,793 | 88 | 1,893 |
| 1882 | 147 | 4,7144,976 | 71 | 3,077 | 76106 | 1,637 |
| 18811 | 174 |  | 60 | -.......... |  |  |
| 18801 | 169 | 4,651 |  |  | 109 ............ |  |
| 18791 | 159 | 4,448 | 52 | -...........-. | 107 -............ |  |
| 18781. | 168 | 4,1423,598 | 49 |  | 119 -........... |  |
| $1877{ }^{1}$ | 150 |  | 48 |  | 102 | -.......... |

${ }^{1}$ Figures inciude New York schools.
It will be observed from Table 71 that at the three dates-1890, 1900, and 1910-the nonreservation schools enrolled 12.9, 27.8, and 27.8 per cent, respectively, of the total recorded attendance. The reservation boarding schools at the three dates enrolled, respectively, $31.3,35.9$, and 33.7 per cent, while the day schools registered 18.1, 19, and 22.4 per cent. The two tables, however, are not strictly comparable within themselves. Differing classification at various periods makes impossible exact comparison. Mission schools and contract schools have in many cases been synonymous. During the period 1896-1900, when Congress was by gradual steps stopping all appropriations to sectarian schools, the number of mission schools increased very rapidly, while the contract schools decreased even more rapidly. The number of pupils in both kinds of schools decreased from 6,133 in 1895 to 3,933 in 1901. The earlier total was not reached again until 1908. The later increase in contract school enrollment is due in part to the policy of recent years of employing Indian, though not Government, funds for mission schools. The contract public schools are for obvious reasons recorded separately. The closer association of the races in the common schools is an object earnestly desired, but it is coming about more rapidly through unofficial than official means. The Indian Office has recorded the attendance of Indian youth in noncontract public schools for the last five years, as follows: 1910, 1,$396 ; 1909,818$; 1908, 555; 1907, 1,390; 1906, 284. Doubtless a much larger number escaped enumeration.
It should be borne in mind that these figures are for school enrollment, not for average attendance. The enrollment and average attendance in all schools recorded by the Indian Office for the five years from 1906 to 1910 were as follows:

| year. | Enrollment. | Averago attendance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910. | 31,830 | 24,945 |
| 1909. | 31,029 | 25,568 |
| 1908. | 32,501 | 25,964 |
| 1907. | 30,694 | 25,802 |
| 1906. | 30,940 | 25, 492 |

In 1906 the attendance averaged about one-sixth less than the enrollment; in 1890, it was one-fourth less, and in 1895, one-fifth less, showing that the schools are more and more succeeding in holding the pupils whom they enroll.

The complete statistics of Indian school attendance, however, can not be gathered from the published reports of the Federal bureau having charge of Indian schools, for about 14,000 Indian scholars do not come under its surveillance or have not been included in its count. The difficulties inherent in the collection of Indian statistics are brought out by a comparison of the unpublished school attendance figures for 21 states in 1910 on file in the Office of Indian Affairs showing Government, mission, and public school enrollment, with the corresponding figures shown by the census enumeration, as given in Table 73.

| Table 73 <br> state. | OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS. |  |  | búreat of the census. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Indian population: 1910. | Indians 6 to 18 years. | Enrolled at school (all ages). | Indian population: 1910. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Indians } \\ & 6 \text { to } 18 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | Attend- <br> ing school <br> (all ages). |
| Total for 21 states..... | 271, 981 | 65,775 | 36,762 | 249,226 | 78,449 | 49,543 |
| Arlzona. | 38,475 | 7,378 | 4,225 | 29, 201 | 9,578 | 3,648 |
| California | 20,976 | 3,950 | 1,951 | 16,371 | 4,788 | 3,075 |
| Colorado. | 815 | 212 | 344 | 1,482 | 540 | 427 |
| Idaho.. | 3,988 | 768 | 524 | 3,488 | 828 | 408 |
| Iowa. | 372 | 103 | 97 | 471 | - 100 | 61 |
| Kansas. | 1,385 | 394 | 1,034 | 2,444 | 922 | 1,007 |
| Michigan | 6,784 | 1 1,348 | 628 | 7,619 | 2,134 | 1,538 |
| Minnesota | 11,095 | 3,921 | 1,929 | 9,053 | 2,928 | 2,440 |
| Montana. | 10,766 | 2,917 | 2,061 | 10,745 | 3,115 | 1,613 |
| Nebraska. | 3,784 | 759 | 595 | 3,502 | 1,145 | 805 |
| Nevada. | 6,192 | 1,306 | 638 | 5,240 | 1,360 | 705 |
| New Mexico. | 18,837 | 4,654 | 2,745 | 20,573 | 6,396 | 1,987 |
| North Caroiina | 1,999 | 1375 | 272 | 7,851 | 2,524 | 1,684 |
| North Dakota. | 8,256 | 2,242 | 1,633 | 6,486 | 2,132 | 1,475 |
| Oklahoma. | 91,161 | 224,312 | 8,759 | 74,825 | 25,571 | 19,098 |
| Oregon............. | 3,477 | . 805 | 1,340 | 5,090 | 1,598 | 1,465 |
| South Dakota. . . - | 20,303 | 5,060 | 4,049 | 19, 137 | 5,195 | 3,483 |
| Utah.. | 1,697 | 288 | 132 | 3,123 | 824 | 108 |
| Washington | 9,625 | 1,785 | 1,458 | 10,997 | 3,088 | 1,790 |
| Wisconsin. | 10,303 | 2,791. | 2,000 | 10,142 | 3,265 | 2,433 |
| W yoming. . . . . . . . | 1,701 | 407 | 348 | 1,486 | 418 | 302 |

1 Estimated.
${ }_{2}$ Indian schooi populatlon estimated for eastern Oklahoma-Flve Civilized Tribes.
Table 73 shows, for the 21 states taken together, a total enrollment of 36,762 Indian scholars, according to the report of the Indian Office, as compared with a total of 49,543 Indians actually attending school, as shown by the census report. The difference is due in part to the fact that Indians scattered among the general population are outside the jurisdiction of the Office of Indian Affairs.
School attendance, 6 to 19 years.-For the purposes of this report the school population includes all Indians from 6 to 19 years of age, inclusive. The statistics of school attendance for the United States are based upon the answers to the inquiry as to whether the person enumerated had attended any kind of school at any time between September 1, 1909, and the date of enumeration, April 15, 1910; but for Alaska the statistics are based upon attendance at school at any time during the calendar year 1909, the date of enumeration there generally being December 31, 1909, or a time as near that date as conditions permitted.

Table 74 shows, for the United States and Alaska, by sex and age periods, the number and proportion of Indians attending school in 1910.

| Table 74 <br> bex and age period. | UNTTED STATES. |  |  | ALASKA. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalnum-ber:1910. | Attending school. |  | Total num: 1910. | Attending śchool. |  |
|  |  | Num- <br> ber. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cant. |
| Boti Sexes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indians 6 to 19 years.. | 88,786 | 50,115 | 56.4 | 7,167 | 3,030 | 42.3 |
| 6 to 9 years. | 28,907 | 13,984 | 48.4 | 2, 420 | 984 | 40.7 |
| 10 to 14 years. | 31,393 28,486 | 22, 446 13 | 71.5 | 2,250 | 1,345 | 59.8 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 28,486 | 13,685 | 48.0 | 2,497 | 701 | 28.1 |
| Indians 6 to 19 years. | 45,313 | 25,835 | 57.0 | 3,722 | 1,643 | 44.1 |
| 6 to 9 years. | 14,502 | 6,902 | 47.6 | 1,231 | 496 | 40.3 |
| 10 to 14 years. | 16,199 | 11,566 | 71.4 | 1,206 | 725 | 60.1 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 14,612 | 7,367 | 60.4 | 1,285 | 422 | 32.8 |
| female. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indians 6 to 19 years. | 43,473 | 24,280 | 55.9 | 3,445 | 1,387 | 40.3 |
| 6 to 9 years. | 14,405 | 7,082 | 49.2 | 1,189 | 488 | 41.0 |
| 10 to 14 years. | 15, 194 | 10,880 | 71.6 | 1,044 | 620 | 59.4 |
| 15 to 19 years. | 13, 874 | 6,318 | 45.5 | 1,212 | 279 | 23.0 |

The table shows, for the United States, that out of a total of 88,786 Indians of both sexes 6 to 19 years of age in 1910 , there were 50,115 , or 56.4 per cent, who were attending school. For the males the percentage attending school, 57 , was slightly larger than that for the females, 55.9.

The encouraging general average of attendance upon schools of all kinds does not tell in full the progressive
hold those schools are getting in Indian circles. The distribution of the whole number of Indian scholars 6 to 19 years of age into the three smaller age periods gives much more significant averages. The youth from 15 to 19 years-or many of them-have been in school and have completed all the schooling they can be expected to receive. Many of them grew to older years before opportunity or custom brought them within the scholastic walls. Their average school attendance in 1910 was 48 per cent. The children from 6 to 9 years are being brought into the schools in larger numbers every year, but many of them still elude the school authorities, so that their average attendance was only 48.4 per cent; for the males in this age group the percentage was 47.6 , and for the females it was 49.2. The real impress which the schools are making is represented, however, by the average school attendance in the age group 10 to 14, namely, 71.5 per cent.

As compared with the whites and Negroes in the United States, it appears, as shown by Table 75, that the Indian youth between 6 and 9 years attended school in 1910 in smaller proportions than the children of either the white or Negro race, that those between 10 and 14 surpassed the Negro, and that those between 15 and 19 outranked both the other races. This latter fact is the result in part of the more or less compulsory attendance upon many reservations of the youth up to 18 years of age.

| Table 75 <br> CLASS OP POPULATION AND sEX. | PEREONS 6 to 19 YEARS OF AGE:1910. |  |  | persons 8 to 9 tears of age: 1910. |  |  | PERSONS 10 To 14 YEARS of age:1910. |  |  | PERSONS $\begin{gathered}15 \text { to } 19 \text { years of AGR: } \\ 1910 .\end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number. } \end{gathered}$ | Attending school. |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |
| Indian. | 88, 786 | 60, 115 | 56.4 | 28,907 | 13,984 | 48.4 | 31,393 | 22,446 | 71.6 | 28,488 | 13,685 | 48.0 |
| Male.. Female | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 45,313 \\ & 43,473 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,835 \\ & 24,280 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57.0 \\ & 55.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,502 \\ & 14,405 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6,902 \\ & 7,082 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47.6 \\ & 49.2 \end{aligned}$ | 16,199 16,194 | $\begin{aligned} & 11,666 \\ & 10,880 \end{aligned}$ | 71.4 71.6 | 14,612 13,874 | 7,367 8,318 | 50.4 45.5 |
| Negro. | 3,206,532 | 1,607,571 | 60.1 | 990,850 | 488,954 | 49.3 | 1,155, 266 | 791,995 | 88.6 | 1,060,416 | 328,622 | 30.8 |
| Male. Female. | $\begin{aligned} & 1,578,485 \\ & 1,628,047 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 754,773 \\ & 852,798 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47.8 \\ & 52.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 492,466 \\ & 498,384 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 237,162 \\ 251,792 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 48.2 \\ & 60.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 678,074 \\ & 577,192 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 379,486 \\ & 412,509 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65.6 \\ & 71.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 607,945 \\ & 552,471 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 138,125 \\ & 188,497 \end{aligned}$ | 27.2 34.1 |
| White.. | 22,590,547 | 15, 482, 564 | 68.5 | 6, 703, 748 | 5,174,347 | 77.2 | 7,918,408 | 7,212,607 | 91.1 | 7,988,391 | 3,095,810 | 38.8 |
| Male.................... | 11,393,880 | $7,794,476$ $7,688,088$ | 68.4 88.7 | 3,388, 433 $\mathbf{3 , 3 1 5 , 3 1 5}$ | $2,611,957$ $\mathbf{2 , 5 6 2 , 3 9 0}$ | 77.1 | 4,006, 104 $3,912,304$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,643,988 \\ & 3,588,619 \end{aligned}$ | 91.0 91.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,999,143 \\ & 3,969,248 \end{aligned}$ | $1,538,531$ $1,657,079$ | 38.5 39.2 |

The systematic attempt to introduce schools into Alaska came at a much later date than in the United States, and it is not surprising, therefore, to find, as shown by Table 74; that out of a total Indian school population of 7,167 those reported as attending school in 1909 numbered only 3,030 , or 42.3 per cent. Of those from 10 to 14 years of age about three-fifths ( 59.8 per cent) attended school in 1909, as compared with about two-fifths ( 40.7 per cent) of those from 6 to 9 years of age, and less than three-tenths ( 28.1 per cent) of those from 15 to 19 years of age. In the last-named age group the percentage of school attendance among
the females was very low, 23 , as against 32.8 for the males.

The number of Indian school children 6 to 19 years of age reported on the census schedules in 1910 ( 50,115 ) may also be compared with the number reported in Indian schools by the Indian Office ( 37,883 enrolled, including the Five Civilized Tribes, with an average attendance of 29,684 ). The fact that fully 24 per cent of the Indian scholars are not covered by the reports of the Office of Indian Affairs indicates that the Indian population to a not inconsiderable extent joins the other races in the common patronage of the local public institutions.

The number of Indians 6 to 19 years of age attending school, classified by sex and age periods, is shown, by divisions and states, in Table 77 (p. 199). The proportion of school attendance among the Indians in each of the 22 states for which more than 1,000 Indians were reported in 1910 is given in Table 76, and the proportion is also shown graphically, by states, in the following map:

PROPORTION OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE ATTENDING SCHOOL: 1910.

Less than 40 per cent.
40 to 50 per cent.
50 to 60 per cent.
[RA 60 to 70 per cent.逐现 50 to 60 per cent.
[IT] 70 per cent and over. $\square$ Less than 100 Indians of school age in state.


In seven of the states having a considerable Indian population, as shown by Table 76, the attendance runs below 50 per cent, namely, Montana, 46.1 per cent; Nevada, 46.1 per cent; Idaho, 43.7 per cent; Arizona, 33.5 per cent; New Mexico, 26.5 per cent; Mississippi, 23.4 per cent; and Utah, 11.6 per cent. Nevertheless, it may be asserted that the initial problem of securing some schooling for the Indian youth is either solved or on the point of solution in all parts of the country, varying somewhat, of course, with the general educational progress in the different states. It should be borne in mind, however, that the impor-
tant problems of regularity of attendance and standard of work are not covered by the census statistics.

Table 81 ( p . 201) gives, for the larger stocks, the statistics of school attendance for all Indians of both sexes 6 to 19 years of age, first, by principal tribes and, second, by principal states in which the stock was situated in 1910. The percentage of school attendance among Indians 6 to 19 years of age is also shown for each principal tribe in the diagram following:

PERCENTAGE OF SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AMONG INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE: 1910.


Table 82 (p.204) shows, by principal stocks, the number and proportion of males and females in each of the several age groups who were reported in 1910 as attending school, while Table 83 (p.205) shows, for the United States and Alaska, by sex, the total number 6 to 19 years of age and the number attending school distributed according to three age groups, for each stock as a whole, for each tribe for which 100 or more members were reported at the census of 1910, and, in the United States, for each tribe the state having 50 or more members thereof. Where the figures for a state and tribe are identical, the name of the state follows in parenthesis the name of the tribe; otherwise, the name of the principal state or states is indented under the name of the tribe.

In the United States, the largest proportion of school attendance reported for any stock, as shown by Table 81 (p.201), was that for the Waiilatpuan, 85.3 per cent, those attending school numbering 93, out of a total of 109 persons of school age. There were four other stocks, besides, but with only a few hundred persons of school age, for which more than 70 per cent of school attend-
ance was reported, namely, Lutuamian, 81.3 per cent; Caddoan, 78.4 per cent; Wakashan, 74.8 per cent; and Chinookan, 71.5 per cent. Of the larger stocks, the Iroquoian had 9,921 , or 68.6 per cent, attending school, out of a total of 14,457 persons of school age. The Cherokee tribe of this stock had 11,756 persons of school age, of whom 8,036 , or 68.4 per cent, attended school. The Algonquian stock, with 13,764 persons of school age, showed 8,875 , or 64.5 per cent, attending school, while the Chippewa tribe alone showed

4,776, or 67.7 per cent, attending school, out of a total of 7,055 persons of school age. The Siouan, with 10,022 persons of school age, had 6,401 , or 63.9 per cent, attending school, and the Muskhogean, with 10,428 persons of school age, 6,372 , or 61.1 per cent. The Athapaskan stock, with 10,792 persons of school age, showed, on the other hand, only 1,890 , or 17.5 per cent, attending school, the Navajo tribe, with 8,440 persons of school age, having only 753, or 8.9 per cent, at school.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIAN POPULATION 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, BY DIVISIONS AND STATES: 1910.

| Table 77 <br> division and state. | indlans 6 to 19 yeabs of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  | indian mates 6 to 19 years of age. |  |  |  |  | indinn females 6 to 19 years of age. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  | Total ber. | Attending school. |  |  |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | 8 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 ybars of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |  | Total. | 8 to 9 years of aga. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of aga. |  | Total. | $6 \text { to } 9$ | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |
| Untied States. <br> Geogeaphic divishons: <br> New England. <br> Middle Atlantic. <br> Eest North Central. <br> West North Central. <br> South Atlantic. <br> East South Cantral. <br> West South Cantral. <br> Mountain. <br> Pacific. | 88,788 | 50,115 | 13,984 | 22,446 | 13,685 | 45,313 | 25,835 | 6,902 | 11,666 | 7,367 | 43,473 | 24,280 | 7,082 | 10,880 | 6,318 |
|  | 677 | 398 | 126 | 196 | 70 | 290 | 204 | 58 | 106 | 40 | 287 | 194 | 68 | 90 | 36 |
|  | 2,746 | 2,040 | 409 | 715 | 916 | 1,390 | 1,027 | 185 | 336 | 506 | 1,366 | 1,013 | ${ }_{591}^{224}$ | ${ }_{3} 379$ | 410 |
|  | 6,942 | 3,883 | 1,203 | 1,934 | $\begin{array}{r}746 \\ \hline 724\end{array}$ | 3,024 | 1,956 | -612 | ${ }^{997}$ | - 347 | 2,918 | 1,927 | 1, 595 | $\begin{array}{r}937 \\ 1,893 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 399 1 320 |
|  | 13,361 3,091 | 8,728 1,797 | 2,066 | 1,938 788 | 2,724 | 6,834 | 4,460 | 1,011 | 2,045 | 1,404 252 | 6,527 1,501 | 4,268 880 | 1,055 | $\begin{array}{r}1,883 \\ \hline 896\end{array}$ | 1,320 215 |
|  | ,907 | ${ }^{2} 261$ | 77 | 126 | 58 | 1,464 | 143 | 41 | 67 | 35 | ${ }^{4} 43$ | 118 | 36 | 59 | 23 |
|  | 27,765 | 18,525 | 5,744 | 8,198 | 4,583 | 14,011 | 9,459 | 2,833 | 4,127 | 2,489 | 13,754 | 9,066 | 2,911 | 4,071 | 2,084 |
|  | 24,321 | 8,516 | 2,231 | 3,879 | 2,406 | 12,569 | 4,593 | 1,104 | 2,138 | 1,351 | 11,752 | 3,923 | 1,127 | 1,741 | 1,055 |
|  | 10,076 | 5,967 | 1,586 | 2,672 | 1,709 | 6,141 | 3,076 | 786 | 1,357 | ${ }^{933}$ | 4,935 | 2,891 | 800 | 1,315 | 776 |
| New Enoland: <br> Maine. $\qquad$ <br> New Hampshire. <br> Varmont $\qquad$ <br> Massachusetts. $\qquad$ <br> Rhode Island <br> Connecticut. $\qquad$ <br> middle atlantic: <br> New York. <br> New Jersey <br> Pennsylvania |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  | 31 |  |
|  | 259 9 | 163 | ${ }_{3}^{8}$ | ${ }_{4}$ | 16 1 | 124 | 83 | 26 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |  | 6 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
|  | $10{ }^{4}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 140 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 | ${ }_{2}$ | 29 | 101 | 78 | 22 | 38 | 18 | 90 | 71 | 23 | 37 | ii |
|  | 81 | 54 | 12 | 34 | 8 | 41 | 28 | 5 | 17 | 4 | 40 | 28 | 7 | 17 | 4 |
|  | 33 | 21 | 7 | 11 | 3 | 19 | 12 | 5 | 7 |  | 14 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 262 | 128 | 977 | 677 | 218 | 312 | 147 |
|  | 1,855 | $\begin{array}{r}1,239 \\ \hline 26\end{array}$ | 390 18 | 574 9 | 275 15 | 84 34 | 17 | 1 | 6 | 10 | 20 | 8 |  | 3 6 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |
|  | 837 | 776 | 18 | 132 | 626 | 478 | 448 | 12 | 68 | 368 | 359 | 328 | 6 | 64 | 258 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 18 | 13 | 1 | 10 | 2 |
|  | 40 | ${ }_{68}^{26}$ | 20 | ${ }_{41}^{17}$ | $\stackrel{4}{5}$ | 22 | ${ }_{36}^{13}$ | 11 | 21 | 4 | 52 | 30 | 9 | 20 | 1 |
|  | 111 | 68 32 | ${ }_{8} 8$ | 12 | 12 | 19 | 14 | ${ }_{8}$ | 6 | 3 | 25 | 18 | 2 | 7 | 9 |
|  | 2,303 | 1,448 | 433 | 719 | 296 | 1,188 | 744 | 236 | 372 | 136 | 1,115 | 704 | 197 | 347 | 160 |
|  | 3,444 | 2,311 | 737 | 1,145 | 429 | 1,736 | 1,149 | 355 | 592 | 202 | 1,708 | 1,162 | 382 | 553 | 227 |
| West North Central: Minnesota $\qquad$ IOWa <br> Missouri. $\qquad$ <br> North Dakota. <br> South Dakota. <br> Nabraska. $\qquad$ <br> Kansas | 3,094 | 2,259 | 661 | 1,003 | 595 | 1,619 | 1,182 | 336 | 634 | 312 | 1,475 | 1,077 | 325 | 469 | 283 |
|  | ${ }^{111}$ |  | 17 | - 22 | 15 |  | 1, 37 | 12 | 14 | 11 |  |  | 6 |  | 4 |
|  | 100 | 68 | 20 | 37 | 11 | 47 1,115 | ${ }^{37}$ | ${ }^{9} 9$ | 21 326 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 224 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53 1,143 | 31 714 | 190 | $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ 343 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $18{ }^{4}$ |
|  | 2,258 | 1,421 | 347 | 669 1,554 | 1, 405 | 1,115 | 707 1,695 | $\begin{array}{r}157 \\ 373 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8827 | 224 | 2,710 | 1,631 | 392 | 727 | ${ }_{612}$ |
|  | 5,543 1,224 | 3,328 | 765 164 164 | 1,554 | 1,007 | 2,833 | $\begin{array}{r}1,695 \\ \hline 364\end{array}$ | ${ }^{3} 71$ | 825 | 128 | 2,606 | 1,390 | 83 | 178 | 129 |
|  | 1,231 | ${ }_{846}$ | 102 | ${ }_{310}^{318}$ | 434 | 541 | 438 | 53 | 158 | 227 | 490 | 408 | 49 | 152 | 207 |
| South Atlantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delewars..... | 4 | 4 |  | 2 | 10 |  | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 2 | 24 | 19 |  | ${ }^{-}$ | 10 |
| Maryland. | 29 | 22 |  | +9 | 10 | - 14 | 10 | -1 | 7 | $\stackrel{-}{ }$ | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 |  |
| District of Columbia | 192 | 14 57 | 23 | 24 | 10 | 99 | 30 | 13 | 10 | 7 | 93 | 27 | 10 | 14 | 3 |
| West Virginia. | 17 | 14 | 5 | 5 | 4 |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 2 | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{298}$ |  | 78 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 246 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 351 | - |
| North Carolina. | 2,668 | 1,608 | 490 15 | 700 31 | 418 16 | $\begin{array}{r}1,377 \\ \hline 58\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}821 \\ \hline 4\end{array}$ | 244 9 | 349 16 | 228 9 | 1,291 | 28 | 6 | -15 | 7 |
| South Carolin | 115 29 | ${ }^{62}$ | 15 | 31 6 | ${ }_{3}^{16}$ | 14 | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 6 | 1 |  | 2 |
| Georgis... <br> Florida... | 19 | 15 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 11 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 1 |  |  | - 1 |
| East South Central: Kentucky............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 44 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
|  | 76 | ${ }_{35}^{16}$ | 10 | 18 | 7 | 36 | 16 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 40 | 19 | 4 | 12 | 3 |
| Alabama. | 320 | 112 | 33 | 55 | 24 | 158 | 64 | 17 | 26 | 11 | 162 | ${ }_{33}$ | 13 | 14 | 13 6 |
| Mississippi.. | 419 | 98 | 29 | 44 | 25 | 222 | 65 | 16 | 30 | 19 | 197 | 3 | 13 |  |  |
| West Souti Central: |  |  |  | 61 | 20 | 73 | 60 | 18 | 25 | 8 | 94 | 84 | 15 | 28 | 13 |
| Arkansas.... | 321 | 56 | 13 | 27 | 16 | 154 | 32 |  | 17 |  | [167 ${ }^{167}$ | 24 |  | 10 | 288888 |
| Oklahoma. | 27,060 | 18,288 | 6,689 | 8,072 48 | 4,527 20 | 13,667 117 | $\begin{array}{r}9,340 \\ \hline 37\end{array}$ | 2,804 4 | 4,062 23 | 2,474 10 | 13,393 100 | 8,948 40 | 2,885 | $\begin{array}{r}4,010 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ | 2,053 |
| Texas.... | 217 |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mountans: |  |  | 363 | 723 | 433 | 1,665 | 751 | 180 | 364 | 207 | 1,627 | 768 | 183 | 359 | 228 |
| Montana. | 3,292 | 1, 382 | 363 92 | 173 | 117 | 1,665 | 206 | 49 | 93 | 63 | $\stackrel{416}{ }$ | 177 | 43 | 80 | 54 |
| Idaho.... | 437 | 289 | 68 | 146 | 75 | 213 | 141 | 28 | 73 | 40 | 224 | 148 | 40 | 73 | 35 44 |
| Wlorado. | 688 | 403 | 84 | 167 | 152 | 341 | 238 | 39 | ${ }^{91}$ | 108 | ${ }_{3} 247$ | 165 | - 45 | $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ 361 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 175 |
| New Mexico | 6,794 | 1,799 | 678 | 817 | 404 | 3,422 | 965 | 280 | 456 857 | 229 600 | 4,372 | $\begin{array}{r}1,476 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 422 | 624 | 430 |
| Arizona.. | 10,039 | 1,366 $\mathbf{1 0 1}$ | 855 19 | 1,481 59 | 1,030 23 | $\begin{array}{r}5,286 \\ \hline 463\end{array}$ | 1,890 83 | 433 7 | 857 35 | 11 | +407 | $\begin{array}{r}1,48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 | 24 | 12 |
| Utah.... |  | 101 657 | 19 172 | 313 | 172 | 720 | 350 | 88 | 169 | 93 | 706 | 307 | 84 | 144 | 79 |
| Nevada.. | 1,426 | 657 | 172 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 870 | 245 | 401 | 224 | 1,590 | 840 | 251 | 409 | 180 |
| Washington | 1,714 | 1,349 | 332 |  | 437 | 1,897 | 711 | 157 | 298 | 256 | 817 | 638 | 176 | 282 | 181 |
| Oregon.... Californa. | 6,098 | 2,908 | 758 | 1,282 | 868 | 2,570 | 1,495 | 384 | 658 | 453 | 2,528 | 1,413 | 374 | 624 | 415 |

In Alaska, as shown by Table 81 (p. 203), the Haidan stock, with 170 persons of school age, showed the largest proportion of school attendance, 78.2 per cent. The Eskimauan, with 3,814 persons of school age, reported 32 per cent attending school, and the Athapaskan, with 1,082 persons of school age, 37.1 per cent.

Indians 6 to 19 years of age enumerated on the general population schedule, and therefore without tribal designation, numbered 6,498. Of these 3,944, or 60.7 per cent, attended school. Table 78 shows the school attendance for the 17 states having 100 or more such Indians of school age.

| Table 78 | ndilans 6 to 19 years endmerated on the general population schedule of UNENOWN STOCK OR TRIBE: 1910. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |
| United States. | 6,498 | 3,944 | 60.7 |
| Alabama. | 234 | 72 | 30.8 |
|  | 144 | 32 | 22.2 |
| Arkansas. | 167 | 104 | 62.3 |
| California. | 368 | 169 | 45.9 |
|  | 355 | 300 | 84.6 |
| Kansas.. | 159 | 113 | 71.1 |
| Louisiana. | 142 | 26 | 18.3 |
| Michigan. | 263 | 186 | 70.7 |
| Montana..... | 116 | 54 | 46.6 |
| New York....... North Carolina. | 212 | 127 | 69.9 |
|  | 231 | 113 | 48.9 |
| Oklahoma...... | 1,648 | 1,200 | 72.8 |
| Oregon..... | 169 | ${ }^{96}$ | 66.8 |
| Pennsylvania. | 215 | 161 | 74.9 |
| 8outh Dakota | 119 | 79 | 66.4 |
| Washington.. Wisconsin. | 353 | 229 | 64.9 |
| All other states. | 199 1,404 | 134 749 | 67.3 63.3 |
|  |  |  | 53.3 |

School attendance, 1910 and 1900.-At the census of 1900 the statistics of school attendance referred to persons 5 to 20 years of age, inclusive, and, for purposes of comparison, similar statistics for the census of 1910 are presented for the United States and for Alaska in Table 79.

| Table 79 <br> CENSUS YRar and age pERIOD. | UNTED STATES. |  |  | alaska. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending school. |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |
| 1910 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indians 6 to 20 years. | 102,163 | 51,877 | 50.8 | 8,546 | 3,193 | 37.4 |
| 5 to 9 years. | 36,541 |  | 40.6 |  | 1,104 | 34.9 |
| 10 to 14 years. | 31,393 | 22,446 | 71.5 | 2,250 | 1,345 | 59.8 |
| 15 to 20 years. | 34, 229 | 14,613 | 42.7 | 3,136 | 744 | 23.7 |
| 1900 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indians 5 to 20 years. | 89,632 | 36,243 | 40.4 | 9,634 | 1,814 | 18.8 |
| 5 to 9 years. | 31,937 | 9,851 | 30.8 | 3,430 | 737 |  |
| 10 to 14 jears. | 27,979 | 16,885 | 60.3 | 2,793 | 768 | 27.5 |
| 15 to 20 years.......... | 29,716 | 9,507 | 32.0 | 3,411 | 309 | 9.1 |

Table 79 shows for both the United States and Alaska a very decided increase in the proportion of Indians reported as attending school at the census of 1910, in comparison with the preceding census, for each of the three age periods considered. For the United States there was a general increase in school attendance from 40.4 to 50.8 per cent, but for Alaska the proportion doubled during the decade-an increase from 18.8 to 37.4 per cent, while for the age group 10 to 14 alone the increase was from 27.5 to 59.8 per cent.

Comparative statistics for Indians 5 to 20 years of age are also shown for the 22 selected states in Table 80.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Table 80

STATE.} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{INDIANS 5 to 20 fears of age.} <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1910} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1900} <br>
\hline \& \multirow{2}{*}{Total number.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Attending school.} \& \multirow{2}{*}{Total number.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Attending school.} <br>
\hline \& \& Number. \& Per cent. \& \& Nnmber. \& Per cent. <br>
\hline United States...-............ \& 102,163 \& 51,877 \& 50.8 \& 89,632 \& 36,243 \& 40.4 <br>
\hline Arizona. \& 11,742 \& 3,515 \& 29.9 \& 10,020 \& 2, 671 \& 26.7 <br>
\hline California \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5,850} \& 3,003 \& 51.3 \& 4,996 \& 2,035 \& 40.7 <br>
\hline Colorado. \& \& - 421 \& 63. 4 \& 716 \& 373 \& 52.1 <br>
\hline Idaho.. \& 1,008 \& 386 \& 38.3 \& 1,204 \& 374 \& 31. 1 <br>
\hline Kansas. \& 1,163 \& 903 \& 77.6 \& 1,069 \& 777 \& 72.7 <br>
\hline Michigan. \& 2,631 \& 1,504 \& 57.2 \& 2,234 \& 963 \& 43.1 <br>
\hline Minnesota \& 3,548 \& 2,384 \& 67.2 \& 3,357 \& 1,072 \& 31.9 <br>
\hline Mississippi \& . 492 \& 108 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{41.8} \& 931 \& 147 \& 5.0 <br>
\hline Montana.. \& 3,731 \& 1,558 \& \& 3,889 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,640
822} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{42.2
60.2} <br>
\hline Nebraska. \& 1,389 \& 779 \& 66.1 \& 1,365 \& \& <br>
\hline Nevada. \& 1,680 \& 681 \& 40.6 \& 1,588 \& 367 \& 23.1 <br>
\hline New Mexico \& 7,983 \& 1,913 \& 24.0 \& 5,160 \& 1,541 \& 29.9 <br>
\hline New York \& 2,096 \& 1,278 \& 61.0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 1,880 \& 49.3 <br>
\hline North Carolina. \& 3,088 \& 1,661 \& 53.8 \& \& 621 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{27.2
30.2} <br>

\hline North Dakota. \& 2,519 \& 1,444 \& 57.3 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 2,287 \\
& 2,474
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{11,625} \& <br>

\hline Oklahoma. \& 31,136 \& 18,770 \& 60.3 \& 27,413 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{42.4
58.7} <br>

\hline Oregon..... \& 1,933 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,411 \\
& 3,408
\end{aligned}
$$} \& 73.0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,745 \\
& 6,561
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& 1,024 \& <br>

\hline South Dakota \& 6,390 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{53.3
10.0} \& \& 3,819 \& 58.7 <br>

\hline Utah...... \& 1,035 \& $$
103
$$ \& \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6,561 \\
867
\end{array}
$$
\] \& +173 \& 58.2

20.0 <br>

\hline Washington \& 3,733 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,759 \\
& 2,392
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 47.1 \\
& 61.9
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{3,142

3,072

$\mathbf{5 5 5}$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,408 \\
1,268 \\
250
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{44.8

41.3
45.0} <br>
\hline Wisconsin. \& 3,867 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wyoming. \& 503 \& 294 \& 58.4 \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total for 22 states..........
All ${ }^{\text {other states.............. }}$ -} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{98,181

3,982} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
49,675 \\
2,202
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{50.6

55.3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
86,429 \\
3,203
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
34,496 \\
1,747
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
39.9 \\
54.5
\end{array}
$$
\]} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Of the 22 states given in Table 80, there were 5Utah, New Mexico, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Montana-in which the proportion of school attendance for 1910 was less than that for 1900, due in part to differences in the returns of school attendance at the two censuses, but in Utah, New Mexico, and Nebraska possibly also to the fact that the whole number of Indians enumerated in 1900 was less than in either 1890 or 1910. Each of the other 17 states shows an increase in the proportion of school attendance, and in many of them there has been a very considerable increase. In Minnesota the proportion rose from 31.9 to 67.2; in North Dakota, from 30.2 to 57.3; in North Carolina, from 27.2 to 53.8 ; and in Wisconsin, from 41.3 to 61.9 .

## SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE IN EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND

 PRINCIPAL STATES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910.[This table shows each atock having 200 or more Indians in 1910, and for each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50 .]

| Table Sletock, tribe, and etate. | indians 6 to 19 years of AGE: 1910. |  |  | Stock, tribe, and state. | indians 6 to 19 years of AGE; 1910. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  | Totail number. | Attanding school. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  |  | Number. | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES.

| Algonquian stock. | 13,764 | 8,875 | 64.5 | Chmookan stock. | 277 | 198 | 71.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho. | 371 | 272 | 73.3 | Tribe: ${ }_{\text {Chinook }}$ | 114 | 89 | 78.1 |
| Brotherton | 57 | 42 | 73.7 | Wasco. | 69 | 56 | 81.2 |
| Cheyenne. | 853 | 514 | 60.3 | Wishram. | 70 | 36 | 51.4 |
| Chickahominy . | 33 | 7 |  | All other tribe | 24 | 17 | ..... |
| Chippewa. | 7,055 | 4,776 | 67.7 65 | Stata: |  |  |  |
| Cree.. | 179 | ${ }_{282}^{117}$ | 65.4 | Oregon..... | 128 | 103 91 | 80.5 62.8 |
| Groo Ventres | 152 15 | 285 | 77.5 36.2 | All other statas. | 4 | 4 | 6.8 |
| Kickapoo. | 92 | 56 | 60.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Malecite.- | 54 | 57 | 68.5 |  |  |  | 69.4 |
| Mashpee... | 63 530 | ${ }^{51}$ | 81.0 68.7 | Tribe: CROATAN GROUP | 2,028 | 1,204 | 69.4 |
| Miami. | 89 | 69 | 77.5 | Croatan. | 2,028 | 1,204 | 59.4 |
| Ottawa. | $\begin{array}{r}835 \\ 105 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{541}{72}$ | 64.8 68.6 | State: ${ }^{\text {North Cerolina. }}$ | 2,028 | 1,204 | 59.4 |
| Passamaquoddy | 105 87 | 72 | 68.6 56.3 | North Carolina. | 2,028 |  |  |
| Peoria.... | 51 | 42 | 82.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Piegan. | 789 | 192 | 24.3 | Iroquolan stock. | 14,457 | 9,921 | 68.6 |
| Potawatomi | 847 | 563 | 66.5 | Tribe: |  |  |  |
| Powhatan | $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ \hline 239\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}12 \\ 145 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 22.6 60.7 | Cherokee. | 11,756 106 | $\begin{array}{r}8,036 \\ 68 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 68.4 |
| Shawnee..... | 452 | 317 | 70.1 | Oneida. | 732 | 473 | 64.6 |
| Shinnecock | 48 | 39 |  | Onondaga. | 123 | 91 | 74.0 |
| Stockbridges | 152 | 113 | 74.3 | St. Regis. | 481 | 362 | 75.3 |
| Wampanoag | 48 | 36 |  | Seneca... | 932 | 618 | 66.3 |
| All other tribes | 166 | 112 | 67.5 | Tuscarora | 143 | 116 | 85.5 81.1 |
| Iowa. | 86 | 38 | 44.2 | All other tribes. | 60 | 51 | 85.0 |
| Kansas. | 499 | 393 | 78.8 | State: |  |  |  |
| Maine....... | 243 | 151 | 62.1 | Kansas.... | 65 | 1.07 | 87.7 |
| Massachusett | 123 | 1,249 | 61.7 | North Cerolina. | 1, 403 | -287 | 71.2 |
| Minchigan.. | 2,831 | 2,065 | 72.9 | Oklahoma. | 11,387 | 7,782 | 68.3 |
| Montana. | 1,644 | 547 | 33.3 | Pennsylvania. | 248 | 244 | 98.4 |
| Nebraska. | 129 | 124 | 96.1 | Wisconsin. | 629 | 393 | 62.5 |
| New York. | 64 | 48 | 75.0 | Ali other states. | 153 | 96 | 62.7 |
| North Dakota | 1,188 | 700 | 58.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsyivan | 1, 138 | 1,388 | 100.0 | Karok stock. | 237 | 124 | 52.3 |
| South Dakota. | 72 | 40 | 55.6 | Tribe: |  |  | 62.3 |
| Virginia... | 110 | ${ }^{36}$ | 32.7 | Orleans. | 237 | 124 | 62.3 |
| Wisconsin | 2,303 | 1,571 | 68.2 75.6 | Californis. | 237 | 124 | 52.3 |
| All other states. | 169 | 130 | 76.9 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Keresan stock. | 1,255 | 598 | 47.6 |
| Athapaskan stock | 10,792 | 1,890 | 17.5 | Tribe: Acoms |  |  |  |
| Tribe: |  |  |  | Cochiti. | 64 | 42 | 65.6 |
| Apache. | 1,443 | 596 | 41.3 | Laguna. | 484 | 338 | 69.8 |
| Hupa........ | 212 | 49 | ${ }_{64.6}^{23.1}$ | San Fellpe....... | 150 | 62 | 41.3 |
| Jlcarila Apache | 198 36 | 128 | 64.6 | Santa Ana........ | ${ }_{2} 49$ | 46 | 18.2 |
| Kiowa Apache. | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ 124 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 23 98 | 79.0 | Santo Domingo. | 253 38 | 25 | 18.2 |
| Navajo....... | 8,440 | 753 | 8.9 | State: |  |  |  |
| Rogue River | 133 | 97 | 72.9 | Now Mexico. | 1,234 | 577 | 46.8 |
| Tolowa... | 33 | 24 | .... | All other states.. | 21 | 21 |  |
| Wapqua. | 72 | 54 | 75.0 |  |  |  |  |
| All other tribes | 69 | 48 | 69.6 | Kiowan stock. | 375 | 241 | 64.3 |
| State: |  |  |  | Tribe: | 375 | 241 | 64.3 |
| Arizona.. | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,636 } \\ \hline 360\end{array}$ | ${ }_{151}^{971}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| California.. | 1,360 4,135 | 503 | 41.2 12.2 | Oklahoms. | 361 | 227 | 62.9 |
| New Mexico | $\begin{array}{r}109 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 80 | 73.4 | All other states. | 14 | 14 |  |
| Oregon.... | 177 | 133 | 75.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Utah... | 325 | 11 | 88.4 | Kutenalan stock | 159 | 79 | 49.7 |
| All other states. |  |  |  | Tribe: | 159 | 79 | 49.7 |
| Caddoan stock | 662 | 519 | 78.4 | Stata: |  | 75 | 54.7 |
| Tribe: |  |  |  | Mll other statas. | 22 | 4 |  |
| Carddo.. | 183 | 143 | 78.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Pawnee.. | 194 | 145 | 74.7 | Lutuamian stock | 283 | 230 | 81.3 |
| Wlchita.. | 123 4 | 102 | 82.9 | Tribe: ${ }^{\text {Kin }}$ |  | 165 |  |
| All other tribes | 4 |  |  | Klamath. | 87 | 65 | 74.7 |
| Stata: ${ }_{\text {North Dakota. }}$ | 153 | 125 | 81.7 | State: Modoc. |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma.... | 451 | 345 | 76.5 | Otaregon. | 233 | 188 | 80.7 84.0 |
| All other states. | 58 | 49 | 84.5 | All other states.. | 50 | 42 |  |
|  | 79 | 49 | 62.0 | Madu stock. | 375 | 256 | 68.3 |
| Chmakuan etock. | 7 |  |  | Tribe: | 375 | 258 | 68.3 |
| Quileuta. | 66 | 42 | 63.6 | Maldu. |  |  |  |
| Aill other tribes. | 13 | 7 |  | State: ${ }_{\text {California. }}$ | 374 | 255 | 68.2 |
| State: ${ }^{\text {When }}$ | 79 | 49 | 62.0 | All other states. |  |  |  |

## SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE IN EACH PRINCIPAL STOOK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND

 PRINCIPAL STATES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910-Continued.[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910, and for each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.$]$

| Table 81-Continued. <br> stock, tribe, and statr. | Indians 6 to 19 Years or AGE: 1910. |  |  | Stock, teibe, and state. | indinns 6 to 19 years of AGE: 1910. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  | Total number. | Attanding school. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  |  | Number. | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Mrwor stock. | 213 | 104 | 48.8 | Shastan stock. | 544 | 282 | 51.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tribe: ${ }_{\text {Miwok }}$ | 201 | 96 | 47.8 | Tribe: Hst Creek | 66 | 32 | 48.5 |
| All other tribes | 12 | 8 |  | Pit River | 345 | 151 | 43.8 |
| State: |  |  |  | Shasta. | 133 | 99 | 74.4 |
| California. | 213 | 104 | 48.8 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Colifornia. | 461 71 | 206 | 44.7 93.0 |
| Musheogean stock | 10,428 | 6,372 | 61.1 | All other states. | 12 | 10 |  |
| Tribe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alibsmu.. | 122 | 29 | 23.8 | Shoshonear stock. |  | 2,831 | 52.3 |
| Chickasaw | 1,658 | 1,213 | 73.2 | Bannock. | 106 | 70 | 66.0 |
| Creek... | 5,740 | 3,626 | 63.2 | Chemehuevl | 81 | 24 | 29.6 |
| Saminole. | 2,279 | 1,240 | 55.5 40.7 | Comanche. | 361 | 242 | 67.0 |
| All other (Koasati) | - 44 | 2 | ........ | Hopl. | 615 | 488 | 79.3 |
| State: |  |  |  | Karn Ri | 251 | 192 | 76.5 |
| Alsbams.. | 82 | 37 | 45.1 | Morn | $\stackrel{40}{445}$ | 210 | 47.1 |
| Louisiana. | 130 | 9 | 6.9 | Paiute. | 225 | 101 | 44.9 |
| Mississippi | 390 | 89 | 22.8 | Paviotso. | 803 | 498 | 62.0 |
| Texas..... | 9,646 135 | 6,171 | 64.0 28.1 | San Luiseno. | 164 | 125 | 76.2 |
| All other states. | 45 | 28 | .......... | Serrano. | 39 | 24 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Ute.... | ,628. | 133 | 38.4 21.2 |
|  |  |  |  | All other tribes. | 31 | 11 |  |
| Tribe: Pran stock. | 2,925 | 1,510 | 51.6 | State: |  |  |  |
| Pspago. |  |  | 32.3 | Cailifornia | 1.164 | 701 | 75.9 |
| Pima.. | 1,435 | 1,021 | 71.1 | Colorado. | ${ }_{214}$ | 90 | 42.1 |
| Yaqui.. | 175 | 67 | 38.3 | Idaho. | 449 | 196 | 43.7 . |
| All other t | 16 | 2 | .......... | Nevsds. | 1,182 | 554 | 46.9 |
| State: ${ }_{\text {Arizons }}$ |  |  |  | Oklahoma | 357 | 234 | 65.5 |
| California | 2,873 | 1,430 | 97.4 | Oregon. | 74 | 50 | 67.8 |
| All other states | 6 | 6 | .... | Wyoming | 210 | 120 | 14.3 57.1 |
|  |  |  |  | Ail other states. | 69 | 57 | 82.6 |
| Pomo stock. | 321 | 197 | 61.4 | SIOUAN stock. | 10,022 | 6,401 | 63.9 |
| Tribe: Clear Lake. |  |  |  | Trlbe: |  |  |  |
| Pomo | 215 | 145 | 67.4 | Assiniboin. | 339 | 203 | 59.9 |
| All other tribes. | 55 | 25 | 45.5 | Catawbs | 45 |  |  |
| State: |  |  |  | Hidatsa | 491 | ${ }_{151}$ | 66.7 |
| California...... | 315 | 191 | 60.6 | Iowa.... | 92 | 53 | 68.3 |
| All other states. |  |  | ......... | Kansa. | 90 | 61 | 67.8 |
|  |  |  |  | Mandan. | 65 | 38 | 58.5 |
|  |  |  |  | Omahs | 387 | 210 | 54.3 |
| SALISHAN Stack. | 2,453 | 1,197 | 48.8 | Osage. | 492 | 375 | 76.2 |
| Cbehalis. | 89 | 59 | 56.3 | Oto... | 120 | 95 | 78.2 |
| Clallam. | 144 | 96 | 66.7 | Quspaw. | 105 | 80 | 76.2 |
| Coeur d'Alene. | 83 | 26 | 31.3 | Santee Sioux. | 479 | 297 | 62.0 |
| Columbia | 106 | 61 | 57.5 | Sioux. .......... | 353 | 259 | 73.4 |
| Coiville. | 257 | 83 | 32.3 | Sisseton Sioux. | 739 | 454 | 61.4 |
| Cowlltz. | 26 | 14 |  | Teton Sioux..... | 4,137 | 2,512 | 60.7 |
| Flathead. | 177 | 105 | 59.3 | Brule S!oux | 206 | 153 | 74.3 |
| Kalispei. | 158 | 63 | 39.9 | Hunkpsps Sioux. | 286 | 191 | 66.8 |
| Lummi. | 152 | 54 | 35.5 | Minniconjou Sloux. | 95 | 34 | 35.8 |
| Nisqualili.. | 71 | 46 | 64.8 | Oglaia sioux.... | 1,840 | 1,066 | 57.9 |
| Okinagan | 82 | 44 | 53.7 | Sihasapa....... | 120 | 78 | 64.9 65.0 |
| Puyallup. | 101 | 74 | 73.3 | Two Kettle Stoux | 84 | 37 | 44.0 |
| Quinalelt | 65 | 36 | 55.4 | Other Teton Sioux. | 1,432 | 905 | 63.2 |
| Sanpoil. | 55 | 5 | 9.1 | Winnebago...... | 1,587 | 375 | 83.9 |
| Skokomish. | 65 | 43 | 66.2 | Yankton Sioux.. | 588 | 337 | 57.3 |
| Snohomish. | ${ }^{229}$ | 46 | 20.1 | Yanktonal Sioux.. | 351 | 256 | 72.9 |
| Spokan. | 188 | 86 | 51.6 | All other tribes. | 1 | 1 |  |
| Swinomish | 101 | 56 | 55.4 | State: Kansas.. |  |  |  |
| All other tribes. | 172 | 113 | 65.7 | Minnosota. | 174 | 131 | 89.8 75.3 |
| State: |  |  |  | Montana.. | 1,038 | 686 | 64.2 |
| Idaho.. | 115 | 31 | 27.0 | Nebrsska...... | 1,004 | 565 | 56.8 |
| Montana | 271 | 138 | 50.9 | Nortb Dakota. | 786 | 541 | 68.0 |
| Oregon.. | 130 | 112 | 86.2 | Oklahoms.. | 1,023 | 779 | 76.1 |
| Washington.. | 1,914 | 897 | 46.9 | Pennsylvanla. | 186 | 86 | 100.0 |
| All other states. |  | 19 |  | South Dakota. | 6,318 | 3,190 | 60.0 |
|  |  |  |  | Wisconsin.. | 298 | 200 | 67.1 |
|  |  |  |  | All other states ...... | 99 | 76 | 78.8 |
| Sharaptlan stock. | 1,149 | 690 | 60.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Tribe: |  |  |  | Tanoan stock. | 911 | 553 | 60.7 |
| Nez Perces. | 328 | 182 | 55.8 | Tribe: |  |  |  |
| Umatilla | 53 | 35 | 66.0 | Jemez. | 215 | 146 | 67.9 |
| Wallawalla. | 139 | 118 | 84.9 | Picuris. | 149 | 101 | 67.8 |
| Warm Springs. | 132 | 84 | 63.6 | San Ildefonso.. | 43 | 33 |  |
| Yakima...... | 361 | 197 | 54.6 | San Juan. | 138 | 96 |  |
| All other tribes. | 32 | 16 |  | Santa Clars. | 81 | 44 | 54.3 |
| Stata: |  |  |  | Taos. | 174 | 66 | 37.9 |
| Idaho.. | 265 | 136 | 51.3 | All other tribes | 83 | 46 | 55.4 |
| Oregon. | 331 | 262 | 79.2 | State: |  |  |  |
| Washington: | 511 | 256 | 50.1 | New Mexico.. | 893 | 546 | 61.1 |
| All other states. | 42 | 36 |  | All other states | 18 | 7 |  |

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE IN EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND PRINCIPAL STATES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each etocic having 200 or more Indians in 1910, and for each stock the tribs having 100 or mora. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 81-Continued. <br> stock, tribe, and state. | INDIANS 6 To 19 YEARS OF AGE: 1910. |  |  | gTock, tribe, and state. | indinns 6 to 19 tears of AGE: 1910. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  | Totalnumber. | Attending school. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  |  | Number. | Par cent. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


AIASKA.

| Atmapaskan stock | 1,082 | 401 | 37.1 | Eskimatan stoce-Continued. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ahtons. | 85 | 10 | 11.8 | Unaligmiut. | 122 | 42 | 34.4 |
| Hankutahin.. | 35 | 22 |  | Utkiavinmiut. |  | 16 |  |
| Kaiyuhkkhotang. . | ${ }_{21}$ | 17 |  | Uuitamint......... | 68 | 68 | 85.3 |
| Knatalchotana.... | 2101 | 82 | 38.1 21.8 | Southern Eskimo. | 1,072 | 296 | 27.6 |
| Kutchin......... | 101 | ${ }^{2}$ | 21.8 | All other tribes... | , 234 | 114 | 48.7 |
| Tenankutchin.. | 114 | 27 | 23.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Unakhotana.... | 44 401 | $\stackrel{18}{201}$ | ……a.i | Haidan stock. | 170 | 133 | 78.2 |
| All other tribes... |  |  |  | Haida. | 170 | 133 | 78.2 |
| Eskimatan stocs. | 3,814 | 1,220 | 32.0 | Tlingit stock. | 1,247 | 764 | 61.3 |
| Aleut. . | 457 | 137 | 30.0 42.7 |  |  |  | 67.3 |
| Chnagmiut.. | $\begin{array}{r}82 \\ 181 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35 5 | 42.7 2.8 | Chilkat. | 194 | 113 | 58.2 |
| Tkogmiut.... | 181 47 | 5 3 |  | Henys..... | $\begin{array}{r}61 \\ 186 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ 126 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 82.1 |
| Kaviagmiut... | 62 | 35 | 56.5 | Huns...... | 186 144 | 126 77 | 67.7 53.5 |
| Kinugumiut. | 151 | 103 | 50.3 66.9 | Hutsnuwu | 93 | 70 | 75.3 |
| Kowagmiut... | 154 35 | 103 21 | 66.9 | Kake.... | 169 | 118 | 69.8 |
| Koskovakmiut. | 119 | 26 | 21.8 | Stikina. | 49 | 30 | .......... |
| Kuskwogmiut. | 383 | 50 | 13.1 | Taku....... | ${ }_{63}$ | 16 |  |
| Magemint..... | 111 | 32 | 28.8 | Tongas.. | 88 | 36 | 55.6 40.9 |
| Malamint... | 174 | 90 | 51.7 | All other tribes | 91 | 56 | 61.5 |
| Nunstogmint. | 8 | 11 6 | 15.9 6.2 | All other tribes |  |  |  |
| Nunivagmiut... | $\stackrel{28}{28}$ |  |  |  | 241 | 152 | 63.1 |
| Selawigmiut. | 33 75 | 19 |  | Tsmaman stock. |  |  |  |
| Tikeramiat.. | 75 35 | 10 |  | Tsimshian | 241 | 152 | 63.1 |

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE IN EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY SEX AND AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910.
[Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 82 | indian males 6 to 19 years of AGE. |  |  | indian males 6 to 9 years of AOE. |  |  | indian males 10 to 14 years of AQE. |  |  | indian males 15 to 19 years of AGE. |  |  | INDLAN FEMALEB 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE. |  |  | INDIAN FEMALES 6 TO 9 YEARS OF AGE. |  |  | indian females 10 TO 14 YEARS OF $\triangle$ GE. |  |  | INDIAN FEMALES 15 TO 19 YEARG OF AGE. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| stocr. | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { To- } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Attending school. |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { To- } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { bur. } \end{array}$ | Attanding school. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { To } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Attending school. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { To- } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Attending school. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { To- } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Attending school. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { To- } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Attending school. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { To- } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Attendingschool. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { To- } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Attending school. |  |
|  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cont. |  | $\underset{\text { ber. }}{\substack{\text { Num }}}$ | Per cent. |  | Num- | Per cent. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Per cent. |  | Num ber. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES.

| Algonquian. | 7,040 | 4,539 | 64.5 | 2,142 | 1,210 | 56.6 | 2,637 | 2,118 | 80.3 | 2,261 | 1,211 | 53.6 | 6,724 | 4,336 | 64.5 | 2,168 | 1,247 | 57.5 | 2,412 | 1,965 | 81.5 | 2,149 | 1,124 | 52.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athapaskan. | 5, 557 | 1,094 | 19.7 | 1,955 | -208 | 10.6 | 1,967 | 504 | 25.6 | 1, 635 | - 382 | 23.4 | 5,235 | 796 | 16.2 | 1, 853 | 210 | 11.3 | 1,762 | ${ }^{336}$ | 19.1 | 1,620 | 250 | 15.4 |
| Caddoan... | 324 | 248 | 76.5 | 108 | 63 | 61.1 | 109 | 98 | 89.9 | 109 | 87 | 79.8 | 338 | 271 | 80.2 | 110 | 77 | 70.0 | 115 | 107 | 93.0 | 113 | 87 | 77.0 |
| Chimakuan. | 46 | 32 |  | 11 | 9 |  | 14 | 13 |  | 21 | 10 |  | 33 | 17 |  | 14 | 7 |  | 6 | 5 |  | 13 | 5 |  |
| Chinookan... | 155 | 110 | 71.0 | 44 | 29 |  | 64 | 55 | 85.9 | 47 | 26 |  | 122 | 88 | 72.1 | 42 | 27 |  | 48 | 40 |  | 32 | 21 |  |
| Croatan. | 1,027 | 602 | 58.6 | 343 | 184 | 53.6 | 366 | 251 | 68.6 | 318 | 167 | 52.5 | 1,001 | 602 | 60.1 | 314 | 194 | 61.8 | 365 | 269 | 73.7 | 322 | 139 | 43.2 |
| Iroquo | 7,318 | 5,004 | 68.4 | 2,450 | 1,480 | 60.4 | 2,544 | 2,178 | 85.6 | 2,324 | 1,346 | 57.9 | 7, 139 | 4,917 | 68.9 | 2,444 | 1,532 | 62.7 | 2,579 | 2,235 | 86.7 | 2,116 | 1,150 | 54.3 |
| Karok. | 127 | 60 | 47.2 | 46 | 20 |  | 46 | 29 |  | 35 | 11 |  | 110 | 64 | 58.2 | 32 | 13 |  | 47 | 34 |  | 31 | 17 |  |
| Keresan | 659 | ${ }^{323}$ | 49.0 | 201 | 92 | 45.8 | 253 | 159 | 62.8 | 205 | 72 | 35.1 | 596 | 275 | 46.1 | 191 | 90 | 47.1 | 207 | 126 | 60.9 | 198 | 69 | 29.8 |
| Kiowan. | 181 | 129 | 71.3 | 51 | 28 | 51.0 | 68 | 62 | 91.2 | 62 | 41 | 66.1 | 194 | 112 | 57.7 | 66 | 29 | 43.9 | 75 | 60 | 80.0 | 53 | 23 | 43.4 |
| Kutenaian... | 88 | 38 | 43.2 | 32 | 7 |  | 29 | 21 |  | 27 | 10 |  | 71 | 41 | 57.7 | 24 | 9 |  | 31 | 24 |  | 16 | 8 |  |
| Lutuamian.. | 138 | 110 | 79.7 | 41 | 26 |  | 49 | 45 |  | 48 | 39 |  | 145 | 120 | 82.8 | 50 | 42 | 84.0 | 48 | 41 |  | 47 | 37 |  |
| Maidu. | 178 | 111 | 62.4 | 67 | 43 | 64.2 | 57 | 50 | 87.7 | 54 | 18 | 33.3 | 197 | 145 | 73.6 | 76 | 52 | 68.4 | 73 | 61 | 83.6 | 48 | 32 |  |
| Miwok | 104 | 56 | 53.8 | 39 | 20 |  | 34 | 26 |  | 31 | 10 |  | 109 | 48 | 44.0 | 30 | 8 |  | 40 | 27 |  | 39 | 13 |  |
| Muskhogean. | 5,277 | 3,307 | 62.7 | 1,812 | 987 | 54.5 | 1,863 | 1,432 | 76.9 | 1,602 | 888 | 55.4 | 5,151 | 3,065 | 59.5 | 1,849 | 999 | 54.0 | 1,743 | 1,319 | 75.7 | 1,559 | 747 | 47.9 |
| Piman. | 1, 556 | 800 | 51.4 | 507 | 188 | 37.1 | 519 | 326 | 62.8 | 530 | 286 | 54.0 | 1,369 | 710 | 51.9 | 466 | 185 | 39.7 | 475 | 306 | 64.4 | 428 | 219 | 51.2 |
| Pomo. | 154 | 94 | 61.0 | 52 | 27 | 51.9 | 53 | 39 | 73.6 | 49 | 28 |  | 167 | 103 | 61.7 | 53 | 29 | 54.7 | 59 | 40 | 68.0 | 55 | 34 | 61.8 |
| Salishan | 1,292 | 630 | 48.8 | 399 | 142 | 35.6 | 472 | 308 | 65.3 | 421 | 180 | 42.8 | 1,161 | 567 | 48.8 | 400 | 136 | 34.0 | 415 | 285 | 68.7 | 346 | 146 | 42.2 |
| Shahaptian. | 559 | 326 | 58.3 | 211 | 93 | 44.1 | 175 | 127 | 72.6 | 173 | 106 | 61.3 | 590 | 364 | 61.7 | 186 | 110 | 59.1 | 211 | 162 | 76.8 | 193 | 92 | 47.7 |
| Shastan. | 253 | 142 | 56.1 | 75 | 34 | 45.3 | 106 | 72 | 67.9 | 72 | 36 | 50.0 | 291 | 140 | 48.1 | 76 | 32 | 42.1 | 94 | 58 | 61.7 | 121 | 50 | 41.3 |
| Shoshonea | 2,509 | 1,351 | 53.8 | 751 | 321 | 42.7 | 949 | ${ }^{623}$ | 65.6 | 809 | 407 | 50.3 | 2,334 | 1,180 | 50.6 | 778 | 332 | 42.7 | 809 | 541 | 66.9 | 747 | 307 | 41.1 |
| Siouan. | 5, 112 | 3,241 | 63.4 | 1,574 | 768 | 48.8 | 1,833 | 1,469 | 80.1 | 1,705 | 1,004 | 58.9 | 4,910 | 3, 160 | 64.4 | 1,576 | 785 | 49.8 | 1,739 | 1,398 | 80.4 | 1,695 | 977 | 61.8 |
| Tan | 456 | 285 | 62.5 | 157 | 110 | 70.1 | 148 | 124 | 83.8 | 151 | 51 | 33.8 | 455 | 268 | 58.9 | 157 | 126 | 80.3 | 148 | 111 | 75.0 | 150 | 31 | 20.7 |
| Waiilatpuan | 57 | 46 | 80.7 | 21 | 18 |  | 19 | 16 |  | 17 | 12 |  | 52 | 47 | 90.4 | 20 | 17 |  | 22 | 21 |  | 10 | 9 |  |
| Wakashan..- | 54 | 42 | 77.8 | 23 | 17 |  | 12 | 12 |  | 19 | 13 |  | 61 | 44 | 72.1 | 25 | 17 |  | 20 | 20 |  | 16 | 7 |  |
| Washoan.... | 112 | 37 | 33.0 | 36 | , |  | 39 | 12 |  | 37 | 16 |  | 95 | 25 | 26.3 | 29 | 5 |  | 24 | 12 |  | 42 | 8 |  |
| Wintun. | 108 | 45 | 42.5 | 26 | 7 |  | 36 | 29 |  | 44 | 9 |  | 99 | 48 | 48.5 | 33 | 14 |  | 31 | 19 |  | 35 | 15 | ...... |
| Yokuts. | 71 | 32 | 45.1 | 15 | 4 |  | 26 | 15 |  | 30 | 13 |  | 78 | 31 | 39.7 | 27 | 7 |  | 25 | 15 |  | 26 | 9 |  |
| Yuman. | 711 | 469 | 66.0 | 216 | 131 | 60.6 | 245 | 192 | 78.4 | 250 | 146 | 58.4 | 593 | 349 | 58.9 | 192 | 99 | 51.6 | 212 | 163 | 76.9 | 189 | 87 | 46.0 |
| Yurok. | 107 | 58 | 54.2 | 35 | 24 |  | 36 | 25 |  | 36 | 9 |  | 93 | 55 | 59.1 | 31 | 16 |  | 32 | 24 |  | 30 | 15 |  |
| Zunian. | 214 | 64 | 29. | 85 | 18 | 21.2 | 68 | 32 | 47.1 | 61 | 14 | 23.0 | 222 | 53 | 23.9 | 71 | 19 | 26.8 | 67 | 25 | 37.3 | 84 | 9 | 10.7 |

ATASKA.

| Athapaskan. | 556 | 225 | 40.5 | 156 | 40 | 25.6 | 199 | 108 | 54.3 | 201 | 77 | 38.3 | 526 | 176 | 33.5 | 161 | 35 | 21.7 | 176 | 90 | 51.1 | 189 | 51 | 27.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eskimauan.. | 2,039 | 707 | 34.7 | 697 | 205 | 29.4 | 625 | 315 | 50.4 | 717 | 187 | 26.1 | 1,775 | 513 | 28.9 | 600 | 154 | 25.7 | 522 | 240 | 46.0 | 653 | 119 | 18.2 |
| Haidan. | 88 | 75 | 85.2 | 28 | 22 |  | 29 | 26 |  | 31 | 27 |  | - 82 | 58 | 70.7 | 30 | 23 |  | 21 | 17 |  | 31 | 18 |  |
| Tlingit...... | 611 | 380 | 62.2 | 211 | 139 | 65.9 | 206 | 157 | 76.2 | 194 | 84 | 43.3 | ${ }^{636}$ | 384 | 60.4 | 230 | 156 | 67.8 | 193 | 168 | 87.0 | 213 | 60 | 28.2 |
| Tsimshian... | 129 | 80 | 62.0 | 32 | 16 |  | 50 | 42 | 84.0 | 47 | 22 |  | 112 | 72 | 64.3 | 53 | 39 | 73.6 | 30 | 29 |  | 29 | 4 |  |

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, BY STOCK, TRIBE, AND PRINCIPAL STATES, CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910.
[A few small etocks for whioh no scholastio population was reported are omitted from this table, as follows: United States-Takclman, Tarascan, and Zapotecan; AlaskaAlgonquian. The table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| etock, tribe, and etate. | indian males 6 to 19 Years of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  | indian females 6 to 19 years of 4 GE : 1910. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalnumber. | Attending school. |  |  |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |

UNITED STATESS.

| Algonquian gtock. | 7,040 | 4,539 | 1,210 | 2,118 | 1,211 | 6,724 | 4,336 | 1,247 | 1,965 | 1,124 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho. | 184 | 139 | 31 | 63 | 45 | 187 | 133 | 46 | 54 | 33 |
| Oklahoma. | 75 | 54 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 75. | 50 | 19 | - 19 | 12 |
| Wyoming. | 102 | 79 | 17 | 41 | 21 | 110 | 82 | 27 | 35 | 20 |
| Brotherton.... | 25 | 20 | 5 | 11 | 4 | 32 | 22 | 9 | ${ }_{6}$ | 7 |
| Wisconsin. | 25 | 20 | 5 | 11 | 4 | 30 | 21 | 8 | ${ }^{6}$ | $7{ }^{7}$ |
| Cheyenne.... | 432 | 274 | 61 18 | 115 | ${ }_{43}^{98}$ | 422 | 240 94 | 15 | 107 | 33 |
| Oknanoma. | 189 | 141 | 41 | 65 | 35 | 164 | 122 | 37 | 65 | 30 |
| South Dakota. | 22 | 12 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 21 | 13 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 3 | 7 |
| Chickahominy (Virginia). | ${ }^{15}$ | 2 2 | ${ }_{6}^{2}$ |  |  | 18 3,437 | 2, ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }_{6}{ }^{2}$ |  | $\mathrm{fl}_{16}$ |
| Chippewa............... | 3,618 | 2,440 | 659 | 1,159 ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }_{6}^{62}$ | 3,437 | 2,336 30 | ${ }_{6} 64$ | 1,056 | 616 25 |
| Kansas.... | 597 | 20 365 | 118 | 180 | ${ }_{67} 14$ | 547 | 336 | 101 | 164 | 71 |
| Minnesots. | 1,491 | 1,083 | 304 | 487 | 292 | 1,327 | 970 | 291 | 421 | 258 |
| Montana. | 86 | 24 | 5 | 16 | 3 | 81 | 24 | 4 | 14 | 6 |
| Nehraska. | 28 | 28 | 6 | 11 | 11 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 10 | 17 |
| North Dakota. | 568 | 340 | ${ }_{6}^{66}$ | 175 | 99 | 611 | 356 | 90 | 190 | 76 |
| Ollahoma. | 13 |  | 3 | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | $35^{\circ}$ | 43 | $\stackrel{3}{4}$ |  | 4 | 39 |
| Pennsylvania. | $\stackrel{42}{9}$ | 42 | 1 | 1 | 35 1 | 43 13 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| South Dakota. | 9 752 | 6 513 | 149 | 269 | 95 | 733 | 527 | 169 | 241 | 117 |
| Cree........... | 83 | 49 | 9 | 25 | 15 | 96 | 68 | 20 | 31 | 17 |
| Montana. | 54 | 27 | 5 | 12 | 10 | 60 | 46 | 12 | 23 | 11 |
| Washington. | 21 | 17 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 21 | 14 | 4 | ${ }^{6}$ | 4 |
| Delsware....... | 189 | 149 | 43 | 60 | 46 | 175 | 133 | 39 |  | $\stackrel{26}{26}$ |
| Oklahoma. | 185 | 145 | 43 | 58 | 44 | 106 | 126 | 1 | 20 | 14 |
| Gros Ventres.. | 66 65 | 20 |  | 13 | 7 | 86 | 35 | 1 | 20 | 14 |
| Kickapoo.... | 54 | 33 | 6 | 17 | 10 | 38 | 23 | 5 | 13 | 5 |
| Kansas.. | 38 | 28 | 3 | 16 | 9. | 26 | 18 | 4 | 11 | 3 |
| Oklahoma. | 16 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Malecite..... | 27 | 19 | 8 | 7 | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ | 26 | 17 | 7 | 6 | 4 |
| Maine......... | 32 | 18 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 31 | 26 | 8 | 12 | 6 |
| Mashpee........... | 29 | 22 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 30 | 25 | 8 | 12 | 5 |
| Menomince....... | 275 | 190 | 67 | 99 | 24 | 255 | 174 | 61 | 90 86 | 20 |
| Wisconsin. | 262 | 178 | 11 | 94 17 | ${ }_{6}$ | 245 | ${ }^{35}$ | 10 | 16 | 9 |
| Miami | 13 | ${ }_{8}$ | ${ }_{3}$ | 5 |  | 17 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| Oklahoma. | 27 | 22 | 8 | 11 | 3 | 26 | 24 | 7 | 10 | 7 |
| Ottawa...... | 450 | 291 | 84 | 135 | 72 | 385 | 250 | 71 | 112 | 67 |
| Michigan. | 376 | 230 | 72 | 107 | 51 | 341 | 214 | 10 | 7 | ${ }_{6}$ |
| Oklahoma. | 30 | 21 | ${ }^{6}$ | 10 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 4 |  |
| Wisconsim | ${ }_{49}^{23}$ | 20 36 | ${ }_{10}^{6}$ | 13 | 13 | 56 | 36 | 12 | 15 | 9 |
| Passamaquoddy | 4 | 36 | 10 | 13 | 11 | 55 | 35 | 12 | 14 | 9 |
| Penobscot.... | 44 | 26 | 8 | 16 | 2 | 43 | 23 | 9 | 9 | 5 |
| Penobscot. | 42 | 24 | 8 | 15 | 1 | 39 | 19 | 9 | $\stackrel{6}{7}$ | $\stackrel{4}{8}$ |
| Peoria.... | ${ }_{12}^{22}$ | 20 | $\stackrel{6}{5}$ | 8 | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | 29 | 19 | 7 | 7 | 5 |
| Oldahoma. | 19 399 | 84 | 20 | 41 | 23 | 390 | 108 | 25 | 50 | 33 |
| Piegan....... | 385 | - 71 | 20 | 39 | 12 | 379 | 97 | 25 | 46 | 28 |
| Potawatomi. | 469 | 314 | 74 | 144 | 96 | 378 | 249 | 59 |  | 72 |
| Kansos... | 161 | 117 | 17 | 57 | 43 | 120 | 88 | 12 | 80 | 26 |
| Michigan. | 77 | 55 | 14 39 | 68 | ${ }_{35}$ | 149 | 112 | 31 | 46 | 35 |
| Oklahoma.. | 174 | 124 | 39 |  | 2 | 33 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Wisconsin.-..... | ${ }_{27}$ |  | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | 26 | 8 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| Powhatan (Virgina) | 124 | 83 | 19 | 34 | 30 | 115 | 62 | 17 | 31 | 14 |
| sauk and Fox... | 47 | 27 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 38 | 11 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | 5 |
| Kansas... | 20 | 18 | 2 | 4 | 12 | 49 | 29 | 10 | 15 | 4 |
| Oklahoma. | 52 | 34 | ${ }_{41}$ | 68 | 38 | 244 | 170 | 61 | 66 | 43 |
| Shawnes Cl ...... | 200 | 139 | 40 | 66 | 33 | 230 | 156 | 58 | 65 | 33 |
| Shinnecock (New York). | 19 | 15 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 29 | 24 | 12 | 9 | 3 |
| Shinnecock (New York) <br> Stockbridges............. | 75 | 51 | 13 | 27 | 11 | 77 | ${ }^{62}$ | $\stackrel{24}{23}$ | 37 | 8 |
| Wisconsin... | 74 | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ 23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}13 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 27 | 10 | 71 | 56 13 | 23 3 | 8 | 2 |
| Wampanoag........ | 29 26 | 20 | 3 <br> 3 | 13 | 4 | 18 | 12 | 3 | 8 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atmapaskan stock | 5,557 | 1,094 | 208 | 504 | 382 | 5,235 | 796 | 210 | 336 | 250 |
|  |  | 352 | 51 | 171 | 130 | 650 | 244 |  | 101 |  |
| Apache........ | 747 | 314 | 39 | 162 | 113 | 611 | 217 | 29 | 90 | 98 |
| Oklahoma.. | 37 | 32 | 12 | 8 | 12 | 34 | 23 | 8 | 14 | 8 |
| Hupa..... | 110 | 26 | 6 | 10 | 18 | 102 | 18 | 1 | 13 | 4 |
| California | 106 | ${ }_{6} 2$ | ${ }^{5}$ | 32 | 18 | 93 | 62 | 27 | 8 | 27 |
| Jicarilla Apache (New Mex | 105 | 11 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 19 | 12 | 2 | 4 | 8 |
| Kiowa Apache (Oklahoma | 53 | 45 | 19 | 17 | 9 | 71 | 53 | 18 | ${ }^{26}$ | 9 |
| Mescalero Apache......... | 51 | 43 | 19 | 17 | 7 | 70 | 52 | ${ }_{81}^{18}$ | 135 | 78 |
| New Mexico. | 4,302 | 464 | 76 | 210 | 178 | 4,138 | 289 176 | 8 | 135 79 | 34 |
| Navajo...... | 2,180 | 259 | 53 | 126 | 80 76 | 2,093 $\mathbf{1}, 896$ | 103 | 17 | 52 | 34 |
| New Mexico. | 1,910 | 171 | 20 1 | 75 2 | 76 1 | 1,146 | 7 | 17 | 2 | 5 |

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, BY STOGR, TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATES, CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910-Continued.
[A few small stocks for which no scholastic population was reported are omitted from this table, as follows: United States-Takelman, Tarascan, and Zapotecan; AlaskaAlgonquian. The table shows each tribs having 100 or more Indlans in 1910.]

| Table 83-Continued. | indian males 6 to 19 Years of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  | indian females 6 to 19 years of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% Total | Attending school. |  |  |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of ags. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of ege. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Athapaskan stoce-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rogue River. | 75 | 60 | 13 | 33 | 14 | 58 | 37 | 12 | 21 | 4 |
| Oregon.. | 75 | 60 | 13 | 33 | 14 | 55 | 36 | 11 | 21 | 4 |
| Tolowa (Californie). . | 20 | 16 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 13 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Umpque............. | 18 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 14 | 10 | 3 | 6 | 1 |
| Oregon... | 15 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 7 |  | 6 |  |
|  | 35 | 26 | 7 | 10 | 9 | 37 32 | 28 | $\cdots$ | 10 | 6 |
| California.................... | 31 | 22 | 7 | 10 | 5 | 32 | 24 | 10 | 10 |  |
| Camoan stock.. | 324 | 248 | 63 | 98 | 87 | 338 | 271 | 77 | 107 | 87 |
| Arikara. | 76 | 59 | 10 | 23 | 26 | 82 | 68 | 16 | 29 | 23 |
| North Dekota | 71 | 57 | 9 | 23 | 25 | 82 | 68 | 16 | 29 | 23 |
| Caddo....... | 93 | 70 | 23 | 26 | 21 | 90 | 73 | 31 | 29 | 13 |
| Oklahoma. | 89 | 67 | 23 | 26 | 18 | 88 | 71 | 31 | 29 | 11 |
| Pawnee......... | 96 82 88 | 70 57 | 16 16 | 31 <br> 24 <br> 1 | 23 17 17 | 98 84 | 75 61 | 13 13 13 | 32 26 | 30 22 |
| Wichita....... | 56 | 48 | 14 | 17 | 17 | 67 | 54 | 17 | 16 | 21 |
| Oklahoma. | 45 | 39 | 14 | 16 | 9 | 59 | 48 | 17 | 15 | 16 |
| Chmakuan stock. | 46 | 32 | 9 | 13 | 10 | 33 | 17 | 7 | 5 | 5 |
| Quileute (Washington).. | 40 | 27 | 9 | 13 | 5 | 26 | 15 | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| Cbimarikan stock. | 5 | 5 | 1 | 4 |  | 6 | 6 | 4 | 2 | . |
| Cbmookan stock. | 155 | 110 | 29 | 55 | 26 | 122 | 88 | 27 | 40 | 21 |
| Chinook..... | 55 | 43 | 11 | 21 | 11 | 59 | 45 | 16 | ${ }_{23}$ | 7 |
| Oregon...... | 32 21 | 26 15 | 3 8 8 | 16 4 4 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}29 \\ 30\end{array}$ | 24 22 | 6 10 | 12 | 6 1 |
| Wasco.......... | 40 | 34 | 10 | 16 | 8 | 29 | 22 | 7 | 6 | 9 |
| Oregon.... | 29 | 24 | 6 | 13 | 5 | 21 | 16 | 6 | 3 | 7 |
| Washington -........ | 10 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Wishram (Washington) | 42 | 20 |  | 13 | 4 | 28 | 16 | 4 | 8 | 4 |
| Chitmachan stock. . | 25 | 22 | 3 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Chumashan stock.. | 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Costanoan stock.......... | . 3 | 2 |  | 2 |  | 4 | 1 | . | 1 | . |
| Croatan group | 1,027 | 602 | 184 | 251 | 167 | 1,001 | 602 | 194 | 269 | 139 |
| Crostan (North Carolina). | 1,027 | 602 | 184 | 251 | 167 | 1,001 | 602 | 194 | 269 | 139 |
| Esmmatan stock.. | 19 | 19 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 22 | 22 | 3 | 10 | 9 |
| hatdan stock...... | 17 | 17 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 6 | 6 |  | . | 6 |
| Iroquolin stock. | 7,318 | 5,004 | 1,480 | 2,178 | 1,345 | 7,139 | 4,917 | 1,532 | 2,235 | 1,150 |
| Cheroiree.... Kansas. | 5,989 | 4,095 |  | 1,788 | 1,071. | 5,767 | 3,941 | 1,258 | 1,810 | 873 |
| North Carolina. | 225 | 158 | 41 | 76 | 41 | 178 | 12 129 | 3 40 4 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{4}$ |
| Oklahoma. .... | 5,664 | 3,867 | 1,180 | 1,682 | 1,005 | 5,511 | 3,764 | 1,205 |  | 819 |
| Pennsylvania.. | 17 | 17 |  |  |  | - 6 | - 6 |  | 1,740 | 819 |
| South Carolina. | 16 | 7 |  | 4 | 3 | 13 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |
| Mohawk | 56 45 | 32 27 | 10 | 17 | 5 | 50 | 36 | ii | 20. | 5 |
| Oneida......... | 381 | 251 | 90 | 103 | 2 58 | 44 | 30 222 | ${ }^{9}$ | 16 | 5 |
| New York. | 39 | 28 | 11 | 11 | ${ }_{6}$ | ${ }_{26}$ | 13 | 70 4 | 101 7 | 5 |
| Wisconsin. | 316 | 198 | 75 | 88 | 35 | 303 | 188 | 64 | 92 | 32 |
| Onondaga.... | 54 | 38 | 10 | 17 | 11 | 69 | 53 | 16 | $\stackrel{24}{24}$ | 13 |
| New York. | 44 | 29 | 10 | 15 | 4 | 59 | 44 | 16 | 22 | 6 |
| St. Regis | 229 | 153 | 32 | 73 | 48 | 252 | 209 | 62 | 89 | 58 |
| New York. ... | 200 29 | 124 29 | 32 | 66 | 26 | 222 | 179 | 62 | 83 | 34 |
| Seneca... | 459 | 312 | 78 | 134 | 100 | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 473 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 306 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }_{98}^{24}$ |
| New York. | 359 | 226 | 69 | 112 | 100 45 | 382 | 233 | - 75 | 124 | 96 54 |
| Oklahoma.... | 35 | 22 | 5 | 14 | 3 | 41 | 24 | - 9 | 11 | 4 |
| Pennsylvania. | 61 | 60 | 4 | 8 | 48 | 46 | 45 | 2 | 11 9 | 34 |
| Tuscarora..... | 58 52 | 50 44 | 10 | 13 | 27 | 66 | 56 | 11 | 25 | 20 |
| NeW York. | 52 75 | 44 58 | 10 | 13 <br> 28 | 21 20 | 61 67 | 51 58 | 11 | 24 | 16 |
| Oklahoma. | 62 | 45 | 10 9 | 23 | 20 13 | 67 68 | 58 49 | 12 | 27 24 | 19 13 |
| Kal.apoolan stock. | 13 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 22 | 14 | 3 | 9 | 2 |
| Kazok stock. | 127 | 60 | 20 | 29 | 11 | 110 | 64 | 13 | 34 | 17 |
| Orleans (California). | 127 | 60 | 20 | 29 | 11 | 110 | 64 | 13 | 34 | 17 |

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, BY STOCK, TRIBE, AND PRINCIPAL STATES, CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910-Continued.
[A few amall etocks for which no scholastle population was reported are omitted from this table, as follows: United States-Takelman, Tarascan, and Zapotecan; AlaskaAlgonquian. The table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 83-Continued. | indian males 6 to 19 Years of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  | indin females 6 to 19 years of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BTOCK, TRIBE, AND State. | Total number. | Attending schooi. |  |  |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { years } \\ \text { of age. } \end{gathered}$ | 15 to 19 years of age. |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 16 to 19 years of age. |



# SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, BY STOCK, TRIBE, AND PRINCIPAL STATES, CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910—Continued. 

(A fow small stocks for which no scholastic population was reported are omitted from this tahla, as follows: Unlted States-Takelman, Tarasoan, and Zapotecan; AlaskaAlgonquian. The table shows each trlbe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.)

| Table 83-Continued. | indian males 6 to 19 fears of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  | indlan females 6 to 19 years of soe: 1910. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total numbar. | Attending school. |  |  |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 16 to 19 years of age. |  | Total. | 6 to ${ }^{\text {y }}$ years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |



SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, BY STOCK, TRIBE, AND PRINCIPAL STATES, CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910—Continued.
[A fow small stocks for which no scholastic populatlon was reported are omitted from this table, as follows: United States-Takelman, Tarascan, and Zapotecan; AlaskaAlgonquian. The table shows aach tribe having 100 or mora Indians in 1910.]

| Table 83-Continuad. <br> stock, tribl, AND state. | indian males 6 to 19 years of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  | indun females 6 to 19 years of hoe: 1910. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  | Total number. | Attending sohool. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Shoshonean stock-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paviotso.. | 407 | 271 | 65 | 137 | 69 | 396 | 227 | 58 | 119 | 50 |
| Californ | 11 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Idaho. | 21 | 14 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 18 | 195 | 53 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 3 |
| Nevada. | 334 | 225 | 54 | 114 | 57 | ${ }_{34} 3$ | 195 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  |  |
| ; Oragon. | 40 | 27 | 8 | 12 | 78 | 34 <br> 81 <br> 18 | ${ }_{60}^{23}$ | 5 6 | 13 27 | 5 27 |
| Ian Luiseno (California) | 83 | 65 | 9 | ${ }_{4}^{28}$ | 28 | 81 | 60 15 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }^{27}$ | 2 |
| Serrano (California).. | 21 546 | 209 | 39 | 94 | 71 | 507 | 200 | 47 | 92 | 61 |
| Idaho... | 171 | 58 | 12 | 27 | 19 | 155 | 63 | 14 | $2{ }^{6}$ | 23 |
| Nevada. | 223 | 52 | 13 | 20 | 19 | 211 | ${ }_{20}$ | 17 | 19 | ${ }_{4} 16$ |
| Utah.... | 28 | 20 | 4 | 14 | 2 | ${ }_{08} 31$ | 20 | 12 | 12 34 | 10 |
| W yoming | 103 | 58 | 10 | 30 40 | 18 | 290 | 66 | ${ }_{24}^{12}$ | 23 | 15 |
| Uto.-........ | 338 118 | 48 | 11 | 40 23 | 14 | 290 96 | 42 | 18 | 16 | 8 |
| colorado. <br> Utah | 208 | 16 |  | 12 | 4 | 185 | 12 | 5 | 5 | 2 |
| Siouna stock. | 5,112 | 3,241 | 768 | 1,469 | 1,004 | 4,910 | 3,160 | 785 | 1,398 | 977 |
| Assiniboin. | 183 | 110 | 35 | 44 | 31 | 156 | 93 | 28 | 39 | 26 |
| Montana. | 177 | 105 | 35 | 44 | 26 | 154 | 92 | 27 |  | 26 3 |
| Catawba...... | 25 18 | 18 | 6 4 4 | 9 | 3 2 | 18 | 15 | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ | 10 | 3 |
| South Carolina. | 18 | ${ }_{183}^{18}$ | 50 | 81 | 52 | 237 | 150 | 33 | 64 | 53 |
| Crow........ | 235 | 158 | 45 | 71 | 42 | 216 | 132 | 30 | 60 | 42 |
| South Dakota.. | 11 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 3 | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Hidatsa............ | 122 |  |  |  | 35 | 99 | 65 | 20 | 19 | 17 |
| North Dakota. | 119 | 83 | 19 | 31 | 7 | 47 | 33 | 9 | 16 | 8 |
| Iowa....... | 45 | 18 | 3 | 11 | 4 | 25 | 19 | 3 | 9 | 7 |
| Kansas... | 12 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| Kansa....... | 41 | 26 | 6 | 9 | 11 | 49 | $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 33 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17 | 14 | 4 |
| Oklahoma. | 39 | 24 | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | 10 | 4 | 30 | 21 | 5 | 5 | 11 |
| Mandan...... | 33 | 17 | 3 | 10 | 4 | 30 | 21 | 5 | 5 | 11 |
| North Dakota. | 199 | 100 | 18 | 41 | 41 | 188 | 110 | 28 | 53 | 29 |
| Omaha............. | 187 | 89 | 18 | 41 | 30 | 188 | 110 | 28 |  | 29 |
| Osaga........ | 251 | 192 | 62 | 76 <br> 74 | 54 50 | 231 | 173 | 58 | 76 | 39 |
| Oxlahoma | 243 | 189 | 19 | 22 | 18 | 47 | 36 | 14 | 14 | 8 |
| Oto............ | 66 | 56 | 17 | 22 | 17 | 44 | 34 | 13 | 14 | 7 |
| Oklahoma. | 148 | 112 | 35 | 39 | 38 | 184 | 154 | 36 | 65 | 53 |
| Ponca ........ | 38 | 23 | 4 | 13 | ${ }^{6}$ | 37 | 24 | 7 | 44 | 3 31 |
| Oklahoma. | 96 | 75 | 31 | 24 | 11 | 117 | 101 39 | 9 | 20 | 10 |
| Quapaw ....... | 5 | $\stackrel{41}{37}$ | 8 | 22 | 7 | 48 | 36 | 9 | 18 | 9 |
| Oklahoma. | 243 | 150 | 36 | 82 | 32 | 236 | 147 | 32 | 67 | 48 |
| Santre Sloux.... |  | 31 | 12 | 17 | 2 | 46 | 30 | 13 | 12 | 5 |
| Minnesota. | 16 | 11 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 6 | 1 | 13 | 8 | 3 |  | 5 |
| Montana. | 111 | 55 | 3 | 32 | 20 | 117 | 68 | 9 | 35 | 24 |
| Nabraska..... | 11 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 1 |  |  |
| North Dakots. | 64 | 44 | 12 | 25 | 7 | 45 | ${ }_{111}^{32}$ | 19 | ${ }_{43}^{16}$ | 12 |
| Sioux .......... | 201 | 148 | 26 | 41 | 8 | 137 | 32 | 7 | 20 | 5 |
| Minnesota. | ${ }_{13}^{26}$ | ${ }_{6} 6$ | 3 | 2 | 1 | 15 | 8 | 3 | 3 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |
| Montans... <br> Nahraska. | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 |  |  | 3 | 11 | 6 |  | 4 | 2 |
| Naw Jorsey. |  |  |  |  | 4 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| North Dakota | 19 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 5 | 1 | 2 | ${ }_{15}^{2}$ |
| Oklahoma.... | 37 | 37 |  | 2 | 35 | $\begin{array}{r}17 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17 | 3 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 11 |
| Pannsylvanis. | 68 | 50 | 14 | 20 | 16 |  | 228 | 71 | 103 | 54 |
| Sissoton Sioux.... | 380 | 226 | 67 3 | 37. | 1 | ${ }_{9} 9$ | 5 | 2 | 3 |  |
| Minnesota. | 37 | 28 | ${ }_{9}$ | 12 | 7 | 32 | 22 | 9 | 7 | ${ }^{6}$ |
| Montana. | 83 | 51 | 18 | 20 | 13 | 102 | ${ }^{67}$ | 20 | 34 |  |
| North Dakota. | 243 | 134 | 36 | 60 | 38 | 215 | 133 | 273 | 551 | - 424 |
| South Dakota | 2,117 | 1,264 | 252 | 624 | 388 | 2,020 | 1,248 |  | 551 |  |
| Taton Slowx Montana. | 11 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{11}^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 | 59 | ${ }^{45}$ | 8 | $\dddot{20}$ | 17 |
| North Dakota. | 2,044 | 1,207 | 239 | 607 | 361 | 1,940 | 1,183 | 260 | 527 | 396 |
| South Dakota. | 2,044 | 1,79 | 24 | 30 | 25 | 99 | 74 | 28 | 22 | 29 |
| Brula Sloux. | 108 | 78 | 24 | 30 | 24 | 97 | 72 | ${ }_{28}^{28}$ | 42 | 34 |
| South Dakota.. | 132 | 87 | 19 | 40 | 28 |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |
| Hunkpapa Sioux. North Dakota... | 14 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 5 23 | 22 132 | $\stackrel{12}{92}$ | 26 | 35 | 31 |
| North Dakota.. | 118 | 79 16 | 18 | 38 10 | 23 | 132 47 | 18 | 4 | ${ }_{5}$ | 9 |
|  | 48 | 16 | 1 | 10 | 146 | 887 | 525 | 125 | 234 | 166 |
|  | 953 | 541 | 123 | 271 | 146 | 881 | 520 | 123 | 232 | 165 |
|  | 949 | 539 | 122 | 271 |  |  |  | 7 | 9 | 4 |
| South Dakota............... | 42 | 28 | 8 | 14 15 | 6 17 | 32 60 | 35 | 7 | 15 | 13 |
| Sans Are Sloux (South Dakota). | 60 | 43 | 11 | 15 | 17 3 | 23 | 19 | 5 | 7 | 7 |
| Sihasapa Nor.i..................... | 21 | 18 | - 8 | 8 | 14 | 37 | 16 | 2 | 8 | 6 |
| North Dakota....... | 39 | 25 | 3 <br> 3 | 8 | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 41 | 18 | 4 | 10 | - ${ }^{4}$ |
| Two Kattla Sioux (South Dakota) | 43 73 | 451 | 63 | 235 | 153 | 700 | 454 | 70 1 | ${ }_{2} 214$ | 170 |
| Othar Taton Sioux. | 20 | 17 | - 2 | 4 | 11 | 14 | 14 | 66 | 206 | 155 |
| North Dakota.. | 699 | 423 | 60 | 228 | 135 56 | 673 291 | 176 | 60 47 | 78 | 51 |
| Wingouth Dakota.. | 296 | 199 | 47 <br> 29 | 96 43 | ${ }_{26}$ | 123 | 67 | 20 | 28 | 19 |
| Winnebago ${ }_{\text {Nebraska............. }}$ | 115 | 98 81 | 14 | 43 46 | $\stackrel{26}{26}$ | 161 | 104 | 1 - 27 | 50 | 127 |

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, BY STOCK, TRIBE, AND PRINCIPAL STATES, CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910-Continued.
[A few small stocks for which no scholastio population was reported are omitted from this table, as follows: United States-Takelman, Tarascan, and Zapotecan; AlaskaAlgonquian. The table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indlans in 1910.]

| Table 83-Continued. <br> 1 sTOCK, TRIBE, AND STATE. | indlan males 6 to 19 years of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  | indlan females 6 to 10 fears of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending scbool. |  |  |  | Totalnumber. | Attending school. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |


| Stounn stock-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yankton Sioux. | 273 | 163 | 45 | 68 | 50 | 315 | 174 | 52 | 77 | 45 |
| Montana. | 53 | 38 | 11 | 11 | 16 | 54 | 41 | 12 | 16 | - 13 |
| North Dakota. | 15 | 9 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 15 | 10 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| South Dakota. | 199 | 110 | 32 | 49 | 29 | 238 | 116 | 85 | 54 | 27 |
| Yanktonai Sioux. | 163 | 116 | 30 | 57 | 29 | 188 | 140 | 30 | 80 | 30 |
| North Dakota. | 68 | - 51 | 13 | 25 | 13 | 76 | 58 | 12 | 33 | 13 |
| South Dakota. | 95 | - 65 | 17 | 32 | 16 | 112 | 82 | 18 | 47 | 17 |
| Tanoan stock. | 456 | 285 | 110 | 124 | 51 | 455 | 268 | 126 | 111 | 31 |
| Isleta....... | 110 | 72 | 32 | 25 | 15 | 105 | 74 | 38 | 29 | 7 |
| New Mexico..... | 102 | 69 | 31 | 25 | 13 | 98 | 71 | 37 | 27 | 7 |
| Jemez (New Mexico). | 77 | 56 | 12 | 39 | 5 | 72 | 45 | 16 | 24 | 5 |
| Picuris (New Mexico) ........ | 15 | 13 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 13 | 8 | 12 | 5 3 | 1 |
| San Ildefonso (New Mexico). | 22 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 8 | 21 | 18 <br> 45 | 13 | 3 | 5 |
|  | 71 70 | 51 50 | 17 17 | 26 26 | 8 7 | 67 65 | 45 | 24 24 | 16 16 | 5 |
| Santa Clara (New Mexico). | 34 | 21 | 11 | 5 | 5 | 47 | 23 | 3 | 12 | 8 |
| Tros (New Mexico)........ | 83 | 36 | 16 | 15 | 5 | 91 | 30 | 19 | 11 | .......... |
| Tlingit btock. | 15 | 15 | . | 3 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| Tonkawan stock | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | ... | 3 | 2 | .......... | 1 | 1 |
| Tsimshian stock... | 17 | 15 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | . |
| Tunican btock. | 11 | 3 | 2 | 1 | .. | 8 | 1 | 1 | . |  |
| Wamlatpuan stock.. | 57 | 46 | 18 | 16 | 12 | 52 | 47 | 17 | 21 | 9 |
| Cayuse......... Oregon... | 52 46 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | 15 13 | 16 | 12 9 | 51 47 | 47 43 | 17 14 | $\stackrel{21}{20}$ | 9 9 |
| Warashan stock. | 54 | 42 | 17 | 12 | 13 | 61 | 44 | 17 | 20 | 7 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Makah............ } \\ \text { Washington. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | 42 | 17 17 | 12 | 13 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 57 \end{aligned}$ | 44 | 17 17 | 20 18 | 7 6 |
| WASHOAN STOCR. | 112 | 37 | 9 | 12 | 16 | 95 | 25 | 5 | 12 | 8 |
| Washo..... | 112 | 37 |  | 12 |  |  | 25 |  | 12 | 8 |
| Nevada.. | 72 | 23 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 60 | 19 | 4 | 10 | 5 |
| - Wintun stock. | 106 | 45 | 7 | 29 | 9 | 99 | 48 | 14 | 19 | 15 |
| Nomelaki.... | 22 | 14 | 3 | 10 | 1 | 16 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| California...... | 22 | 14 | 3 | 10 | 1 | 14 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Patwin (Caliiornia). | ${ }_{63}^{21}$ | 31 | 4 | 19 | 8 | 27 56 | 1 37 | 10 |  |  |
| Califormia. | 62 | 30 | 4 | 18 | 8 | 53 | 34 | 10 | 16 | 8 |
| Wiyat scock | 26 | 21 | 9 | 9 | 3 | 13 | 9 | 3 | 6 | ... |
| Humboldt Bay (California).. | 26 | 21 | 9 | 9 | 3 | 13 | 9 | 3 | 6 | .......... |
| Yakonan stock. | 11 | 9 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Yanan stock... | 8 | 4 | - | 2 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Yokuts stack. | 71 | 32 | 4 | 15 | 13 | 78 | 31 | 7 | 15 | 9 |
| Chukchansi. | 17 | 11 |  | 5 |  | 31 | 16 |  |  |  |
| California. | 17 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 29 | 14 | 2 | 6 | 6 |
| Yokuts (California).. | 47 | 20 | 3 | 10 | 7 | 35 | 14 | 4 | 9 | 1 |
| Yuchean stock. | 21 | 11 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 2 | .. | 1 | 1 |
| Yukian stock.. | 22 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 25 | 13 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| Yuman stock.. | 711 | 469 | 131 | 192 | 146 | 593 | 349 | 99 | 163 | 87 |
| Cocopa............ | $\stackrel{40}{49}$ |  |  |  |  | 24 | 1 | 1 |  | .......... |
| Diezueno (California)... | 137 |  |  |  | 32 | 141 | 100 | 25 | 51 | 24 |
| Havasupai (Arizona). | 21 | 18 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 15 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Maricopa (Arizona)................ | 64 | 52 | 14 | 23 | 15 | 64 | 44 | 10 | 16 | 18 |

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF INDIANS 6 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, BY STOCK, TRIBE, AND PRINCIPAL STATES, CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ALASKA: 1910-Continued.
[A few small stocks for which no scholastic population was reported are omitted from this table, as follows: United States-Takelman, Tarascan, and Zapotecan; AlaskaAlgonquian. The table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 83-Continued. <br> stock, tribe, and state. | indian males 6 to 19 years of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  | indlan females 6 to 19 tears of age: 1910. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  | Total number. | Attending school. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. |  | Total. | 6 to 9 years of age. | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age |
| UNITED STATES-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YtMan stoce-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mohave...... | 173 | 123 | 35 | 54 | 34 | 117 | 76 | 19 | 44 | 13 |
| Arizona........ | 111 | 69 | 20 | 33 | 16 | - 85 | 52 | 10 | 32 | 10 |
| - Cajifornia. | 62 | 54 | 15 | 21 | 18 | 32 | 24 | ${ }^{9}$ | 12 | 3 |
| Walapai...... | 113 | 79 | 26 | 30 | 23 | 78 | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13 | 21 | 3 |
| Yavapai (Arizona)... | 58 | 33 | 11 | 15 | $\stackrel{1}{7}$ | 45 | 23 | 9 | 9 | ${ }_{6}$ |
| Yuma............... | 102 | 69 | 12 | 29 | 28 | 106 | 56 | 19 | 19 | 18 |
| Arizona. California... | 19 82 | 9 59 | 3 9 | 3 26 | 3 24 | 23 83 | 2 54 | 18 | 19 | 17 |
| Yurok stock. | 107 | 68 | 24 | 25 | 9 | 93 | 55 | 16 | 24 | 15 |
| Weitspec (California). | 107 | 58 | 24 | 25 | 9 | 93 | 55 | 16 | 24 | 15 |
| ZUNAAN STOCK. | 214 | 64 | 18 | 32 | 14 | 222 | 53 | 19 | 25 | 9 |
| Zuni........... | 214 212 | 64 63 | 18 18 | 32 | 14 13 | $\stackrel{222}{222}$ | 53 53 | 19 19 | 25 25 | 9 9 |
| ATASKA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ateapaskan stock. | 556 | 225 | 40 | 108 | 77 | 526 | 176 | 35 | 90 | 51 |
| Ahtena. | 50 | 7 |  | O | 2 | 35 | 3 | 5 | 1 |  |
| Hankutchin..... | 14 | $\begin{array}{r}15 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | $\stackrel{9}{2}$ | 4 | 17 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| Kaiyuhkhotana. | 114 | 44 | 9 | 17 | 18 | 96 | 36 | 9 | 17 | 10 |
| Kutchin........ | 49 34 | 14 | 5 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 3 <br> 1 | 52 | 8 | . | 5 | 3 |
| Natsitkutchin.... | 56 | 15 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 58 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| Unalhhotana................... | 18 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 26 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 1 |
| Esicmadan stock. | 2,039 | 707 | 205 | 315 | 187 | 1,775 | 513 | 154 | 240 | 119 |
| Aibut....... | $\begin{array}{r} 248 \\ 50 \\ 80 \\ 25 \\ 38 \\ 91 \\ 84 \\ 28 \\ 69 \\ 205 \\ 46 \\ 93 \\ 39 \\ 47 \\ 8 \\ 21 \\ 37 \\ 23 \\ 62 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 39 \\ 560 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r\|\|} \hline 78 \\ 24 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | 18 | $\begin{gathered} 36 \\ 8 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 24 | $\begin{array}{r} 209 \\ 32 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59 \\ & 11 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 8 <br> 6 | 39 <br> 3 <br> 3 | 12 |
| Chnagniut........ |  |  | 7 |  | 9 |  |  | 6 |  | 1 |
| Irogmiut........ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{4}$ | 1 |  | 1 |
| Kaialigmiut........ |  | r 2 | ${ }_{8}^{2}$ | 5 | 5 | 24 | 17 | 6 | 9 | 2 |
| Kaviagmiut..................... |  | 18 | 11 | 25 | 12 | 60 | 28 | 9 | 8 | 11 |
| Kinugumiut......... |  | 52 | 18 | 19 | 15 | 70 | 51 | 12 | 26 | 13 |
| Kusetrimmiut..... |  | 20 | 7 | 10 | 3 | 7 |  |  | 4 | 1 |
| Kuskovakmiut. |  | 20 | 10 | 14 | ${ }_{8}$ | 178 | ${ }_{16}^{6}$ | 5 | 11 |  |
| Kuskwogmiut... |  | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | ${ }_{4}$ | 2 | 65 | 25 | 2 | 11 | 12 |
| Magemiut...... |  | 47 | 12 | 22 | 13 | 81 | 43 | 6 | 21 | 16 |
| Malemiut...... |  | 7 | + 2 | 4 | 1 | 30 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Nunivagmiut.. |  | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 34 20 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Nunochogmiut. |  | 14 | 5 |  |  | 12 | 5 | 5 |  |  |
| Selarigmiut....... |  | 14 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 38 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Tikeramiut......... |  | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Unaligmiut..................... |  | 28 | 8 | 15 | 5 | 60 | 14 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| Utkiavinmiut.................. |  | 8 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 10 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| Utukamiut........ |  | 35 | 7 | 14 | 14 | 29 | 23 | 9 | 7 ${ }^{7}$ | ${ }^{7}$ |
| Southern Eskimo.... |  | 165 | 61 | 64 |  | 512 | 131 | 51 |  | 24 |
| HADAN STOCK | 88 | 75 | 22 | 26 | 27 | 82 | 58 | 23 | 17 | 18 |
| Halds. . | 88 | 75 | 22 | 26 | 27 | 82 | 58 | 23 | 17 | 18 |
| Tingat stock. | 611 | 380 |  | 157 | 84 | 636 | 384 | 156 | 168 | 60 |
|  |  |  | 139 |  |  | 41 | 26 | 12 | 13 | 1 |
| Auk....... | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 95 \end{aligned}$ | 59 | 23 | 24 | 12 | 99 | 54 | 24 | 17 | 13 |
| Нenya........... | $29$ | 18 | 8 | 7 | 3 | $\begin{array}{r}32 \\ 100 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 60 | 24 | 30 | 6 |
| Huma........ | $\begin{aligned} & 86 \\ & 68 \end{aligned}$ | 66 | 26 | 24 | 3 | ${ }^{76}$ | 40 | 21 | 16 | 3 |
| Hutsnuwu..... | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & 47 \end{aligned}$ | 37 37 | 16 | 11 | 10 | 46 | 33 | 14 | 13 | ${ }^{6}$ |
| Kakre........ | 87 | 63 | 23 | 27 | 13 | 82 | 55 | 18 | 24 | 13 |
| Sitkg........ | 21 | 12 | 3 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 3 | 28 15 | 18 | 9 | 9 <br> 7 | $\ldots$ |
| Taku.. | 193142 | ${ }_{13}^{7}$ | 1 | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ | 4 | 32 | 22 | 9 | 10 | 3 |
| Tongas............... |  | 19 | 9 | 9 | 1 | 46 | 17 | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| Yakutat............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tomarian etack | 129 | 80 | 16 | 42 | 22 | 112 | 72 | 39 | 29 | 4 |
| Thimshian............... | 129 | 80 | 16 | 42 | 22 | 112 | 72 | 39 | 29 | 4 |

## ILLITERACY.

At the census of 1910, as at several preceding censuses, inquiry was made, on both the general population and special Indian schedules, as to whether the person enumerated was able to read and as to whether he was able to write in any language, not necessarily English. Answers to these questions were required only for persons 10 years of age and over. For this report, as for the general reports on population, the Bureau of the Census has classified as illiterate all persons unable to write, regardless of ability to read. What constitutes ability to read and write is partially a matter of judgment, and there is undoubtedly a certain margin of error in the returns, particularly with respect to Indians. Nevertheless, the returns are probably the most accurate so far made, and may be accepted in fair comparison with other data and as between tribe and tribe or group and group, as the case may be.

Illiteracy, 1910 and 1900.-At the census of 1910 there were 188,758 Indians 10 years of age and over, and of this number 85,445 , or 45.3 per cent, were illiterate. Of the 171,552 Indians 10 years of age and over at the preceding census, that of 1900 , the illiterates numbered 96,347 , or 56.2 per cent. . These figures show, therefore, not only an absolute decrease of 10,902 in the number of illiterate Indians, but a proportional decrease of nearly 11 per cent-45.3 in 1910 as compared with 56.2 in 1900 .

| Table 84 <br> class of poptlation. | population 10 tears of AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | Population 10 Years ofage and over: 1900 . |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Inliterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |
|  |  | Number. | $\xrightarrow{\text { Per }}$ cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |
| All classes. | unted states. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 71,580,270 | 5, 516, 163 | 7.7 | 57, 949, 824 | 6,180,069 | 10.7 |
| Indian. <br> Chinese <br> Japanese. <br> Negro... | 188,7586,92467,661$7,317,922$$63,933,870$$5,98,341$$12,944,529$3,135 | 85,445 | 45.3 | 171, 552 | 96,347 | 56.2 |
|  |  | 6, 213 | 15.8 | 84,002 | 25,396 | 29.0 |
|  |  | 2,227, 731 | 30.4 | 6, 415, 581 | 2,853,194 | 44.5 |
|  |  | 3, 184, 633 | 5.0 | 51,250, 918 | 3,200, 746 | 6.2 |
| Native. |  | 1, 334,272 | 3.0 | 41,236, 662 | 1,913,611 | 4.6 |
| Foreign born <br> All other. |  | 1,650,361 | 12.7 | 10,014,256 | 1,287,135 | 12.9 |
|  |  | 1,250 | 39.9 |  |  |  |
|  | alaska. |  |  |  |  |  |
| All classes. | 54,967 | 14,550 | 26.5 | 55, 981 | 23,311 | 41.6 |
| Indian. | 18,044 | 12,882 | 71.4 | 23, 057 | 20,015 | 86.8 |
| Chimese. . | 1,208 | 187 | 15.5 | 3,115 | 2,390 | 76.7 |
| Japanese. | 909 | 62 | 6.8 | 279 | 135 | 48.4 |
| Negro. | 203 | 21 | 10.3 | 165 | 6 | 3.6 |
|  | 34,310 | 1,336 | 3.9 | 29,365 | 765 | 2.6 |
| Native | 16,462 | 112 | 0.7 | 20,624 | 193 | 0.9 |
| All $\begin{gathered}\text { Foreign born........ } \\ \text { other }\end{gathered}$ | 17, 848 | 1,224 | 6.9 | 8,741 | 572 | 6.5 |
|  | 293 | 62 | 21.2 |  |  |  |

The number and proportion of illiterates among Indians at the last two Federal censuses in comparison with other classes of the population are shown, for the United States and Alaska, in Table 84. No census statistics of illiteracy for Indians are available prior to 1900 .

Illiteracy, by sex.--Table 85 gives, for the United States and Alaska in 1910 and 1900, the statistics of illiteracy for Indian males and females separately, in comparison with similar statistics for the other classes of the population.

| Table 85 <br> Class of population and census xear. | mates 10 years of age and over. |  |  | females 10 years of age and over. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | ruliterate. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |
| All classes: 1910...- | Untted states. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37, 027, 558 | 2, 814,950 | 7.6 | 34, 552, 712 | 2, 701,213 | 7.8 |
| Indian. | 96,582 | 40, 104 | 41.5 | 92,176 | 45,341 | 49.2 |
| Chinese. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 0 ,}, 002 \\ & 65,479 \\ & 60,809 \end{aligned}$ | 9,849 | 15.0 | 3,445 | 1,042 | 30.2 |
| Japanese. |  | r $\begin{array}{r}5,247 \\ 1,096,000\end{array}$ | 8.6 | 6, 852 | 966 | 14.1 |
| Negro.. | 60,809 $3,637,386$ |  | 30.1 | 3,680, 536 | 1, 131, 731 | 30.7 |
| White. | $33,164,229$$25,843,033$ | 1, 662, 705 | 5.0 | 30, 769, 641 | 1, 522, 128 | 4.8 |
| Native. |  |  | 3.1 | 25, 146,308 | 738,217 | 2.8 |
| Foreign bor All other..... | $\begin{array}{r} 20,843,053 \\ 7,321,196 \\ 3,073 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 796,055 \\ 866,450 \\ 1,245 \end{array}$ | 11.8 40.5 | 5, 623, 333 | 783,911 | 13.9 8.1 |
| All classes: 1900... | 29,703,440 | 3, 311,224 | 10.1 | 28,246,384 | 3,168,845 | 11.2 |
| Indian................... | 86,50484,14123,214$3,181,650$$26,327,931$$20,912,940$$5,414,991$ | 45,37623,0524,211$1,371,432$$1,56,153$955,517611,636 | 52.5 | 85, 048 | 50,971 | 59.9 |
| Chinese |  |  | 27.4 | 3,541 | 2,344 | 66.2 |
| Japanese |  |  | 18.1 |  | 175 | 20.0 |
| Negro. |  |  | 43.1 | 3,233,931 | 1, 481,762 | 45.8 |
| White. |  |  | 6.0 | 24,922,987 | 1,633,593 | 6.6 |
| Fratign born.......... |  |  | 4.6 | 20,323, 722 | 958,094 | 4.7 |
|  |  |  | 11.3 | 4,599,265 | 675,499 | 14.7 |
|  | alaska. |  |  |  |  |  |
| All classes: 1910.... | 41,108 | 7,867 | 19.1 | 13,859 | 6,683 | 48.2 |
| Indian................ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,300 \\ & 1,206 \\ & 884 \end{aligned}$ | 6, 318 | ${ }^{67.9}$ | 8,744 | 6,571 | 75.1 |
| Chinese.. |  |  | 15.4 |  |  | (1) |
| Japanese |  | 58  <br> 16 6.6 <br> 1.3  <br> 1.3  |  | 25 | 4 |  |
| Negro.. | $\begin{array}{r}141 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  |  | 62 | 5 |  |
| White. | $\begin{aligned} & 29,285 \\ & 13,025 \\ & 16,260 \end{aligned}$ | 1,23478 | 4.2 | 5,025 | 102 | 2.0 |
| Natire................ |  |  | 0.6 | 3,437 | 34 | 1.0 |
| Froreign born.......... |  | 1,15662 | 7.1 | 1,588 | 68 | 4.3 |
| All other. | $\begin{array}{r} 16,260 \\ 292 \end{array}$ |  | 21.2 | 1 |  |  |
| All classes: 1900.... | 41,968 | 13, 124 | 31.3 | 14,013 | 10,187 | 72.7 |
| Indian.................... | 11,7173,113 | 9,980 | 85.2 | 11,340 | 10,035 | 88.5 |
|  |  | 2,389 | 76.7 | 2 |  | (1) |
| Chinese. <br> Japanese. | 267 | 124 | 46.4 | 12 | 11 | (1) |
| Negro...................... | $\begin{array}{r} 151 \\ 26,720 \end{array}$ | 6 | 4.0 | 14 |  |  |
| White. <br> Native |  | 625 | 2.3 | 2,645 | 140 | 5.3 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 26,720 \\ 18 ; 624 \\ 8,096 \end{gathered}$ | 116 | 0.6 | 2,000 | 77 | 3.9 |
| Foreign born. |  | 509 | 6.3 | 645 | 63 | 9.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Per cent not shown where base is less tban 60.
The Indians, like the other races, show a greater proportion of illiterates among females. As shown by Table 85, the percentages for the United States in 1910 were 49.2 for females and 41.5 for males, while for Alaska they were 75.1 and 67.9 , respectively. This
difference between the sexes is particularly noticeable among Indians 20 years of age and over. For the United States in 1910, as shown by Table 86, the percentage of illiterates among females 20 years of age and over was 61.4 as compared with 50.8 for males, while for Alaska in 1910 the percentage for females of this class was 85.5 as against 78.1 for males. The proportion of illiterates in 1910 among the Indian youththose from 10 to 19 years of age-in the United States was, on the other hand, only slightly larger for females than for males, or 22.8 as compared with 21.7 per cent, but in Alaska the difference was considerable, the percentages being 45.3 for females as against 39.8 for males.

| Table 86 AGE AND GEX. | 1910 |  |  | 1900 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Tatal numbar. | Illiterate. |  |
|  |  | Numbar. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { bar. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Par } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Indians 10 years of aga and over. | UNITED STATES. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 188,758 | 85,445 | 45.3 | 171,552 | 96,347 | 56.2 |
| Male... | $\begin{aligned} & 96,582 \\ & 92,176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,104 \\ & 45,341 \end{aligned}$ | 41.549.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 86,504 \\ & 85,048 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45,376 \\ & 50,971 \end{aligned}$ | 52.559.9 |
| Femala. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indians 10 to 19 years of aga.. | 59,879 | 13,311 | 22.2 | 52,135 | 15,727 | 30.2 |
| Male. <br> Femala | 30,811 29,068 | 6,692 6,619 | 21.7 22.8 | 26,733 25,402 | 7,926 7,801 | 29.6 30.7 |
| Indians 20 yaars of aga and ovar. | 128,879 | 72,134 | 56.0 | 119,417 | 80,620 | 67.5 |
| Mala. <br> Famale. | $\begin{gathered} 65,771 \\ 63,108 \end{gathered}$ | 33,412 38,722 | 50.8 61.4 | 59,771 59,646 | 37,450 43,170 | 62.7 72.4 |
|  |  |  |  | KA. |  |  |
| Indians 10 yaars of aga and | 18,044 | 12,882 | 71.4 | 23,057 | 20,015 | 86.8 |
| Mala. | $\begin{aligned} & 9,300 \\ & 8,744 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,311 \\ & 6,571 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67.9 \\ & 75.1 \end{aligned}$ | 11,717 11,340 | $\begin{array}{r} 9,980 \\ 10,035 \end{array}$ | 85.2 88.5 |
| Indians 10 to 19 years of aga. . | 4,747 | 2,014 | 42.4 | 5,393 | 3,880 | 71.9 |
| Male..................... | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 , 4 9 1} \\ & \mathbf{2 , 2 5 6} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 992 \\ 1,022 \end{array}$ | 39.845.3 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 , 8 1 8} \\ & \mathbf{2 , 5 7 5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,015 \\ & 1,865 \end{aligned}$ | 71.572.4 |
| Famala..................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indians 20 years of aga and | 13,297 | 10,868 | 81.7 | 17,664 | 16,135 | 91.3 |
| Mala. | $\begin{aligned} & 6,809 \\ & 6,488 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,319 \\ & 5,549 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78.1 \\ & 85.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,899 \\ & 8,765 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,965 \\ & 8,170 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89.5 \\ & 93.2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fama |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Iliteracy, by states.-Table 89 (p. 215) shows, by divisions and states, the number of illiterate Indians in the United States in 1910, distributed according to sex and age periods. Table 87 shows, for 22 selected states, the number and proportion of illiterates among all Indians 10 years of age and over and among those 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, respectively, in 1910 and in 1900. The proportion of illiterates among the Indian adults and the Indian youth is also shown graphically for the same states in the diagram on this page.
In 8 of the 22 states, as shown by Table 87, more than 50 per cent of the Indians 10 years of age and over in 1910 were illiterate, and in 2 of them-Utah and New Mexico-the percentage was more than 80. These 8 states are Utah, New Mexico, Mississippi,

Arizona, Nevada, Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming. In 11 states the percentage of illiteracy was between 30 and 50 , and in the 3 remaining states it was between 10 and 30, namely, New York, 27.9; Oklahoma, 25.2 ; and Kansas, 18.7 per cent. The percentage of illiteracy in 1910 was less than it was in 1900 in all but 3 of the 22 states, and in most of the states the proportional decrease was large.

Illiteracy of Indians 20 years of age and over was between 30 and 50 per cent in 6 states, between 50 and 60 per cent in 5 states, between 60 and 80 per cent in 6 states, and over 80 per cent in 5 states, the last-named states being New Mexico, Utah, Mississippi, Arizona, and Nevada. For the Indian youth, however; there was no state in 1910 in which the proportion was over 80 per cent, and of the 22 selected states there were only 5-Utah, Mississippi, New Mexico, Arizona, and Nevada-which had more than 30 per cent, while 11 had between 10 and 30 per cent, and 6 had less than 10 per cent.


Table 88 shows, for the 22 selected states, the proportion of illiterates in 1910 among Indian males and Indian females 10 years of age and over, 10 to 19 years of age, and 20 years of age and over, respectively.

ILLITERATES AMONG INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, IN 22 SELECTED STATES: 1910 AND 1900.


ILLITERATES AMONG INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, IN 22 SELECTED STATES: 1910.

| Table 88state | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDIAN MALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF AGE AND } \\ & \text { OVER. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | indlan males 10 to 19 TEARS OF AGE. |  |  | indlan males 20 fears of age and OVER. |  |  | indian females 10 yEARS OF AGE AND oVER. |  |  | indian females 10 to 19 years of age. |  |  | indian females 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Iliterate. |  | Total numbber. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cant. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Numner. | Per cent. |
| United States......... | 96,582 | 40,104 | 41.5 | 30,811 | 6,692 | 21.7 | 65,771 | 33,412 | 50.8 | 92,176 | 45,341 | 49.2 | 29,068 | 6,619 | 22.8 | 63,108 | 38,722 | 61.4 |
| Arizona. | $\begin{array}{r} 10,625 \\ 6,458 \\ 609 \\ 1,355 \\ 1,111 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,289 \\ 2,932 \\ 255 \\ 753 \\ 208 \end{array}$ | 68.4 <br> 45.4 <br> 41.9 <br> 55.6 <br> 18.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,534 \\ 1,804 \\ 264 \\ 288 \\ 450 \end{array}$ | 1,737 | 49.2 | 7,091 | 5,5322,664 | 78.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 9,863 \\ & 6,148 \end{aligned}$ | 7,6703,242 | 77.8 | 3,1421,751 | 1,772278 | 56.4 | 6,7214,397 | 5,898 | 87.8 |
| California |  |  |  |  | 268 | 14.9 | 4,654 |  | 57.2 |  |  | 52.7 |  |  | 15.9 |  | 2,964 | 67.4 |
| Colorado. |  |  |  |  | 45 | 17.0 | 345 | 210 | 60.9 | 461 | 265 | 67.5 | 161 | 36 | 22.4 | 300 | 229 | 76.3 |
| Idaho. |  |  |  |  | 58 | 20.1 | 1,067 | 695 | 65.1 | 1,349 | 854 | 63.3 | 287 | 49 |  | 1,062 | $805 \cdot 75.8$ |  |
| Kansas. |  |  |  |  | 17 | 3.8 | 1,661 | 191 | 28.9 | 1,815 | 152 | 18.7 | 411 |  |  | 8 1.9 404 144 35.8 |  |  |
| Michigan | 3,028 | 911 | 30.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 825 \\ \mathbf{1 , 1 2 3} \end{array}$ | $76 \quad 9.2$ |  | 2,203 <br> 235 |  |  | 2,674 1,053 39 |  |  | 782 | $73 \quad 9.3$ |  | 1,892 | 98051.8 |  |
| Minnesota | 3,290 | 1,162 | 35.3. |  | 13812.3 |  | 2,167 1,024 47.3 |  |  | $\mathbf{3 , 2 1 8}$ 1,452 $\mathbf{4 5 . 1}$ |  |  | 989125 | 10710.8 |  | 2,229 | 1,345 60.3 |  |
| Mississippi | $\begin{array}{r} 470 \\ 3,978 \end{array}$ |  | 72.352.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 155 \\ 1,119 \\ 442 \end{array}$ | 98254 | 60.6 |  | 246 | 78.1 | 391 | 340 | 87.0 |  | 89 | 71.2 |  | , 251 | 94.4 |
| Montara. |  |  |  |  |  | 25.2 | 2,859875 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,790 \\ 336 \end{array}$ | 62.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,961 \\ & 1,283 \end{aligned}$ | 2,360532 | $59.6$ | 1,069430 | 26448 | 24.7 | 2,892 | 2,096 72.5 |  |
| Nebraska | $\begin{array}{llll}1,317 & 390 & 29.6\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 12.2 |  |  | 38.4 |  |  | $41.5$ |  |  | 11.2 | 853 | 484 | 58.7 |
| Nevads. | 2,120 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,425 \\ & 5,685 \end{aligned}$ | 67.2 | 5182,206 | $\begin{array}{r} 195 \\ 1,338 \end{array}$ | 37.6 | 1,6025,034 | 1,2304,347 | 76.8 | 2,070 | 1,5805,834 | 76.3 | 4862,156 | 2121,463 | 43.6 | 1,584 | 1,368 | 86. 4 |
| New Mexico | 7,240 |  | 78.5 |  |  | 60.7 |  |  | 86.4 |  |  | 85.0 |  |  | 67.9 | 4,705 | 4,371 | 92.9 |
| New York. | 2,359 | 660 | 28.0 | 2,802 | 1,32240 | $\begin{array}{r} 8.6 \\ 26.2 \end{array}$ | 1,7571,783 | 608928 | $52.0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,209 \\ & 2,626 \end{aligned}$ | $613$ | 27.8 | 657 | - 36 | 5.5 | 1,552 | 577 | 37.264.3 |
| Nortb Carolina. | 2,698 | 1,168 | 43.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,343 | 51.1 | 874 | 217 | 24.8 | 1,752 | 1,126 |  |
| North Dakota | $\begin{array}{r} 2,366 \\ 24,580 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,031 \\ & 5,399 \end{aligned}$ | 43.622.0 | 7768,997 | $1,016$ | 13.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,590 \\ 15,583 \end{array}$ | 9244,383 | 58.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,288 \\ 24,306 \end{array}$ | 1,1116,898849 | 48.6 | 763 | 115 | 15.1 | 1,525 | 996 | 65.3 |
| Oklahoma. |  |  |  |  |  | 11.3 |  |  | 28.1 |  |  | 28.4 | 8,740 | 963 | 11.0 | 15,586 | 5,935 | 38.1 |
| Oragon. | $\begin{aligned} & 1,954 \\ & 7,166 \end{aligned}$ | 2,795 | 39.0 | 1,962 | 212 | 5.0 | 1,289 | , 548 | 42.5 | 1,950 |  | 43.5 | - 576 | 24 | 4.2 | 1,374 | , 825 | 60.0 |
| South Dakots |  |  |  |  |  | 10.8 | 5,204 | 2,583 | 49.6 | 7,179 | 3,734 | 52.0 | 1,809 | 211 | 11.7 | 5,370 | 3,523 | 65.6 |
| Utah. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,232 \\ 4,066 \\ 3,866 \\ 575 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 989 \\ 1,610 \\ 1,207 \\ 261 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80.3 \\ & 39.6 \\ & 31.2 \\ & 45.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 306 \\ 1,126 \\ 1,177 \\ 143 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 202 \\ 181 \\ 114 \\ 11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 66.0 \\ 16.1 \\ 9.7 \\ 7.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 926 \\ 2,940 \\ 2,889 \\ 432 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 787 \\ 1,429 \\ 1,093 \\ 250 \end{array}$ | 85.0 | 1,058 | 912 | 86.2 | 288 | 176 | 65.7 | 790 | 736 | 93.2 |
| Washingto |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48.6 | 4,035 | 2,098 | 52.0 | 1,033 | 165 | 16.0 | 3,002 | 1,933 | 64.4 |
| Wisconsin. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40.6 | 3,500 | 1,275 | 36.4 | 1,140 | 102 | 8.8 | 2,360 | 1,173 | 49.7 |
| Wyoming. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57.9 | 523 | 301 | 57.6 | 136 | 11 | 8.1 | 387 | 290 | 74.9 |
| Total for 22 stat | $\begin{array}{r} 92,463 \\ 4,119 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39,103 \\ 1,001 \end{array}$ | 42.324.3 | 29,3971,414 | 6,470 | 22.0 | 63,066 | 32,633 | 51.7 | 88,768 | 44,468 | 50.1 | 27,785 | 6,419 | 23.1 | B0,983 | 38,049 | 62.4 |
| All other states. |  |  |  |  | 222 | 15.7 | 2,705 | 779 | 28.8 | 3,408 | 873 | 25.6 | 1,283 | - 200 | 15.6 | 2,125 | 38,079 673 | 3 L .7 |

Among the Indians 20 years of age and over, as shown by Table 88, the proportion of illiterate females was larger than that for illiterate males in each of the 22 states, but among the Indian youth 10 to 19 years of age the proportion for females was larger
than that for males in only 10 of the selected states, although in some of these states the difference in the proportion was very large, particularly in Arizona, Colorado, Mississippi, Nevada, and New Mexico.

ILIITERATE INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY DIVISIONS AND STATES: 1910.

| Table 89 <br> division and state. | indlan males 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | INDIAN females 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Iliterate. |  |  |  |  |  | Totalnumber. | Hiterate. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | 10 to 14 years of age. | $\begin{gathered} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years } \\ \text { of age. } \end{gathered}$ | 20 to 29 years of age. | 30 to 39 years of age. | 40 years of age and over. |  | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { years } \\ \text { of oma } \end{gathered}$ of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. | 20 to 29 years of age. | 30 to 39 years of age. | 40 years of age and over. |
| United States <br> GEographic divisions: <br> New England. <br> Midde Atlantic. <br> East North Central. <br> Wast North Central <br> South Atlantic. <br> East South Central. $\qquad$ <br> West South Central $\qquad$ <br> Mountain $\qquad$ | 96,582 | 40,104 | 3,523 | 3,169 | 6,335 | 6,467 | 20,328 | 92,176 | 45,341 | 3,275 | 3,344 | 7,321 | 8,085 | 22,992 |
|  |  | 130 |  |  | 13 | 12 | 99 | 791 | 148 | 3 |  | 14 | 30 |  |
|  | 3,352 | 684 | 16 | 39 | 110 | 118 | 397 | 2,816 | 627 | 14 | 24 | 118 | 103 | 385 |
|  | 7,157 | 2,147 | 91 | 104 | 254 | 312 | 1,373 | 6,405 | 2,354 | 85 | 91 | 227 | 369 | 1,670 |
|  | 15,625 | 6,730 | 289 | 248 | 679 | 828 | 3,671 | 15,019 | 7,047 | 264 | 237 | 726 | 1,134 | 4,663 |
|  | 3,155 | 1,305 | 142 | 123 | 314 | 205 | 518 | 3,036 | 1,449 | 111 | 132 | 338 | ${ }^{1} 238$ | ${ }^{6} 629$ |
|  | ,915 | -529 | 79 | 81 | 126 | 83 | 160 | , 839 | , 528 | 79 | 62 | 129 | ${ }^{93}$ | 165 |
|  | 25,297 | 6,747 | 558 | 567 | 1,072 | -896 | 2,586 | 24,991 | 7,223 | ${ }_{2}^{485}$ | 578 1,982 | 1,430 | 1,378 3,740 | 3,284 |
|  | 27,734 12, 478 | 18,709 5,123 | 2,100 246 | 1,768 236 | 3,182 | 3,286 727 | 8,232 | 26,146 12,133 | 19,776 6,189 | 2,001 | 1,982 | 1,675 664 | $\begin{array}{r}1,740 \\ \hline 980\end{array}$ | 8,234 3,987 |
| New England: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Hampshire | 14 | 12 | 2 | 3 | $\bigcirc$ | 11 | 8 | 13 | 4 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Vermont.. | 11 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 8 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Massachusetts | 290 | 9 | . |  | 2 |  | 7 3 | 258 | 9 |  | . | 2 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |  |
| Rhode Island. | 108 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 3 5 | 119 | 6 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Connecticut. | 60 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Middle ATLantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York. | 2,359 | 660 | 13 | 39 | 108 | 109 | 387 | 2,209 | 613 | 12 | 24 | 117 | 101 | 356 |
| New Jersey.. Pennsylvania | $\begin{aligned} & 107 \\ & 886 \end{aligned}$ | 18 6 | 2 1 |  | 1 | 8 1 | 7 3 | 47 660 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Eabt North Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio.................. <br> Indiana | 59 120 | 5 16 |  | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 1 | 4 | 3 8 | 102 | 14 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 12 |
| Illinois.. | 84 | 8 |  |  |  | 1 | 7 | 80 | 6 |  |  |  | 2 | 4 |
| Michigan. | 3,028 | 911 | 25 | 51 | 123 | 149 | 561 | 2,674 | 1,053 |  | 42 | 116 | 157 | 703 |
| W isconsin. | 3,866 | 1,207 | 65 | 49 | 130 | 158 | 794 | 3,500 | 1,275 | 63 | 49 | 110 | 208 | 847 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesota............ | 3,290 | 1,129 |  |  | 16 | 24 | ${ }_{23} 2$ | ${ }^{3} \mathbf{2 1 4}$ |  |  |  | 6 |  | 23 |
| Iowa...... | 116 | 15 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 122 | 21 | 1 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 12 |
| North Dakota | 2,366 | 1,031 | 63 | 54 | 130 | 148 | 643 | 2,288 | 1,111 | 68 | 47 | 126 | 160 | ${ }^{708}$ |
| South Dakota. | 7,166 | 2,795 | 118 | 94 | 222 | 348 | 2,002 | 7,179 | 3,734 | 121 | 90 | 264 85 | 600 74 | 2,647 |
| Nebraska | 1,317 $1 ; 111$ | 390 208 | 27 10 | 27 7 | 58 29 | ${ }_{38}^{68}$ | 123 | 1,215 | 152 | 1 | 7 | 28 | 20 | 93 |
| Bouth Atlantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware..... | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{32}$ | $\cdots{ }^{-1}{ }^{-}$ |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Maryland........ |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 3 | 32 | 6 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 6 |
| District of Columbla | $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 208 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 54 |  |  | 16 | 11 | 11 | 180 | 40 | ii | 7 | 4 | - ${ }^{-1.1}$ | 14 |
| Virginia ........ | 208 | 1 | 10 |  | 16 | 11 | 1 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| North Carolina. | 2, 698 | 1,168 | 125 |  | 277 |  | 470 | 2,626 | 1,343 |  | 121 |  |  | 684 |
| South Carolina. | 112 | ${ }_{13}^{48}$ | 4 <br> 3 |  |  | 11 | 2 | 13 | 9 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 6 |
| Georgia........ | 33 33 | 13 14 |  |  | 6 | 2 | 6 | 21 | 6 |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky......... | 85 | 45 |  | 10 | 8 | 3 | - 11 | 70 86 | 35 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 13 |
| Tennessee. | 73 287 | 119 | 19 | 21 | 29 | 21 | - 29 | 292 | 117 | 16 | 17 | 24 | 19 | 41 |
| Mississlppl.. | 470 | 340 | 47 | 47 | 85 | 54 | 107 | 391 | 340 | 64 | 35 | 90 | 63 | 98 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas.......... | 143 | 203 | 40 | -...-4i | - 30 | $\cdots 30$ | ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{12}$ | 262 | 191 | 47 | 29 |  | 21 | 46 3,175 |
| Oklahoma. | 24,580 | 5,399 | 505 | 511 | 1,005 32 | $\stackrel{855}{11}$ | (2,460 | 24,306 238 | 6,898 110 | 430 7 | 683 9 | 1,305 17 | $\begin{array}{r}1,329 \\ \hline 26\end{array}$ | 3,49 |
| Texes.. | 303 | 125 | 11 | 14 |  | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\because$ Montana.... | 3,978 | 2,072 | 176 | ${ }^{10}$ | 61 | 125 | - 497 | 1,349 | 854 | 21 | 28 | 79 | 141 | 565 |
| $\therefore$ Tdaho....... | 1,355 | ${ }_{261}$ | 7 | - 4 | 27 | 55 | 5 167 | ${ }^{5} 523$ | 301 | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 | 5 ${ }^{41}$ | ${ }_{64}^{66}$ | 182 |
| Wyoming... | 575 609 | 255 | 24 | 21 | - 39 | 48 | 8122 | 461 | 285 | 17 | 19 | - 60 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 1 \\ \hline 128\end{array}$ | 1, 105 |
| Colorgdo...... | 7,240 | 5,685 | 707 | 631 | 1,192 | 1,062 | 2 2,084 | 6,861 | 6,834 | 701 | 762 | 1,295 | 1,128 | 1,935 |
| Arizong...... | 10,625 | 7,269 | 938 | 799 | 1,236 | 1,211 | 1 3,025 | 9,863 | 7,670 | 933 89 | $\begin{array}{r}839 \\ 87 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,505 171 | 1,424 | 2,915 |
| Utah.... | 1,232 |  | 107 113 | 8 | 185 <br>  <br> 229 | 164 255 |  | - $\begin{array}{r}1,008 \\ \hline, 070\end{array}$ | 1,580 | 82 | 130 | - 278 | 321 | 735 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacleic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,098 | 83 | 82 | 234 | 322 | 1,336 |
| Washington | . $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4,066 } \\ 1,054\end{array}$ | 1,610 | 16 | 84 | - 47 | 51 | 1 1,449 | 1,950 | 849 | 15 | ${ }^{9}$ | - 577 | ${ }^{92}$ | , 670 |
| Oregon.......... | 1, 6,458 | 2,932 | 133 | 135 | 357 | 459 | 1,821 | 6,148 | 3,242 | 135 | 143 | 373 | 668 | 1,981 |

1 Totais include illiterates of unknown age.

Iliteracy, by stocks and tribes.-Table 92 (p. 219) shows, by stocks and by principal tribes and states, the number of illiterate Indians in the United States and Alaska in 1910, distributed according to sex and age periods, and Table 93 (p. 226) shows, for each principal stock by principal tribes and by principal states, the number and prcportion of illiterates among Indian males and females 10 years of age and over
in 1910, and among Indians 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, respectively. These statistics are summarized for each stock having 200 or more members, by sex, in Table 90 . The proportion of illiterates among Indians 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over in the principal tribes is also shown graphically in the diagram on page 218.

ILLITERATES AMONG INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE, AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, BY PRINCIPAL STOCKS: 1910.

| Table 90 | indian males: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indun pemales: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 years of age and over. |  |  | 10 to 19 years of age. |  |  | 20 years of age and over. |  |  | 10 years of age and over. |  |  | 10 to 19 years of age. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { years of age } \\ & \text { and over. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | militerate. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Inliterate. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Illiterate. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \begin{array}{l} \text { numm- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Illiterate. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { num } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Illiterate. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \substack{\text { numb } \\ \text { ber. }} \end{gathered}$ | Tlliterate. |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{array}$ |  | Num- <br> ber. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Por cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{array}$ |  | $\underset{\text { ber. }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Per |


| Algonquian. | 15,486 | 5,345 | 54.5 | 4,898 | 635 | 13.0 | 10,588 | 4,710 | 44.5 | 14,386 | 8,164 | 42.8 | 4,556 | 602 | 13.2 | 9,830 | 5,562 | 58. 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athapaskan. | 10, 252 | 8,136 | 79.4 | 3,602 | 2,420 | 67.2 | 6, 650 | 5,716 | 86.0 | 10, 208 | 8,846 | 86.7 | 3,382 | 2,563 | 75.8 | 6,828 | 6,283 | 92.0 |
| Cadioan.. | 673 | 248 | 36.8 | 218 | 12 | 5.5 | 455 | 236 | 51.9 | 681 | 289 | 42.4 | 228 | 10 | 4.4 | 453 | 279 | 61.8 |
| Chimakuan | 113 | 52 | 46.0 | 35 | 4 |  | 78 | 48 | 81.5 | 115 | 71 | 61. 7 | 19 | 2 | $\cdots$ | 98 | 69 | 71.8 |
| Chinookan. | 353 | 92 | 26.1 | 111 | 10 | 9.0 | 242 | 82 | 33.9 | 323 | 138 | 42.7 | 80 | 9 | 11.3 | 243 | 129 | 63.1 |
| Croatan. | 1,954 | 869 | 44.5 | 684 | 196 | 28.7 | 1,270 | 873 | 53.0 | 1,989 | 1,063 | 53.4 | 687 | 191 | 27.8 | 1,302 | 872 | 67.0 |
| Iroquoian | 13,490 | 2, 771 | 20.5 | 4,868 | 634 | 11. 0 | 8, 622 | 2,237 | 25.9 | 12,711 | 2,918 | 23.0 | 4,695 | 436 | 9.3 | 8,016 | 2,482 | 31.0 |
| Karok. | 275 | 111 | 40.4 | 81 | 19 | 23.5 | 194 | 92 | 47.4 | 280 | 140 | 50.0 | 78 | 15 | 19.2 | 202 | 125 | 81. 9 |
| Keresan | 1,593 | 1,118 | 70.2 | 458 | 180 | 39.3 | 1,135 | 938 | 82.6 | 1,361 | 1,077 | 79. 1 | 405 | 190 | 48.9 | 956 | 887 | 92.8 |
| Kiowan. | 361 | 140 | 38.8 | 130 | 9 | 6.9 | 281 | 131 | 56.7 | 389 | 190 | 48.8 | 128 | 12 | 9.4 | 261 | 178 | 68.2 |
| Kutenaian. | 210 | 111 | 62.9 | 56 | 14 | 25.0 | 154 | 97 | 63.0 | 185 | 104 | 56.2 | 47 | 8 |  | 138 | 96 | 69.6 |
| Lutuamian | 347 | 99 | 28.5 | 97 | 3 | 3.1 | 250 | 96 | 38.4 | 380 | 161 | 42.4 | 95 | 2 | 2.1 | 285 | 159 | 55.8 |
| Maidu. | 421 | 172 | 40.9 | 111 | 21 | 18.9 | 310 | 151 | 48.7 | 389 | 163 | 41.9 | 121 | 5 | 4.1 | 268 | 158 | 69.0 |
| Miwok. | 254 | 151 | 69.4 | 65 | 20 | 30.8 | 189 | 131 | 69.3 | 276 | 174 | 63.0 | 79 | 21 | 26.6 | 197 | 163 | 77.7 |
| Muskhogean | 9,608 | 2,785 | 29.0 | 3,465 | 815 | 17.7 | 6,143 | 2,170 | 35.3 | 9,349 | 3,572 | 38.2 | 3,302 | 638 | 19.3 | 6,047 | 2,934 | 48.5 |
| Piman. | 3,234 | 1,936 | 69.9 | 1,049 | 328 | 31.3 | 2,185 | 1,608 | 73.6 | 2,915 | 1,965 | 67.4 | 903 | 284 | 31.5 | 2,012 | 1,681 | 83.5 |
| Pomo. | 465 | 211 | 45.4 | 102 | 19 | 18.6 | 363 | 192 | 52.9 | 454 | 1262 | 67.7 | 114 | 22 | 19.3 | 340 | 240 | 70.6 |
| Salishan | 2,993 | 1,244 | 41.6 | 893 | 161 | 16.9 | 2,100 | 1,093 | 62. 0 | 2,766 | 1,459 | 52.7 | 761 | 132 | 17.3 | 2,005 | 1,327 | 66.2 |
| Shahaptian. | 1,567 | 728 | 46.5 | 348 | 56 | 16.1 | 1,219 | 672 | 55.1 | 1,805 | 1,043 | 57.8 | 404 | 65 | 16.1 | 1,401 | 978 | 69.8 |
| Shastan. | 595 | 339 | 57.0 | 178 | 49 | 27.5 | 417 | 290 | 69.5 | 631 | 382 | 60.5 | 215 | 65 | 30.2 | 418 | 317 | 78.2 |
| Shoshonea | 6,645 | 4,055 | 61.0 | 1,758 | 422 | 24.0 | 4,887 | 3,633 | 74.3 | 6,249 | 4,356 | 69.7 | 1,556 | 390 | 25.1 | 4,693 | 3,966 | 84.5 |
| Siouan | 12,350 | 4,670 | 37.8 | 3,538 | 353 | 10.0 | 8,812 | 4,317 | 49.0 | 12,248 | 6,114 | 49.9 | 3,334 | 351 | 10.5 | 8,914 | 5,763 | 64.7 |
| Tanoan | 1,268 | 762 | 60.1 | 299 | 80 | 28.8 | 969 | 682 | 70.4 | 1,080 | 744 | 68.9 | 298 | 97 | 32.6 | 782 | 647 | 82.7 |
| Wailatpuan. | 118 | 55 | 46.6 | 36 | 4 |  | 82 | 51 | 62.2 | 129 | 72 | 55.8 | 32 |  |  | 97 | 72 | 74.2 |
| Wakashan. | 142 | 52 | 36.6 | 31 |  |  | 111 | 52 | 46.8 | 137 | 64 | 46.7 | 36 | 1 |  | 101 | 63 | 62.4 |
| Washoan | 334 | 220 | 65.9 | 76 | 35 | 46.1 | 258 | 185 | 71.7 | 318 | 258 | 81.6 | 66 | 34 | 51.5 | 250 | 224 | 89.8 |
| Wintun. | 297 | 139 | 46.8 | 80 | - 16 | 20.0 | 217 | 123 | 56.7 | 248 | 123 | 49.6 | 66 | 16 | 24.2 | 182 | 107 | 58.8 |
| Yokuts. | 218 | 122 | 56.0 | 56 | 13 | 23.2 | 162 | 109 | 67.3 | 189 | 130 | 88.8 | 51 | 17 | 33.3 | 138 | 113 | 81.9 |
| Yuman. | 1,806 | 1,040 | 57.6 | 495 | 91 | 18.4 | 1,311 | 949 | 72.4 | 1,484 | 967 | 65.2 | 401 | 102 | 25.4 | 1,083 | 886 | 79.9 |
| Yurok. | 249 | 152 | 61.0 | 72 | 16 | 22.2 | 177 | 130 | 76.8 | 256 | 178 | 69.5 | 62 | 10 | 16.1 | 194 | 168 | 86.8 |
| Zunian. | 631 | 539 | 85.4 | 129 | 69 | 53.5 | 502 | 470 | 93.6 | 571 | 507 | 88.8 | 151 | 100 | 66.2 | 420 | 407 | 96.9 |

AYASKA.

| Athapaskan. | 1,507 | 1,202 | 79.8 | 400 | 193 | 48.3 | 1,107 | 1,009 | 91.1 | 1,379 | 1,116 | 80.9 | 365 | 192 | 52.6 | 1,014 | 924 | 91.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eskimauan. | 5,147 | 3,870 | 75.2 | 1,342 | 685 | 51.0 | 3,805 | 3,185 | 83.7 | 4,817 | 3,987 | . 82.8 | 1,175 | 683 | 58.1 | 3,642 | 3,304 | 90.7 |
| Haidan. | 198 | 58 | 29.3 | 60 | 1 | - 1.7 | 138 | 57 | 41.3 | 171 | 65 | 38.0 | - 52 | 2 | 3.8 | 119 | 63 | 52.9 |
| Tlingit | 1,634 | 949 | 58.1 | 400 | 76 | 19.0 | 1,234 | 873 | 70.7 | 1,606 | 1,072 | 66.7 | 406 | 100 | 24.8 | 1,200 | 972 | 81.0 |
| Tsimshian. | 1,294 | 45 | 15.3 | 97 | 3 | 3.1 | 197 | 42 | 21.3 | 226 | 72 | 31.9 | 69 | 4 | 6.8 | ${ }^{167}$ | 68 | 40.7 |

Among the Indians 20 years of age and over, the Zunian stock showed, for the United States, the largest percentage of illiterates in 1910, 93.6 for males and 96.9 for females. The Athapaskan and Keresan stocks also showed large proportions of illiterates, between 80 and 90 per cent for males and over 90 per cent for females. Of the other large stocks, the Shoshonean, Piman, Yuman, Tanoan, and Shastan also had a large proportion of illiterates-above 60 per cent-in 1910. The Iroquoian, on the other hand, had the smallest percentage of illiterate adults in 191025.9 for males and 31 for females-and the Muskhogean stock had the next smallest percentages- 35.3 for males and 48.5 for females.

Among the Indian youth 10 to 19 years of age, by far the largest proportions of illiterates in 1910, for the United States, were those for the Athapaskan, with 67.2 per cent for males and 75.8 per cent for females, and the Zunian, with 53.5 per cent for males and 66.2 per cent for females. Of the larger stocks, the smallest percentages of illiterate youth in 1910 were those for the Caddoan, with 5.5 per cent for males and 4.4 per cent for females, while for the Siouan, Iroquoian, and Algonquian stocks there was less than 15 per cent of illiteracy.

For Alaska, as shown by Table 90, the percentage of illiterate adults in each of the three principal stocks was very large in 1910, being over 90 per cent for both the

Athapaskan males and females and also for the Eskimauan females. Of the Eskimauan youth in 1910, over 50 per cent were illiterate- 51 for males and 58.1 for females-while for the Athapaskan the percentages for each sex were very nearly as large.

Table 91 shows illiteracy among the Indians in the United States who were enumerated on the general population schedule, and therefore without tribal
designation, for the 32 states having 100 or more such Indians 10 years of age and over in 1910. The table shows that of the 9,013 Indians 20 years of age and over who were enumerated on the general population schedule, 2,144 , or 23.8 per cent, were illiterate, but of the 4,689 such Indians 10 to 19 years of age, the number illiterate was only 459, or 9.8 per cent.

${ }^{1}$ Per cent not showa where base is less than 50.

PERCENTAGE OF ILLITERATES AMONG INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE: 1910.


ILLITERATE INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 92 <br> STOCK, TRIBE, AND STATE. | indian males 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | indlan females 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Iliterate. |  |  |  |  |  | Total number. | Hiliterate. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. 1 | (10 to 14 | 15 to 19 years oil age. | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { to } 29 \\ & \text { years of } \end{aligned}$ age. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 30 \text { to } 39 \\ & \text { years of } \\ & \text { gage. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 40 \text { years } \\ \text { of age } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | Total. 1 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { 10 to } 14 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. }\end{gathered}\right.$ | 15 to 19 years ol age. | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 20 \text { to } 29 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 30 \text { to } 39 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. } \end{gathered}$ | 40 years of age and over. |

UNITED STATES.

| Algonquian stock. | 15,486 | 5,345 | 337 | 298 | 686 | 862 | 3,146 | 14,386 | 6, 164 | 310 | 292 | 816 | 1,062 | 3,659 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho | 545 | 206 | 3. |  | 12 | 30 | 154 | 502 | 286 | 8 | 3 | 26 | 62 | 186 |
| Araganlahoma | 262 | 104 | 1 |  | 4 | 8 | 85 | 255 | 147 | 6 |  | 6 | 17 | 118 |
| Wyoming. | 263 | 96 | 2 | ....... | 8 | 22 | 63 | 241 | 136 | 1 | 3 | 20 | 45 | 66 |
| Brotherton... | 70 | 3 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 | 62 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin | ¢ $\mathbf{1 , 1 7 6}$ | 598 | 27 | 21 | 78 | 94 | ${ }_{377}^{2}$ | 1,251 | 806 | 30 | 35 | 112 | 131 | 494 |
| Cheyenne..... | 1, 501 | 307 | 23 | 16 | 52 | 60 | 156 | 1,5613 | 413 | 27 | 35 | 68 | 67 | 216 |
| Okiahome. | 595 | 273 | 3 | 5 | 25 | 33 | 206 | 617 | 368 | 2 |  | 44 | 59 | 259 |
| South Dakota. | 48 | 17 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 14 | 52 | 22 |  |  |  | 5 | 17 |
| Chickahominy (Virginia) | $\begin{array}{r}47 \\ \hline 559\end{array}$ | 2, 14 | 1 156 | 169 | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 348 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +38 | 3 1,606 | 7,077 | 3,073 | 136 | 150 | 1 409 | 545 | 1,825 |
| Chlppewa................ | $\begin{array}{r}7,552 \\ \hline 40\end{array}$ | 2,727 | 156 | 169 | 348 1 | 442 1 | 1,606 | 7,077 42 | 3,073 | 136 | 150 | $409$ | 545 | 1,825 |
| Kaneas... | 1,513 | 503 | ii | $3{ }^{\circ}$ | 74 | 80 | 304 | 1,295 | 557 | 17 | 27 | 64 | 87 | 359 |
| Minnesota | 2,992 | 1,107 | 75 | 60 | 149 | 192 | 631 | 2,932 | 1,378 | 42 | 63 | 213 | 261 | 798 |
| Montana. | 174 | 95 | 10 | 13 | 10 | 17 | 44 | 152 | 85 | 12 | 10 | 14 | 16 | 33 |
| Nebraska... | 125 | 465 | 34 |  | 65 |  |  | 955 | 420 | 47 | 28 | 65 | 67 | 213 |
| North Dakota. | 1,049 30 | 49 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 14 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 2 |
| Pennsylvania. | 76 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota. | 24 | 7 |  | 2 | 2 |  | 3 | 30 1535 | 616 | 17 | 21 | 21 |  | 88 |
| Wisconsin.. | 1,603 | 538 | 24 | 23 1 | 10 | 8 | 369 22 | 1,535 | 46 | 1 | 1 |  | 7 | 409 30 |
| Creo. | 111 | ${ }_{41}^{4}$ | 8 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 16 | 96 | 37 | 1 |  | 6 | 4 | 25 |
| Montana. | 29 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 39 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Delawrare.... | 312 | 28 |  | 1 | 3 | 4 | 20 | 324 | 62 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 10 | 40 |
| Oklahome. | 290 | 27 | - | 1 | 3 | 4 | 19 | 308 | 106 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 18 | 39 |
| Gros Ventres.. | 189 | ${ }_{91}$ | ${ }_{5}$ | 2 | 8 | 15 | 61 | 185 | 104 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 17 | 71 |
| Mont | 139 | 68 | 5 | 2 | 16 | 9 | 36 | 112 | 63 | 1 | 2 | 16 | 14 | 30 |
| Kckapoo... | 95 | 39 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 5 | 23 | 62 | 28 |  | 1 | 4 | 5 | 18 |
| 0xlahoma. | 43 | 28 | 3 | 1 | 8 | 4 | 12 | 53 | 18 |  |  | 1 | 6 | 12 |
| Malecite... | 45 | 16 |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 52 | 18 | -...... |  | 1 | 6 | 12 |
| Mashpee.. | 91 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 75 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachueette | 878 | 198 |  | 6 | 27 | $2{ }^{\circ}$ | 134 | 458 | 183 | 5 | 13 | 9 | 31 | 125 |
| Menominee. . | 537 | 196 | 5 | 6 | 27 | 25 | 133 | 431 | 177 | 6 | 13 | 9 | 30 | 120 |
| Miaml | 94 | 8 |  |  |  | 2 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 77 |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{9}{8}$ |
| , Indiana... | 41 | 7 |  |  |  | 2 | 5 | 40 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Oxlahoma | ${ }_{1}{ }^{42}$ | 297 | 10 | 16 | 30 | 48 | 192 | 951 | 367 | 11 | ii | 44 | 60 | 249 |
| Ottawa....... | 1,975 | 290 | 10 | 16 | 30 | 46 | 187 | 880 | 359 | 11 | 10 | 41 | 49 | 248 |
| Oklahoma. | 54 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 49 |  |  |  | 1 | ${ }^{-}$ |  |
| Wisconsin... | 27 | 4 |  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{5}$ | 2 7 | 31 | 144 |  |  | $\ddot{4}$ | 9 |  | 41 |
| Passamaquoddy | 168 | 45 |  |  |  | 7 | 31 | 143 | 65 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 9 | 41 |
| Maine..... | 124 | 31 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 26 | 107 | 29 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 24 |
| Penobscot... | 120 | 31 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 26 | 98 | 28 |  |  |  | 3 | 24 |
| Pearis | 40 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 43 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 7 |
| Oklahoma. | 36 |  |  | 46 | 71 | 92 | 190 | 792 | 498 | 68 | 36 | - 8. |  | 220 |
| Piegan....... | 810 786 | . 489 | 81 | 46 | 71 | 92 | 189 | 773 | 498 | 68 | 36 | 83 | 90 | 220 |
| Montana. | 786 968 | 284 | 19 | 15 | 33 | 49 | 167 | 729 | 243 | 14 | 16 | 39 | 39 | 131 |
| Potawatomi. | 966 | 142 | 6 | 6 | 15 | 28 | 86 | 246 | 89 | 1 | 6 | 21 | 14 | 46 |
| Kansas... | 183 | 46 |  |  | 5 | 5 | 35 | 150 | 61 | 3 | 2 | 7 |  | ${ }_{13}$ |
| Oklahome. | 292 | 26 | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{2}$ | 1 | ${ }^{5}$ | 16 | 245 78 | 24 | 4 <br> 6 | 8- | $\cdots{ }^{-10}$ | 11 | 30 |
| Wisconsin. | 106 | 70 | 11 | $\stackrel{6}{2}$ | 12 | 1 | 2 | 46 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  | 4 |
| Powhatan (Virginia) | $\begin{array}{r}45 \\ 280 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 61 | 1 | 7 | 11 | 12 | 30 | 241 | 90 | 8 |  | 12 | 20 3 | 17 |
| Souks and Fox | 108 | 14 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 82 | 33 | 6 |  | 4 |  | 18 |
| Kansas. | 27 | ${ }_{4}^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | 23 | 111 | 51 |  |  | 8 |  | 25 |
| Oklahoma. | 128 |  |  |  | 17 | 16 | 52 | 462 | 153 | 8 | 12 | 33 | 22 | 77 |
| Shawnee... | 4 | 93 | 5 | 6 | 17 | 16 |  | 446 | 152 |  | 12 |  |  |  |
| Shinnecock (New York) | 59 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 187 |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Stockbridges........ | 197 | 7 |  | 1 |  |  | 6 | 170 | 7 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Wisconsin. | 188 79 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 54 | ........ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wampanoag...... | 70 | 3 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 | 53 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusette.. | 10,252 | 8,136 | 1,340 | 1,080 | 1,867 | 1,400 | 2,607 | 10,208 | 8,846 | 1,343 | 1,220 | 1,944 | 1,588 | 2,711 |
| Atmapasizan stock |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,754 | 1,060 | 99 | 77 | 164 | 194 | 524 | 1,726 1,628 | 1,326 | ${ }_{92}^{93}$ | 88 | 247 |  | 591 |
| Arizoma.. | 1,618 | 1,003 | 98 | 77 | 15 | 184 | 36 36 | 1,92 | 1,26 |  | 1 | 2 | 11 | 32 |
| Oklahoma. | 106 | ${ }_{95}$ | $\cdots$ |  | 5 | 14 | 71 | 256 | 109 |  | 1 | 3 | 19 | 84 |
| Hupa | 234 | 95 |  |  | 5 | $\xrightarrow{14}$ | 71 | 246 | 108 |  | 17 | 64 | 26 | 83 |
| Californie....- ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 252 | 183 | 5 | 7 | 60 | 21 | 9 | $\begin{array}{r}234 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 195 | 5 | 1 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 4 | 17 |
| Jlcarilla Apache (New Me | 42 | 15 | 1 | ........ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\stackrel{4}{8}$ | 41 | 183 | 112 | ..... | - 1 |  | 21 | 88 |
| Klowa Apsache | 129 | 52 |  |  | 3 | 8 | 41 | 177 | 108 |  |  |  | 20 | 85 |
| New Mexico.. | $\begin{array}{r}127 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 1,226 | ${ }^{\cdots 990}$ | 1,429 | 1,142 | 1,761 | 7,368 | 6,904 | 1,240 | 1,119 | 1,609 | 1,228 | 1,673 |
| Navajo..... | 3,738 | 3,238 | -609 | 519 | 708 | 508 | 861 | 3,694 3 | 3,408 | ${ }_{552}^{642}$ | ${ }_{501} 5$ | ${ }_{722}$ | ${ }_{600}$ | 786 |
| Arizong.-... | 3,285 | 3,001 | 561 | 430 | 636 | 576 | 793 | 3,327 | ${ }^{3} \mathbf{3} \mathbf{3} 8$ | ${ }^{5} 5$ | 44 | 74 | 77 | 88 |
| New Mexico. | , 360 | 348 | 55 | 44 | 84 | 1 | 44 | 133 | 65 | 1 |  |  | 3 | 61 |
| Rogue River... | 153 | 46 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 43 | 131 | 54 | 1 |  |  | 8 | 50 |
| Oregon. | 148 44 | 19 |  |  | 2 | 4 | 13 13 | 40 40 | 25 25 |  |  | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 8 | 11 |
| Tolown | 41 | 19 |  |  | 2 | 4 | 13 12 | 40 39 | 14 |  |  | 0 |  | 14 |
| Umpque... | 40 | 12 |  |  |  |  | 12 | 35 | 11 |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| Ompquag.. | 35 79 | 12 |  |  |  | i | 16 | 85 | 35 |  |  | 3 | 1 | 31 |
| Wailaki.. | 79 79 | 17 |  |  |  | 1 | 16 | 82 | 35 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calitornia. |  |  | ${ }^{1}$ Totals in | nclude ill | es | of unkno | wn age. | - |  |  |  |  | , |  |

ILLITERATE INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS. BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910 -Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 92-Continued. <br> stock, tribe, and state. | indlan males 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | indin females 10 vears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |  |  |  |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. 1 | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. | 20 to 29 years of age. | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 30 \text { to } 39 \\ \text { years of } \end{array}\right\|$ age. | 40 years of age and over. |  | Total. 1 | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 age. | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { to } 29 \\ & \text { years of } \\ & \text { age. } \end{aligned}$ | 30 to 39 years of age. |  |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Caddoan stock. | 673 | 248 | 7 | 5 | 28 | 29 | 176 | 681 | 289 | 4 | 8 | 36 | 60 | 182 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arikara. | 163 | 92 | 3 | 2 | 18 | 14 | 54 | 173 | 98 | 2 | 3 | 19 | 18 | 56 |
| North Dekota | 154 | 89 | 2 | 1 | 18 | 14 | 53 | 166 | 94 | 2 | 3 | 19 | 17 | 53 |
| Caddo. | 161 | 41 | 2 |  | 5 | 4 | 30 | 141 | 48 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 33 |
| Oklahoms | 150 | 40 | 2 |  | 4 | 4 | 30 | 136 | 48 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8. | 33 |
| Pawnee. | 227 | 73 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 8 | 58 | 246 | 89 | 1 |  | 4 4 4 | 21. | ${ }_{59}^{62}$ |
| Wlchita | 193 <br> 114 | 70 39 | 1 | 2 | 1 3 | 8 <br> 3 | 56 <br> 32 | 224 115 | ${ }_{5}^{86}$ | 1 | 1 | 4 9 | 21 13 | 59 30 |
| Wlchita......... Oklahoma. | 114 95 | 39 37 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 <br> 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 32 30 | 115 | 53 47 |  | 1 | 9 9 | 11 | ${ }_{26}^{30}$ |
| Chimardan stock. | 113 | 52 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 42 | 115 | 71 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 66 |
| Quileute (Washington). | 95 | 42 | 1 | 3 |  | 2 | 35 | 88 | 58 | 1 |  |  | 8 | 48 |
| Chimarizan gtock. | 13 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 8 | 2 |  |  |  | ......... | 2 |
| Chnooran stock. | 353 | 92 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 58 | 323 | 138 | 5 | 4 | 18 | 19 | 88 |
| Chinook. | 123 | 20 | 2 |  |  | 4 | 14 | 101 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 15 |
| Wregon...... | 56 59 | 2 17 | 1 |  |  | 4 | 12 | 44 <br> 54 | 4 16 | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 11 |
| Wasco...... | 95 | 18 |  |  | i | 2 | 15 | 89 | 43 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 35 |
| Oregon... | 70 | 13 | . |  |  | $r$ | 12 | 69 | 37 |  | 1 | 1 | 3 | 31 |
| Washington. | 22 | 5 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 3 | 19 | 6 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 4 |
| Wishram (Washington) . | 112 | 52 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 28 | 110 | 64 | 3 | 1 | 15 | 12 | 30 |
| Chitimachan gtock. | 28 | 5 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 25 | 4 | 1 | ....... |  | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| Chumasean stock. | 16 | 7 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 5 | 15 | 11 | 2 |  | 1 | 3 | 5 |
| Costanoan stock.. | 7 | 5 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 3 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 1 |  | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| Croatan group | 1,954 | 869 | 100 | 96 | 210 | 146 | 314 | 1,989 | 1,063 | 78 | 115 | 280 | 171 | 420 |
| Crostan (North Carolina). | 1,954 | 869 | 100 | 96 | 210 | 146 | 314 | 1,989 | 1,063 | 76 | 115 | 280 | 171 | 420 |
| Eskimatan atock. | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Haman stoce. | 21 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iroquolan stock. | 13,490 | 2,771 | 245 | 289 | 603 | 449 | 1,177 | 12,711 | 2,918 | 203 | 233 | 584 | 456 | 1,437 |
| Cherokee... | 10,319 | 1,883 | 225 | 245 | 478 | 318 | 614 | 9,835 | 2,118 | 178 | 205 | 463 | 347 | 921 |
| Kansas ........ |  |  | - 8 |  | 2 60 | ${ }_{23}^{1}$ | 1 119 |  |  | - $1 . .10$ |  |  |  |  |
| Oklehoma | 9,579 | 1,620 | 214 | 236 | 406 | 284 | 477 | 9,248 | 1,867 | 169 | 196 | 420 | 301 | 779 |
| Pennsylvania... | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina.. | 35 | 21 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 4 | 8 | 26 | 17 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 5 |
| Mohawk. | 136 112 | 58 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ | 13 | 11 | 28 | 1155 | 81 79 | 3 | 3 <br> 3 | 25 | 21 | ${ }_{28}^{28}$ |
| Oneida....... | 930 | 296 | 10 | 8 | 29 | 39 | 209 | 135 809 | 79 223 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 4 4 | 25 | 19 | - 169 |
| New York | 91 | 25 | 1 |  | 1 | 3 | 20 | 81 | 27 |  |  | 2 | 4 | 21 |
| Wisconsin. | 795 | 270 | 9 | 8 | 28 | 35 | 189 | 670 | 194 | 14 | 4 | 15 | 15 | 148 |
| Onondsga | 138 |  |  |  | 7 | 4 |  | 137 |  |  | 3 | 10 | 6 | 27 |
| 8t. Newis York | 118 | $\begin{array}{r}28 \\ 209 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 3 21 21 | 79 49 | $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 36 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 14 <br> 98 | 122 | 46 186 |  | 3 | 10 | ${ }^{6}$ | 27 |
| St. Regis New York | 499 455 | 209 | 5 6 | 21 | 49 | 36 <br> 36 | 98 97 | 413 378 | 186 | 4 | 9 | 44 | 30 | 79 |
| Pennsylvania. | 42 |  |  |  |  |  | 97 | 378 35 | 166 | 4 | 9 | 44 | 30 | 79 |
| Seneca...... | 1,109 | 256 | 3 | 8 | 23 | 36 | 182 | 1,046 | 245 | 2 | 7 | 21 | 31 | 182 |
| New York. | 944 | 242 | 2 | 7 | 21 | 34 | 174 | 882 | 217 | 1 | 7 | 15 | 30 | 162 |
| Orlahoma... | 59 | 10 | ........ | 1 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 81 | 23 | 1 |  | 8 | 1 | 15 |
| Tuscarora........ | 968 | 24 |  |  | 2 | 1 4 | 2 18 18 | 70 141 | ${ }_{27}^{1}$ | 1 |  |  | 2 | 21 |
| New York. | 155 | 24 |  |  | 2 | 4 | 18 | 130 | 27 | 1 |  | 3 | 2 | 21 |
| Wyondot....... | 137 119 | 8 |  |  | 2 |  | 8 | 116 | 7 |  |  | 1 |  | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| KALAPOOIAN STOCE. | 40 | 9 |  |  |  |  | 9 | 47 | 20 |  |  | 1 |  | 19 |
| Karok stock. | 275 | 111 | 13 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 66 | 280 | 140 | 9 | 6 | 18 | 31 | 78 |
| Orleans (California).. | 275 | 111 | 13 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 66 | 280 | 140 | 9 | 0 | 18 | 31 | 78 |
| Keresan stock.. | 1,593 | 1,118 | 85 | 95 | 208 | 208 | 524 | 1,361 | 1,077 | 78 | 114 | 239 | 243 | 404 |
| Acoma (New Mexico)... | 257 | 198 |  | 20 | 31 |  |  | 261 | 225 | 23 |  |  |  |  |
| Cochiti (New Mexico). | 103 | 54 | 1 | 5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 80 | - 55 |  | 6 | 13 | 10 | 26 |
| Leguna............... | 551 | 302 | 18 | 14 | 56 | 61 | 153 | 499 | 331 | 14 | 25 | 74 | 76 | 142 |
| New Mexico. ...... | 533 | 302 | 18 | 14 | 56 | 61 | 153 | 492 | 330 | 14 | 25 | 74 | 76 | 141 |
| Sen Felipe (New Mexico) | 227 | 175 | 3 | 19 | 30 | 22 | 101 | 152 | 137 | 7 | 21 | 22 | 28 | 58 |
| Santa Ana (New Mexic). | 98 310 | 87 268 | ${ }^{7}$ | 4 | 20 | 15 | 41 | 57 | 48 | 3 | 1 | 21 | 9 | 14 |
| Sento Domingo (New Mexic | 310 | 268 | 31 | 27. | 49 | 45 | 118 | 271 | 250 | 29 | 42 | 46 | 64 | 69 |
| Sla (New Mexico). ........ | 47 | 34 |  | 6 | 8 | 5 | 14 | 41 | 31 |  | 2 | 9 | 7 | 13 |

${ }^{1}$ Totals include illiterates of unknown age.

ILLITERATE INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows aach triba having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]


UNITED STATES-Continued.


[^10]ILLITERATE INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF" AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 92-Continued. <br> stock, tribe, and state. | indian males 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number. } \end{gathered}$ | Illiterate. |  |  |  |  |  | $\text { Total } \text { number. }$ | Illiterate. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. 1 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { yearsof } \\ \text { age. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \text { to } 19 \\ & \text { yearsof } \\ & \text { age. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|c} 9 & 20 \text { to } 29 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 30 \text { to } 39 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \text { years } \\ \text { of afe } \\ \text { ang } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Total. 1 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { 10 to } 14 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. }\end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \text { to } 19 \\ & \text { years of } \\ & \text { age } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20 \text { to } 29 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \text { to } 39 \\ & \text { years } \\ & \text { age. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \text { years } \\ & \text { of arg } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |



ILLITERATE INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribs having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 92-Continued.atock, Tribe, | indin males 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalnumber | Iliterate. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number. } \end{gathered}$ | Illiterate. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | (10 to 14 | 15 to 19 years of age. | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { to } 29 \\ & \text { years of } \\ & \text { aga. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { years } \\ & \text { age. } \end{aligned}$ | 40 years of age over. |  | Total. 1 | 10 to 14 years age. | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \text { to } 19 \\ & \text { years of } \\ & \text { gace. } \end{aligned}$ | 20 to 29 yearso age. | $\begin{array}{\|c} 30 \text { to } 39 \\ \text { yearsof } \\ \text { age. } \end{array}$ | 40 years of aga and over. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


## ILLITERATE INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY

 STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 92-Contimned. <br> stock, tribe, and state. | indlan males 10 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  | indian females 10 tears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | nliterate. |  |  |  |  |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 10 to 14 years of age. | 15 to 19 years of age. | $\begin{gathered} 20 \text { to } 29 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. } \end{gathered}$ | 30 to 39 age. | 40 years of age and over. |  | Total. 1 | ( $\begin{gathered}10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. }\end{gathered}$ | 15 to 19 years of age. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 20 \text { to } 29 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 30 \text { to } 39 \\ \text { years of } \\ \text { age. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | 40 years or age and over. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Takelman stock.. Tanoan stock.... | 1 1,288 | 1 762 | 16 | 64 | 163 | 160 | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 358 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 1,080 | $744$ | 25 | 72 | 173 | 146 | 327 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Isleta. . | 381 | 280 | 4 | 19 | 66 | 63 | 128 | 336 | 251 | 1 | 16 | 43 | 54 | 137 |
| New Mexico. | 357 | 263 | 3 | 17 | 61 | 62 | 120 | 321 | 240 | . | 13 | 42 | 63 | 132 |
| Jemez (New Mexico). | 231 | 169 | 3 | 11 | 48 | 41 | 66 | 165 | 131 | 2 | 16 | 45 | 23 | 45 |
| Picuris (New Mexico)... | 37 | 20 | ........ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 11 | 39 | 27 |  | 2 | 9 | 3 | 13 |
| San Ildefonso (New Mexico). | 41 | 21 | I | 8 | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | 4 | 13 | - 44 | ${ }_{98} 30$ | 2 | 10 | 8 | ${ }^{6}$ | 18 |
| San Juan Mew Mexico ............... | 165 | 95 95 | 1 | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | 11 | 17 | 58 | 130 | 96 | 2 | 10 | 25 | 18 | ${ }_{41}$ |
| Santa Clara (New Mexico). | 103 | 56 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 18 | 27 | 96 | 55 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 13 | 17 |
| Taos (New Mexico)....... | 198 | 66 | 7 | 16 | 11 | 9 | 23 | 173 | 103 | 17 | 19 | 22 | 17 | 27 |
| Tarascan stock... | 1 |  |  |  | ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tlingit stock...... | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonkatan stock.. | 19 | 6 |  |  |  |  | 8 | 14 | 9 |  | ... | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Timmatan stock... | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 | 3 | ....... |  |  | .. | 3 |
| tunican stock.. | 16 | 15 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 12 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Wamlatpuan stoce? | 118 | 55 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 42 | 129 | 72 | ........ | ........ | 3 | 13 | 56 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cayuse..... } \\ & \text { Oregon. } \end{aligned}$ | 105 95 | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & 51 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|} \hline 2 \\ 2 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ | 120 116 | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \\ & 67 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 3 3 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \\ & 61 \end{aligned}$ |
| Warashan stoci. | 142 | 52 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 50 | 137 | 64 |  | 1 | 3 | 3 | 57 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Makah. ............ } \\ \text { Washington. } \end{array}$ | 134 132 | 52 |  |  | $\frac{1}{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 50 50 | 122 118 | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  | 49 49 |
| Washoan stock. | 334 | 220 | 24 | 11 | 31 | 42 | 107 | 316 | 258 | 9 | 25 | 49 | 55 | 117 |
| Washo .... | 334 | 220 | 24 |  | 31 | 42 | 107 | 316 |  |  |  | 49 | 55 | 117 |
| California. | ${ }_{217}^{11}$ | -63 | 19 | $\stackrel{2}{9}$ | 15 | 14 28 | 27 80 | 201 | 167 | 3 6 | 8 17 | 19 30 | 16 39 | 45 72 |
| Wintun stock. | 297 | 139 | 5 | 11 | 13 | 19 | 91 | 248 | 123 | 9 | 7 | 14 | 17 | 75 |
| Nomelaki.. | 52 | 20 | 1 | 3 |  | 1 | 15 | 49 | 23 | 1 |  | 1 | 3 | 18 |
| California. ...... | 52 81 | 20 56 | 1 <br> 2 | 3 <br> 2 |  | 14 14 | 15 31 | 46 57 | 23 44 | 1 | 4 | $\frac{1}{5}$ | 3 10 | 18 20 |
| Wintun........... | 164 | 63 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 45 | 142 | 56 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 37 |
| California. | 163 | 63 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 45 | 139 | 56 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 37 |
| Wryat stock. | 63 | 20 |  |  |  | 1 | 19 | 44 | 23 | 1 | ...... |  |  | 22 |
| Humboldt Bay (California).. | 63 | 20 |  |  |  | 1 | 19 | 44 | 23 | 1 |  |  |  | 22 |
| Yakonan stock. | 21 | 5 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 21 | 9 |  |  | . | 1 | 8 |
| Yanan stock. | 15 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 2 | 12 | 5 |  | 1 |  |  | 4 |
| Yokuts stock. | 218 | 122 | 8 | 5 | 26 | 18 | 64 | 189 | 130 | B | 11 | 34 | 17 | 62 |
| ChukchansI.. | 56 56 | 21 21 | 2 |  | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 4 | 9 | 56 54 | 36 36 | 3 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 | 6 | 18 |
| Yokuts (California). | 133 | 78 | 4 | 3 | 14 | 11 | 46 | 98 | 67 | 2 | 4 | 16 | 11 | 34 |
| Yochean stock. | 36 | 13 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 17 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| Yukian stock.. | 72 | 38 | $\therefore 2$ | 1 | 2 | 4 | 29 | 89 | 55 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 40 |
| Y'MAN STOCK. | 1,806 | 1,040 | 39 | 52 | 139 | 169 | 618 | 1,484 | 967 | 36 | 66 | 124 | 162 | 674 |
| Cocopa........... | 103 94 | 94 86 | 9 | 18 | 17 | 11 | 33 | 79 | 78 | 1 | 12 | 16 | 18 | ${ }_{29} 9$ |
| Diegueno (Califormia). | 305 | 156 | 3 | 17 7 | 17 20 | 112 | 32 92 | $\begin{array}{r}74 \\ 263 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}73 \\ 138 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 11 | 18 | 17 | ${ }_{83}^{28}$ |
| Havasupai (Arizona). | 83 | 57 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 16 | 29 | 54 | 41 |  | 1 | ${ }_{6}$ | 12 | ${ }_{22}$ |
| Maricopa............. | 152 | 69 | 1 |  | 3 | 10 | 55 | 135 | 70 |  | 1 | 6 | 12 | 51 |
| Arizona...... | 150 | 68 | 1 |  | 3 | 10 | 54 | 133 | 88 |  | 1 | 6 | 11 | 50 |
| Mohave...... | 460 | 227 | 6 | 6 | 15 | 36 | 154 | 362 | 195 | 3 | 7 | 20 | 31 | 130 |
| Arizona. | 288 | 140 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 16 | 95 | 227 | 136 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 25 | 89 |
| California. | 171 | 86 |  |  | 7 | 20 | 59 | 134 | 58 |  | 1 | 11 | 8 | 40 |
| Walapai....... | 207 | 108 |  | 4 | 10 | 19 | 70 | 163 | 118 | 16 | 2 | 15 | 19 | 66 |
| Arizona......... | 205 | 108 79 | 5 12 | 4 | ${ }^{10}$ | 19 | 70 | 163 | 118 | 16 | 2 | 15 | 19 | 66 |
| Yavapai (Arizona). | 126 <br> 355 | 79 239 | 12 | ${ }_{12}^{4}$ | 6 6 | 9 | 44 | 103 | 76 | 4 | ${ }^{9}$ | 10 | 14 | 38 |
| Yuma....... | 355 79 | 239 63 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 12 4 | 58 23 | 32 6 | 134 27 | 312 72 | 241 65 | 7 5 | 24 10 | 30 18 | 29 | 151 |
| California. | 275 | 176 |  | 8 | 35 | 26 | 107 | 240 | 176 | ${ }_{2}^{5}$ | 14 | 18 | ${ }_{20}^{9}$ | 12 |

${ }^{1}$ Totals include illiterates of unknown age.

ILLITERATE INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.].


UNITED STATES-Continued.


ArAsKA.

| Algonqutan stock. Athapaskan stock | 2 1,507 | 1,202 | 83 | 110 | 335 | 256 | 418 | 1,379 $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,116 | 77 | 115 | 287 | 264 | 373 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ahtena. | 129 | 120 | 13 | 13 | 30 | 24 | 40 | 98 | 94 | 11 | 8 | 31 | 17 | 27 |
| Antikatchin.. | 58 | . 41 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 21 | 28 | 22 | 2 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | ${ }_{13}^{5}$ | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 |
| Kaiyubkhotana. | 64 | 51 | 3 | 3 | 13 | 15 | 17 85 | $\begin{array}{r}61 \\ 233 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 48 179 | $\stackrel{2}{18}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 22 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{38}^{13}$ | 41 | 60 |
| Knaiakhotana.. | 283 | 216 | ${ }_{12}^{23}$ | 18 | 47 30 | 43 22 | 85 | ${ }_{136}^{233}$ | 116 | 11 | 19 | 30 | 28 | 28 |
| Kutchin... | $\begin{array}{r}140 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}117 \\ 81 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 | 15 | 30 27 | 10 | $\stackrel{41}{20}$ | ${ }_{66}^{136}$ | 165 | 8 | 11 | 19 | 8 | 19 |
| Natsitkutchin. | 156 | 133 | 11 | 13 | 29 | 28 | 52 | 148 | 125 | 8 | 16 | 31 | 30. | 40 |
| Unakhotana....... | 72 | 83 | 1 | 4 | 21 | 18 | 19 | 64 | 65 | 9 | 2 | 14 | 16 | 14 |
| Eskmmauan stock. | 5,147 | 3,870 | 272 | 413 | 882 | 939 | 1,311 | 4,817 | 3,987 | 241 | 442 | 1,087 | 911 | 1,247 |
| Aleut... | 518 |  | 29 | 50 | 58 | 58 | 110 | 485 | 345 | 34 |  | 83 |  | 107 |
| Chnagmiut. | 110 | 87 | 3 | 7 | 13 | 28 | 38 | 92 | 80 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Irogmiut.... | 247 | 233 | 12 | 29 | 58 | 56 | 80 | ${ }^{282}$ | ${ }_{6} 6$ | 18 | 4 | 27 | 11 | 19 |
| Kaialigmint. . | 62 | ${ }^{61}$ | 8 | 4 | 17 | 15 | 17 | 82 | 45 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 9 | 23 |
| Kaviagmiut. . | 81 | ${ }^{46}$ | ${ }_{9}^{3}$ | 10 | 27 | 47 | 67 | 188 | 151 | 7 | 11 | 36 | 42 | 55 |
| Kinugumiut. | 214 | 171 | 9 | 10 | 43 | 50 | 59 | 198 | 149 | 3 | 7 | 44 | 40 | 55 |
| Kowagmini... | 56 | 35 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 12 | 12 | 34 | 28 |  | 3 | ${ }^{7}$ | 19 | 13 |
| Kuskovakmiut. | 121 | 97 | 11 | 14 | ${ }^{23}$ | 29 | ${ }_{125}^{20}$ | 111 | 192 | 35 | 72 | 177 | 96 | 114 |
| Kuskwogmiut. | 544 | 502 | 41 | 75 | 138 | 123 | ${ }_{24}$ | 144 | 119 | 6 | 17 | 42 | 22 | 32 |
| Magemiut.... | 118 | 108 | 10 | 12 | 17 | 26 | 58 | 197 | 111 | 4 | 8 | 23 | 32 | 44 |
| Malemiut... | 130 | 197 | 7 | ${ }_{8}$ | 19 | 13 | 49 | 94 | 81 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 20 | 35 |
| Nunatogmiut. | 127 | 122 | 14 | 17 | 29 | 28 | 34 | 109 | 102 | 6 | 14 | 27 | 10 | 23 |
| Nunochogmiut. | 42 | 42 | 1 |  | 15 | 15 | 11 | 65 | ${ }^{6}$ | 3 |  | 18 | 27 | 27 |
| Selawigmiut... | 98 | 83 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 37 17 | 31 38 | 125 | 75 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 14 | 47 |
| Tikeramiut. | 127 | 62 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 15 | 13 | 44 | 41 | 4 | 1 | 15 | 16 | 5 |
| Ukivokmiut. | 50 | 41 | 4 | 6 | 17 | 21 | 25 | 148 | 115 | 5 | 9 | 38 | 27 | 36 |
| Unaligmiut.-. | 43 | 30 |  |  | 5 | 5 | 20 | 43 | 36 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 10 | 19 |
| Utukamiut | 48 | 36 |  | 1 | 6 | 4 | 25 | 45 | 43 | 1 | ${ }_{3}$ | 26 | 12 | 47 |
| Yuit........ | 119 1,383 | 66 1,056 | 82 | 132 | +13 | 1950 | 318 | 1,230 | 1,050 | 75 | 153 | 271 | 237 | 304 |
| Southern Eskimo. | 1,383 | 1,056 |  | 132 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ' Hator | 198 | 58 | 1 |  | 4 | 12 | 41 | 171 | 65 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 14 | 41 |
| Halda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 14 | 41 |
| Haida.. | 198 | 58 | 1 |  | 4 | 12 | 41 | 171 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tlingit stock. | 1,634 | 949 | 28 | 48 | 178 | 199 | 495 | 1,606 | 1,072 | 14 | 86 | 229 | 231 | 511 |
|  |  | 74 |  |  |  |  |  | 93 | 64 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chilikat. | 270 | 158 | 6 | 8 | 22 | 35 | 87 | ${ }^{268}$ |  | 4 | 1 | 12 | 8 |  |
| Henya.. | 78 | 47 144 |  |  | 29 | 39 | 61 | 249 | 194 | $\cdots$ | 21 | 43 | 43 | 86 |
| Huna.... |  | 144 | 4 | ${ }_{5}$ | 27 | 32 | 52 | 187 | 129 | 1 | 9 | 42 | ${ }^{23}$ | 54 36 |
| Hutsnuwu | 114 | ${ }_{66}$ |  | 1 | 8 | 10 | 47 | 118 | ${ }^{138}$ | 3 | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | 19 | 20 | 87 |
| Sitka.. | 225 | 114 | 4 | 7 | 19 | 1 | 20 | 70 | 42 |  | 5 | 9 | 4 | 24 |
| Stikine. | $\stackrel{69}{ }$ | 30 <br> 38 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 17 | 57 | 45 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 13 | . 17 |
| Taku... | 65 | 27 | 1 | 2 |  | 5 | 15 28 | 64 115 | 33 86 | $\cdots$ | 7 | 21 | 23 | 32 |
| Yakutat. | 96 | 76 | 3 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 45 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 36 | 226 | 72 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 9 | 55 |
| Tsimshlan stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 4 | 9 | 55 |
| Tslmshian. | 294 | 45 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 36 |  | 72 |  |  |  |  |  |

ILLITERATES AMONG INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND AMONG INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910 and for eaoh stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50 .]

| Table 93 <br> stock, tribe, and state. | indians 10 years of AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indun males 10 years OF AGE AND OVER. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NDLAN FEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF AGE AND } \\ & \text { OVER. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | induns 10 TO 19 Years of age. |  |  | indians 20 years of aOE AND over. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total <br> num- <br> ber. | Initerate. |  | Totel number. | Iliterate. |  | Total number. | Iliterate. |  | Total <br> number. | Iliterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |
|  |  | Numher. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES.

| Algonquian stoce. | 29,872 | 11,509 | 38.5 | 15,486 | 5,345 | 34.5 | 14,386 | 6, 164 | 42.8 | 9,454 | 1,237 | 13.1 | 20,418 | 10,272 | 50.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho.. | 1,047 | 492 | 47.0 | 545 | 206 | 37.8 | 502 | 288 | 57.0 | 238 | 14 | 6.9 | 809 | 478 | 59.1 |
| Brotherton | 132 | 3 | 2.3 | 70 | 3 | 4.3 | 62 |  |  | 41 |  |  | 91 | 3 | ${ }_{3.3}$ |
| Cheyenne. | 2,427 | 1,404 | 57.8 | 1,176 | 598 | 50.9 | 1,251 | 806 | 64.4 | 804 | i13 | 18.7 | 1,823 | 1,291 | 70.8 |
| Chickahomin | 14, 89 | , 24 | 27.0 39 | 1,47 | 14 |  | 1, 42 | 10 | 43. | - 24 | 9 | 17. | 1,85 | 1, 15 | 23.1 |
| Chippewa. | 14,629 326 | $\begin{array}{r}5,800 \\ \hline 95\end{array}$ | 39.6 29.1 | 7,552 | 2,727 49 | 36.1 29.5 | 7,077 | 3,073 46 | 43.4 | 4, 881 | ${ }_{11} 11$ | 12.5 | 9,748 | 5,189 | 53.2 |
| Delaware | 326 636 | $\begin{array}{r}95 \\ \hline \quad 90\end{array}$ | 29.1 | 166 312 | 49 28 | 29.5 9.0 | 160 324 | ${ }_{62}^{46}$ | 28.8 | 123 | ${ }_{4}^{11}$ | 8.9 | 203 | 84 | 41.4 |
| Gros Ventre | 376 | 199 | 52.9 | 189 | 93 | 49.2 | 187 | 106 | 56.7 | 98 | 18 | 18.4 | 278 | 181 | 822.2 |
| Kickapoo. | 251 | 131 | 52.2 | 139 | 68 | 48.9 | 112 | 63 | 56.3 | 62 | 10 | 18.1 | 189 | 121 | 64.0 |
| Malecite. | 101 | 35 | 34.7 | 48 | 17 |  | 53 | 18 | 34.0 | 32 | 1 |  | 69 | 34 | 49.3 |
| Mashpee. | 166 | 1 | 0.6 | 91 |  |  | 75 | 1 | 1.3 | 47 |  |  | 119 | 1 | 0.8 |
| Menomine | 1,029 | 381 | 37.0 | 571 | 198 | 34.7 | 458 | 183 | 40.0 | 347 | 29 | 8.4 | 682 | 352 | 51. 6 |
| Miami. | 171 | 17 | 9.9 | 94 | 8 | 8.5 | 77 | 9 | 11.7 | 65 |  |  | 106 | 17 | 16.0 |
| Ottawa. | 2,034 | 664 | 32.8 | 1,083 | 297 | 27.4 | 951 | 387 | 38.6 | 582 | 48 | 8.2 |  |  | 42.4 |
| Passamaquo | ${ }^{310}$ | 110 | 35.5 | -168 | 45 31 | 27.1 | 144 | 65 | 45.1 | ${ }^{76}$ | 8 | 10.5 | , 234 | 102 | 43, 48 |
| Penohscot.. | 231 83 | 60 10 | 26.0 12.0 | 124 40 | 1 1 | 25.0 | 107 43 | $\stackrel{29}{9}$ | 27.1 | ${ }_{31}^{68}$ | 2 | 2.9 | 163 | 58 | 35. 8 |
| Piegan. | 1,602 | 978 | 61.0 | 810 | 480 | 59.3 | 792 | 498 | 62.9 | 519 | 231 | 47.5 | 1,083 | 747 | 15.4 69.0 |
| Potawatomi | 1,697 | 527 | 31.1 | 968 | 284 | 29.3 | 729 | 243 | 33.3 | 591 | 64 | 10.8 | 1,106 | 463 | 69.0 41.9 |
| Powhatan. | 91 | 19 | 20.9 | 45 | 14 |  | 46 | 5 |  | 36 | 8 |  | - 55 | 11 | 20.0 |
| Sauk and Fo | 521 | 151 | 29.0 | 280 | 61 | 21.8 | 241 | 90 | 37.3 | 163 | 18 | 11.0. | 358 | 133 | 37.2 |
| Shawnee. | 886 | 248 | 28.0 | 424 | 95 | 22.4 | 462 | 153 | 33.1 | 289 | 30 | 10.4 | 597 | 218 | 36.5 |
| Shinnecock | 121 |  |  | 59 |  |  | 62 |  |  | 26 |  |  | 95 |  |  |
| Stockbridge | 384 | 17 | 4.4 | 197 | 8 | 4.1 | 187 | 9 | 4.8 | 103 | i | i. 0 | 281 | 16 | 5.7 |
| Wampanoag | 133 | 3 | 2.3 | 79 | 3 | 3.8 | 54 |  |  | 39 |  |  | 94 | 3 | 3.2 |
| State: | 399 | 50 | 12.5 | 211 | 17 | 8.1 | 188 | 33 | 17.8 | 120 | 5 | 4.2 | 279 | 45 | 16.1 |
| Connecticut. | 61 | 4 | 6.6 | 31 | 1 |  | 30 | 3 |  | 12 |  |  | 49 | 4 |  |
| Indiana. | 81 | 15 | 18.5 | 46 | 7 |  | 35 | 8 |  | 23 |  |  | 58 | 15 | 25.9 |
| Iowa. | 196 | 51 | 26.0 | 110 | 14 | 12.7 | 86 | 37 | 43.0 | 86 | 13 | 19.7 | 130 | 38 | 29.2 |
| Kansas | 999 | 306 | 30.6 | 583 | 185 | 31.7 | 416 | 121 | 29.1 | 405 | 22 | 6.4 | 594 | 284 | 47.8 |
| Maine.-. | ${ }_{646}^{646}$ | 209. | 32.4 | 340 | 94 | 27.6 | 306 | 115 | 37.6 | 171 | 11 | 6.4 | 475 | 198 | 41.7 |
| Massachuse | 336 5,059 | 1,831 | $\begin{array}{r}2.4 \\ 36.2 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}184 \\ 2,703 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5 846 | 2. ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }_{2} 152$ | 3 98 | 2.0 | - 91 |  |  | 245 | 8 | 3.3 |
| Minnesota | 5,943 | 2,485 | 36.2 41.8 | 2,703 3,003 | 846 1.107 | 31.3 | 2,356 | 985 | 41.8 | 1,391 | 141 | 10.1 | 3,668 | 1,690 | 46.1 |
| Montana. | 3,564 | 2,168 | 60.8 | 1,779 | 1,024 | 36.9 57 | 1,785 | 1,144 | 46.9 64.1 | 1,094 | 410 | 12.4 | 4, 000 | 2, 245 | 56.1 |
| Nebraska. | 144 |  |  | 70 |  |  | 1,74 |  |  | ${ }^{116}$ |  | 31.5 | 2, 28 | 1,758 | 71.2 |
| New York. | 173 | 5 | 2.9 | 77 | 1 | 1.3 | 96 | 4 | 4.2 | 39 |  |  | 134 | 5 | 3.7 |
| North Dako | 2,040 | 908 | 44.5 | 1,067 | 473 | 44.3 | 973 | 435 | 44.7 | 809 | 148 | 18.3 | 1,231 | 780 | 61.7 |
| Oklahoma. | 4,392 | 1,465 | 33. 4 | 2,209 | 611 | 27.7 | 2,183 | 854 | 39.1 | 1,248 | 77 | 6.2 | 3, 144 | 1,388 | 44.1 |
| Oregon. | 58 | 2 | 3.4 | -32 | 2 |  | 26 |  |  | -27 |  |  | 31 | - 2 |  |
| Pennsylvan ia. | 257 | 1 | 0.4 | 153 |  |  | 104 | 1 | 1. 0 | 137 |  |  | 120 | 1 | 0.8 |
| South Dakota. | 171 | 65 | 38.0 | 82 | 27 | 32.9 | 89 | 38 | 42.7 | 46 | 5 |  | 125 | 60 | 48.0 |
| Virginia... | 247 81 | 48 8 | 19.4 7.4 | $\begin{array}{r}134 \\ 36 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 28 2 | 20.9 | 113 45 | 20 | 17.7 | 78 | 17 | 21,8 | 169 | 31 | 18.3 |
| Wisconsin. | 4,844 | 1,689 | 34.9 | 2,547 | 819 | 32.2 | 2,297 | 870 | 37.9 | 1,562 | 146 | 9.3 | - 48 | , 543 | 47.0 |
| Wyoming. | 512 | 236 | 46.1 | 267 | 98 | 36.7 | 245 | 138 | 56.3 | 138 | 7 | 5.1 | , 374 | 229 | 81.2 |
| All other states | 68 | 7 | 10.3 | 33 | 1 |  | 35 | 6 |  | 28 |  |  | 42 | 7 |  |
| Athapaskan stock | 20,460 | 16,982 | 83.0 | 10,252 | 8,136 | 79.4 | 10,208 | 8,846 | 86.7 | 6,984 | 4,983 | 71.3 | 13,476 | 11,999 | 89.0 |
| Apache. | 3,480 | 2,386 | 68.6 | 1,754 | 1,060 | 60.4 |  |  | 76.8 | 944 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hupa. | 497 | 204 | 41.0 | 241 | ${ }^{1} 95$ | 39.4 | , 256 | 1,309 | 42.6 | 155 | 8 | 5.2 | ${ }^{2} 342$ | ${ }^{2} 196$ | 57.3 |
| Jicarilla Apache | 486 | 378 | 77.8 | 252 | 183 | 72.6 | 234 | 195 | 83.3 | 121 | 34 | 28.1 | 365 | 344 | 94.2 |
| Kiowa Apache.. | 98 312 | 40 164 | 40.8 | 42 | 15 |  | 56 | 25 | 44.6 | 27 | , |  | 71 | 38 | 53.5 |
| Navajo....... | 14,797 | 13,496 | 52.6 91.2 | 7,429 | 6,592 | 48.3 88 | 7,1838 | 6,904 | 61.2 93 | 82 5 5 | - ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{1.2}$ | 230 | 163 | 70.9 |
| Rogue Riv | ${ }^{286}$ | ${ }^{101}$ | 35.3 | ${ }^{153}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 30.1 | 7,138 | 6,904 | 41.4 | 5,438 $\mathbf{9 2}$ | 4,579 2 | 84.2 2.2 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 9, } 359 \\ \hline 194\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,917 \\ \hline 99\end{array}$ | 95.3 61.0 |
| Tolowa. | 84 | 44 | 52.4 | 44 | 19 |  | 40 | 25 | 4.4 | 18 | 2 | 2.2 | 194 | 44 | 61.7 |
| Wapqua | $\begin{array}{r}79 \\ 164 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 28 52 | 32.9 31.7 | 40 | 12 |  | 39 | 14 |  | 18 |  |  | 61 | 28 | 42.6 |
| All other tribes | 177 | 91 | 31.7 51.4 | 79 89 | 17 | 21.5 | 85 | 35 | 41.2 | 47 |  |  | 117 | 52 | 44.4 |
| State: |  |  |  |  | 4 | 50.6 | 88 | 46 | 52.3 | 42 | 7 |  | 135 | 84 | 62.2 |
| Arizona. | 10,684 | 8,926 | 83.5 | 5,358 | 4,241 | 79.2 | 5,328 | 4,685 | 88.0 | 3,718 | 2,891 | 72.4 | 6,966 |  | 89.5 |
| California. | 874 | ${ }^{371}$ | 42.4 | 442 | 173 | 39.1 | 432 | 198 | 45.8 | , 248 | 15 | 6.0 | ${ }^{626}$ | ${ }_{358}$ | 56.9 |
| New Mexic | 7,424 308 | 6,721 | 90.5 45.5 | 3,679 | 3,247 | 88. 3 | 3,745 | 3,474 | 92.8 | 2,580 | 2,081 | 80.7 | 4,844 | 4,640 | 95.8 |
| Oregon. | 391 | 135 | 4.5.5 34.5 | $\stackrel{149}{206}$ | ${ }_{60}^{59}$ | 39.6 29.1 | 159 | 81 75 | 50.9 40 | 74 123 | 3 | 4.1 | 234 | 137 | 58.5 |
| Utah. | 699 | 675 | 96.6 | 360 | 348 | 96.7 | 339 | 327 | 96. 5 | 225 | 189 | 92.28 | 268 | 133 | 49.6 98.4 |
| All other states. | 80 | 14 | 17.5 | 58 | 8 | 13.8 | 22 | 6 |  | 36 | 2 |  | 44 | 12 |  |
| Caddoan stock | 1,354 | 537 | 39.7 | 673 | 248 | 36.8 | 681 | 289 | 42.4 | 446 | 22 | 4.9 | 908 | 515 | 56.7 |
| Arikara | 336 | 190 | 56.5 | 183 | 92 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Caddo. | 302 | 89 | 29.5 | 161 | 41 | 25.5 | 141 | 48 | 34.0 | 106 | 10 | 8.3 | 216 | 180 | 83.3 |
| Pawnee. | 473 | 162 | 34.2 | 227 | 73 | 32.2 | 246 | 89 | 36.2 | 135 | 5 | 3.7 | ${ }_{338}$ | 157 | 42.9 46.4 |
| Wichita | 229 | 92 | 40.2 | 114 | 39 | 34.2 | 115 | 53 | 46.1 | 82 | 2 | 2.4 | 147 | 90 | 61.2 |
| All other tribes | 14 | 4 |  | 8 | 3 |  | 6 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 11 | 4 |  |
| North Dakota. | 320 | 183 | 57.2 | 154 | 89 | 57.8 | 168 | 94 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma. | 914 | 332 | 36.3 | 447 | 150 | 33.6 | 467 | 182 | 39.0 | 278 | 11 | 8.9 | 204 | 175 | 85.8 |
| All other states. | 120 | 22 | 18.3 | 72 | 9 | 12.5 | 48 | 13 |  | 54 | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5.6 | 68 | 191 19 | 28.8 |
| Chimaruan stock | 228 | 123 | 53.9 | 113 | 52 | 46.0 | 115 | 71 | 61.7 | 54 | 6 | 11.1 | 174 | 117 | 87.2 |
| Quileute | 193 | 100 | 51.8 |  |  | 44.2 |  |  | 59.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All other tribes. | 35 | 23 |  | 18 | 10 |  | 17 | 13 |  | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | 5 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 148 \\ 26 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | 64.2 |
| State: <br> Washington. | 228 | 123 | 53.9 | 113 | 52 | 46.0 | 115 | 71 | 61.7 | $54^{\circ}$ |  | 11.1 |  | 22 | 67.2 |

ILLITERATES AMONG INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND AMONG INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 230 or more Indians in 1910 and for each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is Iess than 50 .]

| Table 93-Continued. <br> gtock, tribe, and state. | induans 10 yEARS of age and over: 1910. |  |  | indian males 10 years OF AGE AND OVEF. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDLAN FEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF.AGE AND } \\ & \text { OVER. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | induans 10 te 19 years of AOE. |  |  | INDIANS 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | milterate. |  | Total number. | Iliterate. |  | TotaI number. | Illiterate. |  | Total numher. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num: } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { her. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number. | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Chinoozan btock. | 676 | 230 | 34.0 | 353 | 92 | 26.1 | 323 | 138 | 42.7 | 191 | 19 | 9.9 | 485 | 211 | 43.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tribe: ${ }^{\text {Chinook. }}$ | 224 | 40 | 17.9 | 123 | $20^{\circ}$ | 16.3 | 101 | 20 | 19.8 | 75 | 4 | 5.3 | 149 | 36 | 24.2 |
| Wasco. | 184 | 61 | 33.2 | 95 | 18 | 18.9 | 89 | 43 | 48.3 | 49 | 3 |  | 135 | 58 | 43.0 |
| Wishram | 222 | 116 | 52.3 | 112 | 52 | 46.4 | 110 | 64 | 58.2 | 51 | 12 | 23.5 | 171 | 104 | 60.8 |
| All other tribes. | 46 | 13 |  | 23 | 2 |  | 23 | 11 |  | 16 |  |  | 30 | 13 | ........ |
| State: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Oregon.. | 268 | 66 | 24. 6 | 139 | 17 | 12.2 36.6 | 129 | 49 89 | 38.0 47.1 | ${ }_{92}^{96}$ | 17 | 18.5 | 299 | 146 | 48.8 |
| AlI other statos. | 391 | 1 |  | 12 | 1 |  | 5 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 14 | 1 |  |
| Croatan group | 3,943 | 1,932 | 49.0 | 1,954 | 869 | 44.5 | 1,989 | 1,063 | 53.4 | 1,371 | 387 | 28.2 | 2,572 | 1,546 | 60.1 |
| Croatan. | 3,943 | 1,932 | 49.0 | 1,954 | 869 | 44.5 | 1,989 | 1,063 | 53.4 | 1,371 | 387 | 28.2 | 2,572 | 1,545 | 60.1 |
| State: North Carolina | 3,943 | 1,832 | 49.0 | 1,954 | 869 | 44.5 | 1,989 | 1,063 | 53.4 | 1,371 | 387 | 28.2 | 2,572 | 1,545 | 60.1 |
| Iroquolan atock. | 26,201 | 5,689 | 21.7 | 13,490 | 2,771 | 20.5 | 12,711 | 2,918 | 23.0 | 9,563 | 970 | 10.1 | 16,638 | 4,719 | 28.4 |
| Cherokee. | 20,154 | 3,999 | 19.8 | 10,319 | 1,883 | 18.2 | 9,835 | 2,116 | 21.5 | 7,693 | 853 | 11.1 | 12,461 | 3,146 | 25.2 |
| Mohawk. | -291 | ${ }^{139}$ | 47.8 | ${ }^{136}$ | 1,88 | 42.6 | 155 | 2, 81 | 52.3 | 78 | 12 | 15.4 | , 213 | 127 | 59.6 |
| Oneida. | 1,739 | 519 | 29.8 | 930 | 296 | 31.8 | 809 | 223 | 27.6 33 | 471 89 | ${ }^{36}$ | 7.6 | 1,268 | 483 69 | 37.1 |
| Onondaga | 275 | 75 | 27.3 | 138 | 29 | 21.0 <br> 41 | 137 | 166 | 33.6 40.2 | 357 | 39 | 10.9 | 555 | 336 | 60.5 |
| St. Regis. | 2,155 | 501 | $\stackrel{41}{23} 2$ | 1,109 | 256 | 21.1 23.1 | 1,046 | 245 | 23.4 | 624 | 20 | 3.2 | 1,531 | 481 | 31.4 |
| Tuscarora | 309 | 51 | 16.5 | 168 | 24 | 14.3 | 141 | 27 | 19.1 | 97 | 1 | 1.0 | 212 | 50 | 23.6 |
| Wyandot | 253 | 15 | 5.9 | 137 | 8 | 5. 8 | 116 | 7 | 6.0 | 108 | 3 |  | 145 | 12 | 17.9 |
| AII other tribes. | 113 | 15 | 13.3 | 54 | 8 | 14.8 | 59 | 7 | 11.9 | 46 | 3 |  | 67 | 12 | 17.9 |
| 8tate: | 108 | 9 | 8.3 | 52 | 5 | 9.6 | 56 | 4 | 7.1 | 58 | 1 | 1.7 | 50 | 8 | 16.0 |
| Kansas.- | 3,678 | 1,157 | 31.5 | 1,905 | 588 | 30.9 | 1,773 | 569 | 32.1 | 1,060 | 78 | 7.4 | 2,618 | 1,079 | 41.2 |
| North Caroli | , 986 | 133 | 43.9 | 541 | 217 | 40.1 | 445 | 216 | 48.5 | 1,255 | ${ }_{817}^{25}$ | 9.8 | ${ }^{11} 781$ | 2 428 | 55.8 |
| oklahoma. | 19,237 | 3,540 | 18.4 | 9,780 | 1,640 | 16.8 2.2 | 9,457 | 1,900 | 20.1 0.6 | 7,450 | 81 |  | 11, 154 | 2, 5 | 3.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 395 | 6 38 | 1.5 | 232 | 5 | 2.2 | 163 26 | 17 | 0.6 | 19 | 7 |  | 43 | 31 |  |
| - South Carolina |  | $\stackrel{38}{469}$ | 61.3 31.5 | 804 | 271 | 33.7 | 686 | 198 | 28.9 | 393 | 36 | 9.2 | 1,097 | 433 | 39.5 |
| Wisconsin.-- AII other stat | 1,495 | 4 | 15.1 | 140 | 24 | 17.1 | 105 | 13 | 12.4 | 87 | 5 | 5.7 | 158 | 32 | 20.3 |
| Karot atock | 555 | 251 | 45.2 | 275 | 111 | 40.4 | 280 | 140 | 50.0 | 159 | 34 | 21.4 | 396 | 217 | 54.8 |
| Tribe: | 555 | 251 | 45.2 | 275 | 111 | 40.4 | 280 | 140 | 50.0 | 159 | 34 | 21.4 | 396 | 217 | 54.8 |
| State: Californ | 555 | 251 | 45.2 | 275 | 111 | 40.4 | 280 | 140 | 50.0 | 159 | 34 | 21.4 | 396 | 217 | 54.8 |
| Keresan | 2,954 | 2,195 | 74.3 | 1,593 | 1,118 | 70.2 | 1,361 | 1,077 | 79.1 | 863 | 370 | 42.9 | 2,091 | 1,825 | 87.3 |
| Tribe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 84 | 56.4 | 369 | 339 | 91.9 |
| Acoma. | ${ }_{183} 18$ | 109 | 81.7 59.6 | 103 | 194 | 52.4 | 80 | 55 | 68.8 | 49 | 12 |  | 134 | 97 | 72.4 |
| Laguna. | 1,050 | 633 | 60.3 | 551 | 302 | 54.8 | 499 | 331 | 66.3 | 324 | 71 | 49.0 | 277 | 262 | 94.6 |
| San Felipe. | 379 | 312 | 82.3 | 227 | 175 | 77.1 | 152 | 138 | 84.1 | 130 | 15 |  | 125 | 120 | 96.0 |
| Santa Ana. | 155 | 135 | 87.1 | 98 310 | -878 | 88.8 <br> 86.5 | 271 | 250 | 82.3 92 | 179 | 129 | 72.1 | 402 | 389 | 96.8 |
| Santo Domingo | 581 88 | 518 | 89.2 73.9 | 310 47 | 268 34 | 86.5 | 41. | $\stackrel{31}{ } 3$ |  | 30 | 9 |  | 58 | 56 | 96.6 |
| New Mexico. | 2,930 | 2,194 | 74.9 | 1,576 | 1,118 | 70.9 | 1,354 | 1,076 | 79.5 | 19 | , |  |  | 1 |  |
| All other states. | 24 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ktowan stock | 750 | 330 | 44.0 | 361 | 140 | 38.8 | 389 | 190 | 48.8 | 258 | 21 | 8.1 | 492 | 309 | 62.8 |
| Tribe: | 750 | 330 | 44. | 361 | 140 | 38. | 389 | 190 | 48.8 | 258 | 21 | 8.1 | 492 | 309 | 62.8 |
| Kiowa. |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 | 8.6 | 489 | 308 | 63.0 |
| State: ${ }_{\text {Oklahoma }}$ | 733 | 329 | 44.9 | 346 | 139 | 40.2 | 387 | 190 | 49.1 | 14 | 21 |  | 3 | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 104 | 56.2 | 103 | 22 | 21.4 | 292 | 193 | 66.1 |
| Kutenaian stock | 395 | 215 | 54.4 | 210 | 111 | 52.9 | 185 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tribe: | 395 | 215 | 54.4 | 210 | 111 | 52.9 | 185 | 104 | 56.2 | 103 | 22 | 21.4 | 292 | 193 | 66.1 |
| State: |  |  |  |  | 35 |  |  | 35 |  | 9 | 8 |  | 69 | 62 | 89.9 |
| Idaho.. | 78 310 | 141 | 89.7 | 168 | 73 | 43.5 | 142 | 68 | 47.9 | 91 | 14 | 15.4 | 219 | 127 | 58.0 |
| Montans....... | 7 | 4 |  | 6 | 3 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
|  | 727 | 260 | 35.8 | 347 | 99 | 28.5 | 380 | 161 | 42.4 | 192 | 5 | 2.6 | 535 | 25.5 | 47.7 |
| Tribe: ${ }^{\text {Lutuamlan stock }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0.7 | 383 | 189 | 49.3 |
| . Klamath. | 521 | 190 | 36.5 34.0 | 249 98 | 76 23 | 30.5 23.5 | 108 | 47 | 43.5 | 54 | 4 | 7.4 | 152 | 66 | 43.4 |
| Modoc | 206 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.3 | 475 | 240 | 50.5 |
| State: | 629 | 242 | 38.5 | 299 48 | 90 9 | 30.1 | 330 50 | 152 9 | 46.1 18.0 | 154 38 | 3 |  | 60 | 15 | 25.0 |
| All other states. | 98 | 18 | 18.4 | 48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\square}{ }$ A Matora | 810 | 335 | 41.4 | 421 | 172 | 40.9 | 389 | 163 | 41.9 | 232 | 26 | 11.2 | 578 | 309 | 53.6 |
| ribe: |  |  |  | 421 | 172 | 40.9 | 389 | 163 | 41.9 | 232 | 26 | 11.2 | 578 | 309 | 53. |
| Maidu. | 810 | 335 | 41.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 | 11.3 | 576 | 309 | 63.6 |
| State: ${ }_{\text {Califor }}$ | 807 | 335 | 41.5 | 420 | 172 | 41.0 | 387 2 | 163 | 42.1 | ${ }^{231}$ | 20 |  | 2 |  |  |

ILLITERATES AMONG INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND AMONG INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910 and Jor each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 93-Continued. | indians 10 years of AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indian males 10 years of age and over. |  |  | inoian females 10 Years |  |  | indians 10 to 19 yearsof age. |  |  | indians 20 Years orAOE AND OVER |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { numb } \\ & \text { bur. } \end{aligned}$ | miterate. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \substack{\text { numb } \\ \text { ber. }} \end{gathered}$ | Illiterate. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \substack{\text { numb. } \\ \text { ber. }} \end{aligned}$ | nliterate. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \substack{\text { numb } \\ \text { ber. }} \end{gathered}$ | Illitarata. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { num. } \\ \text { buer. } \end{gathered}$ | Inlterata. |  |
|  |  | Num- <br> ber. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\underset{\text { ber. }}{\substack{\text { Numm- }}}$ | Per cent. |  | Num- ber. | Per cont. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num. } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


ILLITERATES AMONG INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND AMONG INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock heving 200 or more Indians in 1910 and lor each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 93-Continued. <br> atock, tribe, and atate. | indlans 10 years of AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indlan males 10 tears OF AGE AND OVER. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDIAN FEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF AGE AND } \\ & \text { OVER. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | indians 10 TO 19 years of AgE. |  |  | indlans 20 years of AGE AND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total <br> num- <br> ber. | Inliterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Iliterate. |  | Total number. | Initerate. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { nume } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Iliterate. |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Seastan stock. | 1,228 | 721 | 58.8 | 595 | 339 | 57.0 | 631 | 382 | 60.6 | 393 | 114 | 29.0 | 833 | 607 | 72.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rihe: | 190 | 138 | 72.6 | 100 | 71 | 71.0 | 90 | 67 | 74.4 | 45 | 15 |  | 145 | 123 | 84.8 |
| Pit River | 767 | 508 | 66.2 | 369 | 243 | 65.9 | 398 | 265 | 66.6 | 244 | 95 | 38.9 | 523 | 413 | 79.0 |
| Shasta. | 269 | 75 | 27.9 | 128 | 25 | 19.8 | 143 | 50 | 35.0 | 104 | 4 | 3.8 | 165 | 71 | 43.0 |
| State: Californi | 1,067 | 684 | 64.1 | 516 | 322 | 62.4 | 551 | 382 | 65.7 | 323 | 114 | 35.3 | 744 | 570 | 78.6 |
| Oregon | 142 | 36 | 25.4 | 71 | 16 | 22.5 | 71 | 20 | 28.2 | 59 |  |  | 88 | 38 1 | 43.4 |
| Shoshonean stock. | 12,894 | 8,411 | 65.2 | 6,645 | 4,055 | 61.0 | 6,249 | 4,356 | 69.7 | 3,314 | 812 | 24.5 | 9,580 | 7,599 | 79.3 |
| Tribe: | 338 | 231 | 68.3 | 176 | 119 | 67.6 | 162 | 112 | 69.1 | 74 | 14 | 18.9 | 264 | 217 | 82.2 |
| Chemehu | 262 | 203 | 77.5 | 138 | 94 | 69.1 | 126 | 109 | 86.5 | 46 | 29 |  | 216 | 174 | 80.8 |
| Comanche | 876 | 455 | 51.9 | 427 | 192 | 45.0 | 449 | 263 | 58.6 | 256 | 21 | 8.2 | 620 | 434 | 70.0 |
| Hopi. | 1,420 | 764 | 53.8 | 795 | 395 | 49.7 | 625 | 369 | 59.0 | 416 | 22 | $\begin{array}{r}15.3 \\ \hline 73 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,004 | 742 297 | 73.9 69.4 |
| Kawia | 605 | 310 | 51.2 | 333 | 159 | 47.7 | 272 | 151 | 55.5 | $\begin{array}{r}177 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13 | 7.3 | ${ }^{428}$ | 297 39 | 69.4 75.0 |
| Kern Riv | 80 1,090 | 698 | 62.5 64.0 | 37 501 | 304 | 60.7 | - 589 | 394 | 66.9 ${ }^{-9}$ | 292 | 18 | 6.2 | 798 | 880 | 85.2 |
| Paiute. | 1,080 | 447 | 76.4 | 313 | 221 | 70.6 | 272 | 228 | 83.1 | 145 | 64 | 44.1 | 440 | 383 | 87.0 |
| Peviots | 2,480 | 1,653 | 66.7 | 1,209 | 754 | 62.4 | 1,271 | 899 | 70.7 | 591 | 148 | 25.0 | 1,889 | 1,505 | 79.7 47.0 |
| San Luis | 389 | 124 | 31.9 | 203 | 48 | 23.6 | 188 | 76 | 40.9 | 138 | 6 | 4.3 | ${ }_{68} 21$ | ${ }_{31}$ | 47.0 47 |
| Serrano. | ${ }^{91}$ | -33 | 36.3 | 49 1,515 | 18 1,010 | 68.7 | 42 1,440 | 1,068 | 74.2 | 701 | 245 | 35.0 | 2,254 | 1,833 | 81.3 |
| Shoshon | 2,955 | 2,078 | 70.3 78.8 | 1,915 | 1,610 | 80.7 | 1,430 | ${ }^{1,604}$ | 84. 7 | 403 | 203 | 50.4 | 1,238 | 1,090 | 88.0 |
| Ute..... All other | 1,641 82 | 1,293 72 | 78.8 87.8 | 911 40 | 689 31 | 75.6 | 730 42 | 604 41 | 82.7 | 42 | 203 16 | 5.4 | 1,60 | ${ }^{1} 56$ | 93.3 |
| State: ${ }^{\text {All }}$ other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 389 |  | 8.0 | 1,037 | 774 | 74.6 |
| Arizona | 1,426 | 805 1,611 | 56.5 65.0 | 781 1,390 | 684 | 52.5 49.2 | 1,355 | 827 | 61.2 61.0 | 814 | 78 | 8.6 | 1,931 | 1,433 | 74.2 |
| Colorado | ${ }^{2}, 491$ | ${ }^{1}, 398$ | 81.1 | 1,263 | 205 | 77.9 | 228 | 193 | 84.6 | 128 | 64 | 50.0 | 365 | 334 | 92.0 |
| Idaho. | 1,387 | 980 | 70.7 | 701 | 480 | 66.5 | 686 | 500 | 72.9 | 299 | 53 | $17.7{ }^{\circ}$ | 1,088 | 927 | 85.2 |
| Nevada | 3,477 | 2,530 | 72.8 | 1,735 | 1,190 | 68.6 | 1,742 | 1,340 | 76.9 | 830 | 339 | 88.8 | 2,647 | 2, ${ }_{451}$ | 82.8 |
| Oklahoma | 877 | 456 | 52.0 | 429 | 193 | 45.0 | 448 | $\begin{array}{r}263 \\ 88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 64.7 | 51 | ${ }_{8}$ | 11.8 | 215 | 155 | 72.1 |
| Oregon. | 1 268 | 161 1,209 | 60.5 79.3 | 831 | 634 | 76.3 | 693 | 575 | 83.0 | 356 | 189 | 63.1 | 1,168 | 1,020 | 87.3 |
| $\therefore$ Utah. | 1,524 | 1,209 | 58.6 | 287 | 162 | 56.4 | 254 | 155 | 61.0 | 131 | 15 | 11.6 | 410 | 302 | 73.7 |
| - All other states | 160 | 44 | 27.5 | 98 | 24 | 24.5 | 62 | 20 | 32.3 | 65 | 16 | 24.6 | 95 | 28 | 29.5 |
| Siouan atock | 24,598 | 10,784 | 43.8 | 12,350 | 4,670 | 37.8 | 12,248 | 6,114 | 49.9 | 6,872 | 704 | 10.2 | 17,726 | 10,080 | 56.9 |
| Tribe: | 925 | 488 | 52.8 | 455 | 215 | 47.3 | 470 | 273 | 58.1 | 217 | 29 | 13.4 | 708 | 459 | 64.8 |
| Cotamba | 78 | 30 | 38.5 | 42 | 16 |  | 36 | 14 |  | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 350 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 6.9 | 1,052 | 758 | 71.9 |
| Crow | 1,402 | 780 | 55.6 | 702 | 373 | 53.1 | 700 | 407 | 488.1 | 154 | 19 | 12.3 | 240 | 143 | 59.6 |
| Hidatsa | 394 | 162 | 41.1 | 208 | 72 | 34.6 9.6 | 180 85 | 10 | 11.8 | 72 |  |  | 107 | 19 | 17.8 |
| Iown | 179 | 19 | 10.6 | 88 | 16 | 18.2 | 50 | 8 | 16.0 | 54 | 2 | 3.7 | 84 | 22 | 26.2 |
| Kansa. | 138 | 87 | 17.4 33.7 | 84 | 42 | 50.0 | 78 | 45 | 57.7 | 47 |  |  | 115 | 81 | 70.4 |
| Mandan | 162 | $\begin{array}{r}87 \\ 366 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53.7 46.3 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 407 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 164 | 40.3 | 384 | 202 | 52.6 | 267 | 67 | 25.1 | 524 | 299 | 57.1 |
| Omaha | 898 | 1368 | 26. <br> 22 | 465 | ${ }^{168}$ | 18.7 | 433 | 111 | 25.6 | 320 | 22 | 6.9 | 578 | 176 | 30.4 |
| Osage |  | - 59 | 24.1 | 135 | 26 | 19.3 | 110 | 33 | 30.0 | 82 |  |  | 163 | - 59 | 36.2 46.7 |
| Ponce | 643 | 198 | 30.8 | 307 | 89 | 29.0 | 335 | 109 | 32.4 | 230 80 | 5 | 8.2 | 413 89 | $\begin{array}{r}193 \\ 39 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 46.7 43.8 |
| Quapaw | 169 | 46 | 27.2 | 84 564 | 19 109 | 22.6 | $\begin{array}{r}85 \\ 548 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}27 \\ 174 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 31.8 31.8 | 80 317 | 16 | 8.8 5.0 | 795 | 267 | 33.6 |
| Santee Sioux | 1,112. | ${ }_{223}^{283}$ | 25.4 | 564 449 | 109 | 19.3 22.9 | ${ }_{341}^{548}$ | 120 | 31.2 3.2 | 282 | 19 | 7.3 | 528 | 204 | 38.6 |
| Sioux. | 790 1888 | ${ }_{761}^{223}$ | 428.2 | $\stackrel{449}{957}$ | 313 | 32.7 | 931 | 448 | 48.1 | 482 | 62 | 12.9 | 1,406 | 699 | 49.7 |
| Sisseton Sioux. | 10,739 | 5,129 | 47.8 | 5,349 | 2,214 | 41.4 | 5,390 | 2,915 | 54.1 | 2,842 | 296 | 10.4 | 7,897 | 4,833 | 61.2 |
| Teton Srule Sioux | 1, 591 | -265 | 44.8 | -301 | 110 | 36.5 | 290 | 155 | 53.4 58 | ${ }_{184}^{127}$ |  | 7.1 | 464 629 | 2504 | 35.2 64.2 |
| Hunkpapa Sioux | 813 | 417 | 51.3 | 403 | 184 91 | 45.7 60.7 | 410 | 119 | 56.8 70.8 | 189 | 18 | 26.5 | 250 | 192 | 76.8 |
| Minniconjou Sioux | 318 | ${ }_{2} 210$ | 66.0 4.9 | 2, $\begin{array}{r}150 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 901 | 60.7 40.2 | 2,244 | 1,159 | 51.6 | 1,251 | 126 | 10.1 | 3,235 | 1,934 | 59.8 |
| Oglale Sioux. | 4,486 | 2,060 52 | 4.9 .9 35.6 | 2,242 | 90 | 29.9 | 2,249 $\times \quad 69$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,159 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 42.0 | - 46 | 3 |  | 100 | 49 | 49.0 |
| Sans Arc Sioux | 148 372 | 163 | 35.6 43.8 | 191 | 70 | 36.6 | 181 | 93 | 51.4 | 78 | 10 | 12.8 | 294 | 153 90 | 52.0 55.2 |
| Two Kettlo sioux | 216 | 102 | 47.2 | 125 | 48 | 38.4 | 91 | 54 | 59.3 | - 53 | 12 | ${ }^{22.6}$ | -163 | 190 1,755 | ${ }_{63}^{55.5}$ |
| Other Teton Sioux | 3,797 | 1,860 | 49.0 | 1,860 | 787 | 42.3 36.0 | 1,937 | $\begin{array}{r}1,073 \\ \hline 376\end{array}$ | 55.4 54.3 | 1,035 416 | 105 49 | 11.8 | 2, 990 | 1,584 | 59.0 |
| Winnehago. | 1,406 | 633 | 45.0 | 714 | 257 313 | 36.0 41.5 | 889 | 341 | 54.3 52.0 | 400 | 56 | 14.0 | 1,183 | 688 | 58.2 |
| Yankton Sioux | 1,583 | 744 | 47.0 52.7 | 786 486 | 232 | 41.5 47.7 | 559 | 319 | 57.1 | 249 | 23 | 9.2 | 796 | 528 | 66.3 |
| Yanktonal Sioux | 1,045 11 | ${ }_{5} 5$ | 52.7 | 486 6 | 1 |  | 5 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | 10 | 3 |  |
| Atate: |  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 | 130 | 5 | 3.8 | 174 |  |  | 112 | 12 | 10.7 |
| Kansas. | ${ }_{280}$ | 5 | 18.2 | 106 | 22 | 13.4 | 162 | 37 | 22.8 | 113 |  |  | 213 | 59 | 27.7 |
| Minnesota. | $\begin{array}{r}326 \\ 898 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 54.1 | 1,426 | 713 | 50.0 | 1,472 | 855 | 58.1 | 688 | 101 | 8.4 | 2,210 | 1,510 | 68.3 |
| Montana. | 2,898 | ${ }^{1,913}$ | 34.8 39.8 | 1,161 | 387 | 33.3 | 1,131 | 526 | 46.5 | 688 | 101 | 14.7 | $\begin{array}{r}1,604 \\ \hline 56\end{array}$ | 818 | 30.6 |
| Newraska. | ${ }^{2}, 28$ | 18 | 31.6 | 47 | 12 |  | 10 | 66 |  | 535 | 66 | 12.3 | 1,468 | 945 | 64.4 |
| New Jersey. | 2,003 | 1,011 | 50.5 | 985 | 443 | 45.0 | 1,018 | 668 275 | 28.9 | 670 | 38 | 5.7 | 1,305 | 465 | 35.6 |
| Oklahoma. | 1,975 | 503 | 25.5 | 1,024 | 228 | 22.3 | ${ }_{48}$ | 275 |  | 85 |  |  | 68 |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. |  |  | 35.5 | 32 | i1 |  | 30 | 11 |  | $\stackrel{24}{ }$ | 414 |  |  | 5,988 |  |
| South Caroline | 13,831 | 6,400 | 46.3 | 6,900 | 2,738 | 39.7 | 6,931 |  | 52.8 49.5 | 3,631 | 414 25 | 11.4 | 10,200 376 | $\begin{array}{r}5,986 \\ \hline 226\end{array}$ | 58.7 |
| South Dakota. | 13,891 592 | 6, 251 | 42.4 | -279 | 296 13 | 34.4 18.3 | $\begin{array}{r}313 \\ 52 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 155 14 | 49.5 26.9 | 216 47 | 20 1 | 11.6 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ 76 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 26 | 34.2 |
| All other states. | 123 | 27 | 22.0 | 71 |  |  |  | 744 | 88.9 | 597 | 177 | 29.6 | 1,751 | 1,329 | 75.9 |
| tanoan stoce. | 2,348 | 1,506 | 64.1 | 1,268 | 762 | 60.1 | 1,080 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tribe: | 717 | 531 | 74.1 | 381 | 280 | 73.5 | 336 | 251 | 74.7 | 135 108 | 40 32 | 29.6 29.6 | 582 288 | 268 | 84.4 98.1 |
| Jemez | 396 | 300 | 75.8 | ${ }_{2}^{231}$ | 169 | 73.2 | 165 39 | 131 | 79.4 | 18 | ${ }_{4}$ |  | 58 | 43 | 74.1 |
| Picuris. | 76 | 47 | 61.8 | 37 41 | 21 |  | 44 | 30 |  | 17 |  |  | 88 | 51 | 75.0 |
| San Ildelonso. | 85 | - 191 | 60.0 64.3 | 165 | 95 | 57.6 | 132 | 96 | 72.7 | 89 | 21 | 23.6 | 208 | 170 | 81.7 |
| San Juan. | 199 | 111 | 64.3 55.8 | 103 | 56 | 54.4 | 96 | 55 | 57.3 | 59 | $\frac{12}{59}$ | 51.3 | 140 | 110 | 73.0 |
| Santa Clara | 371 | 189 | 45.8 | 198 | 66 | 33.3 | 173 | 103 | 59.5 | 115 | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | 16.1 | 151 | 97 | 64.2 |
| Thos other tribes. | 207 | 106 | 61.2 | 112 | 55 | 49.1 | 95 | 1 | 53.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State: |  | 1,478 | 64.1 | 1,242 | 745 | 60.0 | 1,063 | 733 | 69.0 | 583 | 170 | 29.2 | 1,722 | 1,308 | 76.0 |
| New Mex | 43 | , 28 |  | 1,20 | 17 |  |  | 11 |  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |

ILLITERATES AMONG INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND AMONG INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, - BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock baving 200 or more Indians in 1910 and for each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 93-Continued. <br> stock, tribe, and state. | tnduns 10 yeaks of AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | nndian males 10 years of age and over. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDIAN FEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF AGE AND } \\ & \text { OVER. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | indiang 10 to 19 YEARs OF AGE. |  |  | indians 20 years of age and over. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Inliterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Total numbor. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Iliterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Numer } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Num- ber. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


ILLITERATES AMONG INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND AMONG INDIANS IO TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINGIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table showe each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910 and for each etock the tribe havlng 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50 .]

| Table 93-Continued: <br> stock, tribe, and state. | indians 10 years of AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indian males 10 years of age and over. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDLAN FEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF AGE AND } \\ & \text { OVER. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | molans 10 to 19 years of Age. |  |  | INDIANS 20 tears of AGE AND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Total num. ber. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Iliterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  | Total number. | Illiterate. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Pent. }}{\text { Per }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

ALASKA.

| Athapaskan stock | 2,886 | 2,318 | 80.3 | 1,507 | 1,202 | 79.8 | 1,379 | 1,116 | 80.9 | 765 | 385 | 50.3 | 2,121 | 1,933 | 91.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ahtena. | 227 | 214 | 94.3 | 129 | 120 | 93.0 | 98 | 94 | 95.9 | 55 | 45 | 81.8 | 172 | 169 | 98.3 |
| Hankutchin. | 86 | 63 | 73.3 | 58 | 41 | 70.7 | 28 | 22 |  | 20 | 6 |  | 66 | 57 | 86.4 |
| Kgiyuhkhotans | 125 | 99 | 79.2 | 64 | 51 | 79.7 | 61 | 48 | 78.7 | 24 | 11 |  | 101 | 88 | 87.1 |
| Knaiakhotana.. | 616 | 395 | 76.6 | 283 | 216 | 76.3 | 233 | 179 | 76.8 | 155 80 | 81 54 | 52.3 <br> 67 | 351 196 | 314 179 | 87.0 91.3 |
| Kutchin | 276 | 233 | 84.4 | 140 | 117 | 83.6 | 136 | 116 | ${ }_{98.5}$ | 80 | 43 |  | 103 | 103 | 100.0 |
| Natsitkutchin | 150 | 146 | 97.3 | 84 | 81 133 | 96.4 85.3 | 146 | 125 | 88.6 | 73 | 48 | 65.8 | 229 | 210 | 91.7 |
| Tenankutchin. | 302 | 258 118 | 85.4 86.8 8 | 156 72 | 133 63 | 85.3 87.5 |  | 55 | 85.9 | 30 | 16 |  | 106 | 102 | 96.2 |
| All other tribes. | 1,068 | 792 | 74.2 | 521 | 380 | 72.9 | 547 | 412 | 75.3 | 281 | 81 | 28.8 | 787 | 711 | 90.3 |
| Escimajan stock. | 9,964 | 7,857 | 78.9 | 5,147 | 3,870 | 75.2 | 4,817 | 3,987 | 82.8 | 2,517 | 1,368 | 54.4 | 7,447 | 6,489 | 87.1 |
| Aleut. | 1,001 | 650 | 64.9 | 516 | 305 | 59.1 | 485 | 345 | 71.1 | 307 | 151 | 49.2 | 694 | 499 | 71.9 |
| Chnagmiat | , 202 | 167 | 82.7 | 110 | 87 | 79.1 | 92 | 80 | 87.0 | 45 | 15 |  | 157 | 152 | 96.8 |
| Irogmiut. | 529 | 499 | 94.3 | 247 | 233 | 94.3 | 282 | 266 | 94.3 | 105 | 92 | 87.6 | 424 | 407 | 96.0 |
| Kaialigmiut. | 127 | 125 | 98.4 | 62 | 61 | 98.4 | 65 | 64 | 98.5 | 21 | 19 |  | 106 | 106 | 100.0 |
| Kaviagmiut | 163 | 91 | 55.8 | 81 | 46 | 56.8 | 82 | 45 | 54.9 | 44 | 12 | 35.6 |  | 79 | 85.4 |
| Kinugumiut. | 424 | 311 | 73.3 | 236 | 160 | 67.8 | 188 | 159 | 80.3 76.0 | 104 | 29 | 37.9 | 306 | 291 | 95.1 |
| Kowagmiut. | 410 | 320 | 78.0 | $\begin{array}{r}214 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{171}$ | 79.9.9. | $\begin{array}{r}196 \\ 34 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 149 | 76.0 | 104 | 8 |  | 66 | 55 | 83.3 |
| Kusetrinmiut | 232 | 199 | 8.8 | . 121 | 97 | 80.2 | 111 | 102 | 91.9 | 79 | 52 | 65.8 | 153 | 147 | 96.1 |
| Kuskwogmiut. | 1,068 | 996 | 93.3 | 544 | 502 | 92,3 | 524 | 494 | 94.3 | 269 | 223 | 82.9 | 799 | 773 | 96.7 |
| Magemiut. | 262 | 227 | 86.6 | 118 | 108 | 91.5 | 144 | 119 | 82.6 | 74 | 44 | 59.5 | 188 | 183 | 97.3 |
| Malemiut. | 407 | 225 | 55.3 | 210 | 114 | 54.3 | 197 | 111 | 56.3 | 129 | 22 25 | 17.1 | 178 179 | 203 153 | 85.5 |
| Nunatogmint | 224 | 178 | 79.5 | 130 127 | 197 | 74.6 96.1 | -9989 | 102 | 86.2 93.6 | 58 | 51 | 87.9 | 178 | 173 | 97.2 |
| Nunivagmiut | 236 | 224 | 94.9 97.2 | 42 | 42 |  | 65 | 62 | 95.4 | 17 | 17 |  | 90 | 87 | 96.7 |
| Nunochogmil | 177 | 159 | 88.8 | 98 | 83 | 84.7 | 79 | 76 | 96.2 | 16 | 6 |  | 161 | 153 | 95.0 |
| Tikeramiut. | 252 | 137 | 54.4 | 127 | 62 | 48.8 | 125 | 75 | 60.0 | 59 | 4 | 6.8 | 193 | 133 | 68.9 |
| Ukivokmiut. | 94 | 82 | 87.2 | 50 | 41 | 820 | 44 | 41 | 77.7 | 19 | 14 | 36.9 | 709 | 164 | 78.5 |
| Unaligmiut | 274 | 188 | 68.6 | 126 | 73 | 57.9 | 143 | ${ }_{36}$ | 7 | 15 | 2 |  | 71 | 64 | 90.1 |
| Utkiavinmiut | 86 | 79 | 76.7 86.8 | 46 | 36 |  | 45 | 43 |  | 16 | 4 |  | 75 | 75 | 100.0 |
| Utukamiut | 226 | 155 | 68.6 | 119 | 66 | 55.5 | 107 | 89 | 83.2 | 50 | 6 | 12.0 | 176 | 149 | 84.7 |
| Gouthern Eskimo | 2,613 | 2,106 | 80.6 | 1,383 | 1,056 | 76.4 | 1,230 | 1,050 | 85.4 | 694 | 442 | 63.7 | 1,919 | 1,664 | 88.7 |
| All other tribes.. | ${ }^{269}$ | 506 | 75.6 | 341 | 243 | 71.3 | 328 | 263 | 80.2 | 158 | 73 | 46.2 | 511 | 433 | 84.7 |
| Haman stock | 369 | 123 | 33.3 | 198 | 58 | 29.3 | 171 | 65 | 38.0 | 112 | 3 | 2.7 | 257 | 120 | 46.7 |
| Haida. | 369 | 123 | 33.3 | 198 | 58 | 29.3 | 171 | 65 | 38.0 | 112 | 3 | 2.7 | 257 | 120 | -46.7 |
| Tlavait stock. | 3,240 | 2,021 | 62.4 | 1,634 | 949 | 58.1 | 1,606 | 1,072 | 66.7 | 806 | 176 | 21.8 | 2,434 | 1,845 | 75.8 |
| Ank. | 213 | 138 | 64.8 | 120 | 74 | 61.7 | 93 | 64 | 68.8 | 48 | 9 |  | 165 | 129 | 78.2 |
| Chilkat. | 536 | 339 | 63.2 | 270 | 158 | 58.5 60.3 | 266 68 | 181 | 68.0 63.2 | 130 34 | 1 | 24.6 | 112 | 89 | 75.5 |
| Henya | 146 | $\begin{array}{r}90 \\ 338 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 61.6 71.9 | 781 | $\begin{array}{r}47 \\ 144 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 60.3 65.2 | 249 | 194 | 77.9 | 122 | 36 | 29.5 | 348 | 302 | 86.8 |
| Huna. | 370 | 338 249 | 61.8 | 186 | 120 | 64.5 64 | 187 | 129 | 69.0 | 91 | 19 | 20.9 | 282 | 230 | 81.6 |
| Kake..... | 232 | 134 | 57.8 | 114 | 66 | 57.9 | 118 | 68 | 57.6 | 63 | 5 | 7.9 | 169 | 129 | 76.3 |
| Sitka. | 446 | 249 | 55.8 | 225 | 114 | 50.7 | 221 | 135 | 61.1 | 113. | 2 | 17.7 | 330 | 22 | ${ }_{50} 8$ |
| Stikine. | 139 | 72 | 51.8 | 69 54 | 3 | 43.5 70.4 | 57 | 45 | 878.9 | 27 | 9 |  | 84 | 74 | 88.1 |
| Taku. | 111 | 80 | 74.8 46 | ${ }^{54}$ | ${ }_{27}$ | 41.5 | 64 | 33 | 51.6 | 39 | 8 |  | 90 | 52 | 57.8 |
| Tongas | 1211 | -60 | 76.8 | 96 | 76 | 79.2 | 115 | 86 | 74.8 | 52 | 20 | 38.5 | 159 | 142 | 89.3 |
| All other tribes. | 234 | 107 | 45.7 | 136 | 55 | 40.4 | 98 | 52 | 53.1 | 58 | 10 | 17.2 | 176 | 97 | 55.1 |
| TsTMSHIAN STO | 520 | 117 | 22.5 | 294 | 45 | 15.3 | 220 | 72 | 31.9 | 156 | 7 | 4.5 | 364 | 110 | 30.2 |
| Tsimshian. | 520 | 117 | 22.5 | 294 | 45 | 15.3 | 226 | 72 | 31.9 | 156 | 7 | 4.5 | 364 | 110 | 30.2 |

## INABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH.

Information as to ability to speak English was sought in the Federal census for the first time in 1890, but separate tabulation of Indians in this particular was not made until 1900. The inquiry at each census was limited to persons 10 years of age and over.
Inability to speak English, 1910 and 1900.-Table 94 shows, for the United States in 1910 and 1900 and for Alaska in 1910 only, the number and proportion of all Indians 10 years of age and over who were reported as unable to speak English, and separately for those 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over.

| Table 94$\begin{aligned} & \text { CENSUS YEAR AND } \\ & \text { EEX. } \end{aligned}$ | dndians 10 years of age and over. |  |  | indians 10 to 19 <br> yEARS OF AGE. |  |  | indians 20 years of age and over. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Total } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{array}$ | Unable to speak English. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Unable to speak English. |  | Total.num.ber. | Unable to speek English. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{array}$ | Per cent. |  | Num <br> ber. | Per cent. |
| United States: 1910: <br> Both sexes. ...... | 188,758 | 59,055 | 31.3 | 59,879 | 10,241 | 17. | 128,879 | 48,814 | 37.8 |
| Male | ${ }^{96}$, | 26,705 | 27.7 | 30, 811 | 5,011 | 16.3 | 65, | 21,694 | 33.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States: 1900: <br> Both sexes. | 171, 552 | 72,583 | 42.3 | 52,135 | 11,812 | 22.7 | 119, 417 | 60,771 | 50.9 |
| Male |  |  | 37.3 | 26,733 | 5,871 | 22.0 | 59,771 |  |  |
| Fema | 85,048 | 40,274 | 47.4 | 25,402 | 5,941 | 23.4 | 59, 846 | 34, 333 | 67.6 |
| Alabka: 1910: <br> Both sexes | 18,044 | 10,212 | 58.6 | 4,747 | 1,746 | 36.8 | 13, 297 | 8,466 | 63.7 |
| Male. <br> Female. | 9,300 | 4,620 | 49.7 | 2,491 | 817 | 32.8 | 6,809 | 3,803 | 55.9 |
|  | 8,744 | 5,592 | 64.0 | 2,256 | 929 | 41.2 | 6,488 | 4,663 | 71.9 |

Of the 188,758 Indians 10 years of age and over in the United States in 1910, as shown by Table 94,

59,055 , or 31.3 per cent, were reported as unable to speak English. In 1900 there were 72,583 Indians, or 42.3 per cent, who could not speak English, thus showing for the decade an absolute decrease in number of 13,528 and a difference in the proportion of 11 per cent. The table also shows that 35.1 per cent of the Indian females in 1910 were unable to speak English, as compared with 27.7 per cent for the Indian males. This difference, however, is rapidly being wiped out through the more general attendance upon the schools. For the age period 10 to 19 years the percentage for females in 1910 was only slightly larger than that for males, or 18 as against 16.3 per cent.

In Alaska there were 10,212 Indians who were unable to speak English, out of a total of 18,044 Indians 10 years of age and over in 1910, or 56.6 per cent, the proportion being much higher than that for the United States. For all Indian males 10 years of age and over in 1910 the percentage unable to speak English was 49.7, as compared with 64 per cent for all Indian females 10 years of age and over.

Inability to speak English, by states.-Table 98. (p. 236) shows, for the United States, by divisions and states, the number of Indian males and females. 10 years of age and over who were reported as unable to speak English at the censuses of 1910 and 1900. Table 95 shows, for 22 selected states, the number and proportion of Indian males and females 10 years. of age and over unable to speak English in 1910, as compared with 1900.

INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR 22 SELECTED STATES: 1910 AND 1900.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Table 95} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{indin males 10 Years of age and over: 1910.} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{indian females 10 years of AGE AND OVER: 1910.} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{indian males 10 years of age and over: 1900.} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{indian females 10 years of AGE AND over: 1900.} <br>
\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total number.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Unable to speak English.} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Total } \\
\text { number. }
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Unabie to speak English.} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total number.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Unable to speak English.} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total number.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Unable to speak English.} <br>
\hline \& \& Number. \& Per cent. \& \& Number. \& Per cent. \& \& Number. \& Per cent. \& \& Number. \& Per cent. <br>
\hline United States. \& 96, 582 \& 26,705 \& 27.7 \& 92,178 \& 32,350 \& 35.1 \& 86,504 \& 32,309 \& 37.3 \& 89,048 \& 40,274 \& 47.4 <br>
\hline Arizona \& 10,625 \& 6,594 \& 62.1 \& 9, 863 \& 7,132 \& 72.3 \& 9,833 \& 7,375 \& 75.0 \& 9,479 \& 7,701 \& 81.2 <br>
\hline California \& 6,458 \& 711 \& 11.0 \& 8,148 \& 1,058 \& 17.2 \& 5,913 \& 1,131 \& 19.1 \& 5,886 \& 1,762 \& 29.8 <br>
\hline Colorado. \& ${ }^{609}$ \& 232 \& 38.1 \& 461 \& 252 \& 54.7 \& , 576 \& 341 \& 59.2 \& -526 \& 381 \& 72.4 <br>
\hline Idaho... \& 1,355 \& $\begin{array}{r}473 \\ 97 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ \& 34.9
8.7 \& 1,349 \& 607
75 \& $\begin{array}{r}45.0 \\ 9.2 \\ \hline 9.2\end{array}$ \& 1,545 \& $\begin{array}{r}832 \\ 65 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 63.9
6.0 \& 1,645 \& 1,224 \& 74.4
8.6.

8. <br>
\hline Michigan. \& 3,028 \& 445 \& 14.7 \& 2,674 \& 675 \& 25.2 \& 2,555 \& 328 \& 12.8 \& 2,239 \& 763 \& 34.1 <br>
\hline Minnesota. \& 3,290 \& 729 \& 22.2 \& 3,218 \& 1,014 \& 31.5 \& 3, 114 \& 1,389 \& 44.0 \& 3,228 \& 2,008 \& 822 <br>
\hline Mississippi. \& 470 \& 118 \& 25.1 \& 391 \& 148 \& 37.3 \& 802 \& 85 \& 8.1 \& 748 \& 158 \& 21.1 <br>
\hline Montana.. \& 3,978 \& 1,588 \& 39.9 \& 3,961 \& 1,908 \& 48.2 \& 4,133 \& 2, 234 \& 54.1 \& 4,177 \& 2,764 \& 66.2 <br>
\hline Nebraska. \& 1,317 \& 201 \& 15.3 \& 1,283 \& 386 \& 30.1 \& 1,270 \& 232 \& 18.3 \& 1,205 \& 402 \& 33.4 <br>
\hline Nevada. \& 2,120 \& 330 \& 15. 6 \& 2,070 \& 519 \& 25.1 \& 2,112 \& 368 \& 17.4 \& 1,996 \& 546 \& 27.4. <br>
\hline New Mexico \& 7,240 \& 5,414 \& 74.8 \& 6,861 \& 5,562 \& 81.1 \& 4,971 \& 3,889 \& 78.2 \& 4,593 \& 3,934 \& 85.7 <br>
\hline New York. \& 2,359 \& 174 \& 7.4 \& - 2,209 \& 285 \& 12.9 \& 2,053 \& 120 \& 5.8 \& 1,839 \& 311 \& 18.9 <br>
\hline North Carolina. \& 2,698 \& 220 \& 8.2 \& 2,826 \& 219 \& 8.3 \& 1,960 \& 256 \& 13.1 \& 2,056 \& 328 \& 18.0 <br>
\hline Nortb Dakota \& 2,366 \& 941 \& 39.8 \& 2,288 \& 1,110 \& 48. 5 \& 2, 534 \& 1,234 \& 48.7 \& 2,494 \& 1,436 \& 57.8 <br>
\hline Oklahoma. \& 24, 580 \& 3,457 \& 14.1 \& 24,306 \& 4,523 \& 18.6 \& 21,728 \& 5,042 \& 23.2 \& 22,039 \& 6,387 \& 28.9 <br>
\hline Oregon.. \& 1,954 \& 213 \& 10.9 \& 1,950 \& ${ }^{466}$ \& 23.9 \& 1, 814 \& , 446 \& 24.8 \& 1,923 \& 788 \& 39.9 <br>
\hline South Dakota \& 7,166 \& 2,422 \& 33.8 \& 7,179 \& 3,327 \& 46.3 \& 7,080 \& 3,445 \& 48.7 \& 7,871 \& 4,651 \& 60.8 <br>
\hline Utab. \& 1,232 \& 747 \& 60.8 \& 1,058 \& 789 \& 72.7 \& \& 755 \& 70.4 \& 939 \& 738 \& 78.8 <br>
\hline Wasbington \& 4,066 \& 668 \& 16.4 \& 4,035 \& 1,086 \& 26.9 \& 3,721 \& 1,370 \& 36. 8 \& 3,854 \& 1,966 \& 51.0 <br>
\hline W isconsin. \& 3,866 \& 443 \& 11.5 \& 3,500 \& 756 \& 21.6 \& 3,224 \& 831 \& 25.8 \& 2,945 \& 1,283 \& 43.8 <br>
\hline W yoming. \& 575 \& 197 \& 34.3 \& 523 \& 253 \& 48.4 \& 809 \& 383 \& 59.6 \& 591 \& 424 \& 71.7 <br>
\hline Total for 22 states. \& 92,463 \& 26,414 \& 28.6 \& \& 32,128 \& 38.2 \& \& \& 38.4 \& 82,737 \& 39,982 \& 48.3 <br>
\hline All other states.. \& 4,119 \& 291 \& 7.1 \& 3,408 \& 222 \& B. 5 \& 2,988 \& 228 \& 7.7 \& 2,311 \& 312 \& 13.5 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Of the 22 selected states, as shown by Table 95, New Mexico had in 1910 the largest proportion of Indians who were unable to speak English, representing 74.8 per cent of all the Indian males 10 years of age and over and 81.1 per cent of all the Indian females of that age. Arizona and Utah also showed large proportions in 1910, representing in the case of males more than three-fifths and in the case of females more than seventenths of the entire number 10 years of age and over. The staallest proportions of Indians in 1910 who could
not speak English are shown for New York, North Carolina, and Kansas, for which, except in the case of females for New York, less than 10 per cent were so reported. With few exceptions the proportions unable to speak English in 1910 were much less than in 1900.

Table 96 shows, for the 22 selected states, the number and proportion of Indian males and females 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, respectively, unable to speak English, as reported at the census of 1910 .

INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR 22 SELECTED STATES: 1910.

| Table 96. | indlan males: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  | ndian femates: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - 10 to 19 years of age. |  |  | 20 years of age and over. |  |  | 10 to 19 years of age. |  |  | 20 years of age and over. |  |  |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number. } \end{gathered}$ | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number. } \end{gathered}$ | Unable to speak English. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |
| United States. | 30,811 | 5,011 | 16.3 | 65,771 | 21,694 | 33.0 | 29,068 | 5,230 | 18.0 | 63,108 | 27, 120 | 43.0 |
| Arizona. | 3,534 | 1,633 | 46.2 | 7,091 | 4,961 | 70.0 | 3,142 | 1,682 | 53.5 | 6,721 | 6,450 | 81.1 |
| Colorado. | 1,804 | 62 46 | 17.4 | 4,645 | 648 186 | 13.9 53.9 | 1,751 | 82 43 | 4.7 26.7 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 397 \\ 300 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 209 | 69.7 |
| Ideho.. | 288 | 34 | 11.8 | 1,067 | 439 | 41.1 | 287 | 26 | 9.1 | 1,062 | 581 | 54.7 |
| Kansas. | 450 | B | 1.3 | 661 | 91 | 13.8 | 411 | 7 | 1.7 | 404 | 68 | 16.8 |
| Michigan.. | 825 | 118 | 14.3 | 2,203 | 327 | 14.8 | 782 | 96 | 12.3 | 1,892 | 579 | 30.6 |
| Minnesota. | 1,123 | 123 | 11.0 | 2,167 | 606 | 28.0 | 989 | 100 | 10.1 | 2,229 | 914 | ${ }^{41.0}$ |
| Mississippi. | 1155 | ${ }^{41}$ | ${ }_{17}^{26.5}$ | +315 | 77 1,397 | 24.4 48.9 | 125 1,069 | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ 189 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 40.0 17 | -2686 | 9196 1,719 | 36.1 59.4 |
| Nebraska. | 442 | 25 | 5.7 | . 875 | , 176 | 20.1 | ${ }^{1} 430$ | 31 | 7.2 | 853 | 355 | 41.6 |
| Nevada. | 518 | 62 | 12.0 | 1,602 | 268 | 16.7 | 486 | 73 | 15.0 | 1,584 | 446 | 28.2 |
| New Mexico. | 2,206 | 1,314 | 59.6 | 5,034 | 4,100 | 81.4 | 2,156 | 1,403 | 66.1 | 4,705 | 4,159 | 88.4 |
| New York. | 602 | $2{ }^{26}$ | 4.3 | 1,757 | 148 | 8.4 | $\stackrel{657}{87}$ | 28 | 4.3 | - 1,552 | ${ }_{203}^{257}$ | 16.6 |
| North Carolina. | 915 | 23 | 2.5 | 1,783 | 197 | 11.0 | 874 | 16 | 1.8 | - 1,752 | 203 | 11.6 |
| North Dakota. | 776 | 156 | 20.1 | 1,590 | 785 | 49.4 | 763 | 180 | 23.6 | 1,525 | 930 | ${ }^{61.0}$ |
| Oklahoma..... | 8,997 | 660 | 7.3 | 15,583 | 2,797 | 17.9 | 8,740 | 724 |  | 15,566 | 3,799 | 24.4 |
| Oregon....... South Daiota | 665 1,962 | 6 144 | 0.9 7.3 | 1,289 5,204 | 207 2,278 | 16.1 43.8 | 576 1,809 | 8 157 | 1.4 | 1,374 5,370 | 458 3,170 | 33.3 59.0 |
| Utah. | 306 | 171 | 55.9 | 926 | 576 | 62.2 | 268 | 152 | 56.7 | 790 | 617 | 78.1 |
| Washington. | 1,126 | 48 | 4.3 | 2,940 | 620 | 21.1 | 1,033 | 49 | 4.7 | 3,002 | 1,037 | 34.5 |
| Wisconsin. | 1,177 | 65 | 5.5 3.5 | 2,689 | 378 192 | 14.1 44.4 | 1,140 | $\begin{array}{r}59 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5.2 5.9 | 2,360 | 697 245 | 29.5 63.3 |
| Wyoming. | 143 | 5 | 3.5 | 432 | 192 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63.3 |
| All $\begin{gathered}\text { Total for } 22 \text { states. }\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 29,397 \\ 1,414 \end{gathered}$ | 4,959 52 | 16.9 3.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 63,066 \\ 2,705 \end{array}$ | 21,455 239 | 34.0 8.8 | 27,785 1,283 | 5,163 | 18.6 5.2 | 60,983 2,125 | 26,965 155 | 44.2 7.3 |

New Mexico, Arizona, and Utah had, for both males and females in 1910, the largest proportions of Indians 20 years of age and over unable to speak English, representing between 60 and 85 per cent for the males and between 75 and 90 per cent for the females. These same states also had the largest proportions of Indians 10 to 19 years of age who could not speak English, but the percentages, although high, were considerably lower than those for the older Indians. New York, North Carolina, and Kansas had the smallest proportions of Indians 20 years of age and over unable to speak English, while for the Indians 10 to 19 years of age the smallest proportions in 1910 were those for Oregon, Kansas, and North Carolina. The great difference between the proportions for the older and the younger Indians, and the relatively small number of the younger generation entirely without knowledge of the English language, is a hopeful sign,
but it should not be forgotten that in thousands of cases the ability to speak English is very limited.

Inability to speak English, by stocks and tribes.Table 99 ( p .237 ) shows for 1910, by stocks, principal tribes, and principal states the number of Indian males and females 10 years of age and over unable to speak English, classified by two age groups, while Table 100 (p. 244) shows, for each principal stock, by principal tribes and by principal states, the number and proportion unable to speak English among all Indians 10 years of age and over, by sex, and among those 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, respectively. Table 97 , which follows, gives a summary of these statistics for each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910. The proportions of Indians 10 to 19 years of age and 20 years of age and over, in each principal tribe, who were unable to speak English, are also shown graphically in the diagram on page 235.

INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, BY PRINCIPAL STOCKS: 1910.

| Table 97 <br> втоск. | indian males: 1010. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | indian females: 1910. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 years of age and over. |  |  | 10 to 19 years of age. |  |  | 20 years of age and over. |  |  | 10 years of age and over. |  |  | 10 to 19 years of age. |  |  | 20 years of ago and over. |  |  |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total num. ber. | Unablo to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable <br> to speak English. |  | Totel number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Una } \\ & \text { to sp } \\ & \text { Engl } \end{aligned}$ |  | Total number. | Unable to apeak English. |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { ber. }}{\text { Num- }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES.

| Algonquian. | 15,486 | 3,306 | 21.3 | 4,898 | 503 | 10.3 | 10,588 | 2,803 | 26.5 | 14,386 | 4,410 | 30.7 | 4,556 | 481 | 10.6 | 9.830 | 3, 829 | 40.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athapaskan. | 10,252 | 7,549 | 73.6 | 3,602 | 2,369 | $6{ }^{6} .8$ | 6,650 | 5,180 | 77.0 | 10,208 | 8,242 | 80.7 | 3,382 | 2,500 | 73.9 | 8, 528 | 5,742 | 84.1 |
| Caddoan. | 673 | 154 | 22.9 | 218 | 5 | 2.3 | 455 | 149 | 32.7 | 681 | 187 | 24.5 | 228 | - | 2.6 | 453 | 161 | 35.5 |
| Chimakuan | 113 | 41 | 38.3 | 35 | 3 |  | 78 | 38 | 48.7 | 115 | ${ }^{8} 3$ | 54.8 | 19 |  |  | -98 | 63 | 05.6 |
| Chinookan.. | 353 | 34 | 9.6 | 111 | 2 | 1.8 | 242 | 32 | 13.2 | 323 | 80 | 24.8 | 80 | 3 | 3.8 | 243 | 77 | 31.7 |
| Croatan.. | 1,954 |  |  | 684 |  |  | 1,270 |  |  | 1,989 |  |  | 687 |  |  | 1,302 |  |  |
| Iroquoian | 13,490 | 1,441 | 10.7 | 4,868 | 308 | 8.3 | 8,622 | 1,133 | 13.1 | 12,711 | 1,680 | 13.2 | 4,695 | 282 | 6.2 | 8,018 | 1,388 | 17.3 |
| Karok | 275 |  | 8.7 | 81 | 3 | 3.7 | 194 | 21 | 10.8 | 1280 |  | 13.9 | 78 | 2 | 2.6 | 202 | 37 | 18.3 |
| Keresan | 1,593 | 1,041 | 65.3 | 458 | 169 | 36.9 | 1,135 | 872 | 76.8 | 1,361 | 1,029 | 75.6 | 405 | 182 | 44.9 | 958 | 847 | 88.6 |
| Kiowan | 361 | 106 | 29.4 | 130 | 7 | 5.4 | 231 | 99 | 42.9 | 389 | 174 | 44.7 | 128 | 8 | 6.3 | 261 | 186 | 63.6 |
| Kutenaian. | 210 | 37 | 17.6 | 56 | 7 | 12.5 | 154 | 30 | 19.5 | 185 | 37 | 20.0 | 47 | 3 |  | 138 | 34 | 24.8 |
| Lutuamian. | 347 | 44 | 12.7 | 97 |  |  | 250 | 44 | 17.6 | 380 | 98 | 25.3 | 95 |  |  | 285 | 98 | 33.7 |
| Maidu. | 421 | 2 | 0.5 | 111 |  |  | 310 | 2 | 0.8 | 389 | 14 | 3.8 | 121 |  |  | 268 | 14 | 5.2 |
| Miwok. | 254 |  | 3.5 | 65 |  |  | 189 | 9 | 4.8 | 276 | 16 | 5.8 | 79 |  |  | 197 | 16 | 8.1 |
| Muskhogean | 9,608 | 1,867 | 19.4 | 3,465 | 424 | 12.2 | 6,143 | 1,443 | 23.5 | 9,349 | 2,500 | 28.7 | 3,302 | 517 | 15.7 | 6,047 | 1,983 | 32.8 |
| Piman. | 3,234 | 1,848 | 57.1 | 1,049 | 309 | 29.5 | 2,185 | 1,539 | 70.4 | 2, 915 | 1,902 | 65.2 | 903 | 278 | 30.8 | 2,012 | 1,824 | 80.7 |
| Pomo. | 465 |  | 1.1 | 102 | 1 | 1.0 | 363 |  | 1.1 | 454 | 22 | 4.8 | 114 |  |  | 340 | 22 | 8.5 |
| Salishan | 2,993 | 386 | 12.9 | 893 | 26 | 2.9 | 2,100 | 360 | 17.1 | 2,766 | 588 | 21.3 | 761 | 28 | 3.7 | 2,005 | 560 | 27.9 |
| Shahaptian. | 1,567 | 378 | 24.1 | 348 | 26 | 7.5 | 1,219 | 352 | 28.9 | 1,805 | 720 | 38.9 | 404 | 34 | 8.4 | 1,401 | 686 | 49.0 |
| Shastan. | 595 | 46 | 7.7 | 178 | 10 | 5.6 | 417 | 36 | 8.6 | 631 | 88 | 10.8 | 215 | 17 | 7.9 | 416 | 51 | 12.3 |
| Shoshonea | B,645 | 2,237 | 33.7 | 1,758 | 249 | 14.2 | 4,887 | 1,988 | 40.7 | 6,249 | 2,733 | 43.7 | 1,556 | 235 | 15.1 | 4,693 | 2,498 | 53.2 |
| Siouan. | 12,350 | 3,733 | 30.2 | 3,538 | 245 | 6.9 | 8,812 | 3,488 | 39.6 | 12,248 | 5,230 | 42.7 | 3,334 | 285 | 8.5 | 8, 914 | 4,940 | 65.6 |
| Tanoan. | 1,268 | 671 | 52.9 | 299 | 88 | 22.7 | 969 | 603 | 62.2 | 1,080 | 828 | 58.1 | 298 | 61 | 20.5 | 782 | 567 | 72.5 |
| Waiilatpuan | 118 | 26 | 22.0 | 36 | 1 |  | 82 | 25 | 30.5 | 129 | 51 | 39.5 | 32 |  |  | 97 | 51 | 52.6 |
| Wakashan | 142 | 44 | 31.0 | 31 |  |  | 111 | 44 | 39.8 | 137 | 58 | 42.3 | 30 | 1 |  | 101 | 67 | 58.4 |
| Washoan. | 334 | 19 | 5.7 | 76 | 1 | 1.3 | 258 | 18 | 7.0 | 316 | 20 | 6. 3 | 66 | 2 | 3.0 | 250 | 18 | 7.2 |
| Wintun. | 297 | 14 | 4.7 | 80 |  |  | 217 | 14 | 6.5 | 248 | 14 | 5.6 | 66 | 2 | 3.0 | 182 | 12 | 8. 6 |
| Yokuts. | 218 | 9 | 4.1 | 56 | 2 | 3.6 | 162 | 7 | 4.3 | 189 | 31 | 18.4 | 51 | 4 | 7.8 | 138 | 27 | 19.6 |
| Yuman | 1,806 | 573 | 31.7 | 485 | 56 | 11.3 | 1,311 | 517 | 39.4 | 1,484 | 656 | 44.2 | 401 | 56 | 14.0 | 1,083 | 600 | 55.4 |
| Yurok. | 249 | 25 | 10.0 | 72 | 2 | 2.8 | 177 | 23 | 13.0 | 258 | 56 | 21.9 | 62 | 3 | 4.8 | 194 | 53 | 27.3 |
| Zunian | 631 | 505 | 80.0 | 129 | 63 | 48.8 | 502 | 442 | 88.0 | 571 | 474 | 83.0 | 151 | 82 | 54.3 | 420 | 382 | 93.3 |
| AT,ASEA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Athapaskan. | 1,507 | 565 | 37.5 | 400 | 109 | 27.3 | 1,107 | 456 | 41.2 | 1,379 | 743 | 53.9 | 385 | 147 | 40.3 | 1,014 | 596 | 63.8 |
| Eskimauan.. | 6,147 | 3,392 | 65.9 | 1,342 | 646 | 48.1 | 3,805 | 2,746 | 72.2 | 4,817 | 3,742 | 77.7 | 1,175 | 662 | 56.3 | 3,642 | 3,080 | 84.6 |
| Maidan | 198 | 23 | 11.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 835 | 20.5 | $\stackrel{52}{ }$ |  |  | 119 | 35 | 29,4 |
| Tlingit | 1,634 | 509 30 | 31.2 10.2 | 400 97 | 36 5 | 9.0 5.2 | 1,234 197 | 473 25 | ${ }^{38.3}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,606 \\ \hline 226\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{834}{64}$ | 51.9 | 408 | 81 | 20.0 | 1,200 | 753 | 62.8 |
| Tsimshian | 294 | 30 | 10.2 | 97 | 5 | 5.2 | 197 | 25 | 12.7 | 226 | 64 | 28.3 | 59 | 4 | 6.8 | 167 | 60 | 35.8 |

The proportion of Indian adults unable to speak English, as shown by Table 97, was very large for five principal stocks, in the United States, namely, Athapaskan, Keresan, Piman, Tanoan, and Zumian. For the Zunian stock in 1910, 88 per cent of the adult males and 93.3 per cent of the adult females were unable to speak English, and for the other four stocks the percentages ranged from 62.2 to 77.9 for the males and from 72.5 to 88.6 for the females. These five stocks also showed the largest proportions of Indians 10 to 19 years of age unable to speak English, the percentages being more than 20 in each case. For the Athapaskans, who had the largest proportions, the percentage was 65.8 in the case of males and 73.9 in
the case of females. Among the Croatans, and in several of the smaller stocks, all the Indians 10 to 19 years of age were reported as able to speak English, and for the Croatans this was true with respect to the Indians 20 years of age and over as well, and for a number of the other stocks the proportion was quite small, there being in many cases less than 10 males or females reported as unable to speak English.

Of the 13,702 Indians 10 years of age and over enumerated on the general population schedule and, therefore, without tribal designation, 895, or 6.5 per cent, were reported as unable to speak English. Of these, 301 were 10 to 19 years of age and 594 were 20 years of age and over.

PER CENT UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH AMONG INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE: 1910.
 AGE PERIODS, BY DIVISIONS AND STATES: 1910 AND 1900.


INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| stock, tribe, and state. | indian males 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  | indian females 10 years of A GE and over: 1910. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number. } \end{gathered}$ | Unable to speak English. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { number. } \end{aligned}$ | Unable to speak English. |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years of age. } \end{gathered}$ | 20 years of age and over. |  | Total. | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years of age. } \end{gathered}$ | 20 years of age and <br> ago and over. |

UNITED STATES.

| Algonquidn stock... | 15,486 | 3,306 | 503 | 2,803 | 14,386 | 4,410 | 481 | 3,929 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arapaho | 545 | 154 | 1 | 153 | 502 | 245 | 3 | 242 |
| Oklahoma | ${ }_{263}^{262}$ | 77 |  | 71 | ${ }_{241}^{255}$ | 1131 | 3 | 111 |
| Brotherton. | 70 |  |  |  | 62 |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin. | ${ }_{1}{ }^{66}$ |  |  |  | - ${ }^{58}$ | 691 | 50 | 641 |
| Cheyenne..... Montana. | 1, 178 | 291 | ${ }_{28}^{33}$ | 472 <br> 263 | 1,251 | 699 399 | 48 | ${ }_{351}^{641}$ |
| Oliahoma. | 595 | ${ }_{17}^{196}$ | ${ }_{1}^{4}$ | 192 16 | ${ }_{52} 81$ | ${ }_{2}^{22}$ |  | 270 19 |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { South Dakota }]{\text { Crickiol }}$ | - 48 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chippewa. | 7,552 | 1,692 | 272 | i,420 | 7,077 | 2,183 | 245 | 1,938 |
| Kansas |  |  |  | 1 | 12 |  |  |  |
| Michigan. | 1,513 2,992 | ${ }_{721}^{250}$ | 123 | 208 | 2,932 | ${ }_{993}$ | 100 | ${ }_{893}$ |
| Montana.. | 174 | 44 |  | 34 | 152 | 48 |  |  |
| North Dakota. | 1,049 | 455 | 66 | 389 | 955 | $4 i 6$ | 70 | 345 |
| Okiahoma.... | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania... | ${ }_{24}^{76}$ | 3 |  |  | 30 | 7 |  |  |
| Wisconsin... | 1,603 | 218 | 31 | 185 | 1,535 | 366 | ${ }_{1}^{22}$ | 344 |
| Cree Mo....... | 111 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| Washington | 29 312 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware...... | 290 |  |  | 4 | 308 |  | 1 | ${ }_{5}^{20}$ |
| Gros Ventres.. | 189 | 758 | 1 | ${ }_{74}^{75}$ | 185 | 88 | 2 | 84 |
| Kickapoo.... | 139 | 37 | 4 | 33 | 112 | 44. | 2 | ${ }_{42}^{42}$ |
| Kansas.... | ${ }_{43}^{95}$ | $\stackrel{12}{24}$ | 4 |  | 49 | 31 | 2 | 29 |
| Malecite... | 48 | ......... |  |  | 53 <br> 52 | 3 <br> 3 |  |  |
| Mashpee........ | 91 | .......... | ......... |  |  | . |  |  |
| Massachusetts |  |  |  |  |  | ii8 | 13 | 105 |
| Menominee. ${ }_{\text {Wisconsin }}$ | 537 | 88 | 11 |  | 431 | 116 | 13 | 103 |
| Miami | ${ }_{41}^{94}$ | 2 |  | 2 | 35 | 2 |  |  |
| Oriahoma... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ottawa. | 1,083 ${ }^{975}$ | 139 139 | ${ }_{26}^{26}$ | ${ }_{113}^{113}$ |  | ${ }_{256}^{256}$ | 21 | 235 |
| Oliciaioma. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin |  |  |  |  | 144 |  |  |  |
| Passamaquoddy | 162 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 143 <br> 1407 <br> 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1 | 5 |
| Penobscot..... | 120 | . |  |  | ${ }_{98}$ | 2 |  | 2 |
| Maine.... |  | i |  | - 1 | 43 |  | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Piegan....... | 810 786 | 417 | 123 | 294 | 773 | 447 |  |  |
| Potawatomi.. | ${ }_{3}^{968}$ | 111 | ${ }^{16}$ | 95 66 | 729 <br> 246 |  | ${ }_{7}^{16}$ |  |
| Kansas.... | 183 |  |  | 3 | 150 | 21 |  | 21 |
| Oklahoma. | ${ }_{106}^{292}$ | ${ }_{31}^{5}$ |  | 4 <br> 22 | 245 78 |  | ${ }_{6}$ | 36 |
| Wisconsin. | 106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sauk and Fox. | ${ }^{280}$ |  | 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | 8 | 17 |
| Yowa.... | 103 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma | 128 | 14 | 1 | 13 | 111 |  |  | ${ }_{81}^{21}$ |
| Shawnee...... | ${ }_{408}^{424}$ |  |  | 32 | 446 |  |  |  |
| Shinnecook (New Yorik). | 59 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{62}{187}$ |  |  |  |
| Stockbridges... | 188 |  |  |  | 170 | 1 |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 54 |  |  |  |
| Wampanoag......... | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Athapasian stock. | 10,252 | 7,549 | 2,369 | 5,180 | 10,208 | 8,242 | 2,500 | 5,742 |
| Atharanay sock |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apache...... | 1,618 | 881 31 | 152 | 729 31 | 1,628 | 1, ${ }_{40} 184$ | 145 1 |  |
| Or Oklahoma. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 234 |  |  |  | 246 |  |  |  |
| Jicarilla Apache ( ${ }^{\text {evow Mox }}$ | 252 | 174 | 12 |  | 234 56 |  |  | 15 |
| Klowra Apache ( Oklahoma) |  |  |  | 50 | 183 |  |  |  |
| Mescalero Apache.......... |  |  |  | 50 | 177 |  |  |  |
| Navajo.......... | 7,429 <br> 3 <br> 738 | 6,384 <br> 3,096 | 2,203 1,111 | 4,181 1,985 | $\begin{array}{r}7,368 \\ 3,694 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 1,189 | 2,048 |
| Arizona.-... | 3,285 | 2,942 | ${ }^{1} 991$ | 1,951 | $\begin{array}{r}3,327 \\ \hline 399\end{array}$ | 3,101 | 1,052 |  |
| Utah. | 360 153 15 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{3}{133}$ |  |  | ${ }_{15}^{15}$ |
| Rogue River. | 148 | ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2 1 1 | $\begin{array}{r}131 \\ 40 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 |  |  |
| Tolowa.... | ${ }_{41}^{44}$ | . $\quad 1$ |  | 1 | 40 |  |  |  |
| Calitornia. |  |  |  | 5 | 39 |  | -.......... | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ |
| Umpqua...... | 36 79 | 5 |  | 5 | $\stackrel{85}{85}$ |  |  | 3 3 |
| Wailati |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, OLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINOIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINOIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indlans in 1910.]

| Table 99-Continued. | indin males 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  | indin females 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | [10 <br> years of 19 | 20 years of age and over. |  | Total. | 10 to 19 years of age. | 20 years of sge and over. |



INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 99-Continued. |  | indian maies 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  | Indian females 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | * | Total | Unable to speak English. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number. } \end{gathered}$ | Unable to speak English. |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total. | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years of age. } \end{gathered}$ | 20 years of age and over. |  | Total. | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years of age } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20 \text { years of } \\ \text { age and } \end{gathered}$ over. |



INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, OLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINOIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Lndians in 1910.]

UNITED STATES-Continued.


INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910—Continued.
[This table shows each tribe hsving 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 99-Continued. | indlan males 10 years of age and aver: 1910. |  |  |  | indian females 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years of age. } \end{gathered}$ | 20 years of age and over. |  | Total. | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 10 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years of age } \end{array}\right.$ | 20 years of age and over. |



INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, OLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOOKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This tahle shows each tribe heving 100 or more Indians in 1910.]


INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, BY STOCKS, PRINCIPAL TRIBES, AND PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 99-Continued. | indlan males 10 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  | indun females 10 years of age and over: 1910. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  |  |
|  |  | Total. | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years of age. } \end{gathered}$ | 20 years of age and over. |  | Total. | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years of age. } \end{gathered}$ | 20 years of age and over. |

ALASKA.


INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910.
[This tabla shows each stock having 200 or mora Indians in 1910, and for each stock tha tribe heving 100 or more. Par cent not shown where hase is less than 50.$]$

| Table 100 <br> stock, tribe, and state. | andians 10 years of AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indlan males 10 years of age and over. |  |  | INDIAN FEMALES 10YEARS OF AGE AND OVEE. |  |  | indians 10 to 19 years of age. |  |  | indians 20 years of AOE AND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number | Unable to speak English. |  | Total numher. | Unabla to speak English. |  | Total num. ber. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total num. ber. | Unahle to speak English. |  |
|  |  | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Num- ber. | Per cent. |  | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES.


INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPEOTIVELY, UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910—Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910, and for each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less then 50.]

| Table 100-Continued. <br> emoce, tribe, and state. | INDLANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indian males 10 years of age and over. |  |  | indun females 10 Years of age and over. |  |  | INDLANS 10 TO 19 yEARS of age. |  |  | indians 20 years of age and over. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total <br> num. <br> ber. | Unable to speak English. |  | Tolal number. | Unahle to speak English. |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Chmaktan brock. | 228 | 104 | 45.6 | 113 | 41 | 36.3 | 115 | 63 | 54.8 | 54 | 3 | 5.6 | 174 | 101 | 68.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quileuto. | 193 | 84 | 43.5 | 95 | 33 | 34.7 | 98 | 51 | 52.0 | 45 | 3 |  | 148 | 81 | 54.7 |
| All other tribes | 35 | 20 |  | 18 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |  |  |
| state: <br> Washington. | 228 | 104 | 45.6 | 113 | 41 | 36.3 | 115 | 63 | 54.8 | 54 | 3 | 6.6 | 174 | 101 | 58.0 |
| Chinooran etock.. | 676 | 114 | 16.9 | 353 | 34 | 9.6 | 323 | 80 | 24.8 | 191 | 5 | 2.6 | 485 | 109 | 22.6 |
| Chinook. | - 224 | 8 | 3.6 | 123 | 1 | 0.8 | 101 | 7 | 6.9 | 75 |  |  | 149 | 8 | 5.4 |
| Wasco. | 184 | 47 | 25.5 | 95 | 12 | 12.6 | 89 | 35 | 39.3 | 49 | 2 |  | 135 | 45 | 33.3 |
| Wishram | 222 | 54 | 24.3 | 112 | 21 | 18.8 | 110 | 33 | 30.0 | 51 | 3 | 5.9 | 171 | 51 | 29.8 |
| Alf other tribes | 46 | 5 |  | 23 |  |  | 23 | 5 |  | 16 |  |  |  |  | ....... |
| State: | 268 | 46 | 17.2 | 139 | 10 | 7.2 | 129 | 36 | 27.9 | 96 |  |  | 172 | 46 | 26.7 |
| Washington | 391 | 68 | 17.4 | 202 | 24 | 11.9 | 189 | 44 | 23.3 | 92 | 5 | 5.4 | 299 | 63 | 21.1 |
| All other states. | 17 |  |  | . 12 |  |  | 5 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 14 | ..... | .... |
| Croatan oroup | 3,943 |  |  | 1,954 |  | ...... | 1,989 |  |  | 1,371 |  |  | 2,572 |  | ......... |
| Tribe: Croatan | 3,943 |  |  | 1,954 |  |  | 1,989 |  |  | 1,371 |  |  | 2,572 |  |  |
| State: North Carolina. | 3,943 |  |  | 1,954 |  |  | 1,989 |  |  | 1,371 |  |  | 2,572 |  |  |
| Iroqualan stock. | 26,201 | 3,121 | 11.9 | 13,490 | 1,441 | 10.7 | 12,711 | 1,680 | 13.2 | 9,563 | 600 | 6.3 | 16,638 | 2,521 | 15.2 |
| ribe: Cherokee. | 20,154 | 2,445 | 12.1 | 10,319 | 1,189 | 11.5 | 9,835 | 1,256 | 12.8 | 7,693 | 531 | 6.9 | 12, 461 | 1,914 | 15.4 |
| Mohawk | ${ }^{20,1291}$ | 2, 95 | 32.6 | ${ }^{136}$ |  | 18.4 | 155 | 70 | 45.2 | 78 | 8 | 10.3 | , 213 | $\begin{array}{r}87 \\ 185 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Onelda. | 1,739 | 198 | 11.4 | 930 | 77 | 8.3 | 809 | 121 | 15.0 | 471 | 13 | 2.8 | 1,268 | 185 | 14.6 |
| Onondaga | ${ }_{912}^{275}$ | -307 | $\underline{12.7}$ | 138 | 86 | $\begin{array}{r}17.2 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 137 <br> 413 | 121 | 1.5 29.3 | $\begin{array}{r}89 \\ 357 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35 | $\underline{9.8}$ | 555 | 172 | 31.0 |
| St. Regis | 2,155 | 167 | 22.7 | 1,109 | 86 | 1.2 5.6 | 1,046 | 105 | 10.0 | 624 | 10 | 1.6 | 1,531 | 157 | 10.3 |
| Tuscarora | -309 | 1 | 0.3 | 168 |  |  | 141 | 1 | 0.7 | 97 | 1 | 1.0 | 212 |  |  |
| Wyandot | 253 | 3 | 1.2 | 137 |  |  | 116 | 3 | 2.6 | 108 |  |  | 145 | 3 | 2.1 |
| All other tribes. | 113 | 2 | 1.8 | 54 | 1 | 1.9 | 59 | 1 | 1.7 | 46 | 1 |  | 67 | 1 | 1.6 |
| State: | 108 | 1 | 0.9 | 52 | 1 | 1.9 | 56 |  |  | 58 |  |  | 50 | 1 | 2.0 |
| New York | 3,678 | 453 | 12.3 | 1,905 | 169 | 8.9 | 1,773 | 284 | 16.0 | 1,060 |  | 5.1 | 2,618 | 399 | 15.2 |
| North Carolina | 986 | 421 | 42.7 | 541 | 210 | 38.8 | 445 | 211 | 47.4 | 7 255 | 507 | 9.8 | ${ }^{7} 781$ | 396 1,532 | 64.2 13.0 |
| Oklahome. | 19,237 | 2,039 | 10.6 1.3 | 9,780 | 979 4 | 10.0 1.7 | 9, 163 | 1,060 1 | 11.2 0.6 | 7,450 | 507 | 6.8 | 11,787 | 1,532 5 | 13.0 3.2 |
| Pennsylvania. | 395 |  |  | ${ }_{36}$ |  |  | 126 |  | 0.6 | 19 |  |  | 43 |  |  |
| Wisconsin... | 1,490 | 199 | 13.4 | 804 | $77^{\circ}$ | 9.6 | 686 | 122 | 17.8 | 393 | 13 | 3.3 | 1,097 | 186 | 17.0 |
| All other states. | 245 | , | 1.2 | 140 | 1 | 0.7 | 105 | 2 | 1.9 | 87 | 1 | 1.1 | 158 | 2 | 1.3 |
| Karox stoce | 555 | 63 | 11.4 | 275 | 24 | 8.7 | 280 | 39 | 13.9 | 159 | 5 | 3.1 | 396 | 58 | 14.6 |
| be: | 555 | 63 | 11.4 | 275 | 24 | 8.7 | 280 | 39 | 13.9 | 159 | 5 | 3.1 | 396 | 58 | 14.6 |
| State: California | 555 | 63 | 11.4 | 275 | 24 | 8.7 | 280 | 39 | 13.9 | 159 | 5 | 3.1 | 396 | 68 | 14.6 |
| Keresan btock | 2,954 | 2,070 | 70.1 | 1,693 | 1,041 | 65.3 | 1,361 | 1,029 | 75.6 | 863 | 351 | 40.7 | 2,091 | 1,719 | 82.2 |
| Tribe: |  |  |  |  |  | 76.7 | 261 |  | 85.8 | 149 | 83 | 55.7 | 369 | 338 | 91.6 |
| Acoma. | 183 | 106 | 87.9 | 103 | 52 | 50.5 | 80 | 54 | 67.5 | 49 | 10 |  | 134 | -96 | 71.6 |
| Laguns | 1,050 | 577 | 65.0 | 551 | 274 | 49.7 | 489 | 303 | 60.7 | 324 | 64 | 19.8 48.0 | 726 <br> 277 | $\begin{array}{r}513 \\ 235 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 70.7 84 |
| San Fellpe. | 379 | 284 | 74.9 | 227 | 158 | ${ }_{61}^{69} 6$ | 152 | 126 | 82.9 | 102 30 | 11 |  | 125 | 114 | 84.2 91.2 |
| Santa Ana. | 155 581 | 125 | 80.6 84.9 | 98 310 | 246 | 81.6 79.4 | 271 | 247 | 91.1 | 179 | 125 | 69.8 | 402 | 368 | 91.5 |
| Santo Domingo | 581 88 | 493 64 | 84.9 72.7 | 310 47 | 246 34 | 79.4 | 41 | 247 30 | 9.1 | 30 | 9 |  | 58 | 55 | 94.8 |
| State: |  |  | 70.6 |  | 1,041 | 66.1 |  | 1,028 | 75.9 | 844 | 351 | 41.6 | 2,086 | 1,718 | 82.4 |
| New Mexico... All other states | 2,930 24 | 2,069 | 70.6 | 1, 17 |  |  | 7 | 1 |  | 19 |  |  |  |  | ........ |
|  | 750 | 280 | 37.3 | 361 | 106 | 29.4 | 389 | 174 | 44.7 | 258 | 15 | 5.8 | 492 | 265 | 53.9 |
| Tribe: Kiowan erock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 258 | 15 | 5.8 | 488 | 265 | 53.9 |
| Klowa. | 750 | 280 | 37.3 | 361 | 106 | 29.4 | 389 |  |  | 208 |  |  |  |  |  |
| State: | 733 | 280 | 38.2 | 346 | 106 | 30.6 | 387 | 174 | 45.0 | 244 | 15 | 6.1 | 489 | 265 | 54.2 |
| All other states.. | 17 |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kutenailn emoc | 395 | 74 | 18.7 | 210 | 37 | 17.6 | 185 | 37 | 20.0 | 103 | 10 | 9.7 | 292 | 64 | 21.9 |
| Tribe: | 395 | 74 | 18.7 | 210 | 37 | 17.6 | 185 | 37 | 20.0 | 103 | 10 | 9.7 | 292 | 64 | 21.9 |
| State: |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | 42 | 10 |  | 9 |  |  | 69 | 13 | 18.8 |
| Idaho.... | 78 310 | 13 58 | 18.7 | 168 | 31 | 18.5 | 142 | 27 | 19.0 | 91 | 10 | 11.0 | 219 | 48 | 21.9 |
| Montana |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910, and for each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per oent not shown where base is less than 50. .]

| Table 100-Continued. <br> gtoce, tribe, and state. | indians 10 years of AOE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | modan males 10 years OF $\triangle$ GE AND OVEE. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDIAN FEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF AOE AND OVER. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | indians 10 to 19 years or AOE. |  |  | indians 20 years of AGE AND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total num. ber. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total num. ber. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unsble to speak English. |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber- } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES.AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910, and for each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 60 .]

| Table 100-Continued. <br> stock, tribe, and atate. | indians 10 years of AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | dndian males 10 years of AGE AND OVER. |  |  | indian females 10 fears of Age and over. |  |  | INDIANS 10 TO 19 tears OF AGE. |  |  | RNDANS 20 YEARS OF age and over. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Unable to speak English. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English |  | Total number. | Unsble to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Num- | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Sayusanan biock-Continued. <br> State: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Idaho........... | 308 | $13{ }^{3}$ | 1.0 | 168 | ${ }_{58}^{2}$ | 1.2 | 142 | 78 | 2.7 | 175 | 11 | 8.3 | 528 | 125 | 23.7 |
| Montana |  | 14 | 1.3 | 113 | 5 | 4.4 | 80 | 9 | 11.3 | 108 | 2 | 1.9 | 85 | 12 | 14.1 |
| Oregon. | $\begin{array}{r}193 \\ 4.514 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 820 | 7.3 18.2 | 2,342 | 320 | 13.7 | 2,172 | 500 | 23.0 | 1,272 | 41 | 3.2 | 3,242 | 779 | 24.0 |
| All other states... |  |  |  | 25 | 1 |  | 15 |  |  | 23 |  |  | 17 | 1 |  |
| Stahaptlan stock. | 3,372 | 1,098 | 32.6 | 1,567 | 378 | 24.1 | 1,805 | 720 | 39.9 | 752 | 60 | 8.0 | 2,620 | 1,038 | 39.6 |
| Kibe: ${ }_{\text {K }}$ likitat. | 325 | 95 | 29.2 | 148 | 30 | 20.3 | 177 | 65 | 36.7 | 73 | 6 | 8.2 | 252 | 89 | 35.3 |
| Nez Perces | 980 | 250 | 25.5 | 480 | 75 | 15.6 | 500 | 175 | 35.0 | 215 | 10 | 4.7 | 765 | 240 | 31.4 |
| Umatilla. | 217 | 110 | 50.7 | 94 | 38 | 40.4 | 123 | 72 | 58.5 | 35 | 3 |  | 182 | 107 | 58.8 |
| Wallawalla | 290 | 70 | 24.1 | 143 | 27 | 18.9 | 147 | 43 | 29.3 | 97 | 1 | 1.0 | 193 | 69 | 35.8 |
| Warm Springs. | 408 | 118 | 28.9 | 184 | 448 | 23.9 | 224 | 74 | 33.0 | 76 | 8 | 10.5 11.3 | 7332 | 110 351 | 33.1 44.0 |
| Yakima. | 1,028 | 377 | 36.7 | 463 | 136 | 29.4 | 565 | 241 | 72.5 | 25 | 8 |  | 99 | 72 | 44.0 72.7 |
| All other tribes. | 124 | 78 | 62.9 | 55 | 28 | 50.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State: Idaho | 840 | 200 | 23.8 | 398 | 55 | 13.8 | 442 | 145 | 32.8 | 173 | 8 | 4.8 | 867. | 192 | ' 28.8 |
| Montens | 54 | 8 | 11.1 | 24 | 1 |  | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 493 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5 188 | 38.1 | 218 | 11 | 5.0 | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 697 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 275 | 39.5 |
| Oregon.. | 915 1,625 | 288 605 | 31.3 39.7 | 422 692 | 228 | 23.2 32.2 | 493 833 | 188 | 38.1 45.9 | 325 | 41 | 12.8 | 1,200 | 564 | 47.0 |
| Washington... <br> All other states | 1,625 38 | 60 |  | 31 | 1 |  | 7 |  |  | 21 |  |  | 17 | 1 |  |
| Shastan etock. | 1,226 | 114 | 9.3 | 595 | 46 | 7.7 | 631 | 68 | 10.8 | 393 | 27 | 6.9 | 833 | 87 | 10.4 |
| Tribe: | 190 |  | 0.5 | 100 |  |  | 90 | 1 | 1.1 | 45 |  |  | 145 | 1. | 0.7 |
| Pit River. | 767 | 98 | 12.8 | 369 | 41 | 11.1 | 398 | 57 | 14.3 | 244 | 27 | 11.1 | 523 | 71 | 13.8 |
| Shasta.. | 269 | 15 | 5.6 | 126 | 5 | 4.0 | 143 | 10 | 7.0 | 104 |  |  | 185 | 15 | . 1 |
| Stats: |  |  |  |  |  | 8.1 | 551 | 64 | 11.6 | 323 | 27 | 8.4 | 744 |  | 10.8 |
| Oregon. | 1,067 | 108 | 4.9 | 71 | 3 | 4.2 | 71 | 4 | 5.8 | 59 |  |  | 83 | 7 | 8.4 |
| All other states | 17 | 1 |  | 8 | 1 |  | 9 |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shoshonean ato | 12,894 | 4,970 | 38.5 | B,645 | 2,297 | 33.7 | 8,249 | 2,733 | 43.7 | 3,314 | 484 | 14.8 | 9,580 | 4,486 | 46.8 |
| ribe: | 338 | 214 | 63.3 | 178 | 106 | 60.2 | 182 | 108 | 66.7 | 74 | 14 | 18.9 | 264 | 200 | 75.8 |
| Chemehue | 282 | 134 | 51.1 | 136 | 44 | 32.4 | 126 | 90 | 71.4 | 46 | 24 |  | 218 | 110 | 60.9 51.0 |
| Comanche. | 876 | 328 | 37.4 | 427 | 132 | 30.9 | 449 | ${ }_{344}$ | 43.7 55.0 | 4 | 19 | 4.6 | 1,004 | 695 | 69.2 |
| Hopl.. | 1,420 | 714 | 50.3 | 795 | 370 | 24.6 | 272 | 84 | 30.9 | 177 | 2 | 1.1 | 428 | 164 | 38.3 |
| Kawia | ${ }_{80} 60$ | 166 | 27.4 8.3 | 333 37 | 1 | 24.6 | 43 | ${ }_{4}$ | 30.9 | 28 |  |  | 52 | 5 | 9.6 |
| Kern River. |  | 235 | 21.8 <br>  <br> 1.8 | 37 501 | 67 | 13.7 | 589 | 168 | 28.5 | 292 | 25 | 8.8 | 798 | 210 | 28.3 |
| Mono. | 1,090 | 240 | 21.8 41.0 | 313 | 101 | 32.3 | 272 | 139 | 51.1 | 145 | 36 | 24.8 | 440 | 204 | 46.4 |
| Palu | 2,480 | 337 | 21.7 | 1,209 | 183 | 15.1 | 1,271 | 354 | 27.9 | 591 | 50 | 8.5 | 1,889 | 487 | 25.8 33 |
| Paviotso | , 389 | 89 | 22.9 | 203 | 33 | 16.3 | 188 | 56 | 30.1 | 138 | 4 | 2.9 | 251 | 85 | 33.9 40.9 |
| Serrano. | 91 | 27 | 29.7 | 49 | 12 |  | ${ }_{1} 42$ | 86 | 45.8 | 701 | 121 | 17.3 | 2,254 | 1,125 | 49.9 |
| Shoshoni | 2,955 | 1,246 | 42.2 | 1,515 | ${ }_{4} 589$ | 38.7 54 | 1,440 | 489 | 87.0 | 403 | 174 | 43.2 | 1,238 | 814 | 65.8 |
| Ute. | 1,641 82 | 988 47 | 60.2 57.3 | 410 | 421 |  | 42 | 28 |  | 22 | 3 |  | 60 | 44 | 73.3 |
| State: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.7 | 389 |  | 7.2 | 1,037 | 720 | 89.4 |
| Arizons. | 1, ${ }^{2} 726$ | 748 | 52.5 | 781 1,390 | 247 | 48.9 17.8 | 1,355 | ${ }_{417}$ | 30.8 | 814 | 51 | 8.3 | 1,931 | 813 | 31.7 |
| California | 2,745 | 864 | 24.2 77.0 | 1,263 | 193 | 73.4 | , 228 | 185 | 81.1 | 128 | 62 | 48.4 | 363 | 318 | 87.1 |
| Colorado | 1391 | 881 | 82.1 | 701 | 413 | 58.9 | 688 | 448 | 85.3 | 299 | 62 | 17.4 | 1,088 | 809. | 74.4 |
| Idaho.. | 1,387 | 815 | 23.4 | 1,735 | 312 | 18.0 | 1,742 | 503 | 28.9 | 830 | 125 | 15.1 | 2,647 | 690 | 28.1 |
| Nevada | 3,477 | 328 | 37.4 | 1,429 | 132 | 30.8 | ${ }^{448}$ | 196 | 43.8 | 251 | 12 | 4.8 | ${ }_{215}^{628}$ | ${ }_{87} 16$ | 50.5 31.2 |
| Oregon | 266 | 67 | 25.2 | 130 | 19 | 14.8 | 136 693 | $\begin{array}{r}48 \\ 440 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35.3 63.5 | 356 | 136 | 38.2 | 1,168 | 710 | 80.8 |
| Utah. | 1,524 | 846 | 55.5 44.2 | ${ }_{287} 88$ | 119 | 48.9 41.5 | 693 254 | 120 | 63.2 47.2 | 131 | 10 | 7.8 | ${ }^{1} 110$ | 229 | 65.9 |
| Wroming | 541 | 24 | 15.0 | 98 | 14 | 14.3 | 62 | 10 | 16.1 | 65 | 8 | 12.3 | 95 | 16 | 18.8 |
| All other statas | 24,598 | 8,963 | 36.4 | 12,350 | 3,733 | 30.2 | 12,248 | 5,230 | 42.7 | 6,872 | 530 | 7.7 | 17,720 | 8,433 | 47.8 |
| Tribe: |  | 422 | 45.8 |  | 189 | 41.5 |  | 233 | 49.6 | 217 | 10 | 4.8 | 708 | 412 | 58.2 |
| Asslniboin. | ${ }_{7} 92$ | 422 | 45.6 | 45 |  |  | 36 |  |  | 30 |  |  | 48 1,052 |  |  |
| Catawba. | 1,402 | 723 | 51.8 | 702 | 345 | 49.1 | 700 | 378 | 54.0 44.6 | 350 154 | 10 | 2.9 -28.8 | 1,052 240 | 713 94 | 67.8 39.2 |
| Crow | 1,494 | 135 | 34.3 3 | 208 | 52 | 25.0 4.3 | 186 85 | 83 3 | 44.6 3.5 | 154 | 41 | 28.8 | 107 | 7 | 8.5 |
| Iows... | 179 | 7 | 3.9 0.7 | 94 <br> 88 | 4 | 4.3 | 80 50 | 1 | 2.0 | 54 |  |  | 84 | 10 | 1.2 |
| Kansa. | 138 | 77 | 47.5 | 84 | 33 | 39.3 | 78 | 44 | 56.4 | 47 | 1 |  | 115 | 78 | 86.1 |
| Mandan | 791 | 212 | 26.8 | 407 | 74 | 18.2 | 384 | 138 | 35.9 | 267 | 36 | 13.5 | 524 <br> 578 | 178 | 33.6 16.8 |
| Omaha | 898 | 111 | 12.4 | 485 | 54 | 11.6 | 433 | 57 | 13.2 | $\begin{array}{r}320 \\ 82 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 14 | 4.4 | 163 | 31 | 19.0 |
| Osage. | 245 | 31 | 12.7 | 135 | 16 56 | 11.9 | 110 | 80 | 13.8 23.8 | 230 | 1 | 0.4 | 413 | 135 | 32.7 |
| Poncs. | 643 | 136 | 21.2 | $\begin{array}{r}307 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 56 | 18.2 | 336 85 | ${ }_{6}$ | 23.8 5.9 | 80 |  | ........ | 89 | 5 | 5.8 |
| Quapaw | 1 1129 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 193 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.0 17.4 | 564 | 61 | -10.8 | 548 | 132 | 24.1 | 317 | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 1.9 | 795 | 187 | 23.6 |
| Eantee Sloux. | 1,712 | 121 | 15.3 | 449 | 47 | 10.5 | 341 | 74 | 21.7 | 262 | 8 | 3.1 | $\begin{array}{r}528 \\ 1,406 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 113 | 21.4 |
| sloux....... | 1,888 | 560 | 29.7 | 957 | 207 | 21.6 | 931 | ${ }_{2}^{353}$ | 37.9 | - 4882 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 233 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11.8 8.2 | 1,406 | 4,423 | 68.0 |
| Sisseton Sloux | 10,739 | 4,656 | 43.4 | 6,349 | 1,987 | 37.1 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,390 } \\ \hline 290\end{array}$ | 2,669 | 49.5 45.5 | 2,842 | 238 | 8.3 | 764 | 210 | 45.3 |
| Teton Srule Sioul | ${ }^{1} 591$ | ${ }^{4} 218$ | 36.9 | $\begin{array}{r}301 \\ 403 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -86 | 28.8 | 290 410 | 132 231 | 45.5 56.3 | 184 | 8 | 4.9 | 829 | 398 | 83.0 |
| Brule Hunkpepa Sioux | 813 | 405 | 49.8 61.3 | 403 150 | 174 77 | 43.2 51.3 | 168 | 118 | 70.2 | 68 | 17 | 25.0 | 250 | 178 | 71.2 51.7 |
| Minniconjou sioux | $\begin{array}{r}318 \\ 4,486 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 195 1,795 | 61.3 40.0 | 2,242 | 771 | 31.3 34.4 | 2,244 | 1,024 | 45.6 | 1,251 | 124 | 9.9 | 3,236 | 1,871 | 51.7 38.0 |
| Oglala Sioux... | 4,486 | $\begin{array}{r}1,795 \\ \hline 39\end{array}$ | 40.0 26.7 | 2, 24 | 13 | 16.9 | ${ }^{2} 69$ | 26 | 37.7 | 46 | 1 |  | 100 | 36 | 38.0 |
| Sans Are Sioux. | 146 | 143 | 38.4 | 191 | 63 | 33.0 | 181 | 80 | 44.2 | 78 | 8 | 7.7 | 294 | 187 | 48.8 |
| Sihasapa. | ${ }_{216}$ | 147 | 35.6 | 125 | 37 | 29.6 | 91 | 40 | 44.0 | - 53 | $\stackrel{3}{85}$ | 5.7 8.3 | 163 2,782 | 1,719 | 45.4 |
| Two Kettle Sioux | 3,797 | 1,784 | 47.0 | 1,860 | 768 | 41.2 | 1,937 | 1,018 | 52.8 40.5 | $\begin{array}{r}1,035 \\ \hline 416\end{array}$ | 85 25 | 8.3 | 2,990 | ${ }^{1,781}$ | 38.6 |
| Winner | 1,406 | ${ }^{1} 406$ | 28.9 | 714 | 126 | 17.6 35.8 | 889 | 390 | 47.0 | 400 | 38 | 9.5 | 1,183 | 822 | 52.8 |
| Yankton Sioux. | 1,583 | 660 | 41.7 48.3 | 754 488 | 2271 | 35.8 43.4 | 859 | 294 | 52.6 | 249 | 50 | 20.1 | 798 | 455 | 57.2 |
| Yanktonal Sloux | 1,045 | 505 | 48.3 | 488 8 | 1 |  | 6 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 10 | 2 |  |

INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STATES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910, and for each stock the triba having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

| Table 100-Continued. <br> BTOCE, TRIBE, AND ETATE. | INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVEE: 1910. |  |  | mndinn males 10 feabs OF $\triangle G E$ AND OVER. |  |  | INDIAN FEMALES 10YEARS OF AGE AND OVER. |  |  | indiang 10 to 19 yEarg or Ager. |  |  | INDIANS 20 YEARS OFAGE AND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total ber. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  |
|  |  | Num. ber. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |  | $\underset{\text { ver. }}{\substack{\text { Num- }}}$ | Por cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | $\underset{\text { Ner. }}{\substack{\text { Num- }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY SEX, AND INDIANS 10 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE AND 20 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, RESPECTIVELY, UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR EACH PRINCIPAL STOCK, BY PRINCIPAL TRIBES AND BY PRINCIPAL STẢTES: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each stock having 200 or more Indians in 1910, and for each stock the tribe having 100 or more. Per cent not shown where hase is less than 50.]

| Table 100-Continued. <br> stock, tribe, and atate. | indlans 10 yearg of AOE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indian males 10 yeabs of AgE AND OVER. |  |  | indian females 10 TEARS OF AGE AND OVER. |  |  | indlans 10 to 19 yEARS of Age. |  |  | indians 20 years of AGE AND OVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unable to speak English. |  | Total num ber. | Unahle to speak English. |  | Total num. ber. | Unahle to speak English. |  | Total number. | Unahle to speak English. |  |
|  |  | Num. | - Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | $\underset{\text { Num. }}{\substack{\text { Num. }}}$ | Per cent. |

## UNITED STATES-Continued.

| YUROK 9TOCK | 505 | 81 | 16.0 | 249 | 25 | 10.0 | 256 | 56 | 21.9 | 134 | 5 | 3.7 | 371 | 76 | 20.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trine: Weitspee | 505 | 81 | 16.0 | 249 | 25 | 10.0 | 256 | 56 | 21.9 | 134 | 5 | 3.7 | 371 | 76 | 20.5 |
| State: Califormia. | 505 | 81 | 16.0 | 249 | 25 | 10.0 | 256 | 56 | 21.9 | 134 | 5 | 3.7 | 371 | 78 | 20.5 |
| Zunian gtoci | 1,202 | 979 | 81.4 | 631 | 505 | 80.0 | 571 | 474 | 83.0 | 280 | 145 | 51.8 | 922 | 834 | 90.6 |
| Zuni. | 1,202 | 979 | 81.4 | 631 | 505 | 80.0 | 571 | 474 | 83.0 | 280 | 145 | 51.8 | 922 | 834 | 90.5 |
| State: ${ }_{\text {New M M }}$ | 1,198 | 978 | 81.6 | 629 | 505 | 80.3 |  | 473 | 83.1 |  | 145 | 52.2 | 920 | 833 | 90.5 |

ALASKA.

| Athapaskan stock. | 2,886 | 1,308 | 45.3 | 1,507 | 565 | 37.5 | 1,379 | 743 | 53.9 | 765 | 256 | 33.5 | 2,121 | 1,052 | 49.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ahtena. | 227 | 117 | 51.5 | 129 | 54 | 41.9 | 98 | 63 | 64.3 | 55 | 26 | 47.3 | 172 | 91 | 52.9 |
| Hankutehin. | 86 | 19 | 22.1 | 58 | ${ }_{29}^{11}$ | 19.0 | ${ }_{61}^{28}$ | 8 | 63. | 20 |  |  | ${ }_{101}^{66}$ | 19 | 28.8 |
| Kaiyuhkhotana | 125 | ${ }^{68}$ | ${ }_{54.4}^{54}$ | ${ }^{64}$ | 213 | 45.3 | ${ }^{61}$ | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 159 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 63.9 68.2 | 24 | 11 | 45.8 | 101 | $\stackrel{57}{520}$ | 56.4 |
| Knaiakhotana.. | 516 | 291 | $\begin{array}{r}56.4 \\ \hline 78.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 140 | 104 | 74. 74 | 136 | 159 | 68.2 78.7 | 165 80 | 53 | 45.8 66.3 | 198 | 158 | 60.9 80.6 |
| Kutchin....... | 150 | 119 | 79.3 | 84 | 58 | 69.0 | 66 | 61 | 92.4 | 47 | 39 |  | 103 | 80 | 77.7 |
| Tenankutchin. | 302 | 143 | 47.4 | 156 | 58 | 37.2 | 146 | 85 | 58.2 | 73 | 22 | 30.1 | 229 | 121 | 52.8 |
| Unakhotana. | 136 | 80 | 58.8 | 72 | 37 | 51.4 | 64 | 43 | 67.2 | 30 | 11 |  | 106 | 69 | 65.1 |
| All other tribes.. | 1,068 | 260 | 24.3 | 521 | 82 | 15.7 | 547 | 178 | 32.5 | 281 | 23 | 8.2 | 787 | 237 | 30.1 |
| Egmmadan etock. | 9,964 | 7,134 | 71.6 | 5,147 | 3,392 | 65.9 | 4,817 | 3,742 | 77.7 | 2,517 | 1,308 | 52.0 | 7,447 | 5,826 | 78.2 |
| Aleut. | 1,001 | 616 | 61.5 | 516 | 305 | 59.1 | 485 | 311 | 64.1 | 307 | 151 | 49.2 | 694 | 465 | 67.0 |
| Chnagmiut | 202 | 132 | 65.3 | 110 | 58 | 52.7 | ${ }_{92}^{92}$ | 74 | 80.4 | +45 |  | 87.6 | 157 |  | 80.3 |
| Ikogmiut. | 529 | 486 | 91.9 | 247 | 223 | 90.3 | $\stackrel{282}{65}$ | 263 64 | 983.3 | 105 | 19 | 87.6 | 106 | 106 | 100.0 |
| Kaialigmiut. | 127 | 125 | 98.4 40.5 | 82 | 30 | 37.4 | 88 | ${ }_{36}^{64}$ | 48.9 | 44 | 10 |  | 119 | 56 | 47.1 |
| Kaviagmiut. | 423 | 298 | 70.3 | 236 | 149 | 63.1 | 188 | 149 | 79.3 | 104 | 36 | 34.6 | 320 | 262 | 81.9 |
| Kinugumiut | 410 | 231 | 56.3 | 214 | 101 | 47.2 | 196 | 130 | 66.3 | 104 | 12 | 11.5 | 306 | 219 | 71:6 |
| Kusetrinmiut. | 90 | 28 | 31.1 | 56 | 22 | 39.3 | 34 | 6 |  | 24 | 3 |  | -66 | 25888 | 37.9 |
| Kuskovakmiut | 232 | 190 | 81.9 | 121 | 91 | 75.2 | 111 | 99 | 89.2 | 79 | 223 | 85.8 | 799 | 138 | ${ }_{96.5}^{90.5}$ |
| Kuskwogmiut. | 1,068 | ${ }_{219}^{994}$ | ${ }^{93.1}$ | 114 181 | 502 102 | 88.3 | 144 | 117 | 91.3 | 74 | 44 | 59.5 | 188 | 175 | 93.1 |
| Magemiut. | 262 407 | 219 168 | $\begin{array}{r}83.6 \\ 41.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 118 | 102 | 86.4 37.6 | 197 | 189 | 81.2 4.2 | 129 | 21 | 16.3 | 278 | 147 | 52.9 |
| Malemiut. | 224 | 172 | 76.8 | 130 | 94 | 72.3 | 94 | 78 | 83.0 | 45 | 25 |  | 179 | 147 | 82.1 |
| Nunatogmiut | 236 | 224 | 94.9 | 127 | 122 | 96.1 | 109 | 102 | 93.6 | 58 | 51 | 87.9 | 178 | 173 | 97.2 |
| Nunochogmiu | 107 | 102 | 95.3 | 42 | 41 |  | 65 | 61 | 93.8 | 17 | 17 |  | ${ }_{1}^{90}$ | $\begin{array}{r}85 \\ 132 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 94.4 820 |
| Selawigmiut. | 177 | 137 | 77.4 | -98 | 61 | 66.3 48.0 | 125 | 72 | 91.1 59.2 | 16 <br> 59 <br> 1 | 4 | 6.8 | 193 | 131 | 67.9 |
| Tikeramiut. | $\begin{array}{r}152 \\ 94 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}135 \\ 80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53. 8.1 | 120 | 39 | 48.0 78.0 | 144 | 41 |  | 19 | 10 |  | 75 | 70 | 93.3 |
| Ukivokmiut. | 274 | 152 | 55.5 | 126 | 54 | 42.9 | 148 | 98 | 66.2 | 65 | 22 | 33.8 | 209 | 130 | 62.2 |
| Utkisvinmiut | 86 | 64 | 74.4 | 43 | 29 |  | 43 | 35 |  | 15 |  |  | 71 | 63 | 88.7 |
| Utukamiut. | 91 | 74 | 81.3 | 46 | 35 |  | 45 | 89 |  | 50 | 5 | 10.0 | 176 | 129 | 96.0 73.3 |
| Yuit...... | ${ }_{2} 22613$ | - 134 | 59.3 71.0 | 1,383 | 868 | 62.8 | 1,230 | ${ }_{988}^{88}$ | 880.3 | 694 | 436 | 62.8 | 1,919 | 1,420 | 74.0 |
| Southern Eskimo | 2,613 66 | 1,856 | 71.0 67.4 | 1,383 341 | ${ }_{213}^{813}$ | 62.8 62.5 | 1,328 | 238 | 72.6 | 158 | 61 | 38.6 | 511 | 390 | 76.3 |
| All other tribes...... | 669 369 | 451 58 | 6.4 15.7 | 341 198 | 23 23 | 62.5 11.6 | 171 | 35 | 22.6 20.5 | 112 |  |  | 257 | 58 | 22.6 |
| Haida. | 369 | 58 | 15.7 | 198 | 23 | 11.6 | 171 | 35 | 20.5 | 112 |  |  | 257 | 58 | 22.6 |
| Tlingit stock. | 3,240 | 1,343 | 41.5 | 1,634 | 509 | 31.2 | 1,606 | 834 | 51.9 | 806 | 117 | 14.6 | 2,434 | 1,226 | 50.4 |
|  | 213 | 58 | 27.2 | 120 | 22 | 18.3 | 93 | 36 | 38.7 | 48 | 4 |  | 165 | 54 | 32.7 |
| Chilkat. | 536 | 238 | 44.4 | 270 | 97 | 35.9 | 266 | 141 | 53.0 | $\begin{array}{r}138 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 17.7 | 112 | 71 | 63.4 |
| Henya... | 146 | ${ }^{72}$ | 49.3 53.6 | 221 | 88 | 48.7 38.0 | 249 | 168 | 67.5 | 122 | 24 | 19.7 | 348 | 228 | 65.5 |
| Hune..... | 470 37 | 167 | 44.8 | 186 | 57 | 38.6 30.6 | 187 | 110 | 58.8 | 91 | 18 | 19.8 | 282 | 149 | 52.8 |
| Hutsnuwu | 232 | 95 | 40.9 | 114 | 41 | 36.0 | 118 | 54 | 45.8 | 63 | 2 | 3.2 | 169 | 93 | 55.0 |
| Kake. | 446 | 191 | 42.8 | 225 | 77 | 34.2 | 221 | 114 | 51.6 | 113 | 15 | 13.3 | 333 | 176 | 52.9 |
| Sitka.. | 139 | 48 | 34.5 | 69 | 18 | 26.1 | 70 | 30 | 42.9 | 29 | 4 |  | 110 | 44 | 40.0 |
| Taku.. | 111 | 38 | 34.2 | 54 | 9 | 16.7 | 57 | 29 | 50.9 | 27 | 2 |  | ${ }_{90} 8$ | 36 | 42.9 |
| Tongas. | 129 | 43 | 33.3 | 65 | 13 | 20.0 | 115 | 60 | 56.9 | 52 | 10 | 19.7 | 159 | 78 | 49.1 |
| Yakutat........ | 221 | $\stackrel{88}{58}$ | 41.7 22.6 | 136 | 25 | 18.4 | ${ }_{98}$ | 28 | 28.6 | 58 | 7 | 12.1 | 176 | 46 | 26.1 |
| All otber tribes......... | 234 520 | 58 94 | 2.6 18.1 | 294 | 30 | 10.2 | 226 | 64 | 28.3 | 156 | 9 | 5.8 | 364 | 85 | 23.4 |
| Talmshian. | 520 | 94 | 18.1 | 294 | 30 | 10.2 | 226 | 64 | 28.3 | 156 | 9 | 5.8 | 364 | 85 | 23.4 |

## OCCUPATIONS.

The inquiry with respect to occupations at the Thirteenth Census called for a statement as to the "trade or profession of, or particular kind of work done" by each person engaged in gainful labor, and also as to the "general nature of industry, business, or establishment" in which the person worked. The statistics of the occupations of Indians reported in this volume are limited to gainful workers 10 years of age and upward. The term "gainful workers," as used in the printed instructions to enumerators and in this report, includes all workers, except women doing housework in their own homes, without salary or wages, and having no other employment, and children working at home, merely on general household work, on chores, or at odd times on other work.

Sufficiency of the occupation returns.--In general, the occupations of the Indians were not so carefully returned by the enumerators as were the occupations of the whites. No doubt this was due largely to the greater difficulty of the task, but in some cases, possibly, it was due to the inefficiency or carelessness of the enumerators. In Alaska the enumeration was in the winter. In some of the outlying sparsely populated districts it was necessary to use as enumerators persons of very limited educational qualifications. Moreover, the Indian population of Alaska is in large part illiterate. Under these conditions enumeration was at best difficult. But, because of the fact that the Alaska Indians are mainly hunters, trappers, fishermen, and deer herders and keepers, there was little danger of the enumerators confusing occupations. However, some of these Indians may have been missed entirely, and probably others were returned as gainfully occupied when they should not have been. In editing the returns both for the United States proper and for Alaska the most improbable cases of Indians returned as gainfully occupied were rejected; but, notwithstanding this, it is probable that too many of the Indians are reported as gainful workers. This is certainly true in the case of particular tribes, where the proportion gainfully employed exceeds 60 per cent.

Number and proportion occupied.-Table 101 shows, for the United States and for Alaska, the number of Indians engaged in gainful occupations in comparison with the total Indian population and with the Indian population 10 years of age and over, for both sexes and for each sex separately, at the censuses of 1910 and 1900 , respectively.

| Table 101SEx and census tear. | Total number of Indians. | 10 years <br> of age <br> and over. | indians 10 years of age and over engaged in ganfyul occupations. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number. | Per cent of total lndians. | Per cent of Indians 10 years of age and over. |
| UNITED STATES. Both Sexes. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1910. | $\begin{aligned} & 265,683 \\ & 237,196 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 188,758 \\ & 171,552 \end{aligned}$ | 73,916 62,934 | 27.8 26.5 | 38.2 36.7 |
| 1910. | 135, 133 |  |  | 43.8 |  |
| 1900. | 119, 484 | 86,504 | 51,218 | 42.9 | 59.2 |
| 1910. | 130,550 | 92,176 |  | 11.3 | female. |
| 1900. | 117,712 | 85,048 | 11, 716 | 10.0 | 13.8 |
| ALASKA. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Both Sexes. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1910. | 25,331 | 18,044 | 8,124 | 32.1 | 45.0 |
| 1900 | 29,536 | 23,057 | 12,720 | 43.1 | 55.2 |
| 1910. | 12,995 | 9,300 | 7,367 | 56.7 |  |
| 1900. | 15,048 | 11, 717 | 9,521 | 63.3 | 81.3 |
| female. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1910. | 12,336 | 8,744 | ${ }^{757}$ | 6.1 | 8.7 |
|  | 14,486 | 11,340 | 3,199 | 22.1 | 28.2 |

- As shown by Table 101, there were 73,916 Indians 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations in the United States in 1910. The gainfully occupied Indians thus constituted 27.8 per cent of the total Indian population and 39.2 per cent of the Indian population 10 years of age and over. In the male Indian population the gainful workers numbered 59,206, which was 43.8 per cent of all male Indians and 61.3 per cent of the male Indians 10 years of age and over. In the female Indian population the gainful workers numbered 14,710, which was 11.3 per cent of all female Indians and 16 per cent of the female Indians 10 years of age and over.

Table 101 also shows that the proportion of the total Indian population engaged in gainful occupations increased from 26.5 per cent in 1900 to 27.8 per cent in 1910. For the male Indian population the proportion engaged in gainful occupations increased from 42.9 per cent in 1900 to 43.8 per cent in 1910, while for the female Indian population the proportion increased during the same period from 10 per cent to 11.3 per cent.

The proportion of the Indian population 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations increased from 36.7 per cent in 1900 to 39.2 per cent in 1910.

For the male Indian population 10 years of age and over the proportion gainfully occupied increased from 59.2 per cent in 1900 to 61.3 per cent in 1910, while for the female Indian population 10 years of age and over the proportion gainfully occupied increased from 13.8 per cent in 1900 to 16 per cent in 1910.

In Alaska the proportion of the total Indian population engaged in gainful occupations decreased from 43.1 per cent in 1900 to 32.1 per cent in 1910, while the proportion of the population 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations decreased from 55.2 per cent in 1900 to 45 per cent in 1910. This great decline was confined mainly to females, the proportion gainfully employed being 22.1 per cent in 1900, as compared with 6.1 per cent in 1910, for the total female Indian population, and 28.2 per cent in 1900, as compared with 8.7 per cent in 1910, for the female Indian population 10 years of age and over. This decline, moreover, was confined principally to a few occupations. The number of female Indians returned as fishermen, or fish curers and packers, decreased from 1,349 in 1900 to 298 in 1910; the number returned as hunters, trappers, or guides decreased from 1,271 in 1900 to 46 in 1910; and the number returned as basket makers decreased from 274 in 1900 to 93 in 1910. These decreases, amounting to 2,457 , more than equal the decrease from 1900 to 1910 in the number of female Indians gainfully employed in Alaska. It is impossible to determine from the figures to what extent these great decreases were real and to what extent they were apparent only and due to inaccuracies in enumeration at the two censuses; but a comparison with the statistics showing the proportion of the female Indians of the United States proper engaged in gainful occupations in 1900 and in 1910,
respectively (Table 101), indicates that the proportion reported for the female Indians of Alaska probably was too large for 1900 and too small for 1910.

Table 102 shows, for each of 22 selected states, the number and proportion of males and females 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations in 1910, while similar statistics are presented for each principal stock and tribe in the United States and Alaska in Table 103 (p. 253). The proportion of each sex engaged in gainful occupations in each principal tribe is also shown graphically in the diagram on page 252.

| Table 102State | INDIAN MALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LNDIAN PEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF AGE AND } \\ & \text { OYER: } 1910 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Engaged in gainful ocoupations. |  | Total num ber. | Engaged in gainful occupations. |  |
|  |  | Num- <br> ber. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent. |
| United States. | 96,582 | 69,206 | 61.3 | 92,176 | 14,710 | 16.0 |
| Árizona: | 10,625 | 7,008 | 66.0 | 9,863 | 3,169 | 32.1 |
| California | 6,458 | 4,418 | 68.4 | 6,148 | 1,351 | 22.0 |
| Colorado. | 609 | 206 | 33.8 | 461 | 28 | 6.1 |
| Idaho. | 1,365 | 752 | 55.6 | 1,349 | 52 | 3.9 |
| Kansas. | 1,111 | 465 | 41.9 | 815 | 47 | 5.8 |
| Michigan | 3,028 | 2,268 | 74.9 | 2,674 | 447 | 16.7 |
| Minnesota | 3,290 | 1,862 | 56.6 | 3,218 | 248 | 7.7 |
| Mississippi | 470 | ${ }^{414}$ | 88.1 | 391 | 190 | 43. 6 |
| Montana. | 3,978 | 2,110 | 63.0 | 3,961 | 138 | 3. 5 |
| Nebraska | 1,317 |  | 45.9 63.3 | 1,283 2,070 | 34 560 56 | 2.7 |
| Nevada. ${ }^{\text {New }}$ Mexico | 7,240 | 1,341 | 63.3 <br> 73.5 | 6,861 | 2,549 | 37.2 |
| New York. | 2,359 | 1,649 | 69.9 | 2,209 | 373 | 16. 9 |
| North Carolina | 2,698 | 2,379 | 88.2 | 2,626 | 1,219 | 46. 4 |
| North Dakota | 2,366 | 1,290 | 54.5 | 2,288 | 88 | 3.8 |
| Oklahoma. | 24,580 | 14, 177 | 57.7 | 24,306 | 1,750 | 7.2 |
| Oregon. | 1,954 | 991 | 50.7 | 1,950 | 135 | 6.9 |
| South Dako | 7, 1,268 1,23 | $\begin{array}{r}2,907 \\ \hline 777\end{array}$ | 40.6 63.1 | 7,179 1,058 | 181 | 2.5 30.1 |
| Washington | 4,066 | 2,346 | 57.7 | 4,035 | 350 | 8.7 |
| Wisconsin. | 3,866 | 2,543 | 65.8 | 3,500 | 331 | 9.5 |
| Wyoming. | 675 | 363 | 63.1 | 523 | 20 | 3.8 |
| Total for 22 states. | 92, 463 | 56,194 | 60.8 | 88,768 | 13, 578 | 15.3 |
| All other states | 4,119 | 3,012 | 73.1 | 3,408 | 1,132 | 33.2 |

CROATAN ONEIDA
ZUNI
MAIDU
ottawa
PAPAGO
MONO
navajo
Laguna
ST. REGIS
SHOSHONI
CHEROKEE
SHAWNEE
APACHE
SANTEE SIOUX
mohave
CHIPPEWA
CHOCTAW
SENECA
MENOMINEE
PIMA
CROW
SEMINOLE
HOPI
POTAWATOMI
CREEK
OMAHA
NEZ PERCES
CHICKASAW
YANKTONAI SIOUX
PAVIOTSO
CHEYENNE
ARAPAHO
YANKTON SIOUX
UTE
SISSETON SIOUX KIOWA COMANCHE PIEGAN .TETON SIOUX ASSINIBOIN winnebago OSAGE
YAKIMA

manes
$20] Z D$ remale

## NUMBER AND PROPORTION OF INDIANS OF EACH SEX 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER ENGAGED IN GAINFUL

 OCCUPATIONS, FOR PRINCIPAL STOCKS AND TRIBES: 1910.[This table shows each stock and tribe having 200 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 103 <br> stoce AND TRIBE. | indian males 10 years. OF $A G E$ AND OVER:1910 . |  |  | INDIAN FEMALES 10 <br> YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | STOCK AND TRIBE. | indian males 10 fears OF $\operatorname{AGE}$ AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indian females 10 TEARS OF AGE AND over: 1910. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Engaged in gainfui accupstions. |  | Total number. | Engaged in gainful occupations. |  |  | Totai number. | Engaged in gainfui occupations. |  | Total number. | Engaged in gainful occupations. |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Ner. }}{\substack{\text { Num- }}}$ | Per cent. |  | Number. | Per cent. |  |  | Numher. | Per cent. |  | Numher. | Por cent. |

UNITED STATES.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Algongulas stoce \& 16,486 \& 9,191 \& 59.4 \& 14,386 \& 1,267 \& 8.8 \& Kiowan atoce. \& 361 \& 153 \& 42.4 \& 389 \& 1 \& 0.3 \\
\hline Arapaho.. \& 545 \& 244 \& 44.8 \& 502 \& 18 \& 3.8 \& Klowa. \& 361 \& 153 \& 42.4 \& 389 \& 1 \& 0.3 \\
\hline Cheyenne. \& 1,176 \& \({ }_{4}^{579}\) \& 49.2 \& 1,251 \& 24 \& 1.9 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Chippewz. \& 7,552 \& 4, 666 \& 61.8 \& 7,077 \& 552 \& 7.8 \& \& \& \& \& 185 \& \& \\
\hline Cree...... \& 1168 \& 164 \& \(\begin{array}{r}66.3 \\ 52.6 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 1824 \& 11 \& 8.9
7.1 \& Kutenalan stock \& 210 \& 117 \& 55.7 \& 185 \& 12 \& 6.5 \\
\hline Gros Ventres \& 189 \& 50 \& 26.5 \& 187 \& 1 \& 0.5 \& Kutenai. \& 210 \& 117 \& 55.7 \& 185 \& 12 \& 6.5 \\
\hline Kickapoo. \& 139 \& 56 \& 40.3 \& 112 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
3 \\
5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 2.7 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Mashpee... \& 671 \& 345 \& 60.4 \& 458 \& 19 \& 4.1 \& Lutuaminy atocr \& 347 \& 221 \& 63.7 \& 380 \& 37 \& 9.7 \\
\hline Miami. \& 94 \& 63 \& 67.0 \& 77 \& 11 \& 14.3 \& LUtUAmian gtock. \& 347 \& 221 \& 63.7 \& 380 \& 37 \& 9.7 \\
\hline Ottawa. \& 1,083 \& 786 \& 72.8 \& 951 \& 176 \& 18. 5 \& Klamath. \& 249 \& 158 \& 63.5 \& 272 \& 24 \& 8.8 \\
\hline Passamaquoddy \& 166 \& 121 \& 72.9
75 \& 144 \& 61 \& 42.4 \& Modoc. \& 98 \& 63 \& 64.3 \& 108 \& 13 \& 12.0 \\
\hline Penobscot...... \& 124
810 \& -94 \& 75.8
40.0 \& 797 \& 68
50 \& 63.6
6.3 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Potawatomi. \& 968 \& 562 \& 56.1 \& 729 \& 42 \& 5.8 \& Maidu stock. \& 421 \& 308 \& 73.2 \& 389 \& 65 \& 16.7 \\
\hline Sauk and Fox \& 280 \& 132 \& 47.1 \& 241 \& 9
3 \& 3.7 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Shewnee...... \& \(\stackrel{424}{197}\) \& 132 \& 64.8
67.0 \& 487 \& 33
24 \& 12.8 \& Maidu. \& 421 \& 308 \& 73.2 \& 389 \& 65 \& 18.7 \\
\hline Stockbridges....... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Atmapaskan stock. \& 10,252 \& 6, 959 \& 67.9 \& 10,206 \& 4,775 \& 46.8 \& Miwor stock \& 254 \& 183 \& 72.0 \& 276 \& 35 \& 12.7 \\
\hline Apache. \& 1,754 \& 1,132 \& 64.5 \& 1,726 \& 165 \& 9.6 \& Miwok. \& 238 \& 172 \& 72.3 \& 267 \& 34 \& 12.7 \\
\hline Hupa......... \& 241
252 \& \(\begin{array}{r}147 \\ 157 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 61.0
62.3 \& 256
234 \& 16 \& 6.3 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Jicarilla Apache. \& 129 \& 157
98 \& 62.3
76.0 \& \(\begin{array}{r}234 \\ 183 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 3 \& 1.7 \& MUSkHogean stock \& 9,608 \& 5,656 \& 58.9 \& 9,349 \& 965 \& 10.3 \\
\hline Navajo.......... \& 7,429 \& 5,148 \& 69.3 \& 7,368 \& 4,564 \& 81.9 \& Alihamu \& 114 \& \& 75.4 \& 111 \& \& 22.5 \\
\hline Rogue River \& 153
79 \& 85
63 \& 55.6
67.1 \& \({ }^{133} 8\). \& 4 \& 4.7 \& Chickasaw \& 1,268 \& \({ }_{6} 638\) \& 50.3 \& 1,295 \& 80 \& 6.2 \\
\hline Wailaki.. \& 79 \& 63 \& \& \& 4 \& 4.7 \& Choctew. \& 5,202 \& 3,206 \& 61.6 \& 4,983 \& 588 \& 11.8 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Creekin..- \& 2,349
639 \& 1,328 \& 56.5
58.8 \& 2, 348
577 \& 228
43 \& 9.7
7.5 \\
\hline Caddoan stoce. \& 873 \& 278 \& 41.3 \& 681 \& 17 \& 2.5 \& Seminole \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Arikara. \& 163
161 \& 88
78 \& 54.0
47.2 \& 173 \& 3
7 \& 1.7
5.0 \& Piman stocx. \& 3,234 \& 2,126 \& 65.7 \& 2,915 \& 423 \& 14.6 \\
\hline Pawnee. \& 227 \& 86 \& 37.9 \& 246 \& 6 \& 2.4 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Wichita. \& 114 \& 25 \& 21.9 \& 115 \& - 1 \& 0.9 \& \({ }^{\text {Papago }}\) \& 1,631 \& 984
977 \& 69.9 \& 1,292 \& 350
69 \& 4.1 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Yaqui. \& \({ }^{1} 222\) \& 157 \& 70.7 \& \& \& \\
\hline Chmatuan stock \& 113 \& 71 \& 62.8 \& 115 \& 8 \& 7.0 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Quileute \& 95 \& 61 \& 64.2 \& 98 \& 8 \& 8.2 \& Ромо stock. \& 465 \& 339 \& 72.9 \& 454 \& 132 \& 29.1 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Pomo. \& 308 \& 228 \& 74.0 \& 298 \& 99 \& 33.2 \\
\hline Chinooran gtock \& 353 \& 200 \& 56.7 \& 323 \& 25 \& 7.7 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Chinook. \& 123 \& 80 \& 65.0 \& 101 \& \& 7.9 \& Salishan stock. \& 2,993 \& 1,587 \& 53.0 \& 2,766 \& 204 \& 7.4 \\
\hline Wasco. \& 95 \& 56 \& 56.9
43.8 \& 89
110 \& 8
9 \& 9.0
8.2 \& Chehalis. \& 114 \& 80 \& \& \& \& 9.4 \\
\hline Wishram. \& 112 \& 49 \& 43.8 \& \& \& \& Clallam. \& 144 \& 104 \& 72.2 \& 136 \& 6 \& 4.4 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Coeur diAleme. \& 116 \& 25 \& 21.6 \& 99 \& \& \\
\hline Croatan aroup \& 1,954 \& 1,761 \& 90.1 \& 1,989 \& 1,001 \& 50.3 \& Columbia \& 156 \& 65 \& 41.7. \& \({ }_{279}^{132}\) \& 18
22 \& 13.6
7.9 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 50.3 \& Frathead \& 177 \& 81 \& 45.8 \& 166 \& 5 \& 3.0 \\
\hline Croatan.. \& 1,954 \& 1,761 \& 90.1 \& 1,989 \& 1,001 \& \& Kalispel. \& 216 \& 111 \& 51.4 \& 214 \& 8 \& 3.7 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Lummi. \& 127 \& 62 \& 48.8 \& 96 \& 15 \& 1.0 \\
\hline Iroquolan atock \& 13,490 \& 8,907 \& 66.0 \& 12,711 \& 1,104 \& 8.7 \& Okinagan \& 118 \& 62
68 \& 60.2
55.1 \& 113 \& 12 \& 10.6 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Quinaielt. \& 107 \& 80 \& 74.8 \& 98 \& 9 \& 9.2 \\
\hline Cherokee. \& 10,319
136 \& 6,750

101 \& 60.4
74.3 \& ${ }^{9} \mathbf{1 5 5}$ \& 18 \& 11.6 \& Sanpoil. \& 87 \& 11 \& 12.6 \& 97 \& ${ }^{6}$ \& 6.2 <br>
\hline Mohawk. \& ${ }_{930}$ \& 703 \& 75.6 \& 809 \& 90 \& 11.1 \& Snohomish \& 251 \& 144
138 \& 57.4
55.0 \& 227 \& 18
21 \& 7.0 <br>
\hline Onondaga \& 138 \& 101 \& 73.2 \& ${ }_{413}^{137}$ \& 22 \& 16.1
9.2 \& Spokan. \& 118 \& 68 \& 57.6 \& 99 \& 11 \& 11.1 <br>
\hline St. Regis. \& 1 499 \& 340
871 \& 68.1
80.5 \& 1,046 \& 124 \& 11.9 \& Swinomish \& 134 \& 58 \& 43.3 \& 109 \& 3 \& 2.8 <br>
\hline 8eneca.... \& 1,109 \& 123 \& 72.8 \& 1,141 \& 19 \& 13.5 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wyandot... \& 137 \& 85 \& 62.0 \& 116 \& 10 \& 8.6 \& Shahaptian stock. \& 1,567 \& 729 \& 46.5 \& 1,805 \& 85 \& 4.7 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 7.1 \& \& \& \& 56.1 \& \& 17 \& 9.8 <br>
\hline Kaboz stock. \& 275 \& 177 \& 64.4 \& 280 \& 20 \& 7.1 \& Nez Perces. \& 480 \& 265 \& 55.2 \& 500 \& 21 \& 4.2 <br>
\hline Orieans.. \& 275 \& 177 \& 64.4 \& 280 \& 20 \& 7.1 \& Umatilia. \& 143 \& 4 \& 30.9
28.7 \& 147 \& 2 \& 1.4 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Warm Springs. \& 184 \& 126 \& 68.5 \& 224 \& ${ }_{23}^{13}$ \& 6.8
4.1 <br>
\hline Kereana gtock \& 1,593 \& 1,187 \& 74.5 \& 1,381 \& 192 \& 14.1 \& Yakima....... \& 463 \& 162 \& 35.0 \& 565 \& \& 4.1 <br>
\hline Acoma \& 257 \& 165 \& 64.2 \& 261 \& 82 \& 31.4
8.8 \& Stastan stock. \& 595 \& 414 \& 69.6 \& 631 \& 129 \& 20.4 <br>
\hline Cochiti. \& 103 \& 77 \& 74.8 \& 8 \& 21 \& 8.8 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Laguna. \& 551 \& 379 \& 88.8 \& 152 \& 88 \& 44.7 \& Hat Creek. \& 100 \& 75 \& 75.0 \& 90 \& 25 \& 27.8 <br>
\hline San Felipe \& 228 \& 18 \& 80.6 \& 57 \& 1 \& 1.8 \& Pit River \& 369
126 \& 262 \& 71.0
61.1 \& 143 \& ${ }_{23} 8$ \& 20.4
16.1 <br>
\hline Santa Ana \& 310 \& 265 \& 85.5 \& 271 \& 10 \& 3.7 \& Shasta. \& 12 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

NUMBER AND PROPORTION OF INDIANS OF EACH SEX 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER ENGAGED IN GAINFUL OCCUPATIONS, FOR PRINOIPAL STOCKS AND TRIBES: 1910-Continued.

| Table 103-Continqed. <br> stock and tribe. | indian males 10 Years OF AOE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indian females 10 fears of age and over: 1910. |  |  | gTock and tribe. | indun males 10 years OF AGE AND OVER: 1910. |  |  | indian females 10 <br> pears of age and over: 1910. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Engaged in gainfui occupations. |  | Total number. | Engaged in - gainful occupations. |  |  | Total number. | Engaged in gainful occupations. |  | Total num. ber. | Engaged in gainfui occupations. |  |
|  |  | Number. | Per cent. |  | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Num. ber. | Per <br> cent. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATEES-Continued.


ATASKA.

| Athapaskan mtock. | 1,507 | 1,145 | 76.0 | 1,379 | 35 | 2.5 | Haidan stock. | 198 | 146 | 73.7 | 171 | 44 | 25.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ahtena. | 129 | 92 | 71.3 | 98 |  |  | Haida. | 198 | 146 | 73.7 | 171 | 44 | 25.7 |
| Knaiakhot | 283 140 | 199 | 69.6 77.9 | 136 | 8 | 3.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tenankutchin. | 156 | 130 | 83.3 | 146 | 9 | 6.2 | Tlinait atoce. | 1,634 | 1,265 | 77.4 | 1,606 | 273 | 17.0 |
| Eskrmauan stock.. |  |  | 82.0 |  |  |  | Auk. | 120 | 98 | 81.7 | 93 | 12 | 12.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Henya. | 78 | 66 | 84.6 | 68 | 19 | 27.9 |
| Aleut. | 516 | 394 | 76.4 | 485 | 30 | 6.2 | Huna. | 221 | 174 | 78.7 | 249 | 68 | 27.3 |
| Chargmiut. | 110 | 88 | 80.0 | 92 | 1 | 1.1 | Hutsnuwu. | 186 | 131 | 70.4 | 187 | 7 | 3.7 |
| Tkogmiut. | 247 | 222 | 89.9 | 282 | 20 | 7.1 | Kake. | 114 | 88 | 77.2 | 118 | 16 | 13.6 |
| Kaviagmiut. | 81 | 64 | 79.0 | 82 |  |  | Sitka | 225 | 169 | 75.1 | 221 | 48 | 21.7 |
| Kinugumiut. | 236 | 185 | 78.4 | 188 | 3 | 1.6 | Yakutat. | 96 | 78 | 81.3 | 115 | 10 | 8.7 |
| Kowagmiut. | 214 | 160 | 74.8 | 111 | 2 | 1.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kuskovakmiut. | 121 | 501 | 72.7 92.1 | 111 | 11 | 9.9 4.8 | Tsmshian atock | 294 | 222 | 75.5 | 226 | 80 |  |
| Magemlut. | 118 | 99 | 83.9 | 144 | 8 | 5.6 |  |  |  | 75.5 | 226 | 80 | 35.4 |
| Malemiut. | 210 | 155 | 73.8 | 197 | 9 | 4.6 | Tsimshlan.. | 294 | 222 | 75.5 | 226 | 80 | 35.4 |
| Nunatogmiat. | 130 | 103 | 79.2 | 94 | 4 | 4.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nunivagmiut.. | 127 98 | 117 80 | 92.1 81.6 | 109 79 | 49 1 | 45.0 1.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tikeramiut. | 127 | 107 | 84.3 | 125 | 3 | 2.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unaligmiut. | 126 | 93 | 73. 8 | 148 | 9 | 6.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yult..... ${ }^{\text {Southern }}$ Ekimo | 119 1,383 | 87 1,154 | 73.1 83.4 | 107 1,230 | 1 46 | 0.9 3.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Number and proportion in the general divisions of occupations.-Table 104 shows, for both sexes and for each sex separately, the number of gainfully occupied Indians in the United States in 1910, distributed by general divisions of occupations.

| Table 104 SEX AND GENERAL DIVISION OF OCCUPATIONS. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number: } \\ & 1910 . \end{aligned}$ | Per cent distry. bution. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Botr Sexes. |  |  |
| All occupations. | 73,916 | 100.0 |
| Agrlculture, lorestry, and animal husbandry | 51,070 | 69.1 |
| Extraction of minerals ............ | 563 | 0.8 |
| Manufacturing and mechanical industries | 11,960 | 16.2 |
| Transportation. | 1,930 | 2.6 |
| Trade............... | 1,385 | 1.9 |
| Publlc service (not elsewhere classified) | 1752 | 1.0 |
| Professional service..... | 1,260 | 1.7 |
| Domestic end personal service | 4,609 | 6.2 |
| Clerlcal occupations. | 387 | 0.5 |
| MaLE. |  |  |
| All oceupations | 59, 206 | 100.0 |
| Agriculture, Iorestry, and animal husbandry | 46,621 | 78.7 |
| Extraction of minerals . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 553 | 0.9 |
| Manufacturing and mechanical industries | 5,799 | 9.8 |
| Transportation | 1,909 | 3.2 |
| Trade.................................. | 1,269 | 2. 1 |
| Publle servlce (not elsewhere classified) | 733 | 1.2 |
| Professional ser vice........... | 902 | 1.5 |
| Domestle and personal service | 1,118 | 1.9 |
| Clerical occupatlons........ | 302 | 0.5 |
| FEMALE. |  |  |
| All occupations | 14,710 | 100.0 |
| Agrleulture, forestry, and animal husbandry. | 4, 449 | 30.2 |
| Extraction of minerals . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10 | 0.1 |
| Manufacturing and mechanical industries. | 6,161 | 41.9 |
| Transportation.. | 116 | 0.1 |
| Trade...........................-7. | 116 | 0.8 |
| Public servlce (not elsewhere classified) | 19 358 | 0.1 |
| Professional service . . . . . . . . . . . | 358 3,491 | 2. 23.7 |
| Domestle and personal service. | 3,491 $\mathbf{8 5}$ | 23.7 0.6 |

According to Table 104, almost seven-tenths (69.1 per cent) of the gainfully occupied Indians in the United States in 1910 were engaged in agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry; and almost onesixth ( 16.2 per cent) of them were engaged in manufacturing and mechanical industries. Thus 85.3 per cent of the gainfully occupied Indians were engaged in these two general divisions of occupations. Transportation gave employment to 2.6 per cent of the total, and domestic and personal service to 6.2 per cent, no other general division of occupations giving employment to as many as 2 per cent of the Indian workers. For the males, as for both sexes combined, agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry gave employment to the largest proportion of the Indians, 78.7 per cent, and manufacturing and mechanical industries ranked second, with 9.8 per cent. Manufacturing and mechanical industries were the most important field of employment for the female Indian workers in 1910, 41.9 per cent of them being engaged in this branch of occupations, as compared with 30.2 per cent in agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry, and 23.7 per cent in domestic and personal service.

Occupations, by sex.-Table 105 shows, for the United States and for Alaska, the number and sex of the Indians 10 years of age and over engaged in specified occupations and occupation groups in 1910.

Table 105 shows that in 1910 the Indians of the United States were employed in a rather large number of occupations. Their occupations also were quite diversified, ranging all the way from unskilled labor to some of the highest proprietary, official, skilled, and professional pursuits, such as manufacturers, bankers, United States officials, mechanical engineers, locomotive engineers, telegraph operators, actors, artists, clergymen, college professors, lawyers, and physicians and surgeons. But notwithstanding this diversity of the Indian occupations, it is nevertheless true that the great mass of the Indian workers in the United States were engaged in a comparatively small number of occupations. Almost 7 out of every 10 (69.1 per cent) of the gainfully occupied Indians in 1910 were engaged in agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry. Of the 225 occupations and occupation groups shown in Table 105, there were only 39 that were pursued by 106 or more Indians. Ten of these occupations gave employment to 82.3 per cent of the Indians in gainful occupations, and 85.4 per cent of the total were employed in one of seven different large occupation groups: Agricultural laborers (35.5 per cent), farmers and stock raisers (29.2 per cent), lumbermen, raftsmen, and woodchoppers ( 2.4 per cent), laborers in manufacturing and transportation ( 6.3 per cent), basket makers and weavers ( 7.4 per cent), launderers and laundresses ( 1.9 per cent), and servants and waiters ( 2.6 per cent).

For Alaska, Table 105 shows that while the gainfully occupied Indians in 1910 were engaged in 85 different occupations and occupation groups, ranging all the way from fishermen and hunters to manufacturers, Federal officials, clergymen, and school teachers, 9 out of every 10 ( 90.1 per cent) were engaged in one of nine different occupations and occupation groups: Fishermen (24.1 per cent), reindeer herders and keepers ( 2.7 per cent), gold and silver mine operatives ( 2.2 per cent), laborers in the building and band trades ( 3.2 per cent), laborers and semiskilled operatives in fish curing and packing (5.2 per cent), basket and moccasin makers (1.5 per cent), retail dealers ( 1.5 per cent), hunters, trappers, and guides ( 47.8 per cent), and servants ( 1.9 per cent). Thus in 1910 fishing, bunting, trapping, and guiding still gave employment to over seven-tenths ( 71.9 per cent) of the gainfully employed Indians of Alaska.

NUMBER OF INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER ENGAGED IN GAINFUL OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY SEX: 1910.

| Table 105 | occupation. | Totel. | Male. | Female. |  | occupation. | Total. | Male. | Female. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

UNITED STATES.

| All occupations. | 73,916 | 59,206 | 14,710 | Manufacturing and mechanical industries- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agrlculture, forestry, and animal husbandry.- | 61,070 | 46, 621 | 4,449 | Semiskdiled operatives (n. o. s.l)-Continued. |  |  |  |
| Dairy farm lahorers. | 42 | 37 | 5 | Lumber and furniture industr <br> Basket makers. | 1,348 | 125 | 1,223 |
| Deiry farmers. | 23 | 21 | 2 | Saw and planing mills. | 102 | 100 | 2 |
| Farm, dairy farm, and orchard foremen | 96 | 75 | 21 | Other woodworking factories. | 41 | 32 | 9 |
| Farm laborers | 22,719 | 19,924 | 2,795 | Paper and pulp mills | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Farmers. | 18,592 | 17,665 | 927 | Potteries........ | 181 | 1 | 160 |
| Fishermen and oystermen. | 624 | 550 | 74 | Shoe factories. | 17 | 12 | 5 |
| Foresters........................... | 37 | 37 |  | Textile industries: |  |  |  |
| Garden, orcherd, and nursery lahorers.............. | 176 <br> 422 | 160 388 | 16 | Spinners. <br> Weavers | 55 4,148 | 120 | 50 4,028 |
| Oardeners, fiorists, fruit growers, and nurseryman .. | 422 1,794 | 388 1,793 | 34 1 | Weavers......... | $\begin{array}{r}4,148 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 120 15 | 4,028 14 |
| Owners and managers of $\log$ and timber camps | 1, 32 | 1,32 |  | Other industries..... | 182 | 61 | 101 |
| Stock herders, drovers, and feeders. | 3,301 | 2,925 | 376 | Sewers and sewing-machine operators (factory)..... | 27 | 2 | 25 |
| Stock raisors. | 2,960 | 2,767 | 193 | Shoemakers and cohhlers (not in factory).......... | 41 | 40 | 1 |
| Other agricultural pursuits. | 252 | 247 | 5 | Skilled occupations (n. o. a.l): <br> Piano and organ tuners <br> Wood carvers. | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 8 |  |
| Extraction of minerals. | 563 | 553 | 10 | Stoneoutters. | 20 | 20 |  |
| Foramen and overseers. | 3 | 3 |  | Tructural iron worker | 3 62 | ${ }_{68}$ | 6 |
| Operators. | 10 | 10 |  | Tinsmiths and coppersmiths | 7 | 7 |  |
| Coal mine operatives | 33 | 33 |  | Upholsterers.............. | 1 | 1 |  |
| Copper mine operatives. | 73 | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lead and zinc mine operatives. | 283 | $\begin{gathered} 273 \\ \hline 10 \end{gathered}$ | 10 | Transportation. | 1,930 | 1,009 | 21 |
| All other mine operatives. | 55 | 65 |  | Trasportation. |  |  | 21 |
| Quarry operatives.. | 65 | 65 |  | Baggegemen. | 2 | 2 |  |
| Oil, gas, and solt woll operatives. | 29 | 29 |  | Boetmen, canal men, end lock keop | 8 | 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Boiler washers and engine hostlers Brakemen. | 8 | 8 |  |
| Manufacturing and mechanical industries. | 11,960 | 5,799 | 6,161 | Capteins, masters, mates, and pilots | 17 | 17 |  |
| Apprentlces. |  |  |  | Carriage and heck drivers. | 23 23 | 23 |  |
| Bakers. | 45 | 35 | 10 | Conductors (steam railroad) | 3 | 3 |  |
| Blacksmiths | 219 | 219 |  | Conductors (street railrosd). | 2 | 2 |  |
| Boiler makers. | 7 | 7 |  | Draymem, teamsters, and expressmen.............. | 412 | 412 |  |
| Brick and stone masons. | 79 | 79 |  | Express messengers and railway mail clerks. | 1 |  |  |
| Builders and building contract | 22 | 22 |  | Foremen and overseers, railroed transportstion | 12 | 11 | 1 |
| Butchers (sloughterhouse) | 3 | 3 |  | Forernen of livery and transfer companies. | 2 | 2 |  |
| Cabinetmakers. | 2 | 2 |  | Froremen and overseers (n. o. s. ${ }^{1}$ ).. | 1 | 1 |  |
| Carpenters. | 481 | 481 |  | Hostlers and stable hands. | 66 | 68 |  |
| Compositors, linotypers, and $t$ | 49 | 45 | 4 | Inspectors (steam railroad) | 6 | 8 |  |
| Coopers. ................................ | 3 | 3 |  | Leborers (n. o. s.l): |  |  |  |
| Dressmakers and seamstresses (not in factory) | 403 | 14 | 389 | Road and street building and repairing. | 247 | 247 |  |
| Eyectricians and electrical engineers | $\frac{1}{19}$ | 1 |  | Steam rairosd. | 769 | 762 | 7 |
| Electrotypers, stereotypers, and lithogr | 2 | 2 |  | Street railroad. | 4 | 4 |  |
| Engineers (mechanicel). | 2 | 2 |  | Other transportation | 32 |  |  |
| Engineers (stationary). | 129 | 129 |  | Livery stahle keopers and manager | 46 | 45 | 1 |
| Filers, grinders, huffers, and polishers (metal)...... | 9 | 9 |  | Locomotive engineers. | 5 |  |  |
| Firemen (except locomotive and fire department).. | 50 | 50 |  | Locomotive firemen. | 11 | 11 |  |
| Foremen and overseers (manufacturing). | 9 | 9 |  | Longshoremen and stevedores. | 67 | 67 |  |
| Furnace men, smelter men, heeters, pourers, etc.... | 3 | 3 |  | Mail carriers. ........ | 51 |  | 2 |
| Jewelers, watchmakers, goldsmiths, and silvergmiths. | 92 | 92 |  | Motormen. ${ }^{\text {Proprietors of }}$ | 8 | 8 |  |
|  | 92 | 92 |  | Proprietors, officials, and managers (telegraph and | 7 |  |  |
| Brick, tile, and terra-cotta factories | 23 | 23 |  | telephone companies). | 1 |  |  |
| Building and hand trad | 2,724 | 2,657 | 67 | Sailors and deck hands. | 50 | 60 |  |
| Chemicel industries. |  |  | 1 | Switchmen and flagmen (steam reilroad | 10 | 10 |  |
| Copper factories | 26 | 26 |  | Telegraph and telephone linemen | 7 |  |  |
| Electric light and power plant | 35 | 35 |  | Telograph messengers. | 1 | d |  |
| Food industries. | 23 | 23 |  | Telegraph operators. | 9 | 8 | 1 |
| Iron and steel industries. | 42 | 41 | 1 | Telephone operstors. | 9 |  | $\theta$ |
| Lime, cement, and gypsum factorles | 40 | 40 |  | Tlcket and station agents | 4 | 4 |  |
| Lumber and furniture industries- |  |  |  | Other occupetions (semiskilled) | 11 | 11 |  |
| Saw and planing mills... | 526 | 522 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other woodworking factories | 31 | 24 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| Papar and pulp mills. | 14 | 14 |  | Trade. | 1,385 | 1,269 | 116 |
| Potteries...i. | 5 | 1 | 4 | rrado. | 1,385 |  |  |
| Shoe factorles.... | 1 | 1 |  | Bankers, brokers, and money lenders |  |  |  |
| Taxtle industries | 11 | 11 |  | Clerks in stores. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 120 | 99 | 21 |
| Other industries .................... | 61 | 60 | 1 | Commerciel travele | 9 |  |  |
| Machinists, milwrights, and toolmakers... | 43 | 43 |  | Decorators, drepers, and window dressers. .......... | 2 | 2 |  |
| Manulacturers. | 50 | 42 | 8 | Dellvery men. |  |  |  |
| Mechanics (n. o. s. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ : |  |  |  | Inspectors, gaugers, and samplers. .................... | ${ }^{5}$ | 5 |  |
| Gunsmiths, locksmiths, and bellhangers | 2 | 2 |  | Insurance agents and ofricials....................... | 13 | 12 | 1 |
| Wheolwrights- | 1 | 1 |  | Cabl yards . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15 | 15 |  |
| Other mechanics. | 16 | 18 |  | Lumberyards . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95 | 05 |  |
| Millers (grain, flour, feed, ete.)........................ | 5 | 5 |  | Warehouses, etc....................................... | 6 | 6 |  |
| Milliners and millinery dealers. | 27 | 1 | 26 | Laborers, porters, and helpers in stores................ | 46 | 4 | 2 |
|  | 9 | 9 |  | Newshoys............................................. | 7 | 7 |  |
| Oilers of machinory...................... | 2 | 2 |  | Proprietors, officigls, and managers (n. o.s.i. ${ }^{\text {a }}$........ | 5 | 5 |  |
| Painters, glaziers, varnishers, enamelers, e Paper hangers.......................... | 84 | 82 | 2 | Real estate agents and officials..................... | 153 | 149 | 4 |
| Paper hangers....e........ | $\frac{1}{1}$ | 1 |  | Retail dealers.................. | 616 | 478 | 38 |
| Plasterers.................. | 19 | 19 |  | Salesmen and geleswomen (stores) | 254 | 209 | 45 |
| Plumbers and gas and steam fitters. | 23 | 23 |  | Undertakers. | 3 | 3 |  |
| Prossmen (printing). | 1 | 1 |  | Wholesale dealers.. | ${ }^{4}$ | 4 | 3 |
| Roofers. | 3 | 3 |  | Other pursuls (somiskilled) | 10 | 7 |  |
| Sawyers........................................... | 58 | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Semiskilled operatives (n. o. s. ${ }^{1}$ ): <br> Brick tile, and terra-cotta factories. |  |  |  |  | 752 |  |  |
| Brick, tile, and terra-cotta factories | 4 | 5 3 |  | Public service (not elsewhere classified). | 752 | 738 | 19 |
| Cigar and tobacco factories. ...................... | 12 | 11 | 1 | Firsmen (fire department). |  |  |  |
| Food industries. | 16 | 10 | 6 | Guards, watchmen, and doorkeepers | 54 | 54 |  |
| Harness and seddle industries. ................... | 29 | 29 |  | Laborers (publle service)................................. | 81 | 79 | 2 |
| Iron and steel industries. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 48 | 47 | 1 | Life-savers. | 8 | 8 |  |
| Lime, cement, and gypsum factories. . . . . . . . . . |  | 7 |  | Lighthouse keөpers. |  |  |  |

NUMBER OF INDIANS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER ENGAGED IN GAINFUL OCCBUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY SEX: 1910-Continued.

| Table 105-Con. occuparion. | Total. | Mele. | Female. | occupation. | Total. | Male. | Female. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Publio serviog (net elsewhere classified)-Con. <br> Marshals, sheriffs, detectives, etc. | 40 | 40 |  | Domestlc and parsonal service. | 4,609 | 1,118. | 3,491 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Officials and inspectors (clty and county) ............. | 44 | 41 |  | Barbers and hairdressers. | 95 | 79 |  |
| Officials and inspectors (state and United States) .. | 46 | 33 | 13 | Bartenders. | 10 | 10 |  |
| Policemen | 379 | 379 |  | Bathhouse keopers and attendent | 25 | 17 | 8 |
| Soldiers, sailors, and marines. | 80 | 80 |  | Billiard room and dance hall keepers. | 35 | 34 | 1 |
| Othar occupations...................................... | 10 | 9 |  | Boarding and ledging house kaepers.................... | 53 | 10 | 43 |
|  |  |  |  | Bootblacks. |  | 3 |  |
| Professional service. | 1,260 | 902 | 358 | Cemetery keepers ...... | 44 | 11 | 33 |
|  |  |  |  | Cleaners and renovators (clothing, | 7 | 7 |  |
| Abstractors, notaries, and justices of peace | 10 | 10 |  | Elevator tenders............... | 10 | 10 |  |
| Actors... | 34 | 25 | 9 | Hotel keepers and menagers | 61 | 40 | 21 |
| Artists and teachers of art. | 17 | 13 | 4 | Heusekeepers and stewards | 314 | 13 | 301 |
| Attendants and helpers (prolessional service) | 13 | 11 | 2 | Hunters, trappers, aud guides | 333 | 316 | 17 |
| Authors, editors, and reporters....... | 5 | 3 | 2 | Janitors................................. | $\begin{array}{r}63 \\ 51 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 59 <br> 46 | 4 |
| Chemists, assayers, and matallurglsts. | 1 | 1 |  | Lahorers (domestic and professional service). | - 51 | 46 |  |
| Civil and mining engineers and surveyors | 25 | 25 |  | Launderers and laundresses (net in laundry) | 1,351 | 26 | 1,325 |
| Clergymen.......... | 130 | 127 | 3 | Laundry operatives. | 56 |  | 50 |
| Coilege presldents and professors | 3 | 3 |  | Leundry owners... | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Dentists. | 3 | 3 |  | Midwives and nurses (not trained) | 68 | 13 | 45 |
| Fortune tellers, hypnotists, spiritualists, etc. ....... | 10 |  | 10 | Porters (except in stores) .......... | 39 | 39 |  |
| Healers (except physicians and surgeons)............ | 65 | 61 | 4 | Restaurant, café, and lunch-room keepers | 38 | 33 | 5 |
| Keepers of charitable and penal institutions | 7 | 7 |  | Ssloon keepers. |  |  |  |
| Lawyers. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 87 | 87 |  | Servants | 1,867 | 302 | 1,585 |
| Musicians and teachers of music. | 73 | 45 | 28 | Waiters. | 88 | 37 |  |
| Officials of lodges, societies, etc.. | 8 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Photographers. . .i....... | 98 | 89 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Religlous and charity workers | 35 | 33 | 2 | Clerical occupations. | 387 | 302 | 85 |
| Shewmen. | 138 | 121 | 17 |  |  |  |  |
| Teachers (school). | 355 | 110 | $\stackrel{245}{1}$ | Agents, canvassers, and collectors...... | 108 | 78 |  |
| Theatrical owners, managers, and officials | 5 20 | 4 | 16 | Clerks (except clerks in stores)'........ | 188 | 168 | 20 |
| Vaterinary surgeons............................................ | 3 | 3 |  | Messenger, bundle, and office boys.................... | $\stackrel{26}{59}$ | 25 | 1 |
| Other occupations........................................ | 110 | 105 | 5 | Stenographers and typewriters...................... | 59 | 24 | 35 |

AMASKA.


Of the 13,702 Indians 10 years of age and over in the United States in 1910 who were enumerated on the general population schedule, and therefore without
tribal designation, there were 5,229 males and 1,853 females who were gainfully occupied. Table 106 shows the occupations in which such Indians were engaged.

OCCUPATIONS OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN THE UNITED STATES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER ENUMERATED ON THE GENERAL POPULATION SCHEDULE, OF UNKNOWN STOCK OR TRIBE: 1910.

| Table 106 <br> sex and occupation. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber: } \\ & 1910 . \end{aligned}$ | SEX AND OCCUPATION. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber: } \\ & 1910 . \end{aligned}$ | SEX AND OCCUPation. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber: } \\ & \text { be10. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males.......................................... <br> Agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry. | 5,229 | Males-Continued. | 209 | Females-Continued. Extraction of minerals. | ${ }^{2}$ |
|  | 2,755 | Bankers, brokers, and mon | 7 | ufacturing and mechanical industries. |  |
| Dairy farm laborers. <br> Farm, dairy farm, and orchard foremen.......... <br> Farm laborcrs. <br> Farmers | $\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ 10 \\ 1,545 \\ 640 \\ 42 \\ 22 \\ 16 \end{array}$ | Deliverymen. <br> Laborers in coal and lumber jards and warehouses. | 16 | Dressmatrers and seamstresses (not in factory) | 193 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 95 |
|  |  |  | 15 | Laborers (n.o. s. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ )............ | 10 |
| Fishermen and oystermen |  | Laborers, porters, and heipers in stores......... | 18 | Memiskilled operatives ( n .o.s. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ): |  |
| Oarden, orchard, and nursery laborers. |  | Retail dealers.. | 66 | Basket makers. | 29 |
| Gardeners, florists, fruit growers, and nursery- |  | Salosmen. | 35 | Other industries. | 18 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 249 \\ 146 \\ 46 \\ 21 \end{array}$ | Other pursuits. <br> Public service (not elsewhere classified) | 18 | Sewers and sewing-machine operators (actory). <br> Other occupations. | 12 |
| Lumbermen, raftsmen, and woodchoppers. <br> Stock herders, drovers, and feeders. <br> Stock raisers. <br> Other agricultural pursuits <br> .............................. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 54 | Transportation. | 5 |
| Extraction of minerals...................... | 94 | Guards, watchmen, and doorkeepers. Laborers (public service) | 11 12 5 | Trade. | 38 |
| Coal mine operatives. <br> Gold and silver mine operatives........................ <br> All other mine operatives. <br> Quarry operatives. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 162917257 | Officials States) ${ }^{\text {and }}$...................................... |  | Retail dealers <br> Saleswomen. <br> Other occupations. |  |
|  |  | Soldiers, sailors, and marines.......................................... |  |  | 25 |
|  |  | Other occupations... |  |  |  |
|  |  | -ther ocupation. |  |  |  |
|  |  | Professional | 159 | Publle servica (not elsewhere classified | 3 |
| Manufacturing and mechanical industries. . | 1,016 | Actors. <br> Artists and teachers of art | 16 5 0 | Professional service. | 106 |
| Blacksmiths. <br> Brick and stone masons. <br> Carpenters. <br> Compositors, inotypers, and typesetters <br> Engineers (stationary). <br> Firemen (except locomotive and fire depart- <br> ment) | 32 | Civil and mining engineers and surveyors....... |  | Professional service. |  |
|  | 25 | Clergymen. |  | Actors. | ${ }^{6}$ |
|  | 83 | Luwy ers................ | 11 | Fortune tellers, hypnotists, spiritualists, etc. | 8 |
|  | $\stackrel{21}{35}$ | Physicians and surgeons.. | 19 | Musicians and teachers of music. |  |
|  | 35 | Showmen -.-........... | 15 | Teachers (school) | 54 |
|  | 19 | Teachers (school).... |  | Trained nurses. | 16 |
| Laborers (n. o.s. ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ ):Building and hand trades................. |  | Other occupations. | 38 | Other occupations....................................... |  |
|  | 34211 |  | 390 |  |  |
| Iron and steel industries. |  | Domestic and personal service............. |  | Domestic and personal service............. | 1,126 |
| Saw and planing mills. | 98 |  |  |  |  |
| Machinists, millwrights, and too | 65 13 | Barbers and hairdressers keepers and attendants | 15 | Barbers and hairdressers..................... | 14 |
| Painters, glaziers, and varnishers | 25 | Hunters, trappers, and guides. | 17 | Boarding and lodging house keepers | 19 |
|  | 14 |  | 27 | Housekeepers and stewardesses. | 71 |
| Semiskilled operatives (n. 0.s.1): |  | Laborers (domestic and professional service) | 18 | Laundresses (not in laundry) | 211 |
| Basket makers.............. | 11 | Porters (except in stores). .-................. | 32 | Laundry operatives...... | 16 |
| Iron and steel industrie | 16 | Restaurant, café, and lunch-room keepe | 15 | Midwives and nurses (not trained) | 26 719 |
| Saw and planing mills | 10 | Waiters | 21 | Waitresse | ${ }_{20}$ |
| Other industries | 40 | Other occupations. | 62 | Other occupatons | 0 |
| Shoemakers and cobblers (not in factory) <br> Tailors. | 1225102 | Clerical occupations....................... | 82 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| Other occupations <br> Transportation. $\qquad$ |  | Agents, canvassers, and collectors. <br> Bookkeopers, cashiers, and accountants. <br> Clerks (exceptclerks in stores). <br> Messenger, bundie, and office boys.. <br> Stenographers and typewriters. | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 21 \\ 38 \\ 15 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | Bookkeepers, cashiers, and accountants. Bundle and cash girls. <br> Clerks (except clerks in stores). <br> Stenographers and typewrlters. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | 470 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Chauffeurs. |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Draymen, teamsters, and expre | 1210516 | Stenographers and typewriters. <br> Females. | 1,853 |  |  |
| Hostlers and stable hands. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laborers (n. o. S.1): Road and street building and repairin | 341981811111464 | Agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry |  |  |  |
| Steam railroad. |  |  | 352 |  |  |
| Other transportation |  | Farm laborers. <br> Farmers. <br> Other agricuitural pursuits | 2984410 |  |  |
| Sailors and deck hands |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other occupations |  |  |  |  |  |

Selected occupations, by sex and age periods.-In the tabulation of Indian occupations for this report all gainful workers were distributed into the following six age periods: 10 to 14,15 to 19,20 to 24,25 to 44 , 45 years and over, and age unknown. Table 108 (p. 259) shows, for the United States and for Alaska, the number of male and female Indians engaged in all gainful occupations, in each general division of occupations, and in each specified occupation in 1910, distributed by age periods. In Table 107, for the United States and Alaska, the number of male and
female Indians of each specified age engaged in gainful occupations is compared with the total number of the same age in 1910.

Table 109 (p. 262) shows, for each principal tribe in the United States and Alaska, the number of male and female Indians engaged in selected occupations in 1910, distributed according to age periods. For certain tribes in the United States, the Indians engaged in many of the selected occupations are further subdivided according to the principal state or states in which they were located in 1910.

| Table 107 | indian males 10 yEars of age and over: 1010. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDIAN FEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OF AGE AND } \\ & \text { OVER: } 1910 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | AGE PERIOD. | indlan males 10 years of age and over: 1010. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INDIAN FEMALES } 10 \\ & \text { YEARS OFAGE AND } \\ & \text { OVER: } 1910 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number. | Engaged in gainful occupations. |  | Total number. | Engaged in gainful occupations. |  |  | Total number. | Engaged in gainful occupations. |  | Total num ber. | Engaged in galnful occupations. |  |
|  |  | Num. ber. | Per cent. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{gathered}$ | Per cent. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { her. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number. | Per cent. |
| united states. <br> 10 years of age and over. . | 96,582 | 59, 206 | 61.3 | 92, 176 | 14, 710 | 16.0 | alabita. <br> 10 years of age and over.. | 9,300 | 7,367 | 79.2 | 8,744 | 757 | 8.7 |
| 10 to 14 years. | 16, 199 | 2,076 | 12.8 | 15, 194 | 860 | 5.7 | 10 to 14 years. | 1,206 | 123 | 10.2 | 1,044 | 25 | 2.4 |
| 15 to 19 years.................... | 14, 612 | 6,149 | 42.1 | 13, 874 | 2,208 | 15. 9 |  |  | 794 |  | 1,212 | 101 | 8.3 |
| 20 to 24 years..................... | 11, 265 | 8,327 26,236 | 73. 9 | 10, 579 | 2,141 <br> 5 | 20.2 | 20 to 24 years........................ | 1,138 3 | 1,037 | 91.1 | 1,187 | $\begin{array}{r}75 \\ 298 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6.3 8.7 |
| 25 to 44 years................... | 30,840 23,185 | 28,236 16,234 | 85.1 70.0 | 29,335 22,726 | 5,752 $\mathbf{3 , 6 8 5}$ | 19.6 | 25 to 44 years .................... | 3,633 1,960 | 1,611 1,742 | 99.4 88.9 | 3,427 1,788 | 298 223 | 8.7 12.5 |
| Age unknown........-............ | 481 | 184 | 38.3 | 468 | 64 | 13.7 | Age unknown ... | 78 | 60 | 76.9 | 86 | 35 | 40.7 |

## NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES ENGAGED IN SPECIFIED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910.

| Table 108 sex and occupation. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | age periods. |  |  |  |  | SEX AND OCCUPATION. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES.


| Table 108 -Continued. sex and occupation. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | SEX and occupation. | Tots ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $15 \text { to } 19$ years. | 20 to 24 yesis. | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { yeers. } \end{gathered}$ | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 yesrs. | 25 to 44 yesrs. | 45 years and over |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Males-Continued. Trade $\qquad$ | 1,269 | 13 | 87 | 196 | 683 | 286 | Females-Contd. Agriculture, forestry, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bankers, brokers, and money lenders.................. | 62 |  | 3 | 11 | 33 | 15 | Continued. <br> Fishermen and oystermen. | 74 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 23 | 38 |
| Clerks inn stores. | 99 | 2 | 11 | 17 | 60 | 9 | Garden, orchsrd, snd nureery |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deliverymen | 58 | 3 | 13 | 11 | 22 | 8 | 18borers...................... | 16 |  | 1 | 1 | 6 | 8 |
| Insurance sgents and officials..... | 12 |  |  | 2 | 8 | 2 | Gardeners, fruit growers, and | 34 |  |  | 4 | 11 |  |
| Laborers in cosl and lumber |  |  |  |  |  |  | nurserymen. | 34 |  |  | 4 | 11 | 19 |
| yards, warehouses, etc.: Cosl yards. | 15 |  |  | 2 | 7 | 6 | Stock herders, drovers, sind feeders. | 376 | 176 | 62 | 29 | 69 | 49 |
| Lumberyards......... | 95 |  | 9 | 25 | 33 | 27 | Stock raisers......................... | 193 |  | 7 | 9 | 61 | 116 |
| Laborers, porters, and helpers in stores | 44 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 22 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estatesgents and officisls... | 149 |  | 1 | 11 | 106 | 31 | Extraction of minerals.. | 10 |  |  |  | 2 | 8 |
| Retail dealers...... | 209 | 1 | 10 30 | 63 40 | 264 106 | 140 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public service (not else, where classified)......... | 733 |  | 22 | 52 | 419 | 239 | Manufscturing and me- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Guards, watchmen, and door- |  |  |  |  |  |  | chanicsl industries ... | 6,161 | 135 | 883 | 901 | 2,771 | 1,446 |
| kespers...................... | 54 |  | 5 | 8 | 32 | 9 | Bskers..... | 10 |  |  | 2 | 6 | 2 |
| Laborers (public service)......... | 79 |  | 8 | ${ }_{1}^{9}$ | 50 30 | 12 | Dressmskers snd eesmstresses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mkrshals, sherifis, detectives,ete. | 40 |  |  |  | 30 |  | (not in factory).............. | 389 | 2 | 30 | 73 | 202 | 80 |
| and county) .................. | 41 |  | 1 | 2 | 25 | 13 |  | 67 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 29 | 22 |
| Officials and inspectors (state and United States) | 33 |  |  | 3 | 22 | 8 | Other industriss..........- | 18 |  | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 | 8 |
| Policemen.................... | 379 |  | 2 | 11 | 201 | 164 | Muniners and millinery dealers. | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soldiers, sailors, and msrin | 80 |  | 6 | 11 | 47 | 16 | Basket makers Potteries | $\frac{1,223}{160}$ | 10 | 79 | 112 3 | 480 72 | 539 85 |
| Prolesslonsl service. | 902 | 1 | 19 | 126 | 411 | 341 | Textile industries- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abstractors, notaries, and |  |  |  |  |  |  | Spinners. | 4,028 | $\begin{array}{r}103 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 735 | 656 | 1,879 | 637 |
| tices of peace........... | 10 |  |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ |  | Other indur occupstions. | 14 127 |  | 12 | 24 | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ 52 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{36}^{4}$ |
| Actors................... | 25 | 1 | 3 2 | 6 4 4 | 11 | 5 1 | Other industriss............- Sewers and sewing-mechine op- | 127 | 1 | 13 | 24 | $52$ | 36 |
| Attendants and helpers.... | 11 |  |  | 2 | 7 | 2 | erators (factory).... | 25 |  | 3 | 4 | 13 | 5 |
| Civil and mining engineers and surveyors. | 25 |  | 1 | 7 | 11 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clergymen............... | 127 |  |  | 4 | 39 | 82 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Healers (except physicians and surgeons). | 61 |  |  | 5 | 18 | 41 | Transportstion. | 21 |  | 5 | 7 | 5 | 3 |
| Lawyers......................... | 87 |  | 2 | ${ }^{5}$ | 39 19 19 | 42 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Musicians and teachers of music. <br> Physicians and surgeons. | 889 |  | 2 | 12 | 28 | 59 | Trade. | 116 | 2 | 16 | 33 | 40 | 24 |
| Religious and charity workers... | 33 |  |  | 2 28 | 13 | 18 |  | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Showmen. | 121 |  | 6 | 28 | 71 | 16 | Clerks in stores |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |
| Teachers (school)........ | 110 |  | 2 | 33 | 58 | 17 | Retail dealers. Saleswomen. | 38 45 |  |  | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | 15 2 |
| Domestic and personsl servlee.................... | 1,118 | 33 | 131 | 166 | 414 | 370 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barbers and hairdressers.. | 79 |  | 3 | 12 | 44 | 20 | where classifed) | 19 |  | 2 | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| Bartenders Bsthhouse keepers si............. | 10 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| snts | 17 |  | 3 | 3 | 7 | 3 | snd Unitsd States) | 13 |  | 2 | 4 | 6 | 1 |
| Billiard room and dance hsil keepers. | 34 |  | 1 | 5 | 25 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boarding and lodging house |  |  |  |  |  |  | Professional service. | 358 | 1 | 40 | 122 | 158 | 36 |
| charwomen and coleaners. | 11 |  |  | i. | 8 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elevator tenders....... | 10 |  | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 | Fortuns tellers, hypnotists, spir- | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotel keepers and masnsgers..... | 40 |  |  | 5 | 14 | 21 | Musiciansand teachers of music. | 28 |  | 4 | 11 | 11 | 2 |
| Housekeepers and stawards..... | 13 |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 195 | Showmen... | 17 |  | ........ | 1 | 12 | 4 |
| Hunters, trappers, and guides.. | 316 59 | 1 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 18 | 97 20 | 195 22 | Teschers (echool) | 245 |  | 33 | 99 | 98 | 14 |
| Jsnitors-- ${ }^{\text {a }}$................... | 59 | 1 | 6 | 10 |  | 22 | Trsined nurses. | 16 |  | 1 | 5 | 10 |  |
| Lsborers (domestic and professional servioe) | 46 | 3 | 1 | 11 | 17 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lsunderers (not in laundry).. | 26 |  | 1 | 2 | 12 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nurses (not trsined).............. | 39 |  | 5 | 12 | 15 | 7 | oervice. .................. | 3,491 | 71 | 616 | 664 | 1,374 | 840 |
| Restaurant, coié, and lunchroom kespers. | 33 |  |  | 3 | 17 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Servants............................. | 302 37 | 29 | 87 8 | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 87 15 | 44 6 | curists. Boarding and lodging hourse | 16 |  | 1 |  | 9 | 6 |
| Waiters........................... | 37 |  | 8 | 8 | 15 |  | Boarding and lodging house keepers. .......................... | 43 |  | 1 | 1 | 22 | 19 |
| Clerical occupations. | 302 | 4 | 36 | 82 | 147 | 32 | Charwomen and cleaners........ | 33 |  | 2 | 1 | 12 | 17 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Housekerpers and stewardesses. | 301 | 2 | 35 |  | 130 | 64 |
| Bookkeepers, cashiers, and accountants. | 77 |  | 9 | 27 | 34 | 7 | Hunters, trappers, and guides.. |  |  |  | 1 12 | ${ }_{6}^{7}$ | 9 |
| Clerks (except clerks in stores).- | 168 |  | 11 | 41 | 94 | 21 | Laundresses (not in laundry)... | 1,325 50 |  | 82 7 | 129 6 | 600 26 | 481 10 |
| Messenger, bundle, and office |  |  |  |  |  |  | Midwives and nurses ( |  |  |  |  | 26 |  |
| boys........................ | 25 24 |  |  | 11 | 6 8 8 | 1 | trsined)....................... | 45 |  | 6 | 5 | 16 |  |
| Stenographers and typewriters.. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Servents. <br> Waitresses. | 1,565 51 | $\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 460 18 | 327 16 | 512 15 | 203 1 |
| Females. | 14, 710 | 860 | 2,208 | 2,141 | 5,752 | 3,685 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, snd animal husbandry. | 4,449 | 650 | 633 | 466 | 1,365 | 1,325 | Clericsl occupations...... | 85 | 1 | 13 | 43 | 26 | 2 |
| Fsrm and dairy farm lsborers. . | 2,800 | 473 | 558 | 393 |  | 487 | Bookkeepers, cashiers, and accountants. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm forewomen............... | 21 |  |  | 2 | 8 | 10 | Clerks (except clerks in stores). | 20 |  | 2 | 9 | 8 | 1 |
| Farmers and dairy farmers..... | 929 |  |  | 20 | 299 | 595 | Stenogrsphers and typewritere.. | 35 |  | 4 | 19 | 12 |  |


| Table 108-Continued. sEX AND OCCUPATION. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | age perions. |  |  |  |  | SEX and occupation. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | age periods. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 y l ars. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 45years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

ATASKA.


[^11][This table shows each trihe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109 <br> TRIBE, aEX, OCCUPATION, AND STATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | age periods. |  |  |  |  | tria , gex, occupation, ano STATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | 45 Fears and aver. |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES.

| ALGONQUIAN STOCK. arapafo. <br> Males. | 244 |  | 7 | 42 | 142 | 52 | ALGONQUIAN STOCK-Con. chippewa-continued. Males-Continuad. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Farm laborers. | 110 |  | 6 | 25 | 63 | 15 | Farmars..... | 109 |  | 2 | 30 | 320 24 | 398 82 |
| Oklahoma | 27 |  | 2 | 8 | 12 | 4 | Mínuesota | 206 |  | 1 | 10 | 90 | 105 |
| Wyoming. | 83 |  | 4 | 17 | 51 | 11 | Montana. | ${ }_{3}^{9}$ |  |  |  | 4 146 | ${ }_{15}^{5}$ |
| Farmars..... | 55 |  | 1 | 5 | 28 | 23 | North Dakota | 305 |  | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 146 | 162 |
| Oklahoma | 52 |  | 1 | 5 | 24 | 22 | Oklahoma................... | ${ }^{8}$ |  |  | ${ }_{6}^{2}$ | 4 |  |
| Laborers (building and hand trades) | 41 |  |  | 9 | 27 | 5 | Pennsylvania.................... | 99 |  |  | 6 <br> 4 | 44 | 50 |
| Wyoming............... | 41 |  |  | 9 | 27 | 5 | Flramen (exceptiocomotive and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Policeman Wroming $^{\text {a }}$................. | 11 |  |  |  | 8 8 8 | 3 3 | firs department)............... | 14 |  | 1 | 3 |  | 2 |
| Wyoming. .................. | 11 |  |  |  | 8 | 3 | Wlsconsin................... | 111 |  | 1 | 3 <br> 9 | 5 5 | ${ }_{62}^{2}$ |
| Females. | 18 |  | 3 | 4 | 8 | 3 | Michigan........................ | ${ }^{13}$ |  | 4 | 7 | 45 | 41 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Minnesota.................... | 23 |  |  | 1 | ${ }^{8}$ | 16 |
| BEOTHERTON. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Wisconsin.................. Foresters.................. | 12 |  | 1 | 1 4 4 | 5 14 | 6 12 |
| Males.. | 51 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 21 | 17 | Minnesota...................... | 27 |  |  |  | 14 | 9 |
| Farm laborers. | 18 | 1 | 1 | 5 | $\theta$ | 3 | Garden laborers................ Gardenars and frult growers... | 5 10 |  |  | 1. | 1 | 3 5 |
| Farmers...... | 13 |  |  |  | 7 | 8 | Minuesota.................. | 7 |  |  |  | 3 | 1 |
| Laborers (building and hand |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hostlers and stable hands. | 8 |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 8 |  | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | Hotel keepers and managars.... | 7 |  |  |  | 4 | 3 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hunters, trappers, and guides.. | 204 |  | 4 | 8 | 57 | 135 |
| Females. | 28 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 4 | Mlchigan..................... | 19 |  |  | 4 | 4 | ${ }^{11}$ |
| Farm laborers | 15 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 1 | Wisconsin. | 36 |  | 4 |  | 9 | ${ }_{27}$ |
| cheyenne. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Janitors....... Minnesota. | 7 5 |  | . | $\left.\begin{array}{r} \dddot{2} \\ 2 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 1 | 4 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Laborsrs (n. 0. s. 2 ): |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 579 | 18 | 33 | 94 | 259 | 175 | Building and hand tradas. | 440 | 2 | 51 | 78 | $\begin{array}{r}195 \\ 58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 113 |
| Farm foremen. | 2 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | Minnesota. | 189 | 1 | 23 | 25 | 98 | 41 |
| Farm laborers | 207 | 18 | 32 | 54 | 80 | 23 | Montana. | 14 |  | 1 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Oklahoma. | 162 38 | 17 | ${ }_{1}$ | 10 | ${ }_{21}^{56}$ | 18 | Wisconsin.. | 59 |  | 2 5 | 11 | 28 | 17 |
| South Dakota | 9 | i | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | Lumber and furniturg in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farmers.... | 309 |  |  | 28 | 145 | 136 | dustries (n.0.s. ${ }^{2}$ )......... | 5 |  | 2 |  | 2 | 1 |
| Montana.. | 205 |  |  | 16 | 94 | 95 | Lumberyards ............... | 84 |  | 5 | 18 | ${ }^{20}$ |  |
| Oklahoma | 98 |  |  | 12 | 48 | 40 | Michigan ................ | 56 |  | 4 | 18 2 | 16 3 | 19 1 |
| Policemen..... | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |  |  |  | 4 | $\stackrel{1}{3}$ | Public servica. | 5 |  | 1 |  | 3 |  |
| Salesmen. | 5 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 | Road and street building |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma.... | 5 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 | and repairing............. | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock herders, drovers, and |  |  |  |  |  |  | Michigan-....-ibi...... | 15 |  |  | 2 | 8 | 5 |
| feeders. | 5 |  |  |  | 4 | 1 | Saw and planing mills...... | 149 32 |  | ${ }_{4}^{24}$ |  | 82 14 | 28 6 |
| Females. | 24 |  | 2 | 1 | 13 | 8 | Minnesota.................. | 19 |  | 1 | ${ }^{8}$ | 6 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Wisconsin................ | 98 |  | 19 | 20 | 42 | 18 |
| chickahominy. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Steam railroads. | 29 |  | 2 | 5 | 12 | 10 |
| Males.. | 44 |  |  |  | 19 | 8 | Transportation (n.o.s.2.) | $\stackrel{22}{6}$ |  | 2 | - $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 | 8 |
| Males. | 44 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 19 | 8 | W isconsin. | 5 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Farm laborers... | 26 | 1 | 8 | 8 |  |  | Law yers. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | 5 |  |  |  | 3 | 2 |
| Farmers.......................... |  |  |  |  | 2 | 8 | Llvery stabla keepers and managars. | 9 |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Laborers (saw and planing mills) | 7 |  |  |  | 7 |  | Minnesota. | 5 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Females. | 4 |  |  |  | 1 | 3 | Longshoremen and stevadores.. | 39 |  | i | 4 | 20 | 14 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Michigan.... | 33 |  | 1 | 4 | 16 | 12 |
| CHIPPEW |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lumbermen, raitsmen, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | woodehoppers | 543 | 3 | 48 | 95 | 292 | 104 |
| Males. | 4,668 | 21 | 412 | 636 | 2,079 | 1,508 | Michigan.... | 173 | 3 | 20 | 20 | 79 | 51 |
| Blacksmiths |  |  |  |  |  |  | Minnesota | 172 |  | 14 | 39 | 104 | 14 |
| Blackinnesota. | ${ }_{13}^{22}$ |  |  | 2 | 15 9 | 5 4 | Paintars misconsin............ | 195 |  | 13 | 36 | 108 | 38 |
| Captains, masters, mates, and |  |  |  |  |  |  | nishers . | 16 |  |  | 1 | 14 | 1 |
| pilots......................... | 6 |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | Mlchigan...................... | 7 |  |  | 1 | 6 |  |
| Carpenters.. | 91 |  |  | 8 | 47 | 34 | Minnesota................... | 5 |  |  |  | 4 | 1 |
| Michigan. | 19 |  | 1 | 2 | 7 | 9 | Plasterers. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5 |  |  |  | 4 | 11 |
| Minnesota. | 32 |  | 1 | 4 | 17 |  | Policemen....................... | 39 |  |  | 3 | 21 | 14 |
| North Dakota | 8 |  |  |  | 4 | 2 | Minnesota..................... | 34 |  | 1 | 3 | 20 | 10 |
| Wisconsin........... | 30 |  |  | 2 | 17 | 11 | Real estate agents and officials.. | 12 |  |  |  | 8 | 4 |
| Carriage and hack drivers....... | 5 |  | 1 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 11 |  |  |  | 7 | ${ }_{20}^{4}$ |
| Clargymbn........................ | 10 5 |  |  |  | 1 | 9 <br> 4 | Retail dealers..................... <br> Minnesota............. | 48 |  | 1 | 10 3 | 17 | 20 14 |
| Clarks (except cierks in atores).. | 20 |  | 2 | 2 | 13 | 3 | Pennsylvania. | 5 |  |  | 5 |  |  |
| Minnesota.. | 6 |  |  |  | 4 | 1 | Wisconsin... | 6 |  |  |  | 2 | 4 |
| Clarksin stores. | 13 |  | , |  | 11 | 1 | Sailors and deck hands.......... | 11 |  | 3 | 3 | 5 |  |
| Minnesota.. |  |  | 1 |  | 7 |  | Michigan.................... | 7 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  |
| Dalivery men. | 8 | 1 |  | . ${ }_{1}^{1}$ | 4 4 |  | Salesmen.......................... | 22 |  | 3 | 2 | 15 | 2 |
| Wisconsin | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  | - 1 | 14 |  | Minnesota.................. | 14 |  | 1 | 1 | 10 | 2 |
|  | 22 |  | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 1 2 2 | 14 2 |  | Wawyers ................................ | 5 |  |  | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| Wisconsin....................... | 7 |  |  |  | 8 | 1 | Semiskilled operatives (n. o. ${ }^{\text {s.2) }}$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm and dairy farm foreman.. |  |  |  | 1 | 4 | 3 | Iron and steel industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm laborers.................... | 1,475 |  | 199 | 255 | 625 | 380 | (not specifisd)....il....... | 6 |  |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Michigan. | 286 |  | ${ }_{51}^{46}$ | 39 92 | 121 | 77 | Saw and planing mills....... | 16 |  | 2 | 3 | 10 | 1 |
| Minnesota. | 522 | 3 | 51 | $\stackrel{9}{7}$ | 239 | 136 | Michigan................ | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ | 3 | 1 |
| Montana North Dakot | 43 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 67 | 107 | 9 36 | Wersconsin............... | 8 |  | ${ }^{2}$ | 1 | 5 |  |
| North Dako | 257 |  | 1 | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 2 | 36 | Servants............................. | 83 6 |  | 19 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Wisconsin... | 353 | 3 | 49 | 44 | 135 | 121 | Pennsylvania................. | 15 |  | 15 |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.
[This tabla shows aach tribe having 100 or more Indlans in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. <br> taibe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | thibe, aex, occupation, and STATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { ovar. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 yeara. | 20 to 24 | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continuad.


NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each trlbe baving 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continned. TRIBE, SEX, OCCUPATION, AND state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, and | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \text { to } 19 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | $20 \text { to } 24$ years. | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINOIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELEOTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910—Continued.
[This țable shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

${ }_{2}$ Not otherwise specified.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians ip 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. TRIBE, SEX, OCCUPATION, AND sTate. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AOE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, and STATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}\right.$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

[This table shows each tribe having 100 or mora Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tribe, sex, occupation, and STATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | triae, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AOE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}$ | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\begin{gathered} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}\right.$ | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRIṄCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-ContInued. teibe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, andSTATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 16 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 25 \text { to } 44 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 45 \text { yeare } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{array}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| IROQUOLAN STOCK-Con. onema-continued. <br> Females. | 90 |  | 5 | 18 | 37 | 30 | IROQUOIAN STOCK-Con. tuscarora. <br> Males. $\qquad$ | 122 |  | 16 | 7 | 57 | 42 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basket makers. | 6 |  |  | ........ | 3 | 3 | Farm laborer | 51 |  | 14 | 4 | 19 | 14 |
| Wisconsin. | 6 |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | Farmers.. | 45 |  |  | 2 | 25 | 18 |
| Dressmakers and seamstresses (not in factory). | $?$ |  |  | 4 | 3 |  | Females. | 19 |  | 2 | 2 | 6 | 9 |
| Farm laborers................... | ${ }^{5}$ |  | 1 |  | $\begin{array}{r}2 \\ 12 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{2} 10$ | Servants... | 5 |  | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |
| W isconsin... | 21 |  |  | 1 | 1 I | 9 |  | 5 |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Housekeepers and stewardesses. Wisconsin. | 13 |  | 1 | 2 | 5 5 5 | 5 2 | WYandot. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laundresses (not in laundry).... | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | Males......... | 85 | 7 | 14 | 9 | 30 | 25 |
| Servants................................................... Wisconsin...... | 21 |  | 3 <br> 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 8 | 3 2 | Farm laborers........................ | 32 | 7 | $\begin{gathered} 12 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 8 ${ }^{6}$ | 16 |
| ONONDAAA. | 101 |  | 6 | 22 | 43 | 29 | Females... | 10 |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| Farm laborers. | 58 |  | 5 | 17 | 23 | 12 | KAROK STOCK. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farmers......... | 9 |  |  |  | 3 | ${ }^{6}$ | orleans. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quarry operatives............... | 6 |  |  |  | 4 |  | Males. | 177 | 1 | 13 | 22 | 100 | 41 |
| Females. | 22 |  | 4 | 2 | 4 | 12 | Farm laborers | 57 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 27 | 9 |
| Housekeepers and stewardesses. | 9 |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | Farmers. ${ }_{\text {Gold and }}$ Siver mine operatives. | 18 67 |  | 3 | 1 <br> 4 | 10 | 14 |
| St. REGIS. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Laborers (building and hand trades) | 7 |  | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Males. | 340 | 1 | 45 | 72 | 138 | 84 | Lumbermen, raftsmen, and | 7 |  |  |  | 4 | 3 |
| Carpenters... | 12 |  |  | 11. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm laborers.... | 11 196 |  | 41 | 11 | 80 | 21 | Females. | 20 |  | 1 | 1 | 8 | 10 |
| New York. | 196 | 1 | 4 I | 53 | 80 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farmers.... | 103 |  |  | 4 | 45 | 54 | Basket makers. | 11 |  |  | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| New York. | 103 |  |  | 4 | 45 | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Females. | 38 |  | 5 | 4 | 17 | 11 | KERESAN STOCK. ACOMA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basket makers. | 15 |  | -....... | . $\cdot .$. | 6 | 8 | Males. | 165 | 1 | 5 | 18 | 87 | 54 |
| New York.. | 15 |  | 4 | 3 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ |  | Farm laborers. | 123 | 1 | 4 | 17 |  |  |
| New York. | 12 |  | 4 | 3 | 5 | . | Farmers.. | 31 |  |  |  | 14 | 17 |
| seneca. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Females. . | 82 |  |  | 1 | 30 | 51 |
| Males. | 671 | 3 | 59 | 96 | 290. | 213 | Pottery workers. | 74 |  |  | 1 | 27 | 46 |
| Brick and stone masons. | 5 |  | 1 | , | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carpenters...................... | 11 10 |  |  | 2 1 | 4 4 4 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 77 |  | 5 | 6 | 43 | 23 |
| Farm laborers. | 249 | 3 | 34 | 47 | 104 | 56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York.. | 210 | 1 | 25 | 35 | 90 | 54 | Farm laborers. | 25 |  | 5 | 3 | 14 | 3 |
| Oklakoma................... | 10 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 3 |  | Farmers. | 46 |  |  | 2 | 26 | 18 |
| Pennsylvania................ Farmers................... | 29 | 1 | 8 | 7 15 | ${ }_{81}^{11}$ | 2 120 | Females | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farmers New York. | 182 |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{15}$ | 69 | 108 | Females. | 7 |  | 2 |  | 1 | 4 |
| 0klahoma... | 21 |  |  | 4 | 11 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | laguna. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania................ | 15 |  |  | 8 | 1 | 6 2 2 | Males.... | 379 | 7 | 31 | 45 | 178 | 118 |
| Gardeners New York ..................... | 5 |  |  |  | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laborers (n. o.s.2): |  |  |  |  |  |  | Farm laborers................... | 17 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Building and hand trades... | 15 |  | 3 |  | 7 | 4 | Farmers........................ | 141 |  | 1 | ${ }^{2}$ | 63 | 75 |
| New York.............. | 15 |  | ${ }_{2}^{3}$ |  | 7 | 4 | Laborers (steam railroad)........ | 88 |  | 13 | 26 | 48 5 | 1 |
| Chemical industries........ | 27 |  |  |  | 18 | 1 | Retail dealers................-- | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York.............$~$ | 27 52 |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | $\stackrel{5}{9}$ | ${ }_{35}^{18}$ | 6 | tock he $\square$ | 105 | 6 | 15 | 12 | 44 | 28 |
| New York.................. | 52 |  | 2 | 9 | 35 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quarry operatives. | 13 |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 5 5 | 6 |  | Females. | 21 | 2 |  | 6 |  | 2 |
| New York | 13 5 |  | 2 | 5 | ${ }_{1}^{6}$ | 4 | Housekeepers and stewardesses. | 13 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 |  |
| Females. | 124 | 1 | 11 | 12 | 43 | 55 | san felipe. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basket makers. | 11 |  |  |  |  |  | Males. | 186 | 4 | 21 | 15 | 98 | 48 |
| New York.................... | 8 |  |  |  | 3 | 5 | Farm laborers. | 91 | 4 | 21 | 15 | 46 | 5 |
| Dressmakers and seamstresses |  |  |  |  |  |  | Farmers. | 83 |  |  |  | 51 |  |
| (not in factory) <br> New York. | 6 |  | 1 | 1 | 3 2 7 | 2 | Females. | 68 |  | 3 | 5 | 36 | 24 |
| Farm laborers................... | 12 |  | ........ | 2 | 7 | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. ............... | 88 |  |  | 1 | $\stackrel{4}{5}$ | 31 | Farmers........................... | 11 |  | 3 | 5 | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | $\stackrel{15}{9}$ |
| Farmers. New York. . | 31 |  |  |  | 5 | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma................... | 6 |  |  |  |  | 6 | santa ana. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Housekeepers and stewardesses. | 7 |  | 1 |  | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | Males... | 79 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 36 | 27 |
| New York.-.i............. | 5 |  |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laundresses (not in laundry).... | 26 |  | 8 | - 5 | 8 | 5 | Farm laborers................... | 58 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 23 | 20 |
|  | 23 |  | 5 | 5 | 8 | 5 | Farmers.............................. | 18 |  |  |  | 11 | 7 |
| Teachers (school)................. | 7 |  | 1 | $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { 2 } \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ | 3 3 | 1 | Females... | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |

[^12][This tsble shows each tribe baving 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tribe, sex, occupation, and gTate. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | $\triangle G E$ PERIODS. . |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | $\triangle \mathrm{GE} \mathrm{PERIODS}$. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline 10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { noror } \end{aligned}$ over. |  |  | 10 to 14 yesrs. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |

UNTTED STATES-Continued.


NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe heving 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | LGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, and | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}\right.$ | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\begin{gathered} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline 25 \text { to } 44 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

| MUSKHOGEAN STOCKContinued. |  |  |  |  |  | - | MUSKHOGEAN STOCKContinued |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| choctaw-continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  | k-continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Females-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laborers (n. o. s. ${ }^{2}$ ): |  |  |  |  |  |  | Farmers.....- | 63 |  |  | 1 | 21 | 41 |
| Building and hand trades.. | 38 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 24 | 3 | Oklshoma | 61 |  |  | 1 | 19 | 41 |
| Oklahoma............... | 37 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 24 | 2 | Housekeepers and stewardesses. | 5 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Steam railroad. | 7 |  | ..... | 1 | 6 | ...... | Oklahoma...-............... | 5 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Oklahoma..... | 6 |  | ........ | 1 | 5 |  | Laundresses (not in laundry)... | 6 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Lawyers.......................... | 8 |  |  |  | 6 | 2 | Servants......................... | 15 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Oklahoms. ..-................ | 8 |  |  |  | 6 | 2 | Oklshoma. | 12 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2. |
| Lumbermen, raftsmen, and woodchoppers. | 61 | 3 | 7 | 14 | 30 | 6 | Teachers (school)... | 5 |  | 2 | 2 | 1 | ........ |
| Alabama...................... | 5 |  |  | 5 |  |  | SEMINOLE. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma............ | 52 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 28 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Officisls and inspectors (state and United States) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Males. | 376 | 7 | 40 | 60 | 179 | 88 |
| and United States)............. Oklahome. | 8 |  |  | 1 | 6 | 1 | Farm laborers. | 104 | 7 | 26 | 27 | 40 | 3 |
| Real estate agents and oficials.. | 20 |  |  | 3 | 14 | 3 | Oklahoma. | 199 | 7 | 26 | 25 | 37 | 3 |
| Oklahoma...................- | 20 |  |  | 3 | 14 | 3 | Farmers..... | 179 |  |  | 18 | 91 | 70 |
| Retail dealers.. | 48 |  |  | 6 | 34 | 8 | Oklahoma. | 177 |  |  | 18 | 91 | 68 |
| Oklahoma. | 47 |  |  | 6 | 33 | 8 | Hunters, trappers, end guldes.. | 7 |  |  | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Salesmen...... | 10 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | Florids .-.........-......- | 7 |  |  | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Oklahome. | 10 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | Laborers (building and hend |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Semiskilled operatives (n. o. S. ${ }^{2}$ ): |  |  |  |  |  |  | trades).......................... | 23 |  | 9 | 1 | 10 | 2 |
| Lumber and furniture industries. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Texas..................... | 23 |  | 9 | 1 | 10 | 2 |
| dustries. $\qquad$ Oklahome | 6 6 | 1 | 1 |  | 3 3 | 1 | Lumbermen, raftsmen, and woodchoppers. | 10 |  | 2 | 1 | 4 |  |
| Stock herders, drovers, and | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | Oklahoma............... | 10 |  | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| feeders. | 14 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 7 | -- | Salesmen.. | 5 |  |  |  | 4 | 1 |
| Okiahome. | 14 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 7 |  | Oklahome. | 5 |  |  |  | 4 | 1 |
| Stock raisers.. | 35 |  | 1 | 3 | 16 | 15 | Soldiers... | 16 |  |  | 1 | 12 | 3 |
| Oklahoma. | 35 |  | 1 | 3 | 16 | 15 | Texas....... | 16 |  |  | 1 | 12 | 3 |
| Teachers (school) | 6 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 1 | Stock herders, drovers, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma... | 5 |  |  | 2 | 3 |  | feeders........................ | 14 |  | 2 | 6 | 6 |  |
| Teamsters.. | 6 |  |  | 1 | 4 | 1 | Texas. | 13 |  | 2 | 6 | 5 |  |
| Females. | 588 | 89 | 110 | 90 | 191 | 107 | Females. | 43 | 3 | 10 | 9 | 15 | 6 |
| Dressmakers and seamstresses |  |  |  |  |  |  | Farm laborers. | 12 | 1 | 4 | , | 6 |  |
| (not in factory)................ | 6 |  |  | 1 | 4 | 1 | Oklahoms. | 12 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 6 |  |
| Farm laborers..................... | 385 | 82 | 86 | 59 | 112 | 46 | Farmers...... | 6 6 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 3 |
| Mississippi. | 162 | 34 | 25 | 25 | 55 | 23 | Servants...... | 6 12 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 2 |
| Oklahoma. | 219 | 48 | 61 | 33 | 55 29 | 22 | Oklahoma. | 7 |  | 2 | 3 |  | 2 |
| Farmers ........ | 73 |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | Texas. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| Oklahoma. | 68 |  | 2 | 1 | 27 | 37 | PIMAN STOCK. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Housekeepers and stewardesses. | 14 |  | 3 | 3 | 6 | 2 | PIMAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma.................. | 13 |  | 3 | 3 | 5 | 2 | Papago. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laundresses (not in laundry)... | 18 | 2 |  | 3 | 10 | 3 | Papago. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Okiahoma.. | 11 | 2 | 12 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 11 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18 | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | Males. | 984 | 48 | 102 | 103 | 438 | 290 |
| Servants....... | 49 | 3 2 | 12 | r | 17 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teachers (school).................... | 16 |  | 5 | 7 | 4 | 5 | Basket makers................... | 6 | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 2 |
| Oklahoma..................... | 16 |  | 5 | 7 | 4 | . | Copper mine ope | 39 516 | 39 | ${ }_{60}^{3}$ | ${ }_{52}^{6}$ | $\stackrel{22}{242}$ | 188 |
| CREEK. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Farmers........................... | 109 |  |  | 4 | 44 | 60 |
| Males... | 1,328 | 66 | 130 | 197 | 624 | 309 | Gold and silver mine operatives. | 19 |  | 1 | 3 | 8 | 7 |
|  | 1,328 |  |  |  |  |  | Laborers (n. o. s. ${ }^{2}$ ): Bullding and hand trades... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bookkeepers... | 7 |  |  | 2 | 5 | ........ | Buliding and hand trades... <br> Road and street building | 16 |  | 1 | 2 | 9 | 4 |
| Oklahoma. | 7 |  |  | 2 | 5 |  | and repairing. . . .-........ | 27 |  | 2 | 4 | 12 |  |
| Carpenters.... | 8 |  |  |  | 4 | 3 3 | Steam railroad.................. | 5 |  | 1 |  | 3 | 1 |
| cleaners....... | 5 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 | Lumbermen, raftsmen, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kansas........................ | 5 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 | woodehoppers................. | 29 |  | 1 | 1 | 9 | 17 |
| Clergymen. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 8 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 5 | feeders. | 122 | 8 | 24 | 24 | 50 |  |
| Oklahoma.. | 8 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 5 | Stock raisers............-............. | 124 |  |  | 3 | 19 | 32 |
| Clerks in stores. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5 |  |  |  | 3 <br> 3 | 1 | Teamsters... | 6 |  |  |  | 2 | 4 |
| Oklahoma..................... | 5 397 |  | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | 3 103 | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabema. | 30 | 11 | 11 | 7 | + 4 | 3 | Females. | 350 | 10 | 31 | 41 | 143 | 125 |
| Montans:- | 8 |  |  | 1 | 4 | 3 | Basket makers. | 170 | 3 | 15 | 19 | 63 |  |
| Oklahoma. | 355 | 54 | 106 | 83 | 94 | 18 | Farm laborers. | 64 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 25 | 26 |
| Farmers..... | 742 |  | 10 | 76 | 15 | 240 | Farmers.........-. - . | 10 |  | 1 |  | 3 | 6 |
| Alabame. | 17 |  |  | 1 <br> 1 | \% 8 | 231 | Laundresses (not in laundry)... | 79 | 2 | 8 | 12 | 42 | 15 |
| Oklahoma | 723 |  | 10 | 75 | 406 | 231 |  | 6 |  |  |  | 1 | 5 |
| Gardeners.. | 13 |  |  |  | 6 | 7 | Servants........ | 5 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Oklahoma ..- | 13 |  |  |  | 6 | 7 | Servants.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laborers (building and hand trades) | 13 |  | 1 | 2 | 9 | 1 | PIMA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma.................... | 10 |  | 1 | 2 | 7 |  | Males. | 977 | 1 | 43 | 81 | 461 | 388 |
| Real estate agents and officials.. | 13 |  |  | 2 | 10 | 1 | Males. | 977 | 1 | 43 | 81 | 461 | 388 |
| Oklahoma. | 13 |  |  | 2 | 10 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | Bakers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail dealers. | 18 |  | 2 | 3 | 10 | 3 3 | Farm laborers. | 107 | 1 | 22 |  | 36 |  |
| Oklahoma | 16 |  | 2 | 2 | 9 | 3 | Farmers................................ | 744 |  | 9 | 39 | 349 | 346 |
| Salesmen...... | 14 |  | ....... | 3 | 10 | 1 | Laborers building and hand |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma. | 14 |  |  | 3 | 10 | 1 | trades)........................ | 18 |  | 3 | 1 | 11 |  |
| Stock raisers... | 6 |  |  | 1 | 5 |  | Retail dealers....-...................... | 11 |  |  |  | 9 | 2 |
| Oklahoms. | 6 |  |  | 1 | 5 |  |  | 7 |  |  |  | 4 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Teamsters. . | 39 |  | 2 | 2 | 21 | 14 |
| Females................... | 228 | 30 | 29 | 27 | 81 | 61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm laborer |  |  |  |  |  |  | Females. | 59 |  | 15 | 9 | 12 | 22 |
| Farm Alabama......................... | 18 | 29 7 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 1 | Farmers. | 24 |  |  | 1 | 4 | 19 |
| Oklahoma..................... | 97 | 22 | 17 | 13 | 38 | 7 | Servants. | 22 |  | 12 | ) 5 |  |  |

1 Totals include persons of unknown age.

NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910—Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tribe, siex, occupation, and STATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIONS. |  |  |  |  | teibe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PEBIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { Fears. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \text { to } 14 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATEES-Continued.


NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe baving 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. <br> TRIBE, SEX, OCCUPATION, AND sTate. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | TRIBE, SEX, OCCUPATION, AND STATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indiens in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. TRIBE, SEX, OCCOPATION, AND state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | TRIBE, 3EX, OCCUPATION, AND state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


[^13] SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | age perions. |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | age perions. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\begin{gathered} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { to } 24 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


1 Totals include persons of unknown age.

NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINOIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tribe, sex, occupation, and STATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, and sTate. | Total. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Age periods. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}$ | 15 to 19 years. | $20 \text { to } 24$ years. | 25 to 44 years. | 45 years and over. |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This tabla shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continuad. tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AgE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | tribe, SEX, OCCUPATION, AND STATE. | Total. 1 | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 20 to 24 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} 25 \text { to } 44 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.

[This table shows each tribe having $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. <br> TRIBE, SEX, OCCUPATION, $\triangle$ ND state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, and bTate. | Total. 1 | Age periods. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $20 \text { to } 24$ years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


Totals include persons of unknown age.

NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe baving 100 or mora Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tidie, sex, occupation, and 8TATE. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | age perrods. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \text { to } 14 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \text { to } 14 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}\right\|$ | 20 to 24 years. | 26 to 44 years. | 45 years and ovar. |

UNITED STATES-Continuad.


Famales.
${ }^{1}$ Totais include persons of unknown aga.
${ }^{2}$ Not otherwise specifiad.

NUMBER OP INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINOIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELEOTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. 1 | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | thibe, aex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | age periods. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { to } 24 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \text { to } 19 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}\right.$ | 25 to 44 vears. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |

UNITED STATES-Continued.


ALASKA.


NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each trike having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continued. tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  | TRIBE, SEX, OCCUPATION, AND state. | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PEEIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 10 to 14 years. | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 28 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 10 \text { to } 14 \\ \text { years. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $15 \text { to } 19$ years. | 20 to 24 years. | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |


${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELEOTED OOOUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more indians in 1910.]


NUMBER OF INDIAN MALES AND FEMALES IN EACH PRINCIPAL TRIBE AND PRINCIPAL STATE ENGAGED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS: 1910-Continued.
[This table shows each tribe having 100 or more Indians in 1910.]

| Table 109-Continned. tribe, sex, occupation, and state. | Total. 1 | Age pertods. |  |  |  |  | tRibe, sex, occupation, and | Total. ${ }^{1}$ | AGE PERIODS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \text { to } 14 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | 15 to 19 years. | $\begin{array}{\|l} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{gathered} 45 \text { years } \\ \text { end } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 10 to 14 years. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|} 15 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years. } \end{array}$ | 25 to 44 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \text { years. } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |

ALASKA-Continued.

${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.
${ }^{2}$ Not otherwise specified.

## INDIANS TAXED AND NOT TAXED.

The apportionment of congressional representation under the Constitution is made proportional to the population of each state, "excluding Indians not taxed." The status of the Indian in regard to taxation is therefore a matter of importance to Congress. One of the inquiries for which an answer was required concerning each Indian enumerated on the special Indian schedule in 1910 was: Is this Indian taxed? It proved inadvisable, however, in determining the number of Indians not taxed, to depend entirely upon the answers made on the special Indian schedule, because of the fact that many of the Indians were incompetent or possibly unwilling to give their own status, while the enumerators were unable to correct or supplement the information thus secured. The problem was not an easy one to settle, as it involved not only questions of fact but also questions of law. For these reasons special arrangements were made in the bureau for the consideration of the problem in all its phases, utilizing all the data which might throw light on the subject. In this work the Bureau of the Census was also aided by the Office of Indian Affairs.

The number of Indians taxed and not taxed in the United States in 1910, as compared with 1900 and 1890, is shown, by states, in Table 110 on page 284. The proportion of Indians taxed in 1910 and in 1890 is shown graphically in the maps on page 285.

In 1910, as shown by Table 110, the taxed Indians numbered 193,811, and constituted nearly threefourths ( 72.9 per cent) of the total Indian population, as compared with 58,806 in 1890, or less than onefourth ( 23.7 per cent) of all the Indians enumerated at that census. Prior to 1890 no systematic attempt was made to enumerate all Indians, but in 1880 there
were 66,407 "civilized" Indians reported; in 1870, 25,731 ; and in $1860,44,021$. In a general way the "civilized" Indians of the earlier decades, meaning those off reservations and found scattered among the general population, may be considered synonymous with "taxed" Indians of to-day.

There were 33 states, besides the District of Columbia, in 1910, in which all the Indians were taxed, as compared with 26 states in 1890. There were 4 states in 1910, as against 1 in 1890, in which between 75 and 100 per cent of all the Indians were taxed; 5 in 1910, as against 4 in 1890, in which they constituted between 50 and 75 per cent; and 2 in 1910, as against 5 in 1890, in which they constituted between 25 and 50 per cent. In 1890 there were 12 states in which the taxed Indians constituted less than 25 per cent of all Indians, but in 1910 there were only 4 states with so low a percentage.

The increase in the number of Indians taxed began after the passage of the Dawes Act in 1887. The number of taxed Indians rose from 58,806 in 1890 to 107,678 in 1900 and then to 193,811 in 1910, leaving, in 1910, only 71,872 who were still not taxed as compared with more than twice that number in 1890 ( 189,447 ). In 1910 all the Indians east of the Mississippi, except those in New York and Wisconsin, were taxed; California had 94 per cent taxed, Wisconsin 90.1 per cent, Minnesota 85.3 per cent, and Washington 83.1 per cent; Colorado, Nevada, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Utah had over 50 per cent taxed, and Idaho and New Mexico over 35 per cent. The low percentages occurred in New York, 22.6; Arizona, 17.4; Wyoming, 12; and Montana, 9.6.

INDIAN POPULATION, CLASSIFIED AS TAXED AND NOT TAXED, BY DIVISIONS AND STATES: 1910, 1900, AND 1890.
[Per cent not shown where base is less than 50.]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Table 110 \\
mivision and state.
\end{tabular}} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{indians: 1910.} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Indlans: 1900.} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{indinss: 1890.} \\
\hline \& \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Taxed.} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Not taxed.} \& \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Taxed.} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Not
taxed.} \& \multirow{2}{*}{Total.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Taxed.} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Not taxed.} \\
\hline \& \& Number. \& Per cent. \& \& \& Number. \& Per cent. \& \& \& Number. \& Per cent. \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{9}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Untted States.. \\
Geograpaic divisions: \\
New England. \\
Middle Atlantic \\
East North Central \\
West North Central \\
South Atlantic. \\
East South Central \\
West South Central. \(\qquad\) \\
Mountain. \\
Pacific.
\end{tabular}} \& 265,683 \& 193,811 \& 72.9 \& 71,872 \& 237,196 \& 107,678 \& 45.4 \& 129,518 \& 1248,253 \& 68,806 \& 23.7 \& \({ }^{1} 189,447\) \\
\hline \& 2,076 \& 2,076 \& 100.0 \& \& 1,600 \& 1,600 \& 100.0 \& \& 1,441 \& 1,441 \& 100.0 \& \\
\hline \& 7,717 \& 3,037 \& 39.4 \& 4,680 \& 6,959 \& 2,248 \& 32.3 \& 4,7i1 \& 7,209 \& 1,793 \& 24.9 \& 5,418 \\
\hline \& 18,255 \& 17,248 \& 94.5 \& 1,007 \& 15,027 \& 13,370 \& 89.0 \& 1,657 \& 16,187 \& 10,092 \& 62.3 \& 8,095 \\
\hline \& 41,406 \& 29,209 \& 70.5 \& 12,197 \& 42,339 \& 24,947 \& 58.9 \& 17,392 \& 46,821 \& e,680 \& 14.3 \& 40, 141 \\
\hline \& 9,054
\(\mathbf{2 , 6 1 2}\) \& \(\mathbf{9 , 0 5 4}\)
\(\mathbf{2 , 6 1 2}\) \& 100.0
100.0 \& \& 6,585
2,590 \& 6,585
2,590 \& 100.0
100.0 \& \& 2,357
3,396 \& 2,357
3,012 \& 108.7 \& 384 \\
\hline \& 76,767 \& 76,767 \& 100.0 \& \& 65,574 \& 8,254 \& 12.6 \& 67,320 \& 66,005 \& 1,559 \& 2.4 \& 64,448 \\
\hline \& 75,338 \& 24, 194 \& 32.1 \& 51,144 \& 66,155 \& 21,797 \& 32.9 \& 44,358 \& 72,002 \& 15,442 \& 21.4 \& 56,560 \\
\hline \& 32,458 \& 29,614 \& 91.2 \& 2,844 \& 30,367 \& 26,287 \& 85.7 \& 4,080 \& 32,776 \& 16,430 \& 60.1 \& 10,348 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{} \\
\hline New Hampshire \& 34 \& 34 \& \& \& 22 \& 22 \& \& \& 16 \& 16 \& \& \\
\hline Vermont... \& 26 \& 26 \& \& \& 5 \& -5 \& \& \& 34 \& 34 \& \& \\
\hline Massachusetts. \& 688 \& 688 \& 100.0 \& \& 587 \& 587 \& 100.0 \& \& \({ }^{2} 424\) \& 424 \& 100.0 \& \\
\hline Rhode 1sland. \& \(\stackrel{284}{ }\) \& \(\stackrel{284}{152}\) \& 100.0
100.0 \& \& 35
153 \& 35
153 \& 100.0 \& \& +180 \& 180
228 \& 100.0
100.0 \& -......... \\
\hline Conmecticut. \& 152 \& 152 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Mmonle Atlantic:} \\
\hline New York... \& 6,046 \& 1,356 \& 22.6 \& 4,680 \& 5,257 \& 546 \& 10.4 \& 4,711 \& 6,044 \& 728 \& 12.0 \& 6,318 \\
\hline New Jersey.. \& \& \& 100.0 \& \& \& \& 100.0 \& \& \&  \& 100.0 \& \\
\hline Pennsylvania \& 1,503 \& 1,503 \& 100.0 \& \& 1,639 \& 1,639 \& 100.0 \& \& 1,081 \& 983 \& 90.9 \& 98 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Indiana. \& 279 \& 279 \& 100.0 \& \& 243 \& 243 \& 100.0 \& \& 343 \& 343 \& 100.0 \& \\
\hline Illinois.. \& 188 \& 188 \& 100.0 \& \& \({ }^{16}\) \& \({ }^{16}\) \& \& \& 297 \& 97 \& 100.0 \& \\
\hline Michigan. \& 7,519 \& 7,519 \& 100.0 \& \& 6,354 \& 6,354 \& 100.0 \& \& 2

5
9 \& 5,624 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline Wisconsin \& 10,142 \& 9,135 \& 90.1 \& 1,007 \& 8,372 \& 6,715 \& 80.2 \& 1,657 \& 9,930 \& 3,835 \& 38.6 \& 6,095 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline  \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 9, } 053 \\ 471 \\ \hline 71\end{array}$ \& 7,721
471 \& 85.3
100.0 \& 1,332 \& 9, 182 \& $\begin{array}{r}7,414 \\ 382 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}80.7 \\ 100.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,768 \& 10,096 \& 1,888 \& 18.7
13.1 \& 8,208
397 <br>
\hline Missouri. \& 313 \& 313 \& 100.0 \& \& 130 \& 130 \& 100.0 \& \& 2127 \& 127 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline North Dakota \& 6,486 \& 3,833 \& 59.1 \& 2,653 \& 6,968 \& 2,276 \& 32.7 \& 4,692 \& 8,174 \& 194 \& 2.4 \& 7,980 <br>
\hline South Dakota \& 19,137 \& 10,925 \& 57.1 \& 8,212 \& 20, 225 \& 9,293 \& 45.9 \& 10,932 \& 19,854 \& -782 \& 3.9 \& 19,072 <br>
\hline Nebraska. \& 3,502
$\mathbf{2 , 4 4 4}$ \& 3,502
2,444 \& 100.0
100.0 \& \& 3,322
2,130 \& 3,322
$\mathbf{2}, 130$ \& 100.0
100.0 \& \& 6,431
1,682 \& $\begin{array}{r}2,893 \\ \hline 736\end{array}$ \& 45.0
43.8 \& 3,538 <br>
\hline Kansas. \& 2,444 \& 2,444 \& 100.0 \& \& 2,130 \& 2,130 \& 100.0 \& \& 1,682 \& 736 \& 43.8 \& 948 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{} <br>

\hline | Delaware..... |
| :--- |
| Maryland | \& 5 \& 55 \& 100.0 \& \& 9

3 \& 9
3 \& \& \& $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\stackrel{4}{4}$ \& \& .......... <br>
\hline District of Coilimbia. \& 68 \& 68 \& 190.0 \& \& 22 \& 22 \& \& \& 25 \& 25 \& \& <br>
\hline Virginia... \& 539 \& 539 \& 100.0 \& \& 354 \& 354 \& 100.0 \& \& 349 \& 349 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline West Virginia. \& 36 \& 36 \& \& \& 12 \& 12 \& \& \& 9 \& 9 \& \& <br>
\hline North Carolina \& 7,851 \& 7,851 \& 100.0 \& \& 5,687 \& 5,687 \& 100.0 \& \& ${ }^{2} 1,514$ \& 1,514 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline South Carolina \& , 331 \& 331 \& 100.0 \& \& 121 \& 121 \& 100.0 \& \& 173 \& 173 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline Georgia.. \& 95 \& 95 \& 100.0 \& \& 19 \& 19 \& \& \& 68 \& 68 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline Florida. \& 74 \& 74 \& 100.0 \& \& 358 \& 358 \& 100.0 \& \& 171 \& 171 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline Kentucky.. \& ${ }_{216}^{234}$ \& ${ }_{216}^{234}$ \& 100.0 \& \& 108 \& 108 \& 100.0 \& \& 146 \& 146 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline Alabama. \& 909 \& 909 \& 100.0 \& \& 177 \& 177 \& 100.0 \& \& 1,143 \& 759 \& 66.4 \& 384 <br>
\hline Mississippi.. \& 1,253 \& 1,253 \& 100.0 \& \& 2,203 \& 2,203 \& 100.0 \& \& 2,036 \& 2,036 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline Arkansas.... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 218
627 \& \& <br>
\hline OLouisiana. \& 780
74,825 \& 780
74,825 \& 100.0
100.0 \& \& 593
64,445 \& 593
7,125 \& 100.0 \& 57,320 \& 2687
64,456 \& 627
10 \& ${ }_{\text {(3) }}^{10.0}$ \& 64,448 <br>
\hline тexas.... \& 702 \& 702 \& 100.0 \& \& 470 \& 470 \& 100.0 \& \& 2704 \& 704 \& 100.0 \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{MOUNTAN:} <br>
\hline Montama. \& 10,745
3 \& \& \& \& \& 597
1,929 \& 7.0
45.6 \& \& \& 860
159 \& 7.7 \& 10,346
4,064 <br>
\hline Idaho-... \& 3,488
1,486 \& 1,334 \& 38.2
12.0 \& 2,154
1,307 \& . 4,226
1,686 \& 1,929
1,686 \& $\begin{array}{r}45.6 \\ 100.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 2,297 \& 4,223
1,844 \& 159
43 \& 3.8
2.3 \& 4,064
1,801 <br>
\hline Wyoming \& 1,486 \& 1,179
1,030 \& 12.0
69.5 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,307 \\ 452 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,186
1,437 \& 1,686 \& 100.0
58.5
7.5 \& 597 \& 1,844 \& $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 107 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 2.3
9.8 \& 1,801 <br>
\hline New Mexico. \& 20,573 \& 10,255 \& 49.8 \& 10,318 \& 13,144 \& 10,207 \& 77.6 \& 2,937 \& 15,044 \& 8,554 \& 56.9 \& 6,480 <br>
\hline Arizona. \& 29, 201 \& 5,072 \& 17.4 \& 24, 129 \& 26, 480 \& 1,836 \& 6.9 \& 24,644 \& 29,981 \& 1,512 \& 5.0 \& 28, 469 <br>
\hline Utah... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 3,456 \& ${ }^{608}$ \& 17.6 \& 2,848 <br>
\hline Nevada. \& 5,240 \& 3,658 \& 69.8 \& 1,582 \& 5,216 \& 3,551 \& 68.1 \& 1,665 \& 5,156 \& 3,509 \& 69.8 \& 1,557 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{PACIFIC: ${ }^{\text {P }}$} <br>
\hline Oregon.... \& 5,090 \& 5,090 \& 100.0 \& \& 4,951 \& 4,951 \& 100.0 \& \& 4,971 \& 1,258 \& 25.3 \& 3,713 <br>
\hline California. \& 16,371 \& 15,383 \& 94.0 \& 988 \& 15,377 \& 13,828 \& 89.9 \& 1,549 \& 16,624 \& 11,517 \& 69.3 \& 5,107 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^14]PROPORTION OF INDIANS TAXED: 1910.


PROPORTION OF INDIANS TAXED: 1890.



[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The Commissioner of Indian Affairs reports 304,950 Indians in 1910, but this number includes 25,927 freedmen and intermarried whites among the Five Civilized Tribes of Oklahoma, the proper figure for comparison with the census returns thus being 279,023 . The 265,683 Indians returned by the census, however, include 18,546 enumerated among the general population, a large proportion of whom are probably not included in the Indian Office returns. Thus the number represented in the returns of the Indian Office but not in the census returns comprises, aside from the freedmen and intermarried whites mentioned, 13,340 (the difference between 279,023 and 265,683 ) plus a large part of 18,546 , amounting to about 25,000 in all. Analysis by states shows that this difference is almost entirely confined to two states, Oklahoma and Arizona, and within these states to the Five Civilized Tribes in Oklahoma and to the Navajos in Arizona. In the case of Oklahoma the United States census total for 1910, 74,825 , is very close to that obtained at the special census of 1907, 75,012, and it is likely that these figures are more nearly accurate than those of the Indian Office, which are based on data collected by the Dawes Commission. In the case of the Navajos of Arizona, it is likely that the census returns are slightly below the true figure, owing to the difficulty of reaching all the members of this large nomadic tribe; but, on the other hand, the figure of the Indian Office is based on an estimate that has remained practically unchanged since 1905 . It appears, therefore, that the figure for the United States as given by the Bureau of the Census, 265,683 , is substantially accurate.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes Brule Sloux (South Dakota 795; Kansas, 4; North Dakota, 4; Wisconsin, 2; Oklahoma, 1); Hunkpapa Sioux (South Dakota, 930; North Dakota, 142), Minniconjou Sioux (South Dakota, 387; North Dakota, 10); Oglala Sioux (South Dakota, 5,998; Montana, 26; Hlinois, 8; North Dakota, 6; Kansas, 4; Nehraska, 2; Minnesota, 1); Sans Arc Sioux Nennsylvania, 1 ); Two
    Nebraska, 1; Nevada, 1). (Colorado, 60; Utah, 4); Grand River Ute (Utah, 1); Moache Ute (Colorado, 155; Utah, 1); Southern Ute (Colorado, 236; Kansas, 1); Uinta Ute
    $\quad$ Includes Capote Ute (Utah, 373); Uncompahgra Ute (Utah, 412); White River Ute (Utah, 319; New York, 1); and Wiminuchi Ute (Colorado, 241).

[^2]:    ${ }_{2}$ Totals lnclude persons of unknown age. "All other states."

[^3]:    PTZZ Under 10 per cent.
    10 to 20 per cent.
    20 to 30 per cent.

[^4]:    1 Ratio not shown, the number of Iemales being less than 100.
    ${ }^{2}$ Exclusive of Indians in Haskell Institute, who are included in the total for "All other states."

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ This map was prepared by the Bureau of American Ethnology and was originally published in 1907 in the Handbook of American Indians north of Mexico. It has been brought up to date and reproduced in this report through the courtesy of that bureau.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Totals includa persons of unknown age.

[^7]:    1 Totals include persons of unknown age.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Totals include illiterates of unknown age.

[^11]:    1 Totals include persons of unknown age.
    2 Not otherwise specified.
    ${ }^{3}$ Includes basket and moceasin making, 1; fur sewing, 1; net making and other miscellaneous work, 45.

    - Includes basket and moccasin making, 117; fur sewing, 34 ; net making, 27; and other miscellaneous work, 3 .

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Totals include persons of unknown age.

[^14]:    1 Includes 59 Indian prisoners enumerated and credited to (although not resident in) the following states: Arkansas (32), fllinois (1), Louisiana (1), Massachusetts (4), Michiran (1) Missouri (1), North Carolina (2), Ohio (13), and Texas (4).

    2 Exclusive of Indian prisoners credited to this state (see note 1).
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Lesclussive than ono-tenth of 1 per cent.

